### VMS



VMS RTL DECtalk (DTK\$) Manual

### VMS RTL DECtalk (DTK\$) Manual

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This manual documents the DECtalk support routines contained in the DTK\$ facility of the VMS Run-Time Library.

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### Preface

This manual provides users of the VMS operating system with detailed usage and reference information on DECtalk support routines supplied in the DTK\$ facility of the Run-Time Library.

Run-Time Library routines can only be used in programs written in languages that produce native code for the VAX hardware. At present, these languages include VAX MACRO and the following compiled high-level languages:

VAX Ada VAX BASIC VAX BLISS-32 VAX C VAX COBOL VAX COBOL-74 VAX CORAL VAX CORAL VAX DIBOL VAX FORTRAN VAX Pascal VAX PL/I VAX RPG VAX SCAN

Interpreted languages which can also access Run-Time Library routines include VAX DSM and DATATRIEVE.

#### **Intended Audience**

This manual is intended for system and applications programmers who want to call Run-Time Library routines.

#### **Document Structure**

This manual is organized into two parts as follows:

- Chapter 1 provides guidelines on using the DTK\$ DECtalk routines.
- The DTK\$ Reference Section provides detailed reference information on each DECtalk support routine contained in the DTK\$ facility of the Run-Time Library. This information is presented using the documentation format described in the *Introduction to the VMS Run-Time Library*. Routine descriptions appear in alphabetical order by routine name.

#### **Associated Documents**

The Run-Time Library routines are documented in a series of reference manuals. This manual provides an overview of the VMS Run-Time Library DECtalk (DTK\$) facility, along with detailed information on each DTK\$ routine. A general overview of the VMS Run-Time Library is presented in the *Introduction to the VMS Run-Time Library*. Descriptions of the other RTL facilities and their corresponding routines and usages are discussed in the following books:

- The VMS RTL Library (LIB\$) Manual
- The VMS RTL Mathematics (MTH\$) Manual
- The VMS RTL General Purpose (OTS\$) Manual
- The VMS RTL Parallel Processing (PPL\$) Manual
- The VMS RTL Screen Management (SMG\$) Manual
- The VMS RTL String Manipulation (STR\$) Manual

The VAX Procedure Calling and Condition Handling Standard, which is documented in the *Introduction to System Routines*, contains useful information for anyone who wants to call Run-Time Library routines.

Applications programmers of any language may refer to the *Guide to Creating VMS Modular Procedures* for the Modular Programming Standard and other guidelines.

High-level language programmers will find additional information about calling Run-Time Library routines in their language reference manual. Additional information may also be found in the language user's guide provided with your VAX language.

The Guide to Using VMS Command Procedures may also be useful.

For a complete list and description of the manuals in the VMS documentation set, see the *Overview of VMS Documentation*.

Conventions

Convention	Meaning
RET	In examples, a key name (usually abbreviated) shown within a box indicates that you press a key on the keyboard; in text, a key name is not enclosed in a box. In this example, the key is the RETURN key. (Note that the RETURN key is not usually shown in syntax statements or in all examples; however, assume that you must press the RETURN key after entering a command or responding to a prompt.)
CTRL/C	A key combination, shown in uppercase with a slash separating two key names, indicates that you hold down the first key while you press the second key. For example, the key combination CTRL/C indicates that you hold down the key labeled CTRL while you press the key labeled C. In examples, a key combination is enclosed in a box.
\$ SHOW TIME 05-JUN-1988 11:55:22	In examples, system output (what the system displays) is shown in black. User input (what you enter) is shown in red.
\$ TYPE MYFILE.DAT	In examples, a vertical series of periods, or ellipsis, means either that not all the data that the system would display in response to a command is shown or that not all the data a user would enter is shown.
input-file,	In examples, a horizontal ellipsis indicates that additional parameters, values, or other information can be entered, that preceding items can be repeated one or more times, or that optional arguments in a statement have been omitted.
[logical-name]	Brackets indicate that the enclosed item is optional. (Brackets are not, however, optional in the syntax of a directory name in a file specification or in the syntax of a substring specification in an assignment statement.)
quotation marks apostrophes	The term quotation marks is used to refer to double quotation marks ("). The term apostrophe (') is used to refer to a single quotation mark.

Other conventions used in the documentation of Run-Time Library routines are described in the *Introduction to the VMS Run-Time Library*.

. 

### **1** DECtalk Guidelines

This section discusses the Run-Time Library routines that control and perform various functions on DIGITAL's DECtalk device. The DECtalk routines are meant solely for use with DIGITAL's DECtalk device.

#### 1.1 Overview of the DTK\$ Facility

The DECtalk device accepts alphanumeric text from a computer system and converts it to human-quality speech. DECtalk speaks this data through its internal speaker, an external audio system, or over the telephone.

The DTK\$ Facility consists of routines that control the functions of the DECtalk device. These routines not only control DECtalk's characteristics, but they also provide functional controls such as reading keys entered on a phone keypad or hanging up the phone. In general, the DTK\$ routines supply a simple interface between the user and the DECtalk device.

#### **1.2 Controlling the DECtalk Environment**

The DTK\$ facility supplies several routines that control the environment in which the DECtalk device functions. These routines are grouped according to function and described in the following subsections.

#### 1.2.1 Initializing DECtalk

Before issuing any commands to the DECtalk device, you must first initialize it. The routine DTK\$INITIALIZE initializes a DECtalk device and returns its associated voice identifier. This routine also specifies a file specification or logical name to which the output associated with the DECtalk device is written.

#### 1.2.2 The DECtalk Device

Once a DECtalk device has been initialized, you can select various operating modes for the device. One of these modes involves the specification of phonemic text; a phoneme is one of the smallest possible units of speech that can be used to distinguish one word from another.

DTK\$SET\_MODE enables you to select any operating mode for DECtalk. The DTK\$SET\_MODE routine controls how DECtalk processes text, according to the modes in the following list. Note that it is possible to perform a logical OR operation to set more than one mode at a time, and any mode that is not specified is reset.

 DTK\$M\_SQUARE treats square brackets ([]) as phonemic text delimiters. The DTK\$M\_SQUARE mode also lets the close parenthesis character ")", when it appears before a word, indicate an alternative pronunciation from the built-in dictionary.

#### **DECtalk Guidelines**

- DTK\$M\_ASCII uses single-character phonemic translation instead of a multiletter translation. This is valid only for the DTC01 device.
- DTK\$M\_MINUS pronounces a hyphen (-) as "minus."
- DTK\$M\_EUROPE uses European number format (where a comma separates the number from its decimal portion and periods mark off digits into groups of 3). This is valid only for the DTC03 device.
- DTK\$M\_SPELL spells out all text instead of interpreting the text as words. This is valid only for the DTC03 device.

DTK\$SET\_MODE can be used to set new modes, to examine the current mode settings, or to change the modes and later return them to their previous state.

The DTK\$SET\_SPEECH\_MODE routine toggles DECtalk's speech on and off. In the case of turning the speech off, you can either cause DECtalk to stop speaking immediately or to stop speaking when the current text is completed.

DTK\$SET\_VOICE controls the actual voice characteristics of the DECtalk device. The following is a list of the available voice mode settings for DECtalk, along with their characteristics.

Voice Mode	Characteristics
DTK\$K_VOICE_MALE	Standard male voice
DTK\$K_VOICE_FEMALE	Standard female voice
DTK\$K_VOICE_CHILD	Standard child voice
DTK\$K_VOICE_DEEP_MALE	Deep male voice
DTK\$K_VOICE_DEEP_FEMALE	Deep female voice
DTK\$K_VOICE_OLDER_MALE	Older male voice
DTK\$K_VOICE_LIGHT_FEMALE	Light female voice

The DTK\$SET\_VOICE routine also enables you to control DECtalk's speech rate, as well as the length of the pauses after commas and periods. The speech rate of the DECtalk device is measured in words per minute, and the valid range is 120 to 350 words per minute. The values that control the comma and period pauses are measured in milliseconds.

#### 1.2.3 The Terminal

The DECtalk device enables you to connect a local terminal to the DECtalk device. The DTK\$ facility supplies two routines that you can use to control the local terminal.

The DTK\$SET\_LOGGING\_MODE routine determines the information that is displayed on the local terminal connected to the DECtalk device. The following is a list of modes that can be set or reset using DTK\$SET\_LOGGING\_MODE. Note that you can perform a logical OR operation to set more than one mode at a time, and any mode not specified is reset.

DTK\$M\_TEXT causes all spoken text to be printed on the terminal.

- DTK\$M\_PHONEME causes all spoken text to be converted to its phonemic equivalent and then printed on the terminal.
- DTK\$M\_RAWHOST causes all data received from the host to be transmitted, including escape sequences, to the terminal in exactly the form in which it is received.
- DTK\$M\_INHOST causes all text received from the host to be printed, including escape sequences, on the terminal. However, all control characters are first translated to a readable form.
- DTK\$M\_OUTHOST causes all characters sent to the host to be printed at the terminal. Before printing, control characters are converted to a readable form. This readable form is sometimes a mnemonic (for example, ESC for escape) and sometimes a letter that has meaning when used with the CTRL key (for example, C for CTRL/C).
- DTK\$M\_ERROR causes all DECtalk error messages to be printed on the terminal.
- DTK\$M\_TRACE causes all text received from the host to be printed on the terminal, including escape sequences. However, the escape sequences are first converted into their symbolic meaning before being printed.

The routine DTK\$SET\_TERMINAL\_MODE controls the attributes of the local terminal. This routine can be used to set new modes, to examine the current mode settings, or to change the modes and later return them to their previous state. All of the following modes are valid.

DTK\$M_HOST	When set, any characters typed on the local terminal are transmitted to the host computer.
DTK\$M_SPEAK	When set, characters typed on the local terminal are spoken by DECtalk. (Note that they will be interspersed with characters sent from the host.)
DTK\$MEDITED	When set, text entered from the local terminal is processed one line at a time.
DTK\$M_HARD	When set, text is echoed on the local terminal in a manner appropriate for hardcopy terminals. When this mode is not set, echoing is performed in a manner appropriate for video display terminals.
DTK\$M_SETUP	When set, DECtalk speaks the set-up dialogue.
DTK\$M_FILTER	When set, DECtalk does not transmit DECtalk-specific escape sequences to the local terminal. DECtalk also ignores most non-DECtalk escape sequences transmitted from the host computer.

Once again, it is possible to perform a logical OR operation to set more than one mode at a time. Any mode that is not specified is automatically reset.

#### **DECtalk Guidelines**

**1.2 Controlling the DECtalk Environment** 

#### 1.2.4 The Index

When DECtalk speaks text, the speech rate for the device is much slower than the rate of data transmission. This may create a problem if a certain task in your program is contingent upon certain speech being complete. For example, it is quite likely that the DECtalk device will still be speaking some text while your program is already executing the next statement. The DTK\$ facility therefore provides you with indexes. An index is a number that you insert at an appropriate location in your text. Once DECtalk finishes speaking all text up to that index, the index value is returned to your program. Using this index, your program can then keep track of text that has already been spoken.

An index could be inserted, for example, following some instructional text regarding user input. Once DECtalk speaks the instructional text, it returns the index to the program, and this triggers the program to wait for the user's input. You can set an index using the DTK\$SET\_INDEX routine. The index value must be in the range of 1 to 32767. The DTK\$RETURN\_LAST\_INDEX routine returns the last index spoken.

#### 1.2.5 The Dictionary

DECtalk comes equipped with two dictionaries. The first of these is stored in ROM and therefore cannot be changed in any way. A certain amount of dynamic storage is allocated for a supplemental dictionary to which you can add your own words and pronunciations.

To load a word into this supplemental dictionary, you use the DTK\$LOAD\_DICTIONARY routine. By specifying both the actual spelling of the word and its phonemic definition, you create a new entry in the supplemental dictionary.

#### **1.2.6 Terminating DECtalk**

To deassign the voice identifier that was assigned to the DECtalk device when it was initialized, you must call DTK\$TERMINATE. This routine terminates all use of the specified DECtalk device by deallocating the voice control block and all of its substructures.

#### 1.3 Controlling DECtalk's Speech

The DTK\$ facility provides three different methods for specifying the text that DECtalk is to speak.

DTK\$SPEAK\_TEXT sends the specified text to the DECtalk device to be spoken. You can optionally set one of the following modes:

- DTK\$K\_IMMED returns control to the user immediately (this is the default).
- DTK\$K\_WAIT waits until the text is completely spoken before returning control to the user.
- DTK\$K\_STATUS waits until the text is completely spoken, and then returns a phone status.

### **DECtalk Guidelines** 1.3 Controlling DECtalk's Speech

These modes can be set for DTK\$SPEAK\_FILE, which speaks the text contained in a specified file, and also for DTK\$SPEAK\_PHONEMIC\_TEXT. This routine sends the specified phonemic text to the DECtalk device to be spoken. Phonemic text contains the phonemic representations of the words to be spoken; that is, the words are spelled as they are pronounced.

#### 1.4 Controlling DECtalk for Telephone Use

One of the most common applications for DECtalk is to serve as an access to a remote database via the telephone. The DTK\$ facility therefore supplies several routines that improve the interface between DECtalk and the user.

#### **1.4.1** The Telephone Keypad

The routine DTK\$SET\_KEYPAD\_MODE enables and disables DECtalk's recognition of the telephone keypad. If keypad recognition is enabled with autostop, DECtalk stops speaking when a terminator is entered. Otherwise, keypad recognition is disabled immediately.

#### 1.4.2 Input Using the Telephone Keypad

The routine DTK\$READ\_KEYSTROKE reads a key entered on the telephone keypad and returns that key's equivalent key code value. These key codes are in the form DTK\$K\_TRM\_*xxxx*, and they are defined in the DIGITAL supplied library \$DTKDEF. The optional prompt argument enables you to specify some text that DECtalk speaks before waiting for input. The timeout argument controls the number of seconds that DECtalk waits for input.

DTK\$READ\_STRING reads a series of keys entered on a telephone keypad and returns the key series as a single string. Again, you can specify an optional prompt and a timeout value for this routine. The optional termination code argument returns the key code value of the terminating key entered.

#### **1.4.3** Controlling the Telephone Functions

In addition to accepting user input, the DTK\$ facility also supplies routines that control the actual operation of the telephone.

DTK\$ANSWER\_PHONE waits for the phone connected to the DECtalk device to ring and then answers it. You can specify optional text that DECtalk speaks after answering the phone. The DTK\$ facility also supplies a routine for hanging up the phone: DTK\$HANGUP\_PHONE. This routine speaks an optional message (if specified) and then hangs up the phone.

DTK\$DIAL\_PHONE dials the specified number on the telephone. You can select either pulse dialing or tone dialing with the mode argument for this routine, and you can specify how many seconds DECtalk should wait for the phone to be answered. The text argument enables you to specify optional text that DECtalk speaks after the phone is answered.

### **DECtalk Guidelines**

#### 1.5 Exit Handlers

#### 1.5 Exit Handlers

The DTK\$ facility supplies its own exit handler to terminate access to the DECtalk device. This exit handler hangs up the phone and resets any terminal characteristics changed by the DTK\$ facility. Users must not call any of the DTK\$ routines from within their own exit handlers.

### **DTK\$** Reference Section

This section provides detailed discussions of the routines provided by the VMS RTL DECtalk (DTK\$) Facility.

### DTK\$ANSWER\_PHONE

#### Wait for Phone to Ring DTK\$ANSWER\_PHONE and Answer

The Wait for Phone to Ring and Answer routine waits for the phone connected to the DECtalk device to ring and then answers it.

#### FORMAT DTK\$ANSWER\_PHONE voice-id [,number-of-rings]

[,text][,timeout]

#### RETURNS

VMS usage: cond\_value longword (unsigned) write only access: mechanism: by value

#### ARGUMENTS

voice-id VMS usage: identifier longword (unsigned) type: read only access:

mechanism: by reference

Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The voice-id argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.

#### number-of-rings

VMS usage:	longword_signed
type:	longword (signed)
access:	read only
mechanism:	by reference

Number of rings DECtalk waits for before answering the phone. The optional number-of-rings argument is the address of a signed longword containing this number. The default is 1 ring.

#### text

type:

VMS usage:	char_string
type:	character string
access:	read only
mechanism:	by descriptor

Text that DECtalk speaks after answering the phone. The optional text argument is the address of a descriptor pointing to the text.

#### timeout

VMS usage:	longword_signed
type:	longword (signed)
access:	read only
mechanism:	by reference

### DTK\$ANSWER\_PHONE

Number of seconds that DECtalk allows the phone to ring before answering. The optional **timeout** argument is the address of a signed longword containing this timeout value. There is no default value.

**DESCRIPTION** DTK\$ANSWER\_PHONE waits for the phone connected to the DECtalk device to ring and then answers it. If the **number-of-rings** argument is not specified, DECtalk answers the phone after 1 ring. If both the **number-of-rings** argument and the **timeout** argument are specified, DECtalk answers the phone after the first argument occurs. For example, if you specify 2 rings and 30 seconds, DECtalk will answer after 2 rings. After the phone is answered, DECtalk speaks any optional text that you specified.

CONDITION VALUES RETURNED	SS\$_NORMAL SS\$_xxxx DTK\$_INVVOIID DTK\$_WRONUMARG	Normal successful completion. Any condition value returned by \$QIOW. Invalid <b>voice-id</b> . Wrong number of arguments.
	DTK\$_WRONUMARG	verong number of arguments.

### DTK\$CHECK\_HDWR\_STATUS

### DTK\$CHECK\_HDWR\_STATUS Check Hardware Status

The Check Hardware Status routine checks the DECtalk hardware for hardware malfunctions.

#### FORMAT DTK\$CHECK\_HDWR\_STATUS voice-id ,hdwr-status

#### RETURNS

VMS usage: cond\_value type: longword (unsigned) access: write only mechanism: by value

#### ARGUMENTS voice-id

VMS usage: identifier type: longword (unsigned) access: read only mechanism: by reference

Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The **voice-id** argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.

#### hdwr-status

VMS usage:	mask_longword
type:	longword (unsigned)
access:	write only
mechanism:	by reference

Receives the hardware status of the DECtalk machine. The **hdwr-status** argument is the address of an unsigned longword bit mask that receives the status.

Valid values for hdwr-status are:

DTK\$_NOMALFUN1	No malfunctions on first test
DTK\$_NOMALFUN2	No malfunctions on second test
DTK\$_COMFAIL	Communication failure
DTK\$_INPBUFOVR	Input buffer overflow
DTK\$_NVROPRFAI	NVR operation failed
DTK\$ERRPHOTRA	Phonemic transmission error
DTK\$_CONSEQERR	Control sequence error
DTK\$_DECTSFAI	Self-test failed

### DTK\$CHECK\_HDWR\_STATUS

### DESCRIPTION The DTK\$

The DTK\$CHECK\_HDWR\_STATUS routine checks the DECtalk hardware (described by the **voice-id** argument) for hardware malfunctions and returns the status to the caller.

If more than one hardware malfunction occurs, you can invoke the DTK\$CHECK\_HDWR\_STATUS routine as many times as necessary to retrieve all error status codes. A status of "no malfunctions" indicates that there are no further error status codes to be retrieved.

CONDITION VALUES RETURNED	SS\$_NORMAL SS\$_xxxx DTK\$_INVVOIID DTK\$_WRONUMARG LIB\$_xxxx	Normal successful completion. Any error from \$QIOW. Invalid <b>voice-id</b> . Wrong number of arguments. Any error from LIB\$GET_VM or LIB\$FREE_VM
	LIB\$_xxxx	Any error from LIB\$GE1_VIVI or LIB\$FREE_VIV

### DTK\$DIAL\_PHONE

### DTK\$DIAL\_PHONE Dial the Telephone

The Dial the Telephone routine dials the specified number on the telephone.

#### FORMAT DTK\$DIAL\_PHONE

type:

voice-id ,phone-number [,dial-mode] [,text] [,timeout]

RETURNS

VMS usage: cond\_value longword (unsigned) write only access: mechanism: by value

#### ARGUMENTS

#### voice-id

VMS usage: identifier longword (unsigned) type: read only access: mechanism: by reference

Voice identifier of the DECtalk machine. The voice-id argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.

#### phone-number

VMS usage: char\_string character string type: access: read only mechanism: by descriptor

Phone number to dial. The phone-number argument is the address of a descriptor pointing to the specified phone number.

#### dial-mode

VMS usage: longword\_unsigned type: longword (unsigned) access: read only mechanism: by reference

Mode to use when dialing the phone. The optional dial-mode argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this mode.

The valid modes are:

DTK\$K_DIAL_PULSE	Use pulse dialing.
DTK\$K_DIAL_TONE	Use tone dialing.

Pulse dialing is the default. Tone dialing requires a touch tone telephone; there are, however, touch tone phones that have a pulse dialing mode.

### DTK\$DIAL\_PHONE

#### text

VMS usage:char\_stringtype:character stringaccess:read onlymechanism:by descriptor

Text to be spoken after the phone is answered. The **text** argument is the address of a descriptor pointing to the specified text.

#### timeout

VMS usage: longword\_signed type: longword (signed) access: read only mechanism: by reference

Number of seconds to wait for the phone to be answered. The optional **timeout** argument is the address of a signed longword containing this timeout value. If omitted, DECtalk dials the phone and immediately returns control to the calling program.

**DESCRIPTION** DTK\$DIAL\_PHONE dials the specified number on the telephone. If a call is currently active, DECtalk does not hang up the phone.

Note that this routine does not ensure that the phone is answered; it simply dials the specified telephone number. If the user specifies the optional **text** argument, DECtalk speaks this text before returning control to the calling program.

If the **timeout** argument is specified, the DTC01 device always waits for the specified number of seconds before returning control, even if the phone is answered before the specified number of seconds has elapsed. On the other hand, the DTC03 device interprets the **timeout** argument as the maximum number of seconds to wait before returning control to the calling program. That is, the DTC03 device returns control either when the phone is answered or when the **timeout** argument has expired, whichever occurs first.

#### CONDITION VALUES RETURNED

SS\$\_NORMALNormal successful completion.SS\$\_xxxxAny error from \$QIOW.DTK\$\_INVVOIIDInvalid voice-id.DTK\$\_WRONUMARGWrong number of arguments.DTK\$\_TOOLONGPhone number is too long.DTK\$\_INVMODEInvalid mode specified.DTK\$\_OFFHOOKPhone is off hook (phone is already active).

### DTK\$HANGUP\_PHONE

### **DTK\$HANGUP\_PHONE** Hang Up the Phone

The Hang Up the Phone routine speaks an optional message and then hangs up the phone.

#### **FORMAT DTK\$HANGUP\_PHONE** *voice-id* [, text]

RETURNS	VMS usage:	cond_value
	type:	longword (unsigned)
	access:	write only
	mechanism:	by value

#### ARGUMENTS

voice-id

VMS usage: identifier type: longword (unsigned) access: read only mechanism: by reference

Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The **voice-id** argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.

#### text

VMS usage:	char_string
type:	character string
access:	read only
mechanism:	by descriptor

Text to be spoken before hanging up the phone. The optional **text** argument is the address of a descriptor pointing to the specified text.

**DESCRIPTION** DTK\$HANGUP\_PHONE hangs up the phone after speaking an optional message.

CONDITION VALUES RETURNED	SS\$_NORMAL SS\$_xxxx DTK\$_INVVOIID DTK\$_WRONUMARG	Normal successful completion. Any error from \$QIOW. Invalid <b>voice-id</b> . Wrong number of arguments.

### **DTK\$INITIALIZE** Initialize DECtalk

The Initialize DECtalk routine initializes a DECtalk device and returns the device's assigned voice identifier.

#### **FORMAT DTK\$INITIALIZE** *voice-id*,*output-device*[,*device-type*]

 RETURNS
 VMS usage:
 cond\_value

 type:
 longword (unsigned)

 access:
 write only

 mechanism:
 by value

#### ARGUMENTS voice-id

VMS usage: identifier type: longword (unsigned) access: write only mechanism: by reference

Voice identifier of the newly created DECtalk device. The **voice-id** argument is the address of an unsigned longword that receives this identifier.

#### output-device

VMS usage:	device_name
type:	character string
access:	read only
mechanism:	by descriptor

File specification or logical name to which the output associated with the DECtalk device is written. The **output-device** argument is the address of a descriptor pointing to this logical name.

#### device-type

VMS usage: longword\_signed type: longword (signed) access: write only mechanism: by reference

Device type of the newly created DECtalk device. The optional **device-type** argument is the address of a signed longword that receives the device-type information. The two valid device types are:

DTK\$K\_DTC\_01 For DECtalk I. DTK\$K\_DTC\_03 For DECtalk III.

If the device-type information is not received in time, the assigned **device-type** is DTK\$K\_DTC\_UNKNOWN.

### **DTK\$INITIALIZE**

# DESCRIPTION DTK\$INITIALIZE creates a DECtalk device and returns its assigned voice identifier, voice-id. Output-device is the device to which the output associated with this newly created DECtalk is written. If DTK\$INITIALIZE is called to create a second DECtalk on a device that already has a voice identifier associated with it, DTK\$INITIALIZE simply returns the identifier of the already existing DECtalk, along with the condition code DTK\$\_\_VOIALREXI, which signifies that DECtalk already exists for this device. CONDITION

VALUES	SS\$_NORMAL	Normal successful completion.
RETURNED	SS\$_xxxx	Any error from \$GETDVI.
	RMS\$xxxx	Any error from \$PARSE.
	LIB\$xxxx	Any error from LIB\$GET_VM or LIB\$GET_EF.
	LIB\$_INSVIRMEM	Insufficient virtual memory to allocate needed buffer.
	DTK\$_VOIALREXI	DECtalk already exists for this device.
	DTK\$_WRONUMARG	Wrong number of arguments.
	DTK\$WRONUMARG	Wrong number of arguments.

## DTK\$LOAD\_DICTIONARY Load a Word into the DECtalk Dictionary

The Load a Word into the DECtalk Dictionary routine loads a phonemic definition of a word into the DECtalk dictionary.

#### FORMAT DTK\$LOAD\_DICTIONARY voice-id , text , substitution

VMS usage:	cond_value
type:	longword (unsigned)
access:	write only
mechanism:	by value

ARGUMENTS voice-id

RETURNS

VMS usage: identifier type: longword (unsigned) access: read only mechanism: by reference

Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The **voice-id** argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.

#### text

VMS usage: char\_string type: character string access: read only mechanism: by descriptor

Word to be loaded into the DECtalk dictionary. The **text** argument is the address of a descriptor pointing to the specified word.

#### substitution

VMS usage: char\_string type: character string access: read only mechanism: by descriptor

Phonemic definition of the word specified by the **text** argument. The **substitution** argument is the address of a descriptor pointing to the phonemic representation of the specified word.

DESCRIPTION

DTK\$LOAD\_DICTIONARY loads the phonemic definition of a specified word into the DECtalk dictionary.

### DTK\$LOAD\_DICTIONARY

#### CONDITION VALUES RETURNED

SS\$\_NORMAL DTK\$\_WRONUMARG DTK\$\_INVVOIID DTK\$\_NOROOM

DTK\$\_DEFTOOLONG

Wrong number of arguments. Invalid **voice-id**. No room in the dictionary to add the specified word. Word definition is too long.

Normal successful completion.

### DTK\$READ\_KEYSTROKE Read a Key Entered on the Keypad

The Read a Key Entered on the Keypad routine reads a key entered on the phone keypad.

#### FORMAT DTK\$READ\_KEYSTROKE voice-id ,key-code [,prompt-string][,timeout] RETURNS VMS usage: cond\_value longword (unsigned) type: write only access: mechanism: by value **ARGUMENTS** voice-id VMS usage: identifier longword (unsigned) type: read only access: mechanism: by reference Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The **voice-id** argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine. key-code VMS usage: longword\_signed longword (signed) type: write only access: mechanism: by reference The DTK\$K\_TRM\_xxxx code for the key entered on the keypad. The keycode argument is the address of a signed longword that receives this code. The valid codes are listed in DTKDEF. prompt-string VMS usage: char\_string character string type: access: read only mechanism: by descriptor Text to be spoken before waiting for input. The optional prompt-string argument is the address of a descriptor pointing to this text. timeout VMS usage: longword\_signed longword (signed) type: access: read only mechanism: by reference

### DTK\$READ\_KEYSTROKE

Tumber of become to wait for input. The optional <b>inneout</b> argument is a	. C
address of a signed longword containing the specified number of seconds	
the DECtalk device waits for input. If the <b>timeout</b> argument is omitted,	
DTK\$READ_KEYSTROKE waits for input indefinitely.	

**DESCRIPTION** DTK\$READ\_KEYSTROKE reads a key entered on the phone keypad. If the optional **text** argument is specified, DECtalk speaks this text before waiting for input. If the keypad mode has not yet been set, this routine will set the phone keypad to auto-stop mode.

CONDITION VALUES RETURNED	SS\$_NORMAL SS\$_xxxx DTK\$_INVVOIID DTK\$_WRONUMARG	Normal successful completion. Any error from \$QIOW. Invalid <b>voice-id</b> . Wrong number of arguments.
	DTK\$_ONHOOK DTK\$_WINK	Phone is on the hook (inactive). A wink has occurred.

### DTK\$READ\_STRING Read a Series of Keys Entered on the Keypad

The Read a Series of Keys Entered on the Keypad routine reads a series of keys entered on the phone keypad.

FORMAT	DTK\$RE#	AD_STRING	voice-id ,resultant-string [,prompt-string] [,timeout] [,longword-integer-termin-code]
RETURNS	VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	cond_value longword (unsig write only by value	ned)
ARGUMENTS	<b>voice-id</b> VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	identifier longword (unsig read only by reference	ined)
	Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The <b>voice-id</b> argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.		
	<b>resultant</b> VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	- <i>string</i> char_string character string write only by descriptor	
	String into wargument is t	hich the keys bein he address of a des	g read are written. The <b>resultant-string</b> scriptor pointing to this string.
	<b>prompt-s</b> VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	<i>tring</i> char_string character string read only by descriptor	
	Text to be sp argument is t	oken before waitin he address of a de	g for input. The optional <b>prompt-string</b> scriptor pointing to this text.
	<i>timeout</i> VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	longword_signe longword (signe read only by reference	ed ed)

### DTK\$READ\_STRING

Number of seconds DECtalk waits for input. The optional **timeout** argument is the address of a signed longword containing the number of seconds DECtalk waits for input. If the **timeout** argument is omitted, DTK\$READ\_STRING waits for input indefinitely.

#### longword-integer-termin-code

VMS usage:	longword_signed
type:	longword (signed)
access:	write only
mechanism:	by reference

The DTK\$K\_TRM\_xxxx code for terminating key entered. The optional **longword-integer-termin-code** argument is the address of a signed longword that receives this code. The valid codes are located in DTKDEF.

**DESCRIPTION** DTK\$READ\_STRING reads a series of keys entered on the phone keypad and stores them in **resultant-string**. If the optional **prompt-string** argument is specified, DECtalk speaks the specified text before waiting for input. The valid terminators are the number sign (#) and the asterisk (\*). If the keypad mode has not yet been set, this routine will set the phone keypad to auto-stop mode.

#### CONDITION VALUES RETURNED

SS\$\_NORMAL SS\$\_xxxx DTK\$\_INVVOIID DTK\$\_WRONUMARG DTK\$\_ONHOOK DTK\$\_WINK Normal successful completion. Any error from \$QIOW. Invalid **voice-id**. Wrong number of arguments. Phone is on the hook (inactive). A wink has occurred.

### DTK\$RETURN\_LAST\_INDEX Return Last Index Spoken

The Return Last Index Spoken routine returns the last index spoken.

#### FORMAT DTK\$RETURN\_LAST\_INDEX voice-id ,p-index

RETURNS	VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	cond_value longword (unsigned) write only by value
	mecnanism:	by value

#### ARGUMENTS voice-id

VMS usage: identifier type: longword (unsigned) access: read only mechanism: by reference

Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The **voice-id** argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.

#### *p*-index

VMS usage: longword\_signed type: longword (signed) access: write only mechanism: by reference

Index to be returned. The **p-index** argument is the address of a signed longword that receives the index identifier.

**DESCRIPTION** DTK\$RETURN\_LAST\_INDEX returns the last index spoken. An index is inserted into the output stream with the DTK\$SET\_INDEX routine.

CONDITION	SS\$_NORMAL	Normal successful completion.
VALUES	SS\$_xxxx	Any error from \$QIOW.
RETURNED	DTK\$_INVVOIID	Invalid <b>voice-id</b> .
	DTK\$_WRONUMARG	Wrong number of arguments.

### DTK\$SET\_INDEX

#### Insert an Index at the Current DTK\$SET\_INDEX **Position**

The Insert an Index at the Current Position routine inserts an index into the current output stream.

#### FORMAT **DTK\$SET\_INDEX** voice-id ,p-index

RETURNS	VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	cond_value longword (unsigned) write only by value
	mechanism:	by value

#### ARGUMENTS

#### voice-id VMS usage: identifier

longword (unsigned) read only mechanism: by reference

Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The voice-id argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.

#### *p-index*

type:

access:

VMS usage:	longword_signed
type:	longword (signed)
access:	read only
mechanism:	by reference

Index to be inserted. The p-index argument is the address of a signed longword containing the index value. Valid values are in the range of 1 to 32767. An index of zero is reserved for use by DIGITAL.

DESCRIPTION DTK\$SET\_INDEX inserts an index into the current position in the output stream. Allowable values for p-index are in the range of 1 to 32767. An index of zero is reserved for use by DIGITAL.

#### CONDITION VALUES RETURNED

SS\$_NORMAL
SS\$_xxxx
DTK\$_INVVOIID
DTK\$WRONUMARG
DTK\$_INVARG

Normal successful completion. Any error from \$QIOW. Invalid voice-id. Wrong number of arguments. Invalid argument.

### DTK\$SET\_KEYPAD\_MODE Turn the Phone Keypad On and Off

The Turn the Phone Keypad On and Off routine turns recognition of the telephone keypad on or off.

#### FORMAT DTK\$SET\_KEYPAD\_MODE voice-id ,keypad-mode

RETURNS	VMS usage: type:	cond_value longword (unsigned) write only
	access: mechanism:	write only by value

ARGUMENTS voice-id

#### VMS usage: identifier type: longword (unsigned) access: read only mechanism: by reference

Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The **voice-id** argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.

#### keypad-mode

VMS usage: longword\_unsigned type: longword (unsigned) access: read only mechanism: by reference

Mode that determines the status of the telephone keypad. The **keypad-mode** argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this mode. The valid mode specifiers are:

DTK\$K_KEYPAD_ON	Turns the keypad on.
DTK\$K_KEYPAD_OFF	Turns the keypad off.
DTK\$K_KEYPAD_AUTO	Turns the keypad on with autostop.

**DESCRIPTION** DTK\$SET\_KEYPAD\_MODE turns the recognition of the telephone keypad on or off. Depending upon the **keypad-mode** specified, the keypad can be turned on, off, or on with autostop. Autostop means that DECtalk stops speaking when a terminator is entered.

### DTK\$SET\_KEYPAD\_MODE

#### CONDITION VALUES RETURNED

SS\$\_NORMAL DTK\$\_WRONUMARG DTK\$\_INVVOIID DTK\$\_ONHOOK DTK\$\_INVMODE DTK\$\_WINK Normal successful completion. Wrong number of arguments. Invalid **voice-id**. Phone is on the hook (inactive). Invalid **mode** specified. A wink has occurred.

### DTK\$SET\_LOGGING\_MODE Set the Logging Mode for the Video Terminal Connected to the DECtalk Device

The Set the Logging Mode for the Video Terminal Connected to the DECtalk Device routine controls the information that is displayed on the video terminal while the DECtalk device is functioning.

### FORMAT DTK\$SET\_LOGGING\_MODE voice-id [,new-mode] [,old-mode]

RETURNS	VMS usage:	cond_value
	type:	longword (unsigned)
	access:	write only
	mechanism:	by value

#### ARGUMENTS voice-id

VMS usage: identifier type: longword (unsigned) access: read only mechanism: by reference

Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The **voice-id** argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.

#### new-mode

VMS usage: mask\_longword type: longword (unsigned) access: read only mechanism: by reference

DECtalk mode to be set. The optional **new-mode** argument is the address of a longword bit mask containing the specified mode. Valid values for **new-mode** are:

- DTK\$M\_TEXT
- DTK\$M\_PHONEME
- DTK\$M\_RAWHOST
- DTK\$M\_INHOST
- DTK\$M\_OUTHOST
- DTK\$M\_ERROR

- DTK\$M\_TRACE
- DTK\$M\_DEBUG

It is possible to perform a logical OR operation on the bits in the bit mask together to set more than one mode at a time. Any mode not specified is reset.

#### old-mode

VMS usage: mask\_longword type: longword (unsigned) access: write only mechanism: by reference

Current mode settings of the DECtalk device. The optional **old-mode** argument is the address of a longword bit mask that receives the current DECtalk settings.

**DESCRIPTION** DTK\$SET\_LOGGING\_MODE sets or resets the specified modes on the DECtalk device. It controls the information that is displayed on a video terminal connected to the DECtalk device. Note that any modes not explicitly set are reset by DTK\$SET\_LOGGING\_MODE.

DTK\$SET\_LOGGING\_MODE has two optional parameters, **new-mode** and **old-mode**. By specifying different combinations of these arguments, you can use DTK\$SET\_LOGGING\_MODE in various ways.

• To use DTK\$SET\_LOGGING\_MODE to determine the current mode settings, use the following format:

DTK\$SET\_LOGGING\_MODE (voice\_id ,,old\_mode)

• To use DTK\$SET\_LOGGING\_MODE to set the bits without regard to their current setting, use the following format:

DTK\$SET\_LOGGING\_MODE (voice\_id ,new\_mode)

• To use DTK\$SET\_LOGGING\_MODE to save the current settings, set new modes, and later restore the original settings, use the following format:

DTK\$SET\_LOGGING\_MODE (voice\_id ,new\_mode ,save\_old\_settings)

This retrieves the current bit settings and then sets the mode according to the **new-mode** argument.

Later, to restore the mode to its former state, specify the following format:

DTK\$SET\_LOGGING\_MODE (voice-id ,save\_old\_settings)

This sets the new mode settings according to those previously retrieved.

### DTK\$SET\_LOGGING\_MODE

#### CONDITION VALUES RETURNED

SS\$\_NORMAL DTK\$\_WRONUMARG DTK\$\_INVVOID DTK\$\_INVMODE

Normal successful completion. Wrong number of arguments. Invalid **voice-id**. Invalid mode specified.

### DTK\$SET\_MODE Set the Mode for the DECtalk Terminal

The Set the Mode for the DECtalk Terminal routine sets or resets the mode settings of the DECtalk terminal.

FORMAT	<b>DTK\$SET_MODE</b> voice-id [,new-mode] [,old-mode]	
RETURNS	VMS usage: cond_value type: longword (unsigned) access: write only mechanism: by value	
ARGUMENTS	voice-idVMS usage:identifiertype:longword (unsigned)access:read onlymechanism:by reference	
	Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The <b>voice-id</b> argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.	
	new-mode         VMS usage:       longword_unsigned         type:       longword (unsigned)         access:       read only         mechanism:       by reference	
	DECtalk mode to be set. The optional <b>new-mode</b> argument is the address of a longword bit mask containing the specified mode. Valid values for <b>new-mode</b> are:	
	• DTK\$M_SQUARE	
	DTK\$M_ASCII (valid for the DTC01 device only)	
	• DTK\$M_MINUS	
	• DTK\$M_EUROPE (valid for the DTC03 device only)	
	<ul> <li>DTK\$M_SPELL (valid for the DTC03 device only)</li> </ul>	
	It is possible to perform a logical OR operation on the bits in the bit mask together to set more than one mode at a time. Any mode not specified is reset. If the <b>new-mode</b> argument is omitted, the current mode is unchanged.	
	old-mode VMS usage: longword_unsigned type: longword (unsigned)	

access:

write only

mechanism: by reference

### DTK\$SET\_MODE

Current mode settings of the DECtalk device. The optional **old-mode** argument is the address of a longword bit mask that receives the current DECtalk settings.

### **DESCRIPTION** DTK\$SET\_MODE controls the mode settings for the DECtalk device. Note that any modes not explicitly set are reset by DTK\$SET\_MODE.

DTK\$SET\_MODE has two optional parameters, **new-mode** and **old-mode**. By specifying different combinations of these arguments, DTK\$SET\_MODE can be used in various ways.

To use DTK\$SET\_MODE to determine the current mode settings, use the following format:

DTK\$SET\_MODE (voice\_id ,,old\_mode)

• To use DTK\$SET\_MODE to set the bits without regard to their current setting, use the following format:

DTK\$SET\_MODE (voice\_id ,new\_mode)

• To use DTK\$SET\_MODE to save the current settings, set new modes, and later restore the original settings, use the following format:

DTK\$SET\_MODE (voice\_id ,new\_mode ,save\_old\_settings)

This retrieves the current bit settings and then sets the mode according to the **new-mode** argument.

Later, to restore the mode to its former state, specify the following format:

DTK\$SET\_MODE (voice-id ,save\_old\_settings)

This sets the new mode setting according to those previously retrieved.

#### CONDITION VALUES RETURNED

SS\$\_NORMAL DTK\$\_WRONUMARG DTK\$\_INVVOID DTK\$\_INVMODE Normal successful completion. Wrong number of arguments. Invalid **voice-id**. Invalid mode specified.

### DTK\$SET\_SPEECH\_MODE Turn Speech Mode On and Off

The Turn Speech Mode On and Off routine either starts or stops the DECtalk device's speech.

FORMAT	DTK\$SET_SPEECH_MODE voice-id ,new-mode [,old-mode]		
RETURNS	VMS usage: cond_value type: longword (unsigned) access: write only mechanism: by value		
ARGUMENTS	voice-id         VMS usage:       identifier         type:       longword (unsigned)         access:       read only         mechanism:       by reference		
	Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The <b>voice-id</b> argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.		
	new-modeVMS usage:longword_unsignedtype:longword (unsigned)access:read onlymechanism:by reference		
	Mode to be set. The <b>new-mode</b> argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing the specified mode. Valid values are:		
	DTK\$K_SPEAK Start speaking.		
	DTK\$K_STOP Stop speaking when current text is completed.		
	DTK\$K_HALT Stop speaking immediately.		
	If the <b>new-mode</b> argument is omitted, the current mode is unchanged.		
	old-modeVMS usage:longword_unsignedtype:longword (unsigned)access:write onlymechanism:by reference		

Current speech mode of the DECtalk device. The optional **old-mode** argument is the address of an unsigned longword that receives the current mode setting before enabling the new mode. The values returned in **old-mode** are the same as those valid for the **new-mode** argument.

### DTK\$SET\_SPEECH\_MODE

### **DESCRIPTION** DTK\$SET\_SPEECH\_MODE starts or stops the speech of the DECtalk device. When stopping DECtalk's speech, the user can either stop the DECtalk device immediately or stop it after it has finished speaking. Because DTK\$SET\_SPEECH\_MODE is used to set a new speech mode, the **new-mode** argument is required.

# CONDITION<br/>VALUES<br/>RETURNED SS\$\_NORMAL Normal successful completion. DTK\$\_INVVOIID Invalid voice-id. DTK\$\_WRONUMARG Wrong number of arguments. DTK\$\_INVMODE Invalid mode specified.

### DTK\$SET\_TERMINAL\_MODE

### DTK\$SET\_TERMINAL\_MODE Set the Mode for the Video Terminal Connected to the DECtalk Device

The Set the Mode for the Video Terminal Connected to the DECtalk Device routine controls the attributes of the video terminal connected to the DECtalk device.

FORMAT	DTK\$SE1	TERMINAL_MODE	voice-id [,new-mode] [,old-mode]
RETURNS	VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	cond_value longword (unsigned) write only by value	
ARGUMENTS	<b>voice-id</b> VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	identifier longword (unsigned) read only by reference	
	Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The <b>voice-id</b> argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.		
	<b>new-mod</b> VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	le mask_longword longword (unsigned) read only by reference	
	DECtalk mod of a longword <b>new-mode</b> an	le to be set. The optional <b>new-r</b> d bit mask containing the specif re:	<b>node</b> argument is the address ied mode. Valid values for
	• DTK\$M_	HOST	
	• DTK\$M_	• DTK\$M_SPEAK	
	DTK\$M_EDITED		
	<ul> <li>DTK\$M</li> </ul>	HARD	

- DTK\$M\_SETUP
- DTK\$M\_FILTER

### DTK\$SET\_TERMINAL\_MODE

It is possible to perform a logical OR operation on these values to set more than one mode at a time. Any mode not specified is reset. If the **new-mode** argument is omitted, the current mode is unchanged.

#### old-mode

DTK\$\_INVMODE

VMS usage:	mask_longword
type:	longword (unsigned)
access:	write only
mechanism:	by reference

Current mode settings of the DECtalk device. The optional **old-mode** argument is the address of a longword bit mask that receives the current DECtalk settings.

DESCRIPTION	DTK\$SET_TERMINAL_MODE controls the mode settings for the video terminal connected to the DECtalk device. Note that any modes not explicitly set are reset by DTK\$SET_TERMINAL_MODE.				
	DTK\$SET_TERMINAL_MODE has two optional parameters, <b>new-mode</b> and <b>old-mode</b> . By specifying different combinations of these arguments, DTK\$SET_TERMINAL_MODE can be used in various ways.				
	<ul> <li>To use DTK\$SET_TI settings, use the following the following setting setti</li></ul>	ERMINAL_MODE to determine the current mode owing format:			
	DTK\$SET_TERMINAL	_MODE (voice_id ,,old_mode)			
	<ul> <li>To use DTK\$SET_TI their current setting,</li> </ul>	To use DTK\$SET_TERMINAL_MODE to set the bits without regard to their current setting, use the following format:			
	DTK\$SET_TERMINAL	DTK\$SET_TERMINAL_MODE (voice_id ,new_mode)			
	<ul> <li>To use DTK\$SET_TI new modes, and late format:</li> </ul>	To use DTK\$SET_TERMINAL_MODE to save the current settings, set new modes, and later restore the current settings, use the following format:			
	DTK\$SETTERMINAL	_MODE (voice_id ,new_mode ,save_old_settings)			
	This retrieves the cu the <b>new-mode</b> argu	This retrieves the current bit settings and then sets the mode according to the <b>new-mode</b> argument. Later, to restore the mode to its former state, specify the following format: DTK\$SET_TERMINAL_MODE (voice-id ,save_old_settings) This sets the new mode settings according to those previously retrieved.			
	Later, to restore the format:				
	DTK\$SETTERMINAL				
	This sets the new me				
VALUES	SS\$_NORMAL	Normal successful completion.			
RETURNED	DTK\$_WRONUMARG	Wrong number of arguments.			
	DTK\$_INVVOID	Invalid <b>voice-id</b> .			

Invalid mode specified.

### DTK\$SET\_VOICE

### **DTK\$SET\_VOICE** Set Voice Characteristics

The Set Voice Characteristics routine changes the DECtalk voice characteristics to match those specified.

### FORMATDTK\$SET\_VOICEvoice-id [,new-voice] [,speech-rate]

[,comma-pause] [,period-pause]

#### RETURNS

VMS usage: cond\_value type: longword (unsigned) access: write only mechanism: by value

#### ARGUMENTS

#### voice-id

VMS usage: identifier type: longword (unsigned) access: read only mechanism: by reference

Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The **voice-id** argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.

#### new-voice

VMS usage:	longword_signed
type:	longword (signed)
access:	read only
mechanism:	by reference

Type of voice. The optional **new-voice** argument is the address of a signed longword containing any valid **new-voice** value. Valid values for **new-voice** are:

DTK\$K_VOICE_MALE	Standard male voice
DTK\$K_VOICE_FEMALE	Standard female voice
DTK\$K_VOICE_CHILD	Standard child voice
DTK\$K_VOICE_DEEP_MALE	Deep male voice
DTK\$K_VOICE_DEEP_FEMALE	Deep female voice
DTK\$K_VOICE_OLDER_MALE	Older male voice
DTK\$K_VOICE_LIGHT_FEMALE	Light female voice

### DTK\$SET\_VOICE

#### speech-rate

VMS usage:	longword_signed
type:	longword (signed)
access:	read only
mechanism:	by reference

Rate at which DECtalk speaks, measured in words per minute. The optional **speech-rate** argument is the address of a signed longword containing this rate. The valid range of values for **speech-rate** is 120 to 350 words per minute.

#### comma-pause

VMS usage:	longword_unsigned
type:	longword (unsigned)
access:	read only
mechanism:	by reference

Number of milliseconds by which to increase the time DECtalk pauses after a comma. The optional **comma-pause** argument is the address of a signed longword containing this number. A value of zero resets the pause time to the hardware default value.

#### period-pause

VMS usage:	longword_unsigned
type:	longword (unsigned)
access:	read only
mechanism:	by reference

Number of milliseconds by which to increase the time DECtalk pauses after a period. The optional **period-pause** argument is the address of a signed longword containing this number. A value of zero resets the pause time to the hardware default value.

**DESCRIPTION** DTK\$SET\_VOICE changes the DECtalk voice characteristics to match those specified. DTK\$SET\_VOICE can change the voice type, the rate of speech, and the number of milliseconds DECtalk pauses after commas and periods.

#### CONDITION VALUES RETURNED

SS\$\_NORMAL SS\$\_xxxx DTK\$\_INVVOIID DTK\$\_WRONUMARG DTK\$\_INVARG OTS\$\_xxxx Normal successful completion. Any error from \$QIO. Invalid **voice-id**. Wrong number of arguments. Invalid argument. Any error from OTS\$CVT\_L\_TU.

# DTK\$SPEAK\_FILE Speak the Text in a Specified File

The Speak the Text in a Specified File routine speaks the text contained in the specified file.

FORMAT	DTK\$SPE	AK_FILE	voice-id ,filespec [,completion-mode]
RETURNS	VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	cond_value longword (ui write only by value	nsigned)
ARGUMENTS	<b>voice-id</b> VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	identifier longword (u read only by reference	nsigned)
	Voice identifier of an unsigned returned by the	<sup>7</sup> oice identifier of the DECtalk device. The <b>voice-id</b> argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is eturned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.	
	<b>filespec</b> VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	char_string character str read only by descripto	ring r
	File specification argument is the	on of the file of address of a	containing the text to be spoken. The <b>filespec</b> descriptor pointing to this file.
	<b>completion</b> VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	n-mode longword_ui longword (ui read only by reference	nsigned nsigned)
	Mode characte of an unsigned <b>completion-m</b>	ristic. The op l longword co <b>ode</b> argument	tional <b>completion-mode</b> argument is the address ntaining the specified mode. Valid values for the are:
	DTK\$K_IMMED	) Ro	eturn to the user immediately (default).

DTK\$K_WAIT	Wait until the text is completely spoken.
DTK\$K_STATUS	Wait until the text is completely spoken, and then
	return a phone status.

### DTK\$SPEAK\_FILE

#### **DESCRIPTION** DTK\$SPEAK\_FILE speaks the text contained in the specified file.

#### CONDITION VALUES RETURNED

SS\$\_NORMAL SS\$\_xxxx RMS\$\_xxxx DTK\$\_INVVOIID DTK\$\_WRONUMARG DTK\$\_INVMODE Normal successful completion. Any error from \$QIO. Any error generated by RMS. Invalid **voice-id**. Wrong number of arguments. Invalid **mode** specified.

### DTK\$SPEAK\_PHONEMIC\_TEXT

### DTK\$SPEAK\_PHONEMIC\_TEXT Speak the Specified Phonemic Text

The Speak the Specified Phonemic Text routine sends the specified phonemic text to the DECtalk device to be spoken.

FORMAT	DTK\$SPEAK_PHONEMIC_TEXT		voice-id ,text [,completion-mode]	
RETURNS	VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	cond_value longword (unsigned) write only by value		
ARGUMENTS	<b>voice-id</b> VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	identifier longword (unsigned) read only by reference		
	Voice identifi of an unsigne returned by t	er of the DECtalk device. The <b>voic</b> e ed longword containing this identific he DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.	<b>e-id</b> argument is the address er. The voice identifier is	
	<b>text</b> VMS usage: type: access: mechanism:	char_string character string read only by descriptor		

Phonemic text to be spoken. The **text** argument is the address of a descriptor pointing to the specified phonemic representation of the text.

### DTK\$SPEAK\_PHONEMIC\_TEXT

#### completion-mode

VMS usage:	longword_unsigned
type:	longword (unsigned)
access:	read only
mechanism:	by reference

Mode characteristic. The optional **completion-mode** argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing the specified mode. Valid values for the **completion-mode** argument are:

DTK\$K_IMMED	Return to the user immediately (default).
DTK\$K_WAIT	Wait until the text is completely spoken.
DTK\$K_STATUS	Wait until the text is completely spoken, and then return a phone status.

**DESCRIPTION** DTK\$SPEAK\_PHONEMIC\_TEXT sends the specified phonemic representation of some text to the DECtalk device. This text contains the phonetic representations of the words to be spoken; that is, the words are spelled as they are pronounced. The DECtalk device then speaks this text.

CONDITION
VALUES
RETURNED

SS\$\_NORMAL SS\$\_xxxx DTK\$\_INVVOIID DTK\$\_WRONUMARG DTK\$\_INVMODE DTK\$\_ONHOOK Normal successful completion. Any error from \$QIO. Invalid **voice-id**. Wrong number of arguments. Invalid **mode** specified. Phone is on the hook (inactive).

### **DTK\$SPEAK\_TEXT** Speak the Specified Text

The Speak the Specified Text routine sends the specified text to the DECtalk device to be spoken.

#### **FORMAT DTK\$SPEAK\_TEXT** *voice-id*,*text*[,*completion-mode*]

 RETURNS
 VMS usage:
 cond\_value

 type:
 longword (unsigned)

 access:
 write only

 mechanism:
 by value

#### ARGUMENTS

#### voice-id

VMS usage:	identifier
type:	longword (unsigned)
access:	read only
mechanism:	by reference

Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The **voice-id** argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.

#### text

VMS usage:	char_string
type:	character string
access:	read only
mechanism:	by descriptor

Text to be spoken. The **text** argument is the address of a descriptor pointing to the specified text.

#### completion-mode

VMS usage: longword\_unsigned type: longword (unsigned) access: read only mechanism: by reference

Mode characteristic. The optional **completion-mode** argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing the specified mode. Valid values for the **completion-mode** argument are:

DTK\$K_IMMED	Return to the user immediately (default).
DTK\$K_WAIT	Wait until the text is completely spoken.
DTK\$K_STATUS	Wait until the text is completely spoken, and then return a phone status

### DTK\$SPEAK\_TEXT

#### DESCRIPTION DTK\$SPEAK\_TEXT sends the specified text to the DECtalk device. The DECtalk device then speaks this text. CONDITION SS\$\_NORMAL Normal successful completion. VALUES SS\$\_xxxx Any error from \$QIO. RETURNED DTK\$\_INVVOIID Invalid voice-id. DTK\$\_WRONUMARG Wrong number of arguments. DTK\$\_INVMODE Invalid mode specified.

DTK\$\_ONHOOK

Phone is on the hook (inactive).

### DTK\$SPELL\_TEXT

### DTK\$SPELL\_TEXT Spell Text

The Spell Text routine causes DECtalk to pronounce each letter of the specified text.

#### **FORMAT DTK\$SPELL\_TEXT** *voice-id*,*text*[,*completion-mode*]

 RETURNS
 VMS usage:
 cond\_value

 type:
 longword (unsigned)

 access:
 write only

 mechanism:
 by value

#### ARGUMENTS

#### voice-id

VMS usage:	identifier
type:	longword (unsigned)
access:	read only
mechanism:	bv reference

Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The **voice-id** argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.

#### text

VMS usage:	char_string		
type:	character string		
access:	read only		
mechanism:	by descriptor		

Text to be spelled out by DECtalk. The **text** argument is the address of a descriptor pointing to the specified string.

#### completion-mode

VMS usage:	mask_longword		
type:	longword (unsigned)		
access:	read only		
mechanism:	by reference		

The optional completion mode characteristic. The **completion-mode** argument is the address of a longword bit mask containing the specified mode. Valid values for the **completion-mode** argument are:

DTK\$K_IMMED	Return to the user immediately (default).
DTK\$K_WAIT	Wait until the text is completely spoken.
DTK\$K_STATUS	Wait until the text is completely spoken, then return a phone status.

### DTK\$SPELL\_TEXT

#### DESCRIPTION

DTK\$SPELL\_TEXT causes DECtalk to pronounce each letter of the specified text individually, rather than treat the text as a word. For example, DECtalk would normally pronounce USA as "oosa." Calling DTK\$SPELL\_TEXT causes DECtalk to pronounce USA as "U, S, A."

#### CONDITION VALUES RETURNED

SS\$\_NORMAL SS\$\_xxxx DTK\$\_INVVOIID DTK\$\_WRONUMARG DTK\$\_INVMODE DTK\$\_ONHOOK Normal successful completion.
Any error from \$QIOW.
Invalid voice-id.
Wrong number of arguments.
Invalid completion-mode specified.
Phone is on the hook (inactive).

### **DTK\$TERMINATE**

### **DTK\$TERMINATE** Terminate DECtalk

The Terminate DECtalk routine terminates the use of an initialized DECtalk device.

#### FORMAT DTK\$TERMINATE voice-id

 

 RETURNS
 VMS usage: type:
 cond\_value longword (unsigned)

 access:
 write only

 mechanism:
 by value

#### ARGUMENTS

# voice-idVMS usage:type:longword (unsigned)access:read onlymechanism:by reference

Voice identifier of the DECtalk device. The **voice-id** argument is the address of an unsigned longword containing this identifier. The voice identifier is returned by the DTK\$INITIALIZE routine.

**DESCRIPTION** DTK\$TERMINATE terminates the use of the specified DECtalk device.

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### **Reader's Comments**

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