



**1130 Commercial Subroutine Package
(1130-SE-25X), Version 3
Program Reference Manual**

The IBM 1130 Commercial Subroutine Package is for IBM 1130 users with a knowledge of FORTRAN. The package is not intended to make FORTRAN a complete commercial language, but to supply commercial capability to users of IBM 1130 FORTRAN.

This manual is a combined user's, operator's, and system manual.

Fourth Edition

This edition, H20-0241-3, is a major revision obsoleting H20-0241-2.

A form is provided at the back of this publication for reader's comments.
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INTRODUCTION

The 1130 Commercial Subroutine Package has been written to facilitate the use of FORTRAN in basic commercial programming. Included in the package are the following items:

- The GET routine, which allows the programmer to decode input records after they have been read. This eliminates the common FORTRAN-associated problem that occurs when input cards enter the system in an unknown sequence. Input records that vary in this way may be read with the A1 format and converted to real numbers (using GET) after the program has determined which type record was just read.
- An editing routine, EDIT, for the preparation of output in special formats. With EDIT it is possible to insert commas, supply leading blanks, float dollar signs, display a CR symbol after negative numbers, etc. EDIT is especially useful in the preparation of invoices, checks, and other commercial documents.
- Code conversion routines for data manipulation and more efficient data packing:

GET	-	A1 format to Real
PUT	-	Real to A1 format
PACK	-	A1 to A2 format
UNPAC	-	A2 to A1 format
A1A3	-	A1 to A3 format
A3A1	-	A3 to A1 format
DPACK	-	D1 to D4 format
DUNPK	-	D4 to D1 format
A1DEC	-	A1 to decimal format
DECA1	-	Decimal to A1 format

- A variable-length decimal arithmetic package. In this system, all arithmetic is done with integer or decimal numbers, with field lengths chosen by the user. This subset of the Commercial Subroutine Package includes routines for variable-length decimal add (ADD), subtract (SUB), multiply (MPY), divide (DIV), compare (ICOMP), and sign test (NSIGN).

Use of this system eliminates two of the arithmetic problems associated with FORTRAN: the accuracy problem (the inexact representation of fractions) and the magnitude problem (extended precision values limited to nine digits, etc.).

- Subroutines for improved speed and control of I/O devices. By taking advantage of the 1130's cycle-stealing capability, the overlapped I/O routines can substantially speed the throughput rates of many jobs. Subroutines are supplied for the

IBM 1442 Card Read Punch
IBM 1442-5 Card Punch
IBM 2501 Card Reader
IBM 1132 Printer
IBM 1403 Printer
Console Keyboard
Console Typewriter

In addition to input/output, subroutines are supplied for control of the 1132 and 1403 carriage and the 1442 stacker select mechanism.

- Several utility routines for common tasks:

NCOMP	for comparing two variable-length alphabetic (A1) fields
MOVE	for moving data from one area to another
FILL	to fill an area with a specified value
WHOLE	to truncate the fractional portion of a real number
NZONE	for testing and modifying zone punches

USE OF THE COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE

CSP is modular in design -- the user may use whichever routines he needs and ignore the others.

The routines may be assembled on any 4K card 1130 system, but an 8K system will probably be required for any extensive usage. The desired subroutines may be inserted in the FORTRAN execute deck (card systems) or stored in the Subroutine Library on the disk cartridge. In addition, some of the CSP routines use certain parts of the IBM 1130 Subroutine Library. (See "Core Allocation" in the Appendix.)

All of the routines are written in the 1130 Assembler Language.

The control statement

*ONE WORD INTEGERS

must be used in programs that call any of the Commercial subroutines.

The control statement

*EXTENDED PRECISION

must be used in any program that calls the GET or PUT subprograms. The other CSP routines are independent of the real number precision.

In general, CSP will operate under either Version 1 or Version 2 of the 1130 Disk Monitor System. The exceptions are P1403, S1403, P1442, and R2501, which use subroutines supplied only with Version 2 (see the detailed descriptions for more particulars).

The use of the overlapped I/O portion of CSP is an "either/or" proposition. For nondisk I/O, the programmer must choose either the CSP overlapped routines or the standard FORTRAN routines. The two systems cannot be intermixed within the same program. Note the emphasis on nondisk. This exclusion does not apply to disk I/O, which may be used regardless which of the two systems is selected.

Use of the overlapped I/O routines also excludes the employment of the TRACE feature of FORTRAN, since it used portions of the FORTRAN package for output.

MACHINE REQUIREMENTS

For execution, an 8K 1130 system, with any card reader, is necessary. In addition, the following I/O devices are supported:

- 1442 Card Read Punch, Model 6 or 7
- 1442 Card Punch, Model 5
- 2501 Card Reader, Model A1 or A2
- 1403 Printer, Model 6 or 7
- 1132 Printer
- Console Keyboard
- Console Typewriter

Other I/O devices may be utilized through standard FORTRAN.

For assembly, any 1130 card system is sufficient. The subroutines may be card- or disk-resident.

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS — ARITHMETIC

Real arithmetic. When using CSP, remember that the standard FORTRAN limitations apply to all real numbers.

Extended precision numbers should not exceed $\pm 1,000,000,000$. (or 9 digits).

Fractions must be avoided if exact results are desired. All critical arithmetic should be done with whole numbers. For example, the extension

$$40.75 \text{ hours} \times \$2.225 \text{ per hour}$$

should be carried out as

$$4075. \text{ hundredths of hours} \times 2225. \text{ mills per hour}$$

If this is not done, precision errors may appear in the results.

Decimal arithmetic. If the nine-digit or fractional limitations of FORTRAN prove burdensome, the Decimal Arithmetic package may be used. In this system, all arithmetic is done with whole numbers (no fractions), and the number of digits in each variable is chosen by the user.

A number in decimal format may be as long as desired; there is no practical limit to field length.

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS — INPUT/OUTPUT

FORTRAN FORMAT I/O

In general, CSP works with arrays in A1 format -- one alphabetic character per word. For those routines that operate on other formats, conversion routines are supplied to ease the translation between A1 and the other format.

In this area, however, one complication may occur: the use of zone punches. In many commercial applications, it is customary to X-punch the units position of a credit or negative field. Because the 11-0 Hollerith combination is not recognized by the conversion routines used with FORTRAN READs, it is necessary, when keypunching, to omit the 0-punch when an 11-punch is present in the same column. This is not a problem with 1130-produced cards that later serve as input to subsequent runs. No control X-punches, in any positions, will be recognized when the underpunched digit is a zero. "Not recognized" means that the character position is replaced with a blank. This is the case for both input and output when standard FORTRAN READs and WRITEs are used.

A 12-punch is not recognized by the conversion routines with FORTRAN when the underpunched digit is a zero. Therefore, a plus zero (12-0 Hollerith) will be expressed as only a 0-punch. For this reason, plus fields should be left unzoned rather than 12-punched in the units position.

When the input routines supplied with this package are used, this problem does not exist. All zone punches are recognized and are treated properly.

CSP OVERLAPPED I/O

The CSP overlapped I/O routines have been provided to take advantage of the cycle-stealing capability of the 1130. Because many allow processing to be resumed before the I/O is finished, their use will increase the throughput rates of many programs.

The table below summarizes the overlap capabilities of the routines:

This device	is overlapped with this function
Card reader (1442 or 2501)	Conversion from card code to A1 format
Card punch	nothing (not overlapped)
Console keyboard	nothing (not overlapped)
Console printer	anything but the console keyboard
Printer (1132 or 1403)	anything

The CSP I/O routines also permit the reading and punching of the 11-0 and 12-0 punches, both of which must be avoided with standard FORTRAN I/O.

The use of the overlapped I/O portion of CSP is an "either/or" proposition. For nondisk I/O, the programmer must choose either the CSP overlapped routines or the standard FORTRAN routines. The two systems cannot be intermixed within the same program. Note the emphasis on nondisk. This exclusion does not apply to disk I/O, which may be used regardless which of the two systems is selected.

Use of the overlapped I/O routines also excludes the employment of the TRACE feature of FORTRAN, since it uses portions of the FORTRAN package for output.

The following routines are included in the CSP I/O group:

READ	PRINT	TYPER
PUNCH	SKIP	KEYBD
R2501	P1403	STACK
P1442	S1403	

If any of these routines are used, standard FORTRAN READ and WRITE commands may not appear in the same program.

When using Version 1 of the 1130 Disk Monitor System, the programmer must place the statement

CALL IOND

before any STOP or PAUSE statement. This will ensure that all pending I/O interrupts have been serviced before the CPU stops or pauses. IOND should not be called if Version 2 of the Monitor is in use.

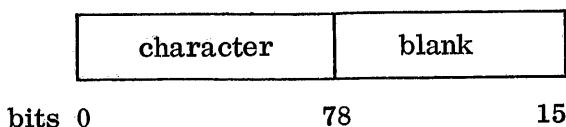
P1403, S1403, P1442, and R2501 use parts of the subroutine library supplied with Version 2 of the 1130 Disk Monitor System. If they are to be used with a Version 1 Monitor, the Version 2 subroutines must be loaded onto the Version 1 disk. See the detailed descriptions of P1403, S1403, P1442, and R2501 for more particulars.

DATA FORMATS USED

Although most of the CSP routines are oriented toward use of the A1 format, several new formats have been introduced. In addition, several of the standard formats must be considered in a different light.

A1 FORMAT

A1 format consists of one character per 16-bit word, left-justified:

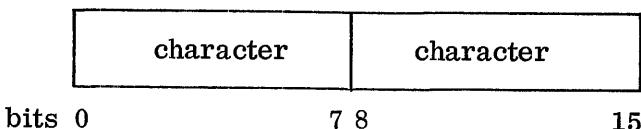


The right-hand eight bits should always contain the blank character, which is 01000000 in binary. This blank will always be inserted by the CSP routines and the standard FORTRAN A1 format.

The sign of an A1 field is assumed to be carried as an 11- or 12-punch over the rightmost character. An 11-punch is taken to signify a negative field; a 12-punch (or no-zone punch) signifies a positive field.

A2 FORMAT

A2 format consists of two characters per word:



A3 FORMAT

Although A3 format exists in standard FORTRAN terminology, its use in this manual has a different connotation. Here, A3 format means that one word contains three characters.

This can be done only by using a unique coding scheme. The user supplies a table of 40 characters. Then, the A1A3 and A3A1 subroutines may be used to translate from A1 to A3 format and vice versa.

The A3 format cannot be pictured graphically, since the three characters are combined as a single integer or binary number.

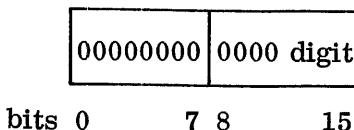
The A3 format permits highly efficient packing of alphabetic data and may be used to save considerable space on the disk.

Note, however, that only 40 characters may be used. This may not be enough for some applications. For example, if the characters chosen were A through Z, 0 through 9, the blank, comma, period, and dash, 40 would probably be ample for a name and address file. It would not be sufficient for a product description file that also required slashes, dollar signs, etc.

D1 FORMAT

D1 format consists of one digit per word, right-justified. Because the decimal arithmetic routines operate on data in this format, D1 format is also called decimal format.

D1 format is as follows:



A decimal field is stored in an array in D1 format. The sign of the field will be carried with the rightmost digit. For example, the six-digit field 001968 could be placed in the 12th through 17th position in the NUMBR array:

```
NUMBR(12) = 0  
NUMBR(13) = 0  
NUMBR(14) = 1  
NUMBR(15) = 9  
NUMBR(16) = 6  
NUMBR(17) = 8
```

The same field, if it were negative, would be written as 001968⁻, and the sign would be reflected in the rightmost digit:

```
NUMBR(12) = 0  
NUMBR(13) = 0  
NUMBR(14) = 1  
NUMBR(15) = 9  
NUMBR(16) = 6  
NUMBR(17) = -9
```

Note that NUMBR (17) is -9 rather than -8; this must be done because the 1130 cannot represent a negative zero. The following scheme is used with negative numbers:

If the sign of the field is negative and the rightmost digit is a	The rightmost D1 digit will be carried as a
0	-1
1	-2
2	-3
3	-4
4	-5
5	-6
6	-7
7	-8
8	-9
9	-10

Usually, this need not concern the programmer, since the A1DEC and DECA1 routines will automatically implement the special coding of negative fields. Setting up negative constants, though, must be handled properly by the programmer.

D4 FORMAT

D4 format consists in general of four decimal digits per word, with each digit occupying four bits of the word. However, since the sign digit (the rightmost one) carries the sign, it is handled separately, and is placed by itself in the last word of the D4 field. This is best illustrated by showing several examples:

The five-digit number
+12345

The five-digit number	first word	second word
	1 2 3 4 0001 0010 0011 0100	+5 0000 0000 0000 0101

The six-digit number
+123456

The six-digit number	first word	second word	third word
	1 2 3 4 0001 0010 0011 0100	5 F F F 0101 1111 1111 1111	+6 0000 0000 0000 0110

The seven-digit number
+1234567

The seven-digit number	first word	second word	third word
	1 2 3 4 0001 0010 0011 0100	5 6 F F 0101 0110 1111 1111	+7 0000 0000 0000 0111

The filler consists of four 1 bits, the hexadecimal F. A more detailed description of D4 format may be found with the description of the DPACK routine.

FORMAT REQUIREMENTS

The requirements for each subroutine are as follows:

Subroutine	Format of Data before Processing	Format of Data after Processing	Subroutine	Format of Data before Processing	Format of Data after Processing
ADD	D1 format	D1 format	NSIGN	D1 format	Integer variable
A1A3	A1 format	A3 format	NZONE	A1 format	Integer variable
A1DEC	A1 format	D1 format	PACK	A1 format	A2 format
A3A1	A3 format	A1 format	PRINT	A1 format	A1 format
CARRY	D1 format	D1 format	PUNCH	A1 format	A1 format
DECA1	D1 format	A1 format	PUT	Real variable (extended precision)	A1 format
DIV	D1 format	D1 format	P1403	A1 format	A1 format
DPACK	D1 format	D4 format	P1442	A1 format	A1 format
DUNPK	D4 format	D1 format	READ	A1 format	A1 format
EDIT	A1 format	A1 format	R2501	A1 format	A1 format
FILL	Any integer (A1, A2, D1, etc.)	Same as FILL character	SKIP	Decimal constant	None
GET	A1 format	Real variable (extended precision)	STACK	None	None
ICOMP	D1 format	Greater than, equal to, or less than zero	SUB	D1 format	D1 format
IOND	None	None	S1403	Decimal constant	None
KEYBD	A1 format	A1 format	TYPER	A1 format	A1 format
MOVE	Any integer (A1, A2, D1, etc.)	Same as before MOVE	UNPAC	A2 format	A1 format
MPY	D1 format	D1 format	WHOLE	Real variable (any precision)	Real variable (any precision)
NCOMP	A1 format	Greater than, equal to, or less than zero			

ADD DETAILED DESCRIPTIONS

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

SUB

S1403

TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE

This section gives the general format and a description of each routine. Each description contains format, function, parameter description, detailed description, example, errors, and remarks. The function describes the capabilities of the routine. The parameter description explains in detail how the parameters, variables, and constants should be set up. The detailed description tells exactly what the subroutine does and how it should be used. Examples are given as an aid to the programmer. Certain specification and input errors may occur when using the package, and these are explained. The remarks section describes some peculiarities of the routine. Further information may be obtained from the flowcharts and listings.

ADD

→ ADD
A1A3
A1DEC
A3A1
CARRY
DECA1
DIV
DPACK
DUNPK
EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP
IOND
KEYBD
MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT
P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE

Format: CALL ADD(JCARD,J,JLAST,K,KLAST,NER)

Function: Sums two arbitrary-length decimal data fields, placing the result in the second data field.

Parameter description:

- JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This is the array which is added, the addend. The data must be stored in JCARD in decimal format, one digit per word.
- J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first digit to be added (the left-hand end of a field).
- JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to J. This is the position of the last digit to be added (the right-hand end of a field).
- KCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This is the augend, the array which is added to. It will contain the result in decimal format, one digit per word.
- K - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first digit of KCARD (the left-hand end of a field).
- KLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to K. This is the position of the last character of KCARD (the right-hand end of a field).
- NER - An integer variable. Upon completion of the subroutine, this variable indicates whether arithmetic overflow occurred.

Detailed description: The corresponding digits, by place value, of JCARD and KCARD, are summed and placed back in KCARD. This operation is from left to right, with both fields being right-adjusted. Next, all carries are set in order. If overflow occurred, it is indicated by NER being equal to KLAST. NER must be initialized and reset by the user. More detailed information may be found in the ADD flowchart and listing.

Example: DIMENSION IGRND(12),ITEM(6)

N=0

CALL ADD(ITEM, 1, 6, IGRND, 1, 12, N)

Before:

IGRND	000713665203	ITEM	102342
Position	1 5 10	Position	1 5

N=0

After:

IGRND	000713767545	ITEM	is unchanged.
Position	1 5 10		

N=0

The numeric data field ITEM, in decimal format, is ADDED to the numeric data field IGRND, also in decimal format. Note that the fields are both right-justified. The error indicator, N, is the same, since there is no overflow out of the high-order digit (left-hand end) of the IGRND field.

Errors: If the KCARD field is not large enough to contain the sum, that is, if there is a carry out of the high-order digit, the error indicator, NER, will be set equal to KLAST, and the KCARD field will be filled with 9s.

If the JCARD field is longer than the KCARD field, nothing will be done and the error indicator will be equal to KLAST.

Remarks: Conversion from EBCDIC to decimal is necessary before using this subroutine. This may be accomplished with the A1DEC subroutine.

The length of the JCARD and KCARD fields is arbitrary, up to the maximum space available.

Note that the error indicator is not reset by this subroutine. It is the responsibility of the user to initialize, test, and reset the error indicator.

A1A3

→ ADD
A1A3
A1DEC
A3A1
CARRY
DECA1
DIV
DPACK
DUNPK
EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP
IOND
KEYBD
MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT
P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE

Format: CALL A1A3(JCARD,J,JLAST,K,ICHAR)

Function: To convert from A1 format (one character per word) to A3 format (three characters per word).

Parameter description:

JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array contains the field to be converted. Originally, this field must be in A1 format, one character per word.

J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first character of JCARD to be converted (the left-hand end of a field).

JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the last character of JCARD to be converted (the right-hand end of a field).

KCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This is the array into which the data is converted, in A3 format, three characters per word.

K - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first element of KCARD to receive the converted characters (the left-hand end of a field).

ICHAR - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array contains a table used in the conversion.

Detailed description: Three characters in A1 format are taken, one at a time, from the JCARD array. The relative position of each character is found in the table ICHAR. Then these three relative positions are used to form an A3 integer as follows:

$$A3\text{ INTEGER} = (N1-20)*1600 + (N2*40) + N3$$

where N1 is the relative position of the first character in the ICHAR array, etc. The A3 integer is then placed in the KCARD array, and the next group of three A1 characters is packed, and so on. Note that the relative position runs from 0 to 39, not 1 to 40.

Example: Set up ICHAR as follows:

```
DIMENSION ICHAR(40)
READ(2, 1) ICHAR
1 FORMAT (40A1)
```

or

```
DIMENSION ICHAR(40)
CALL READ(ICHAR, 1, 40, N)
```

The card to be read is:

Content	ETAOINbSHRDLUCMFWYP0123456789V рGKQJXZ , . &
Card column	↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑
1 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40	
Relative position	0 4 9 14 19 24 29 34 39

It is the user's responsibility to create the ICHAR array. It must always contain 40 characters.

A1A3 may be used as follows:

```
DIMENSION JCARD(21), KCARD(10), ICHAR(40)
CALL A1A3(JCARD, 1, 21, KCARD, 1, ICHAR)
```

Before:

JCARD	CUSTOMER NAME IS HERE
Position	↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑
1 5 10 15 20	
KCARD	0123456789
Position	↑ ↑ ↑
1 5 10	

ICHAR is as above.

After:

JCARD is the same.

ICHAR is the same.

KCARD	-10713 -30266 -31634 -23906 -31756 -20552 -31640 7 8 9
Position	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
Represents	CUS TOM ER6 NAM E6I S6H ERE

The large negative numbers at each of the first seven positions reflect A3 integers (three A1 characters).

Errors: If a character does not appear in ICHAR, and does appear in JCARD, it will be coded as a blank.

Remarks: It is the user's responsibility to create the ICHAR array. It must always contain 40 characters. The arrangement shown in the example is, in general, the best, since the characters appear in the order of their most frequent occurrence, and this arrangement includes those characters (A-Z, 0-9, blank, comma, period, and ampersand) commonly found in alphabetic files (names and addresses, etc.). The user may, however, place any 40 characters in the ICHAR array, in any order.

If the field to be compressed consists primarily of numbers, for example, they should be placed first in the ICHAR array.

Note that the A3 format discussed here is a special one and is not the same as the FORTRAN A3 format.

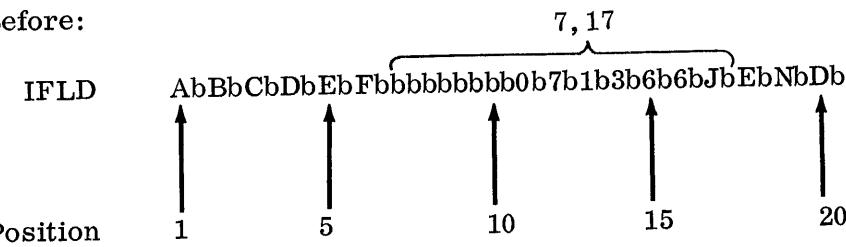
ADD	A1DEC
A1A3	
A1DEC	← Format: CALL A1DEC(JCARD,J,JLAST,NER)
A3A1	
CARRY	Function: Converts a field from A1 format, one digit per word, to decimal format, right-justified, one digit per word.
DECA1	
DIV	
DPACK	Parameter description:
DUNPK	
EDIT	JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This is the name of the field that will be converted. Originally, this field must be in A1 format, one character per word.
FILL	
GET	
ICOMP	
IOND	J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first character of JCARD to be converted (the left-hand end of a field).
KEYBD	
MOVE	
MPY	
NCOMP	JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to J. This is the position of the last character of JCARD to be converted (the right-hand end of a field).
NSIGN	
NZONE	
PACK	
PRINT	NER - An integer variable. This variable will be equal to the position of the last invalid (nonnumeric or nonblank) character encountered, except for the JLAST position, which may contain a sign.
PUNCH	
PUT	
P1403	
P1442	
READ	Detailed description: The subroutine operates from left to right. Each character is checked for validity (digit or blank). Blanks are changed to zeros. If a character is invalid, the error indicator, NER, is set equal to the position of the character. If the character is valid, it is converted to decimal format and right-justified using the formula
R2501	
SKIP	
STACK	
SUB	
S1403	
TYPER	Decimal digit = (character+4032)/256
UNPAC	
WHOLE	When all characters have been converted, the decimal field is signed. More detailed information may be found in the A1DEC flowchart and listing.

Example: DIMENSION IFLD(20)

N=0

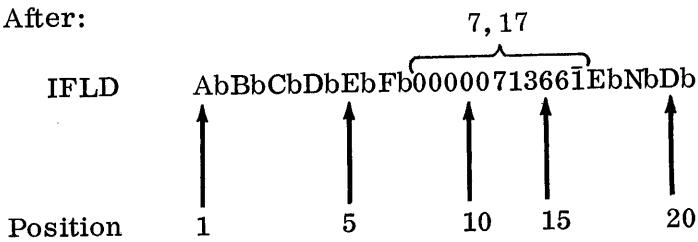
CALL A1DEC(IFLD,7,17,N)

Before:



N=0

After:



N=0

Before execution, the field is shown in A1 format, the character followed by a blank. Therefore, the field to be converted is

bbbb071366J

After execution, the field has been converted, as is evident. There were no invalid characters in the field, since N is the same.

Errors: If an invalid character (nonnumeric or nonblank) is encountered, the error indicator is set equal to the position of that character, and processing of the field continues.

Remarks: When the error indicator has been set, the character indicated is the last invalid character. There may be other invalid characters in the field, occurring to the left of the character noted.

Zone punches are used, at times, to indicate conditions (switches). These zones can be removed with the NZONE subroutine. Following is an error routine to correct errors of this type:

```
Main Line
.
.
.

1    CALL A1DEC(IFLD,J,JLAST,N)
      IF(N) 2,2,3
2    Continue Main Line
.
.
.

3    Error Routine
      CALL NZONE(IFLD,N,4,N1)
      N1=0
      CALL A1DEC(IFLD,N,N,N1)
      IF(N1) 5,5,4
4    STOP 999
5    CALL DECA1(IFLD,J,JLAST,N)
      N=0
      GO TO 1
```

When an error of this type occurs, N will be greater than zero. Control would go to statement 3. Using the NZONE routine, the zone is removed (if not a special character). The invalid character is now converted with the A1DEC routine. If the character is still invalid, control goes to statement 4 and the program will STOP. If the character is now valid, it has been converted and control goes to statement 5. However, there may have been other invalid characters. Therefore, at statement 5 the field is converted back to A1 format and control returns to statement 1, where the field is again converted from A1 format to decimal format. This process continues until a truly invalid character (special character) is encountered, or until the field is converted with no errors.

Note that the error indicator is not reset by this subroutine. It is the responsibility of the user to initialize and reset the error indicator.

A3A1

Format: CALL A3A1(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K,ICHAR)

Function: To convert from A3 format (three characters per word) as created by the A1A3 subroutine to A1 format (one character per word).

Parameter description:

JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array contains the field to be converted. Originally, this field must be in A3 format, three characters per word.

J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first element of JCARD to be converted (the left-hand end of a field).

JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the last element of JCARD to be converted (the right-hand end of a field).

KCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This is the array into which the data is converted, in A1 format, one character per word.

K - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first element of KCARD to receive the converted characters (the left-hand end of a field).

ICHAR - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array contains a table used in the conversion.

Detailed description: A3 integers are taken, one at a time, from the JCARD array. Each is decoded into the three numbers of which it is composed, as follows:

$$N1 = \begin{cases} (A3 \text{ INTEGER}/1600) + 20 & \text{if the A3 integer is positive} \\ ((A3 \text{ INTEGER} + 32000)/1600) & \text{if the A3 integer is negative} \end{cases}$$

$$N2 = (A3 \text{ INTEGER} - (N1 - 20) * 1600) / 40$$

$$N3 = A3 \text{ INTEGER} - (N1 - 20) * 1600 - (N2 * 40)$$

The resulting integers, N1, N2, N3, are then used to locate their corresponding A1 characters in the ICHAR array. Each A1 character is then placed in the KCARD array.

Note that each element of JCARD requires three elements in KCARD.

ADD
A1A3
A1DEC
→ A3A1
CARRY
DECA1
DIV
DPACK
DUNPK
EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP
IOND
KEYBD
MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT
P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE

Example: Set up ICHAR as follows:

```
DIMENSION ICHAR(40)
READ(2,1) ICHAR
1 FORMAT (40A1)
```

or

```
DIMENSION ICHAR(40)
CALL READ(ICHAR, 1, 40, N)
```

The card to be read is:

Content	ETAOINbSHRDLUCKMFWYP0123456789VBGKQJXZ,.&
Card column	↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ 1 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40
Relative position	0 4 9 14 19 24 29 34 39

It is the user's responsibility to create the ICHAR array. It must always contain 40 characters.

A3A1 may be used as follows:

DIMENSION JCARD(21), KCARD(30), ICHAR(40)

CALL A3A1(JCARD,1,8, KCARD,1, ICHAR)

Before:	JCARD	<u>-30076</u>	<u>-20556</u>	<u>-20547</u>	<u>-26800</u>	<u>-15765</u>	<u>-23397</u>	<u>-17038</u>	<u>-30237</u>
	Position	1				5			
	KCARD	012345678901234567890123456789							
	Position	1	5	10	15	20	25	30	

ICCHAR is as above.

After: JCABD is the same

JCHAR is the same

KCARD	THIS	IS	CODED	INFORMATIO	456789		
Position	1	5	10	15	20	25	30

Errors: If JLAST is less than J, one element will be decoded into three characters.

Remarks: It is the user's responsibility to create the ICHAR array. It must always contain 40 characters. The arrangement shown in the example is, in general, the best, since it is in the order of the most frequent occurrence of the letters of the alphabet.

Note that the A3 format discussed here is a special one, and is not the same as the FORTRAN A3 format.

ADD CARRY
 A1A3
 A1DEC Format: CALL CARRY(JCARD,J,JLAST,KARRY)
 A3A1
 CARRY ← Function: Resolve all carries within the specified field and indicate any high-order
 DECA1 carry out of the field. This routine will not normally be called by the user.
 DIV
 DPACK Parameter description:
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE

JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This is the field that will be interrogated for carries. The data must be in decimal format.

J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first digit of JCARD (the left-hand end of a field).

JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to J. This is the position of the last character of JCARD (the right-hand end of a field).

KARRY - An integer variable. This variable will contain any carry out of the high-order position of the JCARD field. If there is no carry, KARRY will be set to zero.

Detailed description: The routine operates from right to left, examining the low-order digit first. The digit being examined is divided by ten. Since only integers are used, the quotient of this division is the carry in that digit. Ten times the carry is subtracted from the digit. If the digit is now negative, ten is added to the digit and one is subtracted from the carry. At this point, or if the resultant digit was positive, the next digit to the left is examined. First, the carry from the previous digit is added to this digit. Then the process for the first digit, starting with division by ten, is carried out. When all digits have been examined, from JCARD(JLAST) to JCARD(J) inclusive, the final carry is set and the routine terminates. More detailed information may be found in the CARRY flowchart and listing.

Example: DIMENSION NUMB(10) CALL CARRY(NUMB,1,10,N)

Before:

NUMB	0	0	72	6	2 ⁻	5	1	8 ⁻	1	1
Position	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

N=22

After:

NUMB	0	7	2	3	3	5	0	2	1	1
Position	1		5							

N=0

After an arithmetic operation the condition of the NUMB field is as shown at "Before". The third, fifth and eighth positions appear as shown, because multiple arithmetic operations have generated them. The object of the CARRY routine is to resolve this type of problem.

Notice that a 1 has been borrowed from the seventh position to resolve the -8 condition. Similarly, a 3 has been borrowed from the fourth position, and the 7 from 72 has gone into the second position.

Errors: None

Remarks: This routine is used by the other routines in this package as a service routine. In general, the user need not call this routine, since all carries are resolved by the arithmetic routines themselves (ADD, SUB, MPY, DIV).

ADD DECA1
A1A3
A1DEC Format: CALL DECA1(JCARD,J,JLAST,NER)
A3A1
CARRY Function: Converts a field from decimal format, right-justified, one digit per word, to
DECA1 A1 format, one character per word.
DIV
DPACK Parameter description:
DUNPK
EDIT JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION
FILL statement. This is the name of the field that will be converted. Originally,
GET this field must be in decimal format, one digit per word.
ICOMP
IOND
KEYBD J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable.
MOVE This is the position of the first digit of JCARD to be converted (the
MPY left-hand end of a field).
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH NER - An integer variable. This variable will be equal to the position of the
PUT last digit of JCARD which was negative or greater than 9, except for the
P1403 JLAST position, which can be negative (sign).
P1442
READ Detailed description: The subroutine operates from left to right. First the sign is de-
R2501 termined. Then each digit, starting with JCARD(J), is converted to A1 format using the
SKIP formula
STACK
SUB Character = $256 * (\text{decimal digit}) - 4032$
S1403
TYPER When all digits have been converted, the field is signed. More detailed information
UNPAC may be found in the DECA1 flowchart and listing.
WHOLE

Example: DIMENSION IFLD(20)

N=0

CALL DECA1(IFLD,7,17,N)

Before:

IFLD AbBbCbDbEbFb00000713661EbNbDb
Position 1 5 10 15 20

N=0

After:

IFLD AbBbCbDbEbFb0b0b0b0b7b1b3b6b6bJbEbNbDb
Position 1 5 10 15 20

N=0

Before execution the field is shown in decimal format. The field to be converted is

00000713661

After execution, the field has been converted to A1 format, as is evident, the character followed by a blank. There were no invalid digits in the field, since N is the same.

Errors: If an invalid digit (not 0 to 9, inclusive) is encountered, the error indicator is set equal to the position of that character, and processing of the field continues.

Remarks: When the error indicator indicates an error, the digit indicated is the last invalid digit. There may be other invalid digits in the field, occurring to the left of the digit noted.

These errors should not occur, since the arithmetic routines (ADD, SUB, MPY, and DIV) will resolve carries. However, if this does happen, the user's program should indicate (possibly by STOPing) that this has occurred.

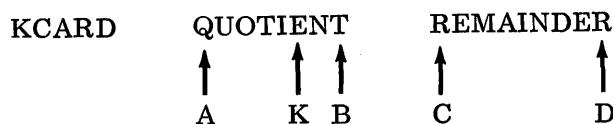
Note that the error indicator is not reset by this subroutine. It is the responsibility of the user to initialize and reset the error indicator.

ADD	DIV
A1A3	
A1DEC	<u>Format:</u> CALL DIV(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K,KLAST,NER)
A3A1	<u>Function:</u> Divides one arbitrary-length decimal data field by another, placing the quotient and remainder in the dividend.
CARRY	
DECA1	
DIV	← <u>Parameter description:</u>
DPACK	JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array is the divisor. The data must be stored in JCARD in decimal format, one digit per word.
DUNPK	
EDIT	J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first digit of the divisor (the left-hand end of a field).
FILL	
GET	
ICOMP	
IOND	
KEYBD	
MOVE	
MPY	
NCOMP	
NSIGN	
NZONE	
PACK	
PRINT	
PUNCH	
PUT	
P1403	
P1442	
READ	
R2501	
SKIP	
STACK	
SUB	
S1403	
TYPER	
UNPAC	
WHOLE	<u>Detailed description:</u> First the signs are cleared from both fields and saved. Then the KCARD field is extended to the left the length of the JCARD field (JLAST-J+1), and filled with zeros. If the KCARD field will be extended below KCARD(1), NER will be set equal to KLAST and the routine will be terminated. Next, the JCARD field is scanned to find the high-order significant digit. If no digit is found, the error indicator NER is set to KLAST, and the result is the same as the input. When a digit is found, the division begins. It is done by the method of trial divisors:
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The high-order digit of the divisor is used as the trial divisor. 2. The trial divisor is divided into the next high-order digit of the dividend to generate a digit of the quotient. 3. The digit of the quotient is multiplied by the trial divisor. 4. This product is subtracted from the corresponding number of digits in the high-order portion of the dividend.

5. As long as the result is positive, the quotient digit is the next digit in the quotient. A return is made to step 2.
6. When the result is negative, the product from step 3 is added back to the dividend, 1 is subtracted from the quotient digit, and the new quotient digit is placed in the quotient as the next digit. Finally, the signs are generated for the quotient and remainder and the sign is replaced on the divisor.

The quotient will be located in the KCARD field. The subscript of the first digit of the quotient will be $K-(JLAST-J+1)$, and the subscript of the last digit of the quotient will be $KLAST-(JLAST-J+1)$.

The remainder will also be located in the KCARD field. The subscript of the first digit of the remainder will be $KLAST-JLAST+J$, and the subscript of the last digit of the remainder will be $KLAST$.



A is the position whose subscript is $K-(JLAST-J+1)$.

K is the first position of the dividend, defined earlier.

B is the position whose subscript is $KLAST-(JLAST-J+1)$.

C is the position whose subscript is $KLAST-(JLAST-J)$.

D is the position whose subscript is $KLAST$.

More detailed information may be found in the DIV flowchart and listing.

Example: DIMENSION IDVSR(5),IDVND(15)

N=0

CALL DIV(IDVSR,1,5,IDVND,6,15,N)

Before:

IDVSR	00982
Position	1 5

IDVND	ABCDE0007136673
Position	1 5 10 15

N=0

After:

IDVSR is unchanged.

N=0

IDVND	000000726700479
Position	1 5 10 15

The numeric data field IDVND has been divided by the numeric data field IDVSR, the quotient and remainder being placed in IDVND. Note that the IDVND field has been extended to the left the length of the IDVSR field, five positions.

Errors: If division by zero is attempted, the only action is that KCARD is extended and filled with zeros. The error indicator indicates that division by zero was attempted (NER=KLAST).

If there is not enough room to extend the KCARD field to the left, NER will again be set equal to KLAST, and the routine will terminate. None of the fields involved will be modified.

Remarks: Conversion from EBCDIC to decimal is necessary before using this subroutine. This may be accomplished with the A1DEC subroutine.

The length of the JCARD and KCARD fields is arbitrary, up to the maximum space available.

The arithmetic performed is decimal arithmetic, using whole numbers only. No decimal point alignment is allowed. For this reason numbers should have an assumed decimal point at the right-hand end.

Space must always be provided in the KCARD field for expansion. The first position of the dividend, K, must be at least JLAST-J+1 positions from the beginning of KCARD. For example, if JCARD is seven positions, 1 through 7, the dividend in KCARD must start at least seven positions ($7-1+1=7$) from the beginning of KCARD. This would have K equal to 8.

DPACK

Format: CALL DPACK(JCARD, J, JLAST, KCARD, K)

Function: Information in D1 format, one digit per word, is packed into D4 format, four digits per word.

Parameter description:

ADD
A1A3
A1DEC
A3A1
CARRY
DECA1
DIV
→ DPACK
DUNPK
EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP
IOND
KEYBD
MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT
P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE

JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array contains the data to be packed, in D1 format, one digit per word.

J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first character of JCARD to be packed (the left-hand end of a field).

JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable greater than J. This is the position of the last character of JCARD to be packed (the right-hand end of a field).

KCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This is the array into which the data is packed, in D4 format, four digits per word.

K - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first element of KCARD to receive the packed characters (the left-hand end of a field).

Detailed description: Initially, the field to be packed (the JCARD array) is in D1 format. This consists of one digit per word, right-justified (occupying the rightmost four bits of the word). The sign of the field is carried with the rightmost or low-order digit.

The operation of the DPACK subroutine is as follows: Starting at JCARD(J), and working from left to right, each four-bit digit of the JCARD array is placed into four bits of the KCARD array, four to the word, starting at KCARD(K). When JCARD(JLAST) is encountered, it is assumed to be the last D1 digit, and to carry the sign of the field. The DPACK routine then places JCARD(JLAST), unpacked, in its entirety, into KCARD((JLAST-J+7)/4), the last position in the KCARD array.

Any unused space in the preceding KCARD word is then filled with 1 bits. This bit arrangement or format will be called D4 format.

For example, suppose a seven-position JCARD array is to be packed, and it contains 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7:

```

JCARD(1) = 1
JCARD(2) = 2
JCARD(3) = 3
JCARD(4) = 4

```

JCARD(5) = 5
JCARD(6) = 6
JCARD(7) = 7

JCARD(1) through JCARD(4) will be placed in KCARD(1) as 0001 0010 0011 0100.

JCARD(5) and JCARD(6) will be placed in KCARD(2) as 0101 0110 0000 0000.

JCARD(7) will be placed, without conversion, in KCARD(3) as 0000 0000 0000 0111.

Then the two unused four-bit areas in KCARD(2) will be filled with 1's as 0101 0110 1111 1111.

More detailed information may be found in the DPACK/DUNPK flowchart and listing.

The table below may be used to determine the number of words required for a field after it is packed. For example, a twelve-digit decimal field will be packed into a four-word field:

- First word: 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th digits
- Second word: 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th digits
- Third word: 9th, 10th, and 11th digits, plus four 1 bits (filler)
- Fourth word: 12th digit carrying the sign of the field.

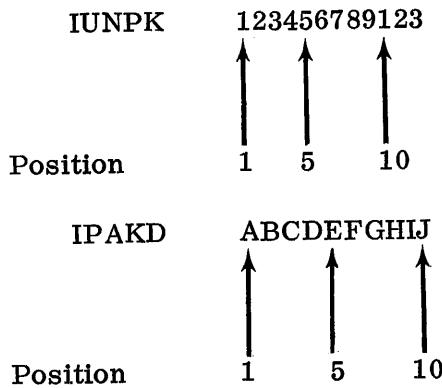
Field Length		Field Length		Field Length	
Before Packing	After Packing	Before Packing	After Packing	Before Packing	After Packing
2	2	18	6	34	10
3	2	19	6	35	10
4	2	20	6	36	10
5	2	21	6	37	10
6	3	22	7	38	11
7	3	23	7	39	11
8	3	24	7	40	11
9	3	25	7	41	11
10	4	26	8	42	12
11	4	27	8	43	12
12	4	28	8	44	12
13	4	29	8	45	12
14	5	30	9	46	13
15	5	31	9	47	13
16	5	32	9	48	13
17	5	33	9	49	13

Example:

DIMENSION IUNPK(26), IPA KD(26)

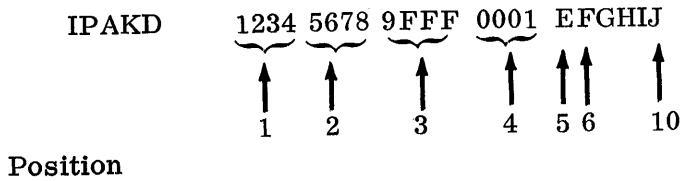
CALL DPACK(IUNPK, 1, 10, IPA KD, 1)

Before:



After:

IUNPK is the same.



Errors: None

Remarks: If JL AST is less than or equal to J, only one character of JCARD will be packed, and it will be treated as the sign. A multiple of four characters in JCARD will always be packed into KCARD. An equation for how much space is required, in elements, in KCARD is:

$$\text{Space in KCARD} = \frac{\text{JLAST}-\text{J}+7}{4}$$

This result is rounded down at all times.

ADD	DUNPK
A1A3	
A1DEC	<u>Format:</u> CALL DUNPK(JCARD, J, JLAST, KCARD, K)
A3A1	
CARRY	<u>Function:</u> Information in D4 format, four digits per word, is unpacked into D1 format,
DECA1	one digit per word.
DIV	
DPACK	<u>Parameter description:</u>
DUNPK ←	
EDIT	JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array contains the data to be unpacked, in D4 format, four digits per word.
FILL	
GET	
ICOMP	
IOND	
KEYBD	
MOVE	
MPY	
NCOMP	
NSIGN	
NZONE	
PACK	
PRINT	
PUNCH	
PUT	
P1403	
P1442	
READ	
R2501	
SKIP	
STACK	
SUB	
S1403	
TYPER	
UNPAC	
WHOLE	

Detailed description: See the detailed description of DPACK for an explanation of the D1 and D4 formats.

The JCARD field, in packed (D4) format, will be unpacked (converted to D1 format) and placed in the KCARD field. Starting at JCARD(J), moving from left to right, each four-bit digit is placed in the rightmost four bits of a word in the KCARD array, starting at KCARD(K).

Filler bits (four 1's) are recognized as such and are ignored.

JCARD(JLAST), the last word to be converted, is not altered, but is moved to KCARD(KLAST). KLAST cannot be calculated exactly at this point, but KLAST-K+1 will be the same as JLAST-J+1 when the field was originally packed. In other words, field lengths will not be changed by a DPACK and subsequent DUNPK.

The maximum value of KLAST can be calculated as

$$4*(JLAST-J)+1$$

However, it may be one, two, or three fewer positions in length.

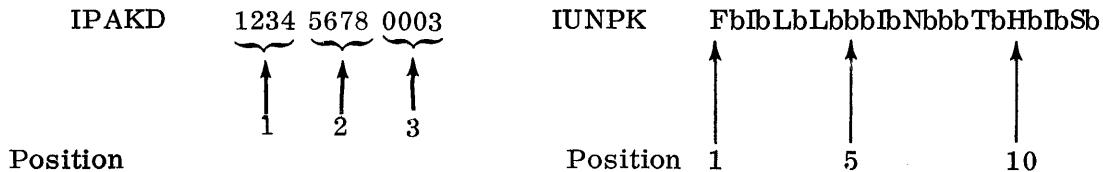
More detailed information may be found in the DPACK/DUNPK flowchart and listing.

Example:

DIMENSION IUNPK(26), IPAKD(26)

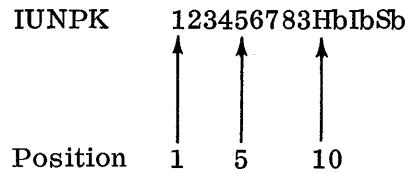
CALL DUNPK(IPAKD, 1, 3, IUNPK, 1)

Before:



After:

IPAKD is the same.



Errors: None

Remarks: If JLAST is less than or equal to J, only the first element of JCARD, JCARD(J) will be unpacked and it will be treated as the sign.

ADD EDIT
 A1A3
 A1DEC Format: CALL EDIT(JCARD, J, JLAST, KCARD, K, KLAST)
 A3A1
 CARRY Function: Edits data from one array into another array, which contains the edit mask.
 DECA1
 DIV Parameter description:
 DPACK
 DUNPK JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION
 EDIT ← statement. This array contains the data to be edited, called the source
 FILL field, one character per word, in A1 format.
 GET
 ICOMP J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This
 IOND is the position of the first character of JCARD to be edited (the left-hand
 KEYBD end of a field).
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater
 NSIGN than or equal to J. This is the position of the last character of JCARD to
 NZONE be edited (the right-hand end of a field).
 PACK
 PRINT KCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION
 PUNCH statement. This is the array into which data is edited; it contains the edit
 PUT mask before editing begins, stored one character per word, in A1 format,
 P1403 and is called the mask field.
 P1442 K - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This
 READ is the position of the first character of the edit mask (the left-hand end of
 R2501 a field).
 SKIP
 STACK KLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater
 SUB than K. This is the position of the last character of the edit mask (the
 S1403 right-hand end of a field).
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE Detailed description: The following table gives the control characters for editing, the
 characters used to make up the mask, and their respective functions:

<u>Control Character</u>	<u>Function</u>
b (blank)	This character is replaced by a character from the source field.
0 (zero)	This character indicates zero suppression and is replaced by a character from the source field. The position of this character indicates the rightmost limit of zero suppression (see description of operation below). Blanks are inserted in the high-order nonsignificant positions of the field.

<u>Control Character</u>	<u>Function</u>
.	This character remains in the mask field where placed. However, if zero suppression is requested, it will be removed if it is to the left of the last character to be zero-suppressed.
,	This character remains in the mask field where placed. However, if zero suppression is requested, it will be removed if it is to the left of the last character to be zero-suppressed.
CR (credit)	These two characters can be placed in the two rightmost positions of the mask field. They are undisturbed if the source field is negative. (If the source field is positive, the characters C and R are blanked out.) In editing operations, a negative source field is indicated by an 11-zone over the rightmost character. Whether CR is blanked out or not, no data will be edited into these positions when CR is present, but rather into the edit characters to the left.
	The letters C and R may be used in the remainder of the edit mask, where they will be treated as normal alphabetic characters, without being subject to sign control.
	Only the R character is checked, so the C character may be any legal character, and it will be treated as described.
- (minus)	This character is handled similarly to CR in the rightmost position of the mask field.
*	This character operates the same as the 0 (zero) for zero suppression, except that asterisks rather than blanks are inserted in the high-order nonsignificant positions of the field, providing asterisk check protection.
\$ (floating dollar sign)	This character has the same effect as the 0 (zero) for zero suppression, except that a \$ is inserted to the left of the first significant character found, or to the left of the position that stopped the zero suppression.

The operation of the edit routine may be described in five steps:

1. Characters are placed in the mask field from the source field, moving from right to left. The characters 0 (zero), b (blank), * (asterisk) and \$ (dollar sign) are replaced with characters from the source field. No other characters in the mask field are disturbed.

2. If all characters in the source field have not been placed in the mask field before the end of the mask field is encountered, the whole mask is set to asterisks and editing is terminated.
3. CR (credit) and - (minus) in the rightmost positions of the mask field are blanked if the source field is positive (does not have an 11-zone over the rightmost character).
4. The zero suppression scan starts at the left end of the mask field and proceeds left to right, replacing zeros (0), blanks (b's), decimal points (.), and commas (,). The last position replaced will occur where the zero suppression character was located, or one position to the left of where a significant character, not zero (0), blank (b), decimal point (.), or comma (,), occurs. If the zero suppression character was an asterisk (*), the replacement character is an asterisk. Otherwise, the replacement character is a b (blank).
5. If the zero suppression character was a dollar sign (\$), a dollar sign is placed in the last replaced position in the zero suppression scan.

In order for the edit routine to work correctly and as described, five rules must be followed in creating the mask field:

1. There must be at least as many b's (blanks) in the mask field as characters in the source field.
2. If the mask field contains zero (0), asterisk (*), or dollar sign (\$), zero suppression will be used and the first character in the mask field must be a b (blank).
3. The mask field must not contain more than one of the following, which may appear only once:

0 (zero)

* (asterisk)

\$ (dollar sign)

4. If the rightmost character in the mask field is an R, the next character to the left should be a C, in order to edit with CR (credit). Both characters will be blanked if the source field is positive. If the rightmost character in the mask field is - (minus), it will be blanked if the source field is positive.
5. All numeric, alphabetic, and special characters may be used in the mask field. All characters that do not have special meaning will be left in their original position in the mask field during the edit.

More detailed information may be found in the EDIT flowchart and listing.

Example: There are three common methods for creating a mask field such as b, bb\$.bbCR:

Method 1

```
DIMENSION MASK(10)  
1 FORMAT(10A1)  
IN=2  
READ(IN, 1)MASK
```

Method 2

```
DIMENSION MASK(10)  
MASK(1)=16448  
MASK(2)=27456  
MASK(3)=16448  
MASK(4)=16448  
MASK(5)=23360  
MASK(6)=19264  
MASK(7)=16448  
MASK(8)=16448  
MASK(9)=-15552  
MASK(10)=-9920
```

Method 3

```
DIMENSION MASK(10)  
DATA MASK/'b',' ',' ','b','b','$', '.', 'b','b','C','R'/
```

Method 1 creates the mask by reading it from a card. Method 2 creates the mask with FORTRAN arithmetic statements, setting each position of the mask to the desired character. It uses the decimal equivalents of the various EBCDIC codes, as listed in the APPENDIX. Method 3, using the DATA statement, is by far the shortest and simplest. Note that each character requires a word of core storage, regardless of the method employed.

The table of examples below illustrates how the EDIT routine works:

<u>Source Field</u>	<u>Mask Field</u>	<u>Result</u>
00123D	bb, bb\$. bbCR	bbb\$12. 34bb
00123M	bb, bb\$. bbCR	bbb\$12. 34CR
00123M	bb, bb\$. bb-	bbb\$12. 34-
00123D	bb, bb\$. bb-	bbb\$12. 34b
46426723	b, bbb, bb\$. bbCR	b\$464, 267. 23bb
00200P	b, bb*. bbCR	***20. 07CR
082267139	bbb-bb-bbbb	082-26-7139
01234567	bbbb\$. bbCR	*****
0AB1234	bbbb\$. bbCR	b\$AB12. 34bb
-12345	bb, bb\$. bb-	\$-, 123. 45b

Because the mask field is destroyed after each use, it is advisable to move the mask field to the output area and perform the edit function in the output area.

Errors: If the number of characters in the source field is greater than the number of blanks in the mask field, the mask field is filled with asterisks(*).

FILL

Format: CALL FILL(JCARD,J,JLAST,NCH)

Function: Fills an area with a specified character.

Parameter description:

JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array contains the area to be filled.

J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first character of JCARD to be filled (the left-hand end of a field).

JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to J. This is the position of the last character of JCARD to be filled (the right-hand end of a field).

NCH - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the code for the fill character. The Appendix contains a list of those codes corresponding to the EBCDIC character set; however, NCH may be any integer.

Detailed description: The area of JCARD, starting with J and ending with JLAST, is filled with the character equivalent to the NCH code, one character per word. More detailed information may be found in the FILL flowchart and listing.

Example: CALL FILL (IPRNT,3,10,16448)

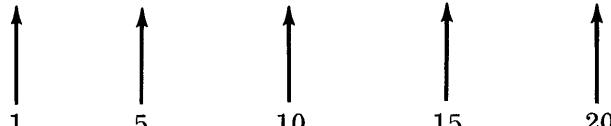
Fill the area IPRNT from positions 3 through 10 with blanks. In other words, clear the area.

IPRNT:

Before: A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S b . . .

After: A B b b b b b b b K L M N O P Q R S b . . .

Position



Errors: None.

ADD
A1A3
A1DEC
A3A1
CARRY
DECA1
DIV
DPACK
DUNPK
EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP
IOND
KEYBD
MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT
P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE

ADD	GET
A1A3	
A1DEC	<u>Format:</u> GET (JCARD, J, JLAST, SHIFT)
A3A1	
CARRY	<u>Function:</u> Extracts a data field from an array, and converts it to a real number. This is a function subprogram.
DECA1	
DIV	
DPACK	<u>Parameter description:</u>
DUNPK	
EDIT	JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array contains the data to be retrieved, stored one digit per word, in A1 format.
FILL	
GET ←	J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first character of JCARD to be retrieved (the left-hand end of a field).
ICOMP	
IOND	
KEYBD	
MOVE	
MPY	
NCOMP	
NSIGN	
NZONE	
PACK	
PRINT	
PUNCH	
PUT	
P1403	
P1442	
READ	
R2501	
SKIP	
STACK	<u>Detailed description:</u> Using the formula
SUB	
S1403	
TYPER	
UNPAC	
WHOLE	

$$\text{BINARY DIGIT} = (\text{EBCDIC CODE} + 4032) / 256$$

the real digits are retrieved. Each binary digit is shifted left and summed, resulting in a whole number decimal. The sum is multiplied by SHIFT to locate the decimal point. The result is then placed in the real variable GET. If there are blanks in the data field, they are treated as zeros. If a nonnumeric character, other than blank, appears in any position other than the low-order position, the variable containing the result is zero. If a special character, other than the - (minus), appears in the low-order position, the resulting variable is set to zero.

For input and for output the sign must be placed over the low-order position as an 11-punch for minus and a 12 or no overpunch for plus. If the low-order position is zero and the number is negative, the column must contain only an 11-punch. (The zero must not be punched when FORTRAN I/O is used.) If the low-order position is zero and the number is positive, the column must contain only the zero punch. (The 12 row must not be punched when FORTRAN I/O is used.)

More detailed information may be found in the GET flowchart and listing.

Example 1: DIMENSION INCRD(80)

B=GET(INCRD,1,5,0.001)

Before: INCRD 0123456b...
Position 1 5

B = 0.0

After: INCRD is the same.

B = 1.234 (Approximately, since a fraction is present)

Example 2:

A = GET (INCRD,1,6,1.0) + GET (INCRD,7,12,1.0)
+ GET (INCRD,13,18,1.0) + GET (INCRD,19,24,1.0)
+ GET (INCRD,25,30,1.0) + GET (INCRD,31,36,1.0)
+ GET (INCRD,37,42,1.0) + GET (INCRD,43,48,1.0)

Before:

INCRD 001221 000070 145035 700357 161111 724368 120001 270124
Position 1 6 12 18 24 30 36 42 48

A=0.0

After: INCRD is the same

A = 2122287. (Exactly, since no fractions were generated)

The above example sums the six-digit fields found in the first 48 columns of a card. Each data field has two decimal places. Any arithmetic operation can be performed with GET () as an operand.

Errors: If a nonnumeric character, other than blank, appears in a position other than the low-order position, the result is set to zero.

If a special character other than - (minus) appears in the low-order position, the result is set to zero.

Remarks: The GET routine is a function subprogram. As such, it is used in an arithmetic expression as shown in the example.

When using standard FORTRAN I/O, and the digit in the units position is a zero, a minus sign is shown as an 11-punch only; a plus is shown as a zero-punch only.

In most cases the value of SHIFT should be 1.0, placing the decimal point at the right-hand end of the number. (For dollars and cents calculations, the result of the GET would be in cents.) This will eliminate precision errors from the calculations. The decimal point may be replaced (moved to the left) with the EDIT routine for output.

If GET (or PUT) is used, the calling program must use extended precision.

ICOMP

ADD

A1A3

Format: ICOMP (JCARD,J,JLAST,K,KLAST)

A1DEC

A3A1

Function: Two variable-length decimal format data fields are compared. The result is set to a negative number, zero, or a positive number. This is a function subprogram.

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

Parameter description:

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

→ ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

SUB

S1403

TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE

- JCARD** - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array contains the first data field to be compared, one digit per word, in decimal format.
- J** - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first character of JCARD to be compared (the left-hand end of a field).
- JLAST** - An integer constant; an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to J. This is the position of the last character of JCARD to be compared (the right-hand end of a field).
- KCARD** - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array contains the second data field to be compared, one digit per word, in decimal format. If the fields are unequal in length, the KCARD field must be the longer field.
- K** - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first character of KCARD to be compared (the left-hand end of a field).
- KLAST** - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to K. This is the position of the last character of KCARD to be compared (the right-hand end of a field).

Detailed description: Since the fields are assumed to be right-justified, the first operation is to examine the length of each field. If KCARD is longer than JCARD, the leading digits of KCARD are examined. If any one of them is greater than zero the result (ICOMP) is the opposite sign of KCARD. If they are all zero, or if the lengths are equal, corresponding digits are compared. The routine operates from left to right. The routine terminates when KCARD is longer than JCARD and a nonzero digit appears in the high-order of KCARD, when JCARD and KCARD do not match, or when all digits in JCARD and KCARD are equal. The following table shows the value of ICOMP, depending on the relation of the JCARD field to the KCARD field:

<u>ICOMP</u>	<u>Relation</u>
- (minus)	JCARD is less than KCARD
0 (zero)	JCARD is equal to KCARD
+ (plus)	JCARD is greater than KCARD

More detailed information may be found in the ICOMP flowchart and listing.

Example: DIMENSION ITOT(10),ICTL(10)

IF (ICOMP(ICTL,1,10,ITOT,1,10)) 1,2,1

The control total is compared to the total calculated. Control goes to statement 1 if the totals do not match (the calculated total is greater than or less than the control total). Control goes to statement 2 if the calculated total is equal to the control total. The fields compared are not changed.

ITOT 0007136673

ICTL 0007136688

ICOMP after is positive.

Errors: No errors are detected. However, the JCARD field must not be longer than the KCARD field.

Remarks: ICOMP is a function subprogram and as such should be used in an arithmetic expression.

If JLAST is less than J, or KLAST is less than K, the result is unpredictable.

IOND

ADD
A1A3
A1DEC
A3A1
CARRY
DECA1
DIV
DPACK
DUNPK
EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP
→ IOND
KEYBD
MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT
P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE

Format: CALL IOND

Function: Checks for I/O interrupts and loops until no I/O interrupts are pending.

This subroutine should not be used in conjunction with Version 2 of the 1130 Disk Monitor System. It is unneeded; besides, it may not operate correctly. It (IOND) is required only for programs operating under control of Version 1 of the Monitor.

Detailed description: The routine checks the Interrupt Service Subroutine Counter to see whether any I/O interrupts are pending. If the counter is not zero, the routine continues to check it until it becomes zero. Then the routine returns control to the user. More detailed information may be found in the IOND flowchart and listing.

Example: CALL IOND

PAUSE 777

The two statements shown will wait until all I/O interrupts have been serviced. Then the program will PAUSE. If an I/O interrupt is pending, and IOND is not used before a PAUSE, the program will not PAUSE.

Errors: None

Remarks: This statement must always be used before a STOP or PAUSE statement.

It may also be helpful in debugging programs. Sometimes, with more than one event going on at the same time (PRINTing and processing) during debugging, difficulties can be encountered. The user may not be able to easily find the cause of trouble. The use of IOND after each I/O statement will ensure that only one I/O operation is going on at any given time.

ADD KEYBD

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD ←

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

SUB

S1403

TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE

Format: CALL KEYBD(JCARD,J,JLAST)

Function: Reads characters from the keyboard.

Parameter description:

JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array will contain the keyed information when reading is finished. The information will be in A1 format, one character per word.

J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first word of JCARD into which a character will be keyed (the left-hand end of a field).

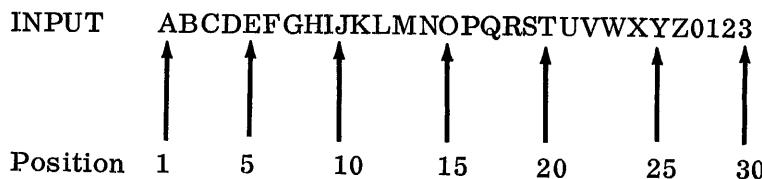
JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to J. This is the position of the last word of JCARD into which a character will be keyed (the right-hand end of a field).

Detailed description: The keyboard is read and the information being read is printed on the console printer. When the specified number of characters have been read, or when EOF is encountered, the reading terminates. The characters read are converted from keyboard codes to EBCDIC and placed in A1 format, one character per word. Control is now returned to the user. More detailed information may be found in the TYPER/KEYBD flowchart and listing.

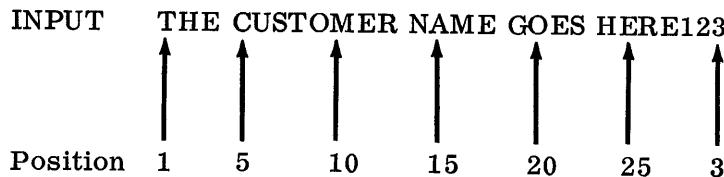
Example: DIMENSION INPUT(30)

 CALL KEYBD(INPUT, 1, 27)

Before:



After:



The array INPUT, from INPUT(1) to INPUT(27), has been filled with information read from the keyboard.

Errors: The following WAITS may occur:

<u>WAIT (loc)</u>	<u>Accumulator (hex)</u>	<u>Action</u>
41	2xx0	Ready the keyboard.
41	2xx1	Internal subroutine error. Rerun job. If error persists, verify that the subroutine deck is accurate using the listing in this manual. If the deck is the same, contact your local IBM representative. Save all output.

Only 60 characters at a time may be read from the keyboard.

If more than 60 characters are specified (JLAST-J+1 is greater than 60), only
60 characters will be read.

Remarks: The characters asterisked in Appendix D of IBM 1130 Subroutine Library
(C26-5929) will be entered into core storage and printed. All other characters will
be entered into core storage but will not be printed.

If this subroutine is used, all other I/O must use commercial routines.

ADD	MOVE
A1A3	
A1DEC	<u>Format:</u> CALL MOVE(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K)
A3A1	
CARRY	<u>Function:</u> Moves data from one array to another array.
DECA1	
DIV	<u>Parameter description:</u>
DPACK	
DUNPK	JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This is the array from which data is moved. The data may be stored in JCARD in any format, one character per word.
EDIT	
FILL	
GET	
ICOMP	
IOND	
KEYBD	
MOVE ←	J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first character of JCARD to be moved (the left-hand end of a field).
MPY	
NCOMP	JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to J. This is the position of the last character of JCARD to be moved (the right-hand end of a field).
NSIGN	
NZONE	
PACK	
PRINT	KCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This is the array to which data is moved, one character per word.
PUNCH	
PUT	
P1403	
P1442	K - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first character of KCARD to which data will be moved (the left-hand end of a field).
READ	
R2501	
SKIP	
STACK	<u>Detailed description:</u> Characters are moved, left to right, from the sending field, JCARD, starting with JCARD(J) and ending with JCARD(JLAST), to the receiving field KCARD, starting with KCARD(K). More detailed information may be found in the MOVE flowchart and listing.
SUB	
S1403	
TYPER	
UNPAC	
WHOLE	

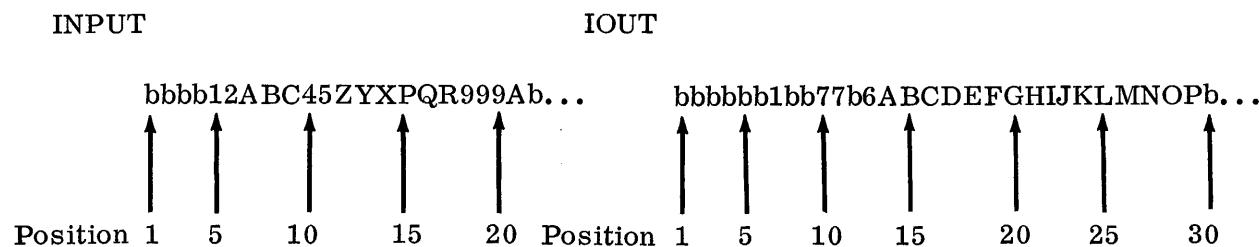
Example: DIMENSION INPUT(80),IOUT(120)

L=20

K=14

CALL MOVE(INPUT,6,L,IOUT,K)

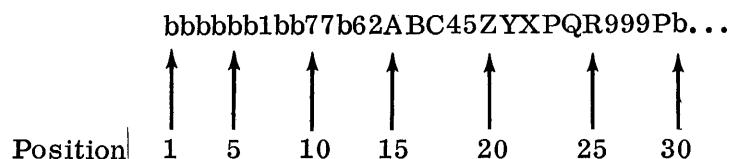
Before:



After:

INPUT is the same.

IOUT



The field in the array INPUT, starting at INPUT(6) and ending at INPUT(20), is moved to the field in the array IOUT, starting at IOUT(14). A total of 15 characters are moved.

Errors: None

ADD	MPY
A1A3	
A1DEC	<u>Format:</u> CALL MPY(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K,KLAST,NER)
A3A1	
CARRY	<u>Function:</u> Multiplies two arbitrary-length decimal data fields, placing the product in the second data field.
DECA1	
DIV	
DPACK	<u>Parameter description:</u>
DUNPK	
EDIT	JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array is the multiplier. The data must be stored in JCARD in decimal format, one digit per word.
FILL	
GET	
ICOMP	
IOND	J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first digit that will multiply (the left-hand end of a field).
KEYBD	
MOVE	
MPY	←
NCOMP	JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to J. This is the position of the last digit to multiply (the right-hand end of a field).
NSIGN	
NZONE	
PACK	
PRINT	KCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array, the multiplicand, will contain the product, extended to the left, in decimal format, one digit per word.
PUNCH	
PUT	
P1403	
P1442	
READ	K - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first digit of the multiplicand (the left-hand end of a field).
R2501	
SKIP	
STACK	
SUB	KLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to K. This is the position of the last character of the product and the multiplicand (the right-hand end of a field).
S1403	
TYPER	
UNPAC	
WHOLE	NER - An integer variable. This variable will indicate whether the KCARD field is not long enough.

Detailed description: First the signs are cleared from both fields and saved. Then the KCARD field is extended to the left the length of the JCARD field (JLAST-J+1) and filled with zeros. If the KCARD field will be extended below KCARD (1), NER will be set equal to KLAST and the routine will be terminated. Next, the JCARD field is scanned to find the high-order significant digit. If no digit is found, the result is set to zero. When a digit is found, the actual multiplication begins. The significant digits in the JCARD field are multiplied by the digits in the KCARD field, one at a time, starting with KCARD(K) and ending with KCARD(KLAST). The preliminary results are summed, shifting after each preliminary multiplication to give the correct place value to the preliminary results. Finally, the correct sign is generated for the result, in KCARD, and the sign of JCARD is restored. More detailed information may be found in the MPY flowchart and listing.

Example: DIMENSION MPLR(5),MCAND(15)

N=0

CALL MPY(MPLR,1,5,MCAND,6,15,N)

Before:

MPLR 00982
Position 1 5

MCAND ABCDE00007136673
Position 1 5 10 15

N=0

After:

MPLR is unchanged.

N=0

MCAND 000007008212886
Position 1 5 10 15

The numeric data fields MPLR and MCAND are multiplied, the result being placed in MCAND. Note that the MCAND field has been extended to the left the length of the MPLR field, five positions, and that N has not been changed.

Errors: If there is not enough room to extend the KCARD field to the left, NER will be set equal to KLAST, and the routine will terminate.

Remarks: Conversion from EBCDIC to decimal is necessary before using this subroutine. This may be accomplished with the A1DEC subroutine. The length of the JCARD and KCARD fields is arbitrary, up to the maximum space available.

The arithmetic performed is decimal arithmetic, using whole numbers only.

Space must always be provided in the KCARD field for expansion. The first position of the multiplicand, K, must be at least JLAST-J+1 positions from the beginning of KCARD. For example, if JCARD is 7 positions, 1 through 7, then the multiplicand, in KCARD, must start at least seven positions ($7-1+1=7$) from the beginning of KCARD. This would have K equal to 8.

The product, located in the KCARD field, will begin at position $K-(JLAST-J+1)$ of KCARD, and end at position KLAST of KCARD.

ADD	NCOMP
A1A3	
A1DEC	<u>Format:</u> NCOMP(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K)
A3A1	
CARRY	<u>Function:</u> Two variable-length data fields are compared, and the result is set to a negative number, zero, or a positive number. This is a function subprogram.
DECA1	
DIV	
DPACK	<u>Parameter description:</u>
DUNPK	
EDIT	
FILL	
GET	
ICOMP	
IOND	
KEYBD	
MOVE	
MPY	
NCOMP ←	
NSIGN	
NZONE	
PACK	
PRINT	
PUNCH	
PUT	
P1403	
P1442	
READ	
R2501	
SKIP	
STACK	
SUB	
S1403	
TYPER	
UNPAC	
WHOLE	

Detailed description: Corresponding characters of JCARD and KCARD are compared logically, starting with JCARD(J) and KCARD(K). The routine operates from left to right. The routine terminates when JCARD and KCARD do not match, or when the character at JCARD(JLAST) has been compared. The following table shows the value of NCOMP, depending on the relation of the JCARD field to the KCARD field:

<u>NCOMP</u>	<u>Relation</u>
- (minus)	JCARD is less than KCARD
0 (zero)	JCARD is equal to KCARD
+ (plus)	JCARD is greater than KCARD

More detailed information may be found in the NCOMP flowchart and listing.

Example: DIMENSION IN(80), MASTR(80)

IF (NCOMP(IN,1,20,MASTR,1))1,2,3

The field on the input card starting in column 1 and ending in column 20 is compared with the master field. Control goes to statement 1 if the input card is less than the master card. Control goes to statement 2 if the input card equals the master card. Control goes to statement 3 if the input card is greater than the master card. The fields compared are not changed.

IN 1234567bbbbbbbABCDEF

MASTR 1234567bbbbbbbABCDEF

NCOMP after is zero

Errors: None

Remarks: The collating sequence in ascending order is as follows:

A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H,I,J,K,L,M,N,O,P,Q,R,S,T,U,V,W,X,Y,Z,0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,

blank,,,<,(,+,&,\$,*,),-,/,,,%,#,@,',=

The compare operation is terminated by the last character of the first data field, the data field at JCARD, or by an unequal comparison. NCOMP is a function subprogram and as such should be used in an arithmetic statement.

ADD NSIGN
 A1A3
 A1DEC Format: CALL NSIGN(JCARD,J,NEWS,NOLDS)
 A3A1
 CARRY Function: Interrogate the sign and return with a code as to what the sign is. Also,
 DECA1 modify the sign as specified.
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN ← Parameter description:
 JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array contains the digit to be interrogated or modified, in decimal (D1) format.
 J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the digit to be interrogated or modified.
 NEWS - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the code specifying the desired modification of the sign.
 NOLDS - An integer variable. Upon completion of the routine, this variable contains the code specifying what the sign was.
 NZONE
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE

Detailed description: The sign is retrieved and NOLDS is set as in the table below:

	<u>NOLDS is</u>	<u>When the sign was</u>
--	-----------------	--------------------------

	+1	positive
	-1	negative

Then a new sign is inserted, specified by NEWS, as shown in the table below:

	<u>NEWS</u>	<u>Sign</u>
	+1	positive
	0	opposite of old sign
	-1	negative
NOLDS		no change

More detailed information may be found in the NSIGN flowchart and listing.

Example:	DIMENSION INUMB(9)
	CALL NSIGN(INUMB,9,0,N)
Before:	N=0, INUMB(9)=7

After:	N=1, INUMB(9)= -7
--------	-------------------

Errors: None

Remarks: The digit processed must be in decimal (D1) format. If it is not, the results are meaningless.

ADD NZONE
 A1A3
 A1DEC Format: CALL NZONE(JCARD,J,NEWZ,NOLDZ)
 A3A1
 CARRY Function: Interrogate the zone and return with a code as to what the zone is. Also,
 DECA1 modify the zone as specified.
 DIV
 DPACK Parameter description:
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE ←
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE

JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array contains the character to be interrogated or modified, in A1 format.
J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the character in JCARD to be interrogated or modified.
NEWZ - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the code specifying the modification of the zone.
NOLDZ - An integer variable. This variable contains the code specifying what the zone was.

Detailed description: The zone is retrieved and NOLDZ is set as in the table below:

	<u>NOLDZ is</u>	<u>When the character was</u>
	1	A-I
	2	J-R
	3	S-Z
	4	0-9
	more than 4	special

Then a new zone is inserted, specified by NEWZ, as shown in the table below:

<u>NEWZ</u>	<u>Character</u>
1	12 zone
2	11 zone
3	0 zone
4	no zone
more than 4	no change

When a special character is the original character, the zone will not be changed. More detailed information may be found in the NZONE flowchart and listing.

Example:	DIMENSION IN(80)
	CALL NZONE(IN,1,2,J)
Before:	J = 0 IN(1) = a B (a 12, 2 punch)
After:	J = 1 IN(1) = a K (an 11, 2 punch)

Errors: None

Remarks: The minus sign or dash (-, an 11-punch) is treated as if it were a negative zero, not as a special character. This is the only exception.

The only modification performed on an input minus sign is that it may be transformed to a digit zero with no zone (a positive zero).

ADD PACK
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1
 CARRY
 DECA1
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK ←
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE

Format: CALL PACK(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K)
Function: Information in A1 format, one character per word, is PACKed into A2 format, two characters per word.
Parameter description:

- JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This is the input array, containing the data in A1 format, one character per word.
- J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first character of JCARD to be PACKed (the left-hand end of a field).
- JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than J. This is the position of the last character of JCARD to be PACKed (the right-hand end of a field).
- KCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This is the array into which the data is PACKed, in A2 format, two characters per word.
- K - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first element of KCARD to receive the PACKed characters (the left-hand end of a field).

Detailed description: The characters in the JCARD array are taken in pairs, starting with JCARD(J), and PACKed together into one element of KCARD, starting with KCARD(K). Since the characters are taken in pairs, an even number of characters will always be PACKed. If necessary, the character at JCARD(JLAST+1) will be used in order to make the last data PACKed a pair. More detailed information may be found in the PACK/UNPAC flowchart and listing.

Example: DIMENSION IUNPK(26),IPAKD(26)

CALL PACK(IUNPK,1,25,IPAKD,1)

Before:

IUNPK	AbBbCbDbEbFbGbHbIbJbKbLbMbNbObPbQbRbSbTbUbVbWbXbYbZb
Position	1 5 10 15 20 25
IPAKD	0b1b2b3b4b5b6b7b8b9b0b1b2b3b4b5b6b7b8b9b0b1b2b3b4b5b
Position	1 5 10 15 20 25

After:

IPAKD	ABCDE FGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ3b4b5b6b7b8b9b0b1b2b3b4b5b
Position	1 5 10 15 20 25

Note that each two characters shown above represent one element of the array. Also, after IUNPK has been PACKed, the twenty-sixth character, Z, has been PACKed since 25 characters were specified (between J and JLAST).

Errors: None

Remarks: If JLAST is less than or equal to J, the first two characters of JCARD will be PACKed. An even number of characters in JCARD will always be PACKed into KCARD. An equation for how much space is required, in elements, in KCARD is

$$\text{Space in KCARD} = \left[\frac{\text{JLAST}-\text{J}+2}{2} \right]$$

This result is rounded down at all times.

ADD PRINT
 A1A3
 A1DEC Format: CALL PRINT(JCARD,J,JLAST,NER)
 A3A1
 CARRY Function: The printing of one line on the IBM 1132 Printer is initiated, and control
 DECA1 is returned to the user.
 DIV
 DPACK Parameter description:
 DUNPK
 EDIT JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION
 FILL statement. This array contains the information to be printed, on the
 GET IBM 1132 Printer, in A1 format, one character per word.
 ICOMP
 IOND J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This
 KEYBD is the position of the first character of JCARD to be printed (the left-
 MOVE hand end of a field).
 MPY
 NCOMP JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable,
 NSIGN greater than or equal to J. This is the position of the last character of
 NZONE JCARD to be printed (the right-hand end of a field).
 PACK
 PRINT ← NER - An integer variable. This variable indicates carriage tape channel con-
 PUNCH ditions that have occurred in printing.
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE

Detailed description: When the previous print operation is finished, if a print operation was going on, the routine begins. The characters to be printed are packed and reversed. Since the characters are taken in pairs, an even number of characters is required. If necessary, the character at JCARD(JLAST+1) will be used to get an even number. Then printing is initiated and control is returned to the user. When printing is finished, the printer spaces one line and the indicator, NER, is set as follows:

	<u>NER is</u>	<u>when</u>
	3	Channel 9 has been encountered
	4	Channel 12 has been encountered

If channel 9 or channel 12 is not encountered, the indicator is not set.

If a WAIT occurs at location 41, one of the following conditions exists:

<u>Condition</u>	<u>Accumulator (hex)</u>
Printer not ready or end of forms.	6xx0
Internal subroutine error. Rerun job. If error persists, verify that the subroutine deck is accurate, using the listing in this manual. If the deck is the same, contact your local IBM representative. Save all output.	6xx1

All of the above WAITS require operator intervention.

Only one line can be printed at a time (JLAST-J+1 must be less than or equal to 120).

More detailed information may be found in the PRINT/SKIP flowchart and listing.

Example: DIMENSION IOUT(120)

N=0

CALL PRINT(IOUT,1,120,N)

IF(N=3) 1,2,3

2 Channel 9 routine

3 Channel 12 routine

1 Normal processing

The line in IOUT, from IOUT(1) through IOUT(120), is printed. The indicator is tested to see whether (1) the line was printed at channel 9 or (2) the line was printed at channel 12. Appropriate action will be taken.

Notice that the test of the indicator is made after printing. The test should always be performed in this way to see where the line has just been printed. If the indicator was set, the line was printed at channel 9 or channel 12.

Errors: If JLAST is less than J, only one character will be printed. If more than 120 characters are specified (JLAST-J+1 is greater than 120), only 120 characters will be printed.

Remarks: After each line is printed, the condition indicator should be checked for the channel 9 or channel 12 indication. In doing this the same variable should always be used for the indicator.

The indicator is not reset by the subroutine. It is the responsibility of the user to initialize and reset this indicator.

If this subroutine is used, any other I/O must use commercial subroutines, with the exception of disk, which must always use FORTRAN I/O.

ADD PUNCH
 A1A3
 A1DEC Format: CALL PUNCH(JCARD,J,JLAST,NER)
 A3A1
 CARRY Function: Punches a card on the IBM 1442, Model 6 or 7. See Subroutine P1442 for
 DECA1 punching on the 1442 Model 5.
 DIV
 DPACK Parameter description:
 DUNPK
 EDIT JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION
 FILL statement. This array contains the characters to be punched into a card,
 GET in A1 format, one character per word.
 ICOMP
 IOND J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This
 KEYBD is the position of the first character of JCARD to be punched (the left-
 MOVE hand end of a field).
 MPY
 NCOMP JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable,
 NSIGN greater than or equal to J. This is the position of the last character of
 NZONE JCARD to be punched (the right-hand end of a field).
 PACK
 PRINT NER - An integer variable. This variable indicates any conditions that have
 PUNCH ← occurred in punching a card, and the nature of these conditions.
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442 Detailed description: The characters to be punched are converted from EBCDIC to card
 READ codes, one at a time. When all characters have been converted, the punching operation
 R2501 is initiated. If an error occurs during the operation, the condition indicator is set, and
 SKIP the operation is continued. The possible values of the condition indicator and their mean-
 STACK ing are listed below:
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE

	<u>NER is</u>	<u>when</u>
	0	Last card condition.
	1	Feed or punch check. Operator intervention required.

If a WAIT occurs at location 41, one of the following conditions exists:

<u>Conditions</u>	<u>Accumulator (hex)</u>
Punch not ready.	1xx0
Internal subroutine error. Rerun job. If error persists, verify that the sub- routine deck is accurate, using the listing in this manual. If the deck is the same, contact your IBM repre- sentative. Save all output.	1xx1

All of the above WAITS require operator intervention.

Only one card can be punched at a time (JLAST-J+1 must be less than or equal to 80).

More detailed information may be found in the READ/PUNCH flowchart and listing.

Example: DIMENSION IOTP(80)

N=-1

CALL PUNCH(IOTP,1,80,N)

Before:

IOTP	NAME...ADDRESS...AMOUNT
Position	1 20 60

N=-1

After:

IOTP is the same.

N=0

The information in IOTP, from IOTP(1) to IOTP(80), has been punched into a card. Since N=0, the information was punched correctly, and the card punched into was the last card.

Errors: If a punch or feed check occurs, the condition indicator will be set equal to 1. If an internal error occurs, the system will WAIT as specified above.

If more than 80 characters are specified (JLAST-J+1 is greater than 80), only 80 characters, one card, will be punched.

Remarks: After each card is punched, the condition indicator should be checked for the last card indication. This will occur only after the last card has physically been punched.

The condition indicator is not reset by the subroutine. It is the responsibility of the user to initialize and reset this indicator.

If this subroutine is used, any other I/O must use commercial subroutines, with the exception of disk, which must always use FORTRAN I/O.

ADD	PUT	
A1A3		
A1DEC	<u>Format:</u> CALL PUT(JCARD,J,JLAST,VAR,ADJST,N)	
A3A1		
CARRY	<u>Function:</u> Converts the <u>whole</u> portion of a real variable, VAR, to an EBCDIC integer number, half-adjusting as specified, and places the result, after decimal point alignment, in an array. An 11-zone is placed over the low-order, rightmost position in the array if VAR is negative.	
DECA1		
DIV		
DPACK		
DUNPK		
EDIT		
FILL	<u>Parameter description:</u>	
GET		
ICOMP	JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array will contain the result of the PUT routine, EBCDIC coded information, in A1 format, one digit per word.	
IOND		
KEYBD		
MOVE		
MPY	J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the first position of JCARD to be filled with the result (the left-hand end of a field).	
NCOMP		
NSIGN		
NZONE		
PACK	JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to J. This is the last position to be filled with the result (the right-hand end of a field).	
PRINT		
PUNCH		
PUT	←	
P1403	VAR - A real constant, a real expression, or a real variable. This is the number whose <u>whole</u> portion will be PUT.	
P1442		
READ		
R2501	ADJST - A real constant, a real expression, or a real variable. This is added to the variable, VAR, as a half-adjustment factor.	
SKIP		
STACK		
SUB		
S1403	N - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This specifies the number of digits to truncate from the right-hand end of the number, VAR.	
TYPER		
UNPAC		
WHOLE	<u>Detailed description:</u> First, the half-adjustment factor is added to the real variable, VAR. Then, each digit is retrieved using the formula	

$$\text{EBCDIC DIGIT} = 256 \text{ (BINARY DIGIT)} - 4032$$

and placed in the output area. Each binary digit is retrieved by subtracting the digits already retrieved from VAR and multiplying by 10. The next digit is then retrieved and placed in the output area. More detailed information may be found in the PUT flowchart and listing.

Example: DIMENSION IPRNT(120)

CALL PUT(IPRNT, 1, 12, A, 5.0, 1)

Before:

A = 1234567.

IPRNT	ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSb
Position	↑ 1 5 10 15 20

After:

A = 1234567.

IPRNT	000000123457MNOPQRSb
Position	↑ 1 5 10 15 20

Errors: None

Remarks: If the receiving field, JCARD, is not large enough to hold all of the output, only the low-order digits are placed.

If JLAST is less than or equal to J, only one digit will be PUT.

It is necessary for the programmer to use the ADJST parameter in every PUT. For example, assume that the number to be PUT is 123.00. Because the IBM 1130 is a binary machine, the number may be represented in core storage as 122.999.... If this number is PUT with ADJST equal to zero, the result will be 122. However, with ADJST equal to 0.5, the preliminary result is 123.499; when PUT, the result is 123. The value of ADJST should be a 5 in the decimal position one to the right of the low-order digit to be PUT.

The last two factors, ADJST and N, form a logical pair, and should usually appear as either:

	<u>ADJST</u>		<u>N</u>
	.5	and	0
or	5.	and	1
or	50.	and	2
or	500.	and	3
	etc.		etc.

ADJST should never be less than .5, since this will introduce fraction inaccuracies. From this it follows that N should never be negative.

If PUT (or GET) is used, the calling program must use extended precision.

ADD	P1403	
A1A3		
A1DEC		
A3A1	<u>Format:</u> CALL P1403(JCARD,J,JLAST,NER)	
CARRY		
DECA1	<u>Function:</u> The printing of one line on the IBM 1403 Printer, Model 6 or 7, is initiated, and control is returned to the user.	
DIV		
DPACK		
DUNPK	<u>Parameter description:</u>	
EDIT		
FILL	JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array contains the information to be printed, on the IBM 1403 Printer, in A1 format, one character per word.	
GET		
ICOMP		
IOND		
KEYBD	J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first character of JCARD to be printed (the left-hand end of a field).	
MOVE		
MPY		
NCOMP		
NSIGN	JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to J. This is the position of the last character of JCARD to be printed (the right-hand end of a field).	
NZONE		
PACK		
PRINT		
PUNCH	NER - An integer variable. This variable indicates carriage control tape conditions that have occurred in printing.	
PUT		
P1403 ←	<u>Detailed description:</u> When the previous print operation is finished, if a print operation was going on, the routine begins. The characters to be printed are converted to 1403 Printer codes and reversed so as to match the 1403 buffer mechanism. Since the characters are taken in pairs, an even number of characters is required. If necessary, the character at JCARD(JLAST+1) will be used to get an even number. Printing is then initiated and control is returned to the user. When printing is finished, the printer spaces one line and the indicator, NER, is set as follows:	
P1442		
READ		
R2501		
SKIP		
STACK		
SUB		
S1403		
TYPER		
UNPAC	<u>NER is</u> <u>when</u>	
WHOLE		
	3 Channel 9 has been encountered	
	4 Channel 12 has been encountered	
	If neither channel 9 nor channel 12 is encountered, the indicator is not set. If a WAIT occurs at location 41, one of the following conditions exists:	
	<u>Conditions</u>	<u>Accumulator (hex)</u>
	Printer not ready or end of forms.	9000
	Internal subroutine error. Rerun job. If error persists, verify that the subroutine deck is accurate, using the listing in this manual. If the deck is the same, contact your local IBM representative. Save all output.	9001
	All of the above WAITS require operator intervention.	

Only one line can be printed at a time (JLAST-J+1 must be less than or equal to 120).

More detailed information may be found in the P1403 flowchart and listing.

Example: DIMENSION IOUT(120)

N=0

CALL P1403(IOUT, 1, 120, N)

IF(N-3)1, 2, 3

2 Channel 9 routine

3 Channel 12 routine

1 Normal processing

The line in IOUT, from IOUT(1) through IOUT(120), is printed. The indicator is tested to see whether (1) the line was printed at channel 9 or (2) the line was printed at channel 12. Appropriate action will be taken.

Notice that the test of the indicator is made after printing. The test should always be performed in this way to see where the line has just been printed. If the indicator was set, the line was printed at channel 9 or channel 12.

Errors: If JLAST is less than J, two characters will be printed. If more than 120 characters are specified (JLAST-J+1 is greater than 120), only 120 characters will be printed.

Remarks: After each line is printed, the condition indicator should be checked for the channel 9 or channel 12 indication. In doing this, the same variable should always be used for the indicator.

The indicator is not reset by the subroutine. It is the responsibility of the user to initialize and reset this indicator.

If this subroutine is used, any other I/O must use commercial subroutines, with the exception of disk, which must always use FORTRAN I/O.

This CSP subroutine uses three subprograms that are part of the Disk Monitor Version 2 subroutine library. If P1403 is to be used with Version 1 of the Monitor, ZIPCO, EBPT3, and PRNT3 must be loaded onto the Version 1 disk cartridge.

ADD P1442

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442 ←

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

SUB

S1403

TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE

Format: CALL P1442(JCARD,J,JLAST,NER)

Function: Punches a card on the IBM 1442, Model 5, 6, or 7.

Parameter description:

JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array contains the characters to be punched into a card, in A1 format, one character per word.

J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first character of JCARD to be punched (the left-hand end of a field).

JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to J. This is the position of the last character of JCARD to be punched (the right-hand end of a field).

NER - An integer variable. This variable indicates any conditions that have occurred in punching a card, and the nature of these conditions.

Detailed description: The characters to be punched are converted from EBCDIC to card codes, one at a time. When all characters have been converted, the punching operation is initiated. If an error occurs during the operation, the condition indicator is set, and the operation is continued. The possible values of the condition indicator and their meaning are listed below:

NER is when

0 Last card condition.

1 Feed or punch check. Operator intervention required.

If a WAIT occurs at location 41, one of the following conditions exists:

<u>Conditions</u>	<u>Accumulator (hex)</u>
Punch not ready.	1xx0
Internal subroutine error. Rerun job. If error persists, verify that the subroutine deck is accurate, using the listing in this manual. If the deck is the same, contact your IBM representative. Save all output.	1xx1

All of the above WAITS require operator intervention.

Only one card can be punched at a time (JLAST-J+1 must be less than or equal to 80).

More detailed information may be found in the P1442 flowchart and listing.

Example: DIMENSION IOTPT(80)

N = -1

CALL P1442(IOTPT, 1, 80, N)

Before:

	IOTPT	NAME...ADDRESS...AMOUNT
Position	↑ 1	↑ 20 ↑ 60

N = -1

After:

IOTPT is the same.

N = 0

The information in IOTPT, from IOTPT(1) to IOTPT(80), has been punched into a card. Since N = 0, the information was punched correctly, and the card punched into was the last card.

Errors: If a punch or feed check occurs, the condition indicator will be set equal to 1. If an internal error occurs, the system will WAIT as specified above.

If JLAST is less than J, only one character will be punched.

If more than 80 characters are specified (JLAST-J+1 is greater than 80), only 80 characters, one card, will be punched.

Remarks: After each card is punched, the condition indicator may be checked for the last-card indication. This will occur only after the last card has physically been punched.

The condition indicator is not reset by the subroutine. It is the responsibility of the user to initialize and reset this indicator.

If this subroutine is used, any other I/O must use commercial subroutines, with the exception of disk, which must always use FORTRAN I/O.

If a program contains no calls to the READ subroutine, this routine (P1442) may be used to punch cards on the 1442, Model 6 or 7, at a considerable savings in core storage. This is due to the fact that READ and PUNCH are two different entry points to the same subroutine. A call to one or both will cause the READ/PUNCH routine to be added to the core load. P1442 is smaller in size, since it is basically the PUNCH portion of the READ/PUNCH routine. A program may not CALL both READ/PUNCH and P1442; the Monitor will refuse to load two I/O routines that service the same device. To feed the first card, a P1442 CALL may be issued, punching 80 blanks.

This CSP subroutine uses part of the Disk Monitor Version 2 subroutine library. If P1442 is to be used with Version 1 of the Monitor, PNCH1 must be loaded onto the Version 1 disk cartridge.

READ

Format: CALL READ(JCARD,J,JLAST,NER)

Function: Reads a card from the IBM 1442, Model 6 or 7, only, overlapping the conversion from card codes to EBCDIC.

Parameter description:

- JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. A card will be read into this array, in A1 format, one character per word.
- J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first word of JCARD into which a character will be read (the left-hand end of a field).
- JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to J. This is the position of the last word of JCARD into which a character will be read (the right-hand end of a field).
- NER - An integer variable. This variable indicates any conditions that have occurred in reading a card, and the nature of these conditions.

Detailed description: A card read operation is started. While the card is being read, the characters, one at a time, are converted from card codes to EBCDIC. If an error occurs during the operation, the condition indicator is set, and the operation continues. The possible values of the condition indicator and their meaning are listed below:

<u>NER is</u>	<u>when</u>
0	Last card condition.
1	Feed or read check. Operator intervention required.

If a WAIT occurs at location 41, one of the following conditions exists:

<u>Conditions</u>	<u>Accumulator (hex)</u>
Reader not ready.	1xx0
Internal subroutine error. Rerun job. If error persists, verify that the subroutine deck is accurate, using the listing in this manual. If the deck is the same, contact your IBM representative. Save all output.	1xx1

ADD
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1
 CARRY
 DECA1
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 → READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE

All of the above WAITS require operator intervention.

Only one card can be read at a time (JLAST-J+1 must be less than or equal to 80). More detailed information may be found in the READ/PUNCH flowchart and listing.

Example: DIMENSION INPUT(160)

N1=-1

CALL READ(INPUT,1,80,N1)

N2=-1

CALL READ(INPUT,81,160,N2)

Before:

INPUT	000000...	0000000000
Position	1 5 155 160	
	↑ ↑ ↑ ↑	

N1=-1
N2=-1

After:

INPUT	THIS IS THE NAME...SECOND CARD...
Position	1 5 10 15 80 81 85 90 160
	↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑

N1=-1
N2=-1

From the user's viewpoint the next card is read into the INPUT array (1-80). N1 is not one of the indicated values, so the first read was successful. The next card is read into the INPUT array (81-160). N2 is not one of the indicated values, so the second read was also successful.

Errors: If a read or feed check occurs, the condition indicator will be set equal to 1. If an internal error occurs, the system will WAIT as specified above.

If more than 80 characters are specified (JLAST-J+1 is greater than 80), only 80 characters, one card, will be read.

Remarks: After each card read, the condition indicator may be checked for the last card indication. This will occur only after the last card has physically been read into core storage.

The condition indicator is not reset by the subroutine. It is the responsibility of the user to initialize and reset this indicator.

If this subroutine is used, any other I/O must use commercial subroutines, with the exception of disk, which must always use FORTRAN I/O.

Note that the READ subroutine will not detect Monitor // control cards, as opposed to the standard FORTRAN READ, which exits when such a card is encountered.

ADD R2501
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1 Format: CALL R2501(JCARD, J, JLAST, NER)
 CARRY
 DECA1 Function: Reads a card from the IBM 2501, Model A1 or A2 only, overlapping the conversion from card codes to EBCDIC.
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK Parameter description:
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442 Detailed description: A card read operation is started. While the card is being read,
 READ the characters, one at a time, are converted from card codes to EBCDIC. If an error
 R2501 ← occurs during the operation, the condition indicator is set, and the operation continues.
 SKIP The possible values of the condition indicator and their meaning are listed below:
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE

	<u>NER is</u>	<u>when</u>
	0	Last card condition.
	1	Feed or read check. Operator intervention required.

If a WAIT occurs at location 41, one of the following conditions exists:

	<u>Conditions</u>	<u>Accumulator (hex)</u>
	Reader not ready.	1xx0
	Internal subroutine error. Rerun job. If error persists, verify that the subroutine deck is accurate, using the listing in this manual. If the deck is the same, contact your IBM representative. Save all output.	1xx1

All of the above WAITS require operator intervention.

Only one card can be read at a time (JLAST-J+1 must be less than or equal to 80). More detailed information may be found in the R2501 flowchart and listing.

```
Example:      DIMENSION INPUT(160)

              N1=-1

              CALL R2501(INPUT, 1, 80, N1)

              N2=-1

              CALL R2501(INPUT, 81, 160, N2)
```

Before:

INPUT	000000...0000000000
Position	1 5 155 160

N1=-1

N2=-1

After:

INPUT	THISbISbTHEbNAME...SECONDbCARD.....
Position	1 5 10 15 80 81 85 90 160

N1=-1

N2=-1

The first card is read into the INPUT array (1-80). N1 is not one of the indicated values, so the first read was successful. The next card is read into the INPUT array (81-160). N2 is not one of the indicated values, so the second read was also successful.

Errors: If a read or feed check occurs, the condition indicator will be set equal to 1. If an internal error occurs, the system will WAIT as specified above.

If more than 80 characters are specified (JLAST-J+1 is greater than 80), only 80 characters, one card, will be read.

Remarks: After each card read, the condition indicator may be checked for the last-card indication. This will occur only after the last card has physically been read into core storage.

The condition indicator is not reset by the subroutine. It is the responsibility of the user to initialize and reset this indicator.

If this subroutine is used, any other I/O must use commercial subroutines, with the exception of disk, which must always use FORTRAN I/O.

Note that the R2501 routine does not detect Monitor // control cards, as opposed to the standard FORTRAN READ, which exits when such a card is encountered.

This CSP subroutine uses part of the Disk Monitor Version 2 subroutine library. If R2501 is to be used with Version 1 of the Monitor, READ1 must be loaded onto the Version 1 disk cartridge.

SKIP

Format: CALL SKIP(N)

Function: Execute the requested control function on the IBM 1132 Printer

Parameter description:

N - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. The value of this variable corresponds to an available control function.

Detailed description: If the printer is busy, the subroutine WAITS. Otherwise, or when the printer finishes, the routine executes the requested function and returns control to the calling program. The control functions and their values are as follows:

<u>Function</u>	<u>Value</u>	
Immediate skip to channel 1	12544	ADD
Immediate skip to channel 2	12800	A1A3
Immediate skip to channel 3	13056	A1DEC
Immediate skip to channel 4	13312	A3A1
Immediate skip to channel 5	13568	CARRY
Immediate skip to channel 6	13824	DECA1
Immediate skip to channel 9	14592	DIV
Immediate skip to channel 12	15360	DPACK
Immediate space of 1 space	15616	DUNPK
Immediate space of 2 spaces	15872	EDIT
Immediate space of 3 spaces	16128	FILL
Suppress space after printing	0	GET

Normal spacing is one space after printing.

Example: NUMBR=12544

 CALL SKIP(NUMBR)

The carriage skips until a punch in channel 1 of the carriage control tape is encountered (normally this is at the top of a page).

Errors: Only the codes mentioned above can be used. The use of anything else will result in either no movement of the carriage or a WAIT at location 41 with 6xx1 in the accumulator (hex).

Remarks: When space suppression after printing is executed, it is reset to single-space after printing. If the user wishes to continue suppression, he must reissue the suppression command.

If this subroutine is used, any other I/O must use commercial subroutines, with the exception of disk, which must always use FORTRAN I/O.

STACK

Format: CALL STACK

Function: Selects the alternate stacker on the IBM 1442, Model 6 or 7, only for the next card to go through the punch station. More detailed information may be found in the STACK flowchart and listing.

Example: A card has been read. The sum of the four-digit numbers in columns 10-13 and 20-23 is punched in columns 1-5. If the sum is negative, the card should be selected into the alternate stacker. A program to solve the problem follows:

	<u>FORTRAN Statement</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
1	FORMAT(9X,I4,6X,I4)	Description of the input data.
2	FORMAT(I5)	Description of the output data.
	IO=2	Input unit number.
3	READ(IO,1)I1,I2	Input statement.
	I3=I1+I2	Sum.
	IF(I3)4,5,5	Is the sum negative?
4	CALL STACK	Yes — select the card.
5	WRITE(IO,2)I3	No — punch.
	GO TO 3	Process the next card.
	END	

Errors: None

Remarks: If the card reader is in a not-ready state (last card) and the card just read is to be stacker-selected, the card reader will not accept the stacker select command. The user should place a blank card after the card designating last card to his program. This will prevent the card reader from becoming not ready and will allow the card to be stacker-selected.

ADD
A1A3
A1DEC
A3A1
CARRY
DECA1
DIV
DPACK
DUNPK
EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP
IOND
KEYBD
MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT
P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
→ STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE

ADD	SUB
A1A3	
A1DEC	<u>Format:</u> CALL SUB(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K,KLAST,NER)
A3A1	
CARRY	<u>Function:</u> Subtracts one arbitrary-length decimal data field from another arbitrary-length decimal data field, placing the result in the second data field.
DECA1	
DIV	
DPACK	<u>Parameter description:</u>
DUNPK	
EDIT	JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This is the array that is subtracted, the subtrahend. The data must be stored in JCARD in decimal format, one digit per word.
FILL	
GET	
ICOMP	
IOND	J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first digit to be subtracted (the left-hand end of a field).
KEYBD	
MOVE	
MPY	
NCOMP	JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to J. This is the position of the last digit to be subtracted (the right-hand end of a field).
NSIGN	
NZONE	
PACK	
PRINT	KCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array, the minuend, is subtracted from, and will contain the result in decimal format, one digit per word.
PUNCH	
PUT	
P1403	
P1442	K - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first digit of KCARD (the left-hand end of the field).
READ	
R2501	
SKIP	
STACK	KLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable, greater than or equal to K. This is the position of the last character of KCARD (the right-hand end of a field).
SUB ←	
S1403	
TYPER	NER - An integer variable. Upon completion of the subroutine, this variable will indicate whether arithmetic overflow occurred.
UNPAC	
WHOLE	

Detailed description: The sign of the JCARD field is reversed and then the JCARD and KCARD fields are ADDED using the ADD subroutine. More detailed information may be found in the SUB flowchart and listing.

Example: DIMENSION IGRND(12), ITEM(6)

N=0

CALL SUB(ITEM,1,6,IGRND,1,12,N)

Before:

IGRND	000713665203	ITEM	102342
Position	1 5 10	Position	1 5

N=0

After:

IGRND	000713767545	ITEM is unchanged.
Position	1 5 10	

N=0

The numeric data field ITEM, in decimal format, is SUBtracted from the numeric data field IGRND, also in decimal format. Note that the fields are both right-justified. In this case, since the ITEM field is negative, and the operation to be performed is subtraction, the ITEM field is added to the IGRND field. The error indicator, N, is the same, since there is no overflow out of the high-order digit, left-hand end, of the IGRND field.

Errors: If the KCARD field is not large enough to contain the sum (that is, if there is a carry out of the high-order digit), the error indicator, NER, will be set equal to KLAST.

If the JCARD field is longer than the KCARD field, nothing will be done and the error indicator will be equal to KLAST.

Remarks: See the remarks for the ADD subroutine.

ADD	S1403
A1A3	
A1DEC	
A3A1	<u>Format:</u> CALL S1403(N)
CARRY	
DECA1	<u>Function:</u> Execute the requested control function on the IBM 1403 Printer, Model 6 or 7, only.
DIV	
DPACK	
DUNPK	<u>Parameter description:</u>
EDIT	
FILL	N - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. The value of this variable corresponds to an available control function.
GET	
ICOMP	
IOND	<u>Detailed description:</u> If the printer is busy, the subroutine WAITS. Otherwise, or when the printer finishes, the routine executes the requested function and returns control to the calling program. The control functions and their values are as follows:
KEYBD	
MOVE	
MPY	
NCOMP	
NSIGN	
NZONE	
PACK	
PRINT	
PUNCH	
PUT	
P1403	
P1442	
READ	
R2501	
SKIP	
STACK	
SUB	
S1403 ←	
TYPER	
UNPAC	
WHOLE	
	<u>Function</u>
	<u>Value</u>
	Immediate skip to channel 1 12544
	Immediate skip to channel 2 12800
	Immediate skip to channel 3 13056
	Immediate skip to channel 4 13312
	Immediate skip to channel 5 13568
	Immediate skip to channel 6 13824
	Immediate skip to channel 7 14080
	Immediate skip to channel 8 14336
	Immediate skip to channel 9 14592
	Immediate skip to channel 10 14848
	Immediate skip to channel 11 15104
	Immediate skip to channel 12 15360
	Immediate space of 1 space 15616
	Immediate space of 2 spaces 15872
	Immediate space of 3 spaces 16128
	Suppress space after printing 0
	Normal spacing is one space after printing.

Example: NUMBR=12544
 CALL S1403 (NUMBR)

The carriage skips until a punch in channel 1 of the carriage control tape is encountered. (Normally this is at the top of a page.)

Errors: Only the codes mentioned above can be used. The use of anything else will result in either no movement of the carriage or a WAIT at location 41 with 6xx1 in the accumulator (hex).

Remarks: When space suppression after printing is executed, it is reset to single-space after printing. If the user wishes to continue suppression, he must give the suppression command again.

If this subroutine is used, any other I/O must use commercial subroutines, with the exception of disk, which must always use FORTRAN I/O.

This CSP subroutine uses three subprograms that are part of the Disk Monitor Version 2 subroutine library. If S1403 is to be used with Version 1 of the Monitor, ZIPCO, EBPT3, and PRNT3 must be loaded onto the Version 1 disk cartridge.

ADD	TYPER
A1A3	
A1DEC	<u>Format:</u> CALL TYPER(JCARD,J,JLAST)
A3A1	
CARRY	<u>Function:</u> The typing on the console printer is initiated, and control is returned to the user.
DECA1	
DIV	
DPACK	<u>Parameter description:</u>
DUNPK	
EDIT	JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This array contains the characters to be printed on the console printer, in A1 format, one character per word.
FILL	
GET	
ICOMP	
IOND	J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first character of JCARD to be printed (the left-hand end of a field).
KEYBD	
MOVE	
MPY	
NCOMP	JLAST - An integer constant, an integer variable, or an integer expression, greater than or equal to J. This is the position of the last character of JCARD to be printed (the right-hand end of a field).
NSIGN	
NZONE	
PACK	
PRINT	<u>Detailed description:</u> The characters to be printed are converted from EBCDIC to console printer codes and are packed. Since the characters are taken in pairs, an even number of characters is required. If necessary, the character at JCARD(JLAST+1) will be used to get an even number. Then the print operation is started. While printing is in progress, control is returned to the user's program.
PUNCH	
PUT	
P1403	
P1442	
READ	
R2501	More detailed information may be found in the TYPER/KEYBD flowchart and listing.
SKIP	
STACK	
SUB	
S1403	
TYPER	Example: DIMENSION IOTP(120) CALL TYPER(IOTP,1,120)
UNPAC	Before: IOTP QUANTITY...ITEM...PRICE...AMOUNT ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ Position 1 5 20 80 120
WHOLE	After: IOTP is the same. The line is being printed. The printing of the line, specified in IOTP, is initiated on the console printer, and control returns to the user's program.

Errors: If a WAIT occurs at location 41, one of the following conditions exists:

<u>Condition</u>	<u>Accumulator (hex)</u>
Console printer is not ready. Make it ready and continue.	2xx0
Internal subroutine error. Re-run job. If error persists, verify that the subroutine deck is accurate, using the listing in this manual. If the deck is the same, contact your local IBM representative. Save all output.	2xx1

If JLAST is less than J, two characters will be printed. If more than 120 characters are specified (JLAST-J+1 is greater than 120), only 120 characters will be printed.

Remarks: The asterisked characters in Appendix D of IBM 1130 Subroutine Library (C26-5925) are legal. No other characters will be printed.

If this subroutine is used, any other I/O must use commercial subroutines, with the exception of disk, which must always use FORTRAN I/O.

Control functions can be used on the console printer. The following table indicates the available control functions and the decimal constant required for each function:

<u>Function</u>	<u>Decimal constant</u>
Tabulate	1344
Shift to black	5184
Carrier return	5440
Backspace	5696
Line feed	9536
Shift to red	13632

The decimal constant corresponding to a particular function must be placed in the output area (JCARD). The function will take place when its position in the output area is printed.

Example: JCARD(1)=5440

 JCARD(21)=1344

 JCARD(30)=5440

 JCARD(51)=5440

 JCARD(82)=5440

 CALL TYPER(JCARD,1,101)

The above coding will carrier-return to a new line, then print characters 2-20 of JCARD, tab to the next tab stop; print characters 22-29, carrier return, print characters 31-50, carrier return, print characters 52-81, carrier return, and finally print characters 83-101.

UNPAC

ADD

Format: CALL UNPAC(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K)

A1A3

Function: Information in A2 format, two characters per word, is UNPACked into A1 format, one character per word.

A1DEC

Parameter description:

A3A1

JCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This is the input array, containing the data in A2 format, two characters per word.

CARRY

J - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first element of JCARD to be UNPACked (the left-hand end of a field).

DECA1

JLAST - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable greater than or equal to J. This is the position of the last element of JCARD to be UNPACked (the right-hand end of a field).

DIV

KCARD - The name of a one-dimensional integer array defined in a DIMENSION statement. This is the array into which the data is UNPACked, in A1 format, one character per word.

DPACK

K - An integer constant, an integer expression, or an integer variable. This is the position of the first element of KCARD to receive the UNPACked characters (the left-hand end of a field).

DUNPK

Detailed description: The characters in the JCARD array (A2) are UNPACked left to right, starting with JCARD(J), and placed in the KCARD array (A1), starting with KCARD(K). Each element of JCARD, when UNPACked, will require two elements of KCARD. More detailed information may be found in the PACK/UNPAC flowchart and listing.

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

SUB

S1403

TYPER

→ UNPAC

WHOLE

Example: DIMENSION IUNPK(26),IPAKD(26)

CALL UNPAC(IPAKD,1,13,IUNPK,1)

Before:

IPAKD	THISbINFORMATIONbWILLbUNPACKEDbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbb
Position	1 5 10 15 20 25
IUNPK	FbIbLbLbbbIbNbbbTbHbIbSbbbAbRbEbAbbbbbbbbbbbbb
Position	1 5 10 15 20 25

After:

IPAKD is the same.

IUNPK	TbHbIbSbbbIbNbFbObRbMbAbTbIbObNbWbIbLbLbbbUbNbPbAb
Position	1 5 10 15 20 25

Note that each two characters shown above represent one element of the array.

Errors: None

Remarks: If JLAST is less than or equal to J, only the first element of JCARD,JCARD(J) will be UNPACKed into the first two elements of KCARD. An even number of characters will always be UNPACKed into KCARD. An equation for how much space is required, in elements, in KCARD is

$$\text{Space in KCARD} = 2 (\text{JLAST}-\text{J}+1)$$

WHOLE

Format: WHOLE (EXPRS)

Function: Truncates the fractional portion of a real expression.

Parameter description:

EXPRS - A real expression. This is the expression that is truncated (the fractional part is made zero).

Detailed description: The result of the expression is shifted right until the fractional portion has been shifted off. Then the result is shifted left to give the original result with a zero fraction.

Example: A=WHOLE(.1*B+.5)

Before:

A=0.0

B=71234.99

After:

A=7123.000

B=71234.99

The expression, (.1*B+.5), has been evaluated, and the fractional portion has been dropped.

Errors: None

Remarks: The argument, EXPRS, must always be a real expression. If the purpose is to simply truncate the fraction from a number A, the expression must be (1.0*A).

→ WHOLE

If a single variable is used as an argument, the results of WHOLE are unpredictable. In other words, this will not work:

A=WHOLE(B)

ADD
A1A3
A1DEC
A3A1
CARRY
DECA1
DIV
DPACK
DUNPK
EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP
IOND
KEYBD
MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT
P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC

Note that the WHOLE function truncates the value of the argument or expression within the parentheses; it does not round off before truncation. For this reason, the user must be careful when working with fractional numbers. For example, if

X = 1570000.

and

Y = WHOLE (X*.001)

Y will equal 1569.000 rather than 1570.000. This occurs because the multiplication by .001 yielded 1569.999 rather than 1570.000.

To avoid such a possibility, the argument for WHOLE should be half-adjusted by the user:

Y = WHOLE (X*.001+0.5)

before it is sent to WHOLE to be truncated.

SAMPLE PROBLEMS

PROBLEM 1

This program has been written to exercise many of the routines. A card is read and a code on that card initiates the operation of the specified routine. The card image is printed before execution of the routine, the resulting variable is printed and the card image is printed after execution of the routine.

Switch settings are as follows:

Input Device	Output Device	Switches		
		0	1	2
1442	console printer	down	down	down
1442	1132	up	down	down
1442	1403	up	up	down
2501	console printer	down	down	up
2501	1132	up	down	up
2501	1403	up	up	up

Make sure that the switches are set properly before the program begins.

After processing is completed, sample problem 1 will STOP with 1111 displayed in the accumulator. Press START to continue.

A general purpose *IOCS card

*IOCS(CARD,1132 PRINTER,TYPEWRITER)

has been supplied with the sample problem. If this does not match the 1130 configuration to be used, a new *IOCS card will be required.

Sample Problem 1: Source Program

```

// FOR                                              CSP25940
** SAMPLE PROBLEM 1                               CSP25950
* NAME SMPL1                                      CSP25960
* I OCS(CARD,1132 PRINTER,TYPEWRITER)           CSP25970
* ONE WORD INTEGERS                             CSP25980
* EXTENDED PRECISION                           CSP25990
* LIST ALL                                     CSP26000
C----GENERAL PURPOSE 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE TEST PROGRAM. CSP26010
    DIMENSION NCARD(80), NAMES(5,13)               CSP26020
    FORMAT (80A1)                                 CSP26030
1   FORMAT (1I0, 4F10.0, F10.3)                   CSP26040
2   FORMAT (1I0, 4X, 10HINDICATORS, 3X, 12HCARD BEFORE=,1X,80A1) CSP26050
3   FORMAT (10H ANSWER IS, F20.3)                 CSP26060
C----DEFINE UNIT NUMBERS OF I/O DEVICES.          CSP26070
    CALL DATSW(0:N)                                CSP26080
    CALL DATSW(1:M)                                CSP26090
    CALL DATSW(2:L)                                CSP26100
    NREAD=6*(1/L)+2                               CSP26110
    NWRT=2*(1/N)+2*(1/M)+1                         CSP26120
    READ (NREAD,1) NAMES                           CSP26130
10  READ (NREAD,2) N, V1, V2, V3, V4, VAR        CSP26140
    IF (N) 98,98,99                               CSP26150
98  STOP 1111                                     CSP26160
99  WRITE (NWRT+3) (NAMES(I,N), I=1,5), V1, V2, V3, V4, VAR
    N1=V1                                         CSP26170
    N2=V2                                         CSP26180
    N3=V3                                         CSP26190
    N4=V4                                         CSP26200
    NVAR=VAR                                     CSP26210
    NER1=0                                       CSP26220
    NER2=0                                       CSP26230
    NER3=0                                       CSP26240
    NER4=0                                       CSP26250
    NER5=0                                       CSP26260
    READ (NREAD,1) NCARD                           CSP26270
    IF(N=7) 21,21,22                               CSP26280
21  WRITE(NWRT,4) NCARD                           CSP26290
C----GO TO 1130 CSP ROUTINE                      CSP26300
    GO TO (11,12,13,14,15,16,17), N              CSP26310
C----COMP ROUTINE                                CSP26320
11  ANS=NCOMP(NCARD,N1,N2,NCARD,N3)             CSP26330
    GO TO 19                                     CSP26340
C----MOVE ROUTINE                                CSP26350
12  CALL MOVE(NCARD,N1+N2,NCARD,N3)             CSP26360
    GO TO 20                                     CSP26370
C----NZONE ROUTINE                               CSP26380
13  CALL NZONE(NCARD+N1+N2,N3)                  CSP26390
    ANS=N3                                       CSP26400
    GO TO 19                                     CSP26410
C----EDIT ROUTINE                                CSP26420
14  CALL EDIT(NCARD+N1+N2,NCARD+N3+N4)          CSP26430
                                                CSP26440
                                                CSP26450
                                                CSP26460
                                                CSP26470
                                                CSP26480
                                                CSP26490

```

SAMPLE PROBLEM 1

```

GO TO 20
C----GET ROUTINE
15  ANS=GET(NCARD,N1,N2,V3)
    GO TO 19
C----PUT ROUTINE
16  CALL PUT(NCARD,N1+N2+VAR+V3+N4)
    GO TO 20
C----FILL ROUTINE
17  CALL FILL(NCARD,N1,N2,NVAR)
    GO TO 20
19  WRITE (NWRIT,8) ANS
20  WRITE (NWRIT,5) NCARD
    GO TO 10
22  WRITE(NWRIT,7) NCARD
C----A1DEC ROUTINE
CALL A1DEC(NCARD+N1+N2+NER1)
CALL A1DEC(NCARD+N3+N4+NER2)
N=N-7
GO TO (23,24,25,26,27,28)+N
C----ADD ROUTINE
23  CALL ADD(NCARD,N1,N2,NCARD+N3+N4+NER3)
    GO TO 29
C----SUB ROUTINE
24  CALL SUB(NCARD,N1+N2,NCARD+N3+N4+NER3)
    GO TO 29
C----MPY ROUTINE
25  CALL MPY(NCARD+N1+N2+NCARD+N3+N4+NER3)
    GO TO 29
C----DIV ROUTINE
26  CALL DIV(NCARD,N1+N2+NCARD+N3+N4+NER3)
    GO TO 29
C----ICOMP ROUTINE
27  NER3=ICOMP(NCARD+N1+N2+NCARD+N3+N4)
    GO TO 29
C----NSIGN ROUTINE
28  CALL NSIGN(NCARD+N1+NVAR+NER3)
C----DECA1 ROUTINE
29  CALL DECA1(NCARD,N1+N2+NER4)
IF(N=3) 33,32,30
30  IF(N=4) 33,31,33
31  JSPAN=N2-N1
KSPAN=N4-N3
KSTRT=N3-JSPAN-1
N3=N4-JSPAN
CALL DECA1(NCARD,KSTRT,N3-1,NER5)
GO TO 33
32  N3=N3-N2+N1-1
33  CALL DECA1(NCARD,N3,N4,NER5)
WRITE(NWRIT,6) NER1,NER2,NER3,NER4,NER5,NCARD
GO TO 10
END

```

PAGE 02

```

CSP26500
CSP26510
CSP26520
CSP26530
CSP26540
CSP26550
CSP26560
CSP26570
CSP26580
CSP26590
CSP26600
CSP26610
CSP26620
CSP26630
CSP26640
CSP26650
CSP26660
CSP26670
CSP26680
CSP26690
CSP26700
CSP26710
CSP26720
CSP26730
CSP26740
CSP26750
CSP26760
CSP26770
CSP26780
CSP26790
CSP26800
CSP26810
CSP26820
CSP26830
CSP26840
CSP26850
CSP26860
CSP26870
CSP26880
CSP26890
CSP26900
CSP26910
CSP26920
CSP26930
CSP26940
CSP26950
CSP26960
CSP26970
CSP26980
CSP26990
CSP27000

```

VARIABLE ALLOCATIONS

```

V1 =0000 V2 =0003 V3 =0006 V4 =0009 VAR =000C ANS =000F NCARD=0064 NAMES=00A5 N =00A6 M =00A7
L =00A8 NREAD=00A9 NWRIT=00AA I =00AB N1 =00AC N2 =00AD N3 =00AE N4 =00AF NVAR =00B0 NER1 =00B1
NER2 =00B2 NER3 =00B3 NER4 =00B4 NER5 =00B5 JSPAN=00B6 KSPAN=00B7 KSTRT=00B8

```

STATEMENT ALLOCATIONS

```

1 =00C4 2 =00C7 3 =00CC 4 =00EB 5 =00F6 6 =0101 7 =0111 8 =0126 10 =0177 98 =018A
99 =018C 21 =01E8 11 =01FA 12 =0206 13 =020F 14 =021C 15 =0226 16 =0230 17 =023A 19 =0242
20 =0248 22 =0251 23 =0274 24 =027F 25 =028A 26 =0295 27 =02A0 28 =02AC 29 =02B2 30 =02C0
31 =02C6 32 =02EE 33 =02F8

```

FEATURES SUPPORTED

```

ONE WORD INTEGERS
EXTENDED PRECISION
IOCS

```

CALLED SUBPROGRAMS

```

DATSW NCOMP MOVE NZONE EDIT GET PUT FILL A1DEC ADD SUB MPY DIV ICOMP NSIGN
DECA1 ELD ESTO IFIX FLOAT WRTYZ SRED SWRT SCOMP SFIO SIOAI SIOIX SIOF SIOI SUBSC
STOP CARDZ PRNTZ

```

INTEGER CONSTANTS

```

0=00BA 1=00BB 2=00BC 6=00BD 1111=00BE 5=00BF 7=00C0 3=00C1 4=00C2 4369=00C3

```

CORE REQUIREMENTS FOR SMP1

```

COMMON 0 VARIABLES 186 PROGRAM 600

```

```

END OF COMPILATION

```

Sample Problem 1: Output

// XEQ

CSP27010

```
NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NCOMP WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 10.00000 11.00000 0.00000 0.000
CARD BEFORE=ABCDEFHIJKLMNOPQRST
ANSWER IS -272.000
CARD AFTER =ABCDEFHIJKLMNOPQRST

NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NCOMP WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 10.00000 11.00000 0.00000 0.000
CARD BEFORE=BCBD F BCBD F
ANSWER IS 0.000
CARD AFTER =BCBD F BCBD F

NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NCOMP WITH PARAMETERS 20.00000 25.00000 30.00000 0.00000 0.000
CARD BEFORE= JKLMN CBAFG
ANSWER IS 224.000
CARD AFTER = JKLMN CBAFG

NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE MOVE WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 5.00000 20.00000 0.00000 0.000
CARD BEFORE=ABCDE
CARD AFTER =ABCDE ABCDE

NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE MOVE WITH PARAMETERS 40.00000 49.00000 1.00000 0.00000 0.000
CARD BEFORE= 9876543210
CARD AFTER =9876543210 9876543210

NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NZONE WITH PARAMETERS 10.00000 5.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000
CARD BEFORE= A
ANSWER IS 1.000
CARD AFTER = A

NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NZONE WITH PARAMETERS 10.00000 5.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000
CARD BEFORE= I
ANSWER IS 1.000
CARD AFTER = I

NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NZONE WITH PARAMETERS 20.00000 5.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000
CARD BEFORE= 0
ANSWER IS 4.000
CARD AFTER = 0

NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NZONE WITH PARAMETERS 20.00000 5.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000
CARD BEFORE= 9
ANSWER IS 4.000
CARD AFTER = 9

NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NZONE WITH PARAMETERS 30.00000 5.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000
CARD BEFORE= 2.000
ANSWER IS 2.000
CARD AFTER = J

NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NZONE WITH PARAMETERS 30.00000 5.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000
CARD BEFORE= R
ANSWER IS 2.000
CARD AFTER = R

NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NZONE WITH PARAMETERS 10.00000 1.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000
CARD BEFORE= A
ANSWER IS 1.000
```

CARD AFTER = 1234567 ***** 48CSP27500
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE EDIT WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 6.00000 10.00000 30.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE=00005M * . CR 50CSP27520
 CARD AFTER =00005M ****00.54CR 50CSP27520
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE EDIT WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 6.00000 20.00000 29.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE= 5M *0 . - 52CSP27540
 CARD AFTER = 5M .54- 52CSP27540
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE GET WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 5.00000 0.01000 0.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE=12345 ANSWER IS 123.449 54CSP27560
 CARD AFTER =12345
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE GET WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 5.00000 0.01000 0.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE=1234N ANSWER IS -123.449 56CSP27580
 CARD AFTER =1234N 56CSP27580
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE GET WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 7.00000 0.00100 0.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE=1 3 5 7 ANSWER IS 1030.506 58CSP27600
 CARD AFTER =1 3 5 7 58CSP27600
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE GET WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 5.00000 1.00000 0.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE=12AB4 ANSWER IS 0.000 60CSP27620
 CARD AFTER =12AB4 60CSP27620
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE GET WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 5.00000 1.00000 0.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE=1230- ANSWER IS -12300.000 62CSP27640
 CARD AFTER =1230- 62CSP27640
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE GET WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 3.00000 0.00001 0.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE=123 ANSWER IS 0.001 64CSP27660
 CARD AFTER =123 64CSP27660
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE PUT WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 5.00000 0.50000 0.00000 12345.000
 CARD BEFORE= 66CSP27680
 CARD AFTER =12345 66CSP27680
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE PUT WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 2.00000 5.00000 1.00000 12890.000
 CARD BEFORE= 68CSP27700
 CARD AFTER =89 68CSP27700
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE PUT WITH PARAMETERS 11.00000 15.00000 5.00000 1.00000 12345.000
 CARD BEFORE= 70CSP27720
 CARD AFTER = 01235 70CSP27720
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE PUT WITH PARAMETERS 10.00000 16.00000 50.00000 2.00000-34567.000
 CARD BEFORE= 72CSP27740
 CARD AFTER = 0000340 72CSP27740
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE PUT WITH PARAMETERS 10.00000 17.00000 5.00000 1.00000 -16.000

CARD AFTER = A 24CSP27260
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NZONE WITH PARAMETERS 10.00000 1.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE= 1 26CSP27280
 ANSWER IS 4.000
 CARD AFTER = A 26CSP27280
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NZONE WITH PARAMETERS 10.00000 1.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE= J 28CSP27300
 ANSWER IS 2.000
 CARD AFTER = A 28CSP27300
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NZONE WITH PARAMETERS 20.00000 4.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE= I 30CSP27320
 ANSWER IS 1.000
 CARD AFTER = 9 30CSP27320
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NZONE WITH PARAMETERS 20.00000 2.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE= 9 32CSP27340
 ANSWER IS 4.000
 CARD AFTER = R 32CSP27340
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NZONE WITH PARAMETERS 20.00000 3.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE= R 34CSP27360
 ANSWER IS 2.000
 CARD AFTER = Z 34CSP27360
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NZONE WITH PARAMETERS 30.00000 3.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE= D 36CSP27380
 ANSWER IS 1.000
 CARD AFTER = U 36CSP27380
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NZONE WITH PARAMETERS 30.00000 2.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE= 4 38CSP27400
 ANSWER IS 4.000
 CARD AFTER = M 38CSP27400
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NZONE WITH PARAMETERS 30.00000 4.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE= M 40CSP27420
 ANSWER IS 2.000
 CARD AFTER = 4 40CSP27420
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE EDIT WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 6.00000 20.00000 30.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE=123456 , \$, CR 42CSP27440
 CARD AFTER =123456 \$1,234.56 42CSP27440
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE EDIT WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 6.00000 20.00000 30.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE=02343K , \$, CR 44CSP27460
 CARD AFTER =02343K \$234.32CR 44CSP27460
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE EDIT WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 6.00000 20.00000 29.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE=00343- , \$, - 46CSP27480
 CARD AFTER =00343- \$34.30- 46CSP27480
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE EDIT WITH PARAMETERS 1.00000 7.00000 21.00000 28.00000 0.000
 CARD BEFORE=1234567 , \$, 48CSP27500

CARD BEFORE= 0000000K CARD AFTER = 74CSP27760
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE FILL WITH PARAMETERS 1.000000 10.000000 0.000000 0.000000 16448.000
 CARD BEFORE= ABCDEFGHIJK CARD AFTER = K 76CSP27780
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE FILL WITH PARAMETERS 20.000000 25.000000 0.000000 0.000000 23360.000
 CARD BEFORE= ABCDEFGH CARD AFTER = A\$\$\$\$\$\$M 78CSP27800
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE ADD WITH PARAMETERS 31.000000 35.000000 66.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 24 0 0 0 0 CARD AFTER = 00024 2048 CSP27820
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE SUB WITH PARAMETERS 31.000000 35.000000 66.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 24 0 0 0 0 CARD AFTER = 00024 2048 CSP27840
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE MPY WITH PARAMETERS 31.000000 35.000000 66.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 24 0 0 0 0 CARD AFTER = 00024 2048 CSP27860
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE DIV WITH PARAMETERS 31.000000 35.000000 66.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 24 0 0 0 0 CARD AFTER = 00024 2048 CSP27880
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE ICMP WITH PARAMETERS 31.000000 35.000000 66.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 24 0 0 -6 0 0 CARD AFTER = 00024 2048 CSP27900
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NSIGN WITH PARAMETERS 1.000000 1.000000 2.000000 2.000000 1.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 65 0 0 1 0 0 CARD AFTER = 65 2048 CSP27920
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE ADD WITH PARAMETERS 31.000000 35.000000 66.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 99 0 0 0 0 CARD AFTER = 00099 2048 CSP27940
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE SUB WITH PARAMETERS 31.000000 35.000000 66.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 99 0 0 0 0 CARD AFTER = 00099 2048 CSP27960
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE MPY WITH PARAMETERS 31.000000 35.000000 66.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 99 0 0 0 0 CARD AFTER = 00099 2048 CSP27980
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE DIV WITH PARAMETERS 31.000000 35.000000 66.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 99 0 0 0 0 CARD AFTER = 00099 2048 CSP28000
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE ICMP WITH PARAMETERS 31.000000 35.000000 66.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 99 0 0 -9 0 0 CARD AFTER = 00099 2048 CSP28020
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NSIGN WITH PARAMETERS 1.000000 1.000000 2.000000 2.000000 -1.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 54 0 0 1 0 0 CARD AFTER = N4 2048 CSP28040
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE ADD WITH PARAMETERS 1.000000 20.000000 41.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 12345678901234567890 123456789012345678901234567890 2048 CSP28060
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE SUB WITH PARAMETERS 1.000000 20.000000 41.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 12345678901234567890 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890 2048 CSP28080
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE MPY WITH PARAMETERS 1.000000 20.000000 41.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 12345678901234567890 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 2048 CSP28100
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE DIV WITH PARAMETERS 1.000000 20.000000 41.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 12345678901234567890 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 2048 CSP28120
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE ICMP WITH PARAMETERS 1.000000 20.000000 41.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 12345678901234567890 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890 2048 CSP28140
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE NSIGN WITH PARAMETERS 1.000000 1.000000 2.000000 2.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 32 0 0 1 0 0 CARD AFTER = L2 2048 CSP28160
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE ADD WITH PARAMETERS 1.000000 20.000000 41.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 1234567890123456789- 123456789012345678901234567890 2048 CSP28180
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE SUB WITH PARAMETERS 1.000000 20.000000 41.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 1234567890123456789- 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890 2048 CSP28200
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE MPY WITH PARAMETERS 1.000000 20.000000 41.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 1234567890123456789- 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890 2048 CSP28220
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE DIV WITH PARAMETERS 1.000000 20.000000 41.000000 70.000000 0.000
 INDICATORS CARD BEFORE= 1234567890123456789- 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890 2048 CSP28240
 NOW TESTING 1130 CSP ROUTINE ICMP WITH PARAMETERS 1.000000 20.000000 41.000000 70.000000 0.000

Sample Problem 1: Data Input Listing

```

// XEQ
NCOMPMOVE NZONEEDIT GET PUT FILL ADD SUB MPY DIV ICOMPNSIGN      CSP27010
1          1          10        11      1CSP27020
ABCDEFHIJKLMNOPQRST      1          1          10        11      2CSP27040
BC8D F      BC8D F      1          20        25        30      3CSP27050
                JKLMN      CBAFG
2          1          5          20      4CSP27060
ABCDE      2          40         49        1      5CSP27070
                9876543210      6CSP27080
3          10         5          5      7CSP27090
A          3          10         5          5      8CSP27100
I          3          20         5          5      9CSP27110
3          3          0          0          0      10CSP27120
3          3          20         5          5      11CSP27130
3          3          9          5          5      12CSP27140
3          3          30         5          5      13CSP27150
A          3          10         1          1      14CSP27160
3          3          10         1          1      15CSP27170
3          3          20         4          4      16CSP27180
3          3          20         2          2      17CSP27190
3          3          20         3          3      18CSP27200
3          3          30         3          3      19CSP27210
3          3          30         5          5      20CSP27220
3          3          30         R          R      21CSP27230
3          3          10         1          1      22CSP27240
3          3          10         1          1      23CSP27250
3          3          20         4          4      24CSP27260
3          3          20         2          2      25CSP27270
3          3          20         3          3      26CSP27280
3          3          30         D          D      27CSP27290
3          3          30         2          2      28CSP27300
3          3          30         4          4      29CSP27310
3          3          30         M          M      30CSP27320
123456      4          1          6          6      31CSP27330
123456      4          1          S.        CR      32CSP27340
02343K      4          1          S.        CR      33CSP27350
00343-      4          1          S.        -       34CSP27360
1234567     4          1          7          7      35CSP27370
00005M      4          1          6          6      36CSP27380
5M          4          1          6          6      37CSP27390
12345       5          1          5          5      38CSP27400
1234N       5          1          7          .01     39CSP27410
1          3          5          7          .001    40CSP27420
1          3          5          7          .001    41CSP27430
1          3          5          7          .001    42CSP27440
1          3          5          7          .001    43CSP27450
1          3          5          7          .001    44CSP27460
1          3          5          7          .001    45CSP27470
1          3          5          7          .001    46CSP27480
1          3          5          7          .001    47CSP27490
1          3          5          7          .001    48CSP27500
1          3          5          7          .001    49CSP27510
1          3          5          7          .001    50CSP27520
1          3          5          7          .001    51CSP27530
1          3          5          7          .001    52CSP27540
1          3          5          7          .001    53CSP27550
1          3          5          7          .001    54CSP27560
1          3          5          7          .001    55CSP27570
1          3          5          7          .001    56CSP27580
1          3          5          7          .001    57CSP27590
1          3          5          7          .001    58CSP27600

```

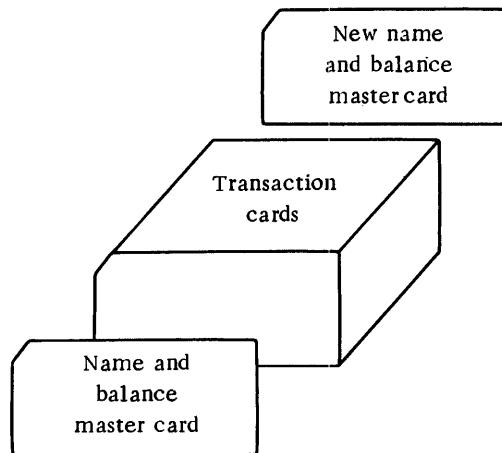
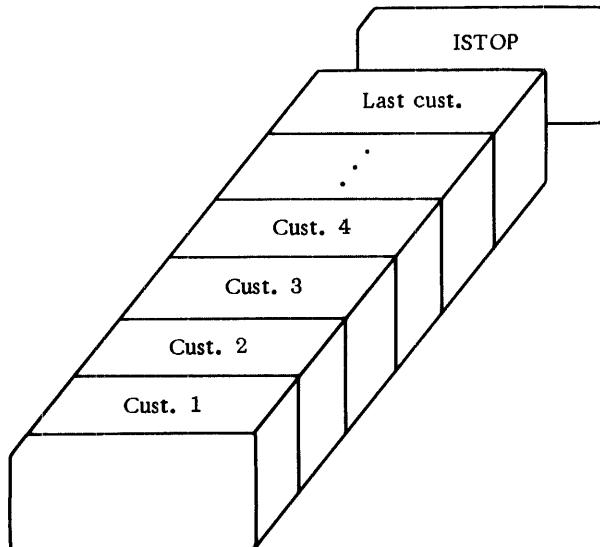
12AB4	5	1	5	1.			59CSP27610
1230-	5	1	5	1.			60CSP27620
123	5	1	3	.00001			61CSP27630
	6	1	5	0.5	0	12345.	62CSP27640
	6	1	2	5.0	1	12890.	63CSP27650
	6	11	15	5.0	1	12345.	64CSP27660
	6	10	16	50.0	2	-34567.	65CSP27670
	6	10	17	5.0	1	-16.	66CSP27680
	7	1	10			16448.	67CSP27690
ABCDEFGHIJK	7	20	25			23360.	68CSP27710
	08	31	35	66	70		70CSP27720
	09	31	35	24	70		71CSP27730
	10	31	35	24	66		72CSP27740
	11	31	35	24	66		73CSP27750
	12	31	35	24	66		74CSP27760
	13	1	1	2	2	1.	75CSP27770
65	08	31	35	99	66		76CSP27780
	09	31	35	99	66		77CSP27790
	10	31	35	99	66		78CSP27800
	11	31	35	99	66		CSP27810
	12	31	35	99	66		CSP27820
	13	1	1	2	2		CSP27830
	08	31	35	99	66		CSP27840
	09	31	35	99	66		CSP27850
	10	31	35	99	66		CSP27860
	11	31	35	99	66		CSP27870
	12	31	35	99	66		CSP27880
	13	1	1	2	2	1.	CSP27890
	08	31	35	99	66		CSP27910
	09	31	35	99	66		CSP27920
	10	31	35	99	66		CSP27930
	11	31	35	99	66		CSP27940
	12	31	35	99	66		CSP27950
	13	1	1	2	2		CSP27960
	08	31	35	99	66		CSP27970
	09	31	35	99	66		CSP27980
	10	31	35	99	66		CSP27990
	11	31	35	99	66		CSP28000
	12	31	35	99	66		CSP28010
	13	1	1	2	2	-1.	CSP28020
54	08	01	20	41	70		CSP28030
	12345678901234567890			123456789012345678901234567890			CSP28040
	09	01	20	41	70		CSP28050
	12345678901234567890			123456789012345678901234567890			CSP28060
	10	01	20	41	70		CSP28070
	12345678901234567890			123456789012345678901234567890			CSP28080
	11	01	20	41	70		CSP28090
	12345678901234567890			123456789012345678901234567890			CSP28100
	12	01	20	41	70		CSP28110
	12345678901234567890			123456789012345678901234567890			CSP28120
	13	1	1	2	2		CSP28130
	32	08	01	20	41	70	CSP28140

1234567890123456789-				12345678901234567890	CSP28180
09	01	20	41	70	CSP28190
1234567890123456789-				12345678901234567890	CSP28200
10	01	20	41	70	CSP28210
1234567890123456789-				12345678901234567890	CSP28220
11	01	20	41	70	CSP28230
1234567890123456789-				12345678901234567890	CSP28240
12	01	20	41	70	CSP28250
1234567890123456789-				12345678901234567890	CSP28260
13	1	1	2	2	CSP28270
ON				1.	CSP28280
					CSP28290
12345678901234567890			41	70	CSP28300
09	01	20	41	70	CSP28310
12345678901234567890			12345678901234567890	CSP28320	
10	01	20	41	70	CSP28330
12345678901234567890			12345678901234567890	CSP28340	
11	01	20	41	70	CSP28350
12345678901234567890			12345678901234567890	CSP28360	
12	01	20	41	70	CSP28370
12345678901234567890			12345678901234567890	CSP28380	
13	1	1	2	2	-1.
NM					CSP28390
					CSP28400
1234567890123456789-			41	70	CSP28410
09	01	20	12345678901234567890	CSP28420	
1234567890123456789-			41	70	CSP28430
10	01	20	12345678901234567890	CSP28440	
1234567890123456789-			41	70	CSP28450
11	01	20	12345678901234567890	CSP28460	
1234567890123456789-			41	70	CSP28470
12	01	20	12345678901234567890	CSP28480	
1234567890123456789-			41	70	CSP28490
13	1	1	2	2	12345678901234567890
ML					CSP28500
					CSP28510
12345678901234567890			51	70	CSP28520
09	01	20	51	70	CSP28530
12345678901234567890			12345678901234567890	CSP28540	
10	01	20	51	70	CSP28550
12345678901234567890			12345678901234567890	CSP28560	
11	01	20	51	70	CSP28570
12345678901234567890			12345678901234567890	CSP28580	
12	01	20	51	70	CSP28590
12345678901234567890			12345678901234567890	CSP28600	
13	1	1	2	2	12345678901234567890
-0					i.
					CSP28630
08	01	20	51	70	CSP28640
1234567890123456789-			12345678901234567890	CSP28650	
09	01	20	51	70	CSP28660
1234567890123456789-			12345678901234567890	CSP28670	
10	01	20	51	70	CSP28680
1234567890123456789-			12345678901234567890	CSP28690	
11	01	20	51	70	CSP28700
1234567890123456789-			12345678901234567890	CSP28710	
12	01	20	51	70	CSP28720
1234567890123456789-			12345678901234567890	CSP28730	
13	1	1	2	2	12345678901234567890
-0					-1.
					CSP28750
08	01	20	51	70	CSP28760
12345678901234567890			12345678901234567890	CSP28770	
					CSP28780

09	01	20	51	70	CSP28790
12345678901234567890			12345678901234567890	CSP28800	
10	01	20	51	70	CSP28810
12345678901234567890			12345678901234567890	CSP28820	
11	01	20	51	70	CSP28830
12345678901234567890			12345678901234567890	CSP28840	
12	01	20	51	70	CSP28850
12345678901234567890			12345678901234567890	CSP28860	
13	1	1	2	2	CSP28870
-0					CSP28880
					CSP28890
08	01	20	51	70	CSP28900
1234567890123456789-			12345678901234567890	CSP28910	
09	01	20	51	70	CSP28920
1234567890123456789-			12345678901234567890	CSP28930	
10	01	20	51	70	CSP28940
1234567890123456789-			12345678901234567890	CSP28950	
11	01	20	51	70	CSP28960
1234567890123456789-			12345678901234567890	CSP28970	
12	01	20	51	70	CSP28980
1234567890123456789-			12345678901234567890	CSP28990	

PROBLEM 2

The purpose of this program is to create invoices. The input deck is as follows:



Each customer has the old master name and balance card, followed by the transaction cards, followed by a blank master name and balance card. The invoice is printed as in the example, and a new master name and balance card image is printed on the console printer. Then the next customer is processed until the stop code card is reached (ISTOP in cc 1-5). In an actual situation the new card image would be punched and stacker-selected. Then, as input to the next run of the program, a new input deck would have to be prepared.

Switch settings are the same as for sample problem 1, except that output cannot be directed toward the console printer.

Input Device	Output Device	Switches		
		0	1	2
1442	1132	up	down	down
1442	1403	up	up	down
2501	1132	up	down	up
2501	1403	up	up	up

Make sure that the switches are set properly before the program begins.

After processing is completed, sample problem 2 will STOP with 0111 displayed in the accumulator. Press START to continue.

Note: Sample Problem 2 cannot be executed if Version 1 of the Monitor is being used.

Sample Problem 2: Detailed Description

1. Read all constant information and determine output unit (1132 or 1403).
2. Initialize error indicators.
 - a. J=2
 - b. I=0, L=0, M=0
3. Read the first card. It should be a master card.
4. Is the card read in 3 the last card?

No — 5 Yes — 64
5. Is the card read in 3 above a master card?

No — 72 Yes — 6
6. Go to the top of a new page.
7. Clear the print area.
8. Print the customer name.
9. Move the edit mark to the work area.
10. Edit the previous balance.
11. Print the customer street address.
12. Move the words PREVIOUS BALANCE to the print area.
13. Move the work area to the print area.
14. Print the customer city, state, and zip code.
15. Skip 3 lines.
16. Print the column headings.
17. Print the print area.
18. Clear the print area.
19. Convert the previous balance from A1 format to decimal format.

20. Is the conversion in 19 correct?

No — 66

Yes — 21

21. Set the total (ISUM) equal to the previous balance.

22. Set up the output area for the new master card.

23. Read a card.

24. Is the card read at 23 the last card?

No — 25

Yes — 64

25. Is the card read at 23 a master card?

No — 26

Yes — 52

26. Is the card read at 23 a transaction card?

No — 49

Yes — 27

27. Is the card read at 23 for the same customer being processed?

No — 49

Yes — 28

28. Move the item name to the print area.

29. Move the edit mask to the print area for dollar amount.

30. Move the edit mask to the print area for quantity.

31. Edit the quantity.

32. Edit the dollar amount.

33. Print the detail line assembled in 28 through 32.

34. Has channel 12 on the carriage tape been encountered?

No — 35

Yes — 46

35. Convert the dollar amount from A1 format to decimal format.

36. Is the conversion in 35 correct?

No — 40

Yes — 37

37. Add the dollar amount to ISUM.

38. Did overflow occur in the addition in 37?

No — 23

Yes — 39

39. STOP and display 777.

40. Make the character in error a digit.

41. Try to convert only the character in error.

42. Is the conversion in 41 correct?

No — 43

Yes — 44

43. STOP and display 666.

44. Convert the entire field back to A1 format.

45. Go to 35.

46. Go to the top of a new page.

47. Print the headings.

48. Go to 35.

49. Type ERROR on the console printer.

50. Type the card read on the console printer.

51. Go to 23.

52. Convert the total (ISUM) from decimal format to A1 format.

53. Is the conversion in 52 correct?

No — 54

Yes — 55

54. STOP and display 555.

55. Clear the print area.

56. Move the edit mask to the print area.

57. Edit the total (ISUM).

58. Place the unedited total (ISUM) in the new master card.

59. Type the new master card image on the console printer.

60. Move the word TOTAL to the print area.

61. Skip 2 lines.

62. Print the print area, the total line.

63. Go to 2b.

64. Type END OF JOB.

65. STOP and display 111.

66. Make the character in error a digit.

67. Try to convert only the character in error.

68. Is the conversion in 67 correct?

No — 69

Yes — 70

69. STOP and display 444.

70. Convert the entire field back to A1 format.

71. Go to 19.

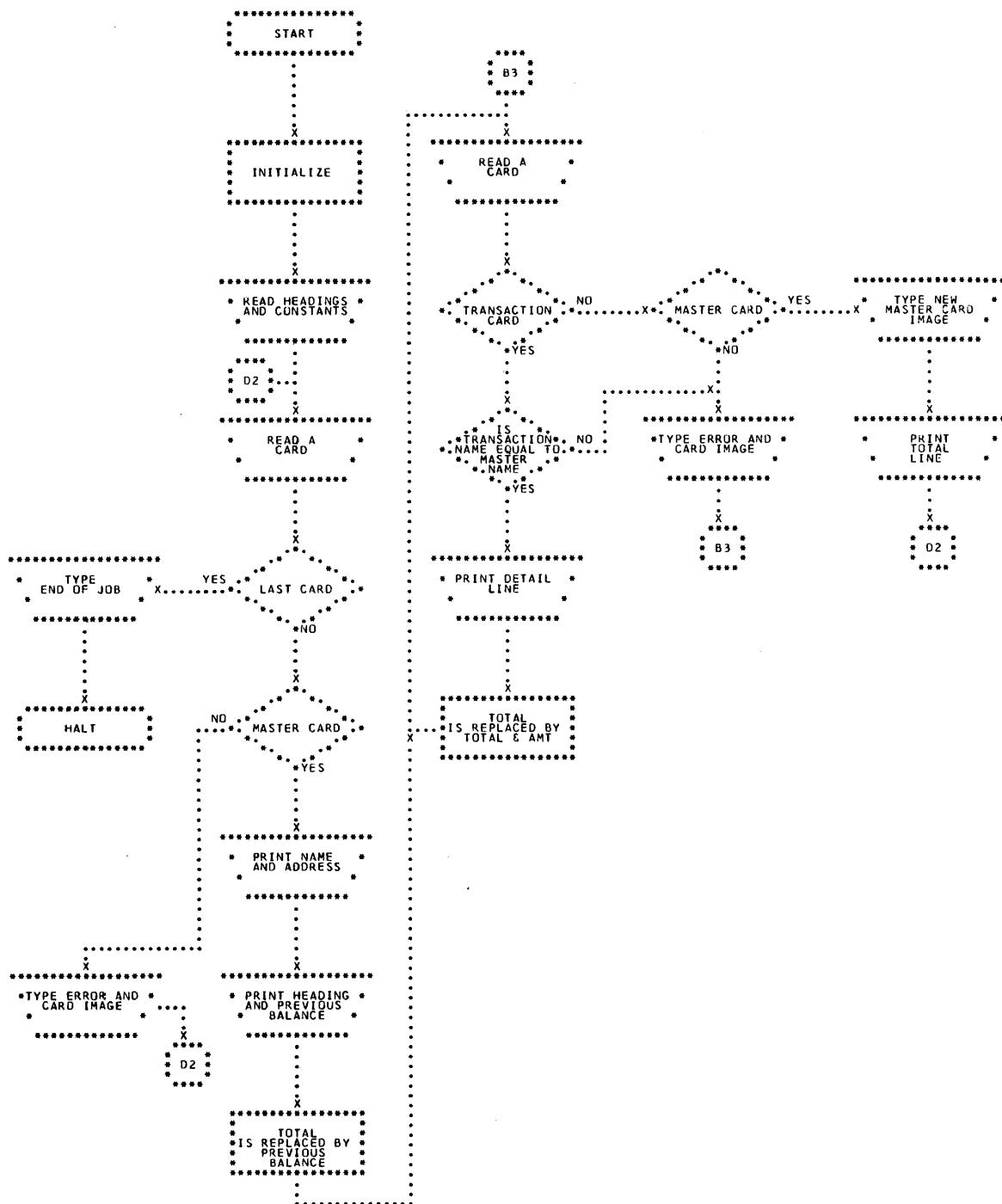
72. Type ERROR on the console printer.

73. Type the card read on the console printer.

74. Go to 2b.

Card Formats

1 M a s t e r	Customer Name	Street Address	City State Zone	Balance	B l a n k	B l a n k	C S P	Card Seq. No.	
	9 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	9 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60	9 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80	9 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80					
2 T r a n s.	Customer Name	Item Name	Total Amt.	Qty.	Blank	J a n k	B l a n k	C S P	Card Seq. No.
	9 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	9 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60	9 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80	9 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80					



Sample Problem 2: Source Program

```
// FOR CSP29000
/* SAMPLE PROBLEM 2 CSP29010
* NAME SMPL2 CSP29020
* LIST ALL CSP29030
* ONE WORD INTEGERS CSP29040
* EXTENDED PRECISION CSP29050
C-----THE INPUT IS MADE UP OF A MASTER CARD FOLLOWED BY THE TRANSACTION CSP29060
C-----CARDS FOR EACH CUSTOMER. WE WANT TO PRINT AN INVOICE AND PRINT A CSP29070
C-----NEW MASTER CARD FOR EACH CUSTOMER. CSP29080
    DIMENSION INCRD(82),IMASK(13),IPRNT(79),IOTCD(80),ISTOP(5), CSP29090
    IHEAD(80),IPRVB(16),ITOT(5),IWK(13),ISUM(8),IEROR(6),IEQJ(10) CSP29100
    CALL DATSW(1,N2) CSP29110
    CALL DATSW(1,N3) CSP29120
    GO TO (28,27),N2 CSP29130
27   CALL READ(IEQJ,1+10,J) CSP29140
    CALL READ(IEROR,1+6,J) CSP29150
    CALL READ(IMASK,1+13,J) CSP29160
    CALL READ(IPRVB,1+16,J) CSP29170
    CALL READ(IHEAD,1+72,J) CSP29180
    CALL READ(IHEAD,73+80,J) CSP29190
    CALL READ(ISTOP,1+5,J) CSP29200
    CALL READ(ITOT,1+5,J) CSP29210
    GO TO 58 CSP29220
28   CALL R2501(IEQJ,1+10,J) CSP29230
    CALL R2501(IEROR,1+6,J) CSP29240
    CALL R2501(IMASK,1+13,J) CSP29250
    CALL R2501(IPRVB,1+16,J) CSP29260
    CALL R2501(IHEAD,1+72,J) CSP29270
    CALL R2501(IHEAD,73+80,J) CSP29280
    CALL R2501(ISTOP,1+5,J) CSP29290
    CALL R2501(ITOT,1+5,J) CSP29300
58   J=2 CSP29310
    INCRD(81)=16448 CSP29320
    INCRD(82)=5440 CSP29330
1     I=0 CSP29340
    L=0 CSP29350
    M=0 CSP29360
    GO TO (30,29),N2 CSP29370
29   CALL READ(INCRD,1+80,J) CSP29380
    GO TO 59 CSP29390
30   CALL R2501(INCRD,1+80,J) CSP29400
59   IF(J=1) 22+2,2 CSP29410
2     IF(NCOMP(INCRD,1+5,ISTOP+1)) 3+22+3 CSP29420
3     CALL NZONE(INCRD,70,5,K) CSP29430
    IF(K=1) 26,4+26 CSP29440
4     GO TO (3+33),N3 CSP29450
33   CALL SKIP(12544) CSP29460
    GO TO 60 CSP29470
34   CALL S1403(12544) CSP29480
60   CALL FILL(IPRNT,1,79,16448) CSP29490
    GO TO (36,35),N3 CSP29500
35   CALL PRINT(INCRD,1+20,I) CSP29510
    GO TO 61 CSP29520
36   CALL P1403(INCRD,1+20,I) CSP29530
    CALL MOVE(IMASK,1+13,IWK,1) CSP29540
61   CALL EDIT(INCRD,61,68,IWK,1,13) CSP29550
```

SAMPLE PROBLEM 2

```

      GO TO (38,37),N3          CSP29560
37   CALL PRINT(INCRD,21,40,I)  CSP29570
      GO TO 62                 CSP29580
38   CALL P1403(INCRD,21,40,I)  CSP29590
62   CALL MOVE(IPRVB,1,16,IPRNT,23)  CSP29600
      CALL MOVE(IWK,1,13,IPRNT,67)  CSP29610
      GO TO (41,39),N3          CSP29620
39   CALL PRINT(INCRD,41,60,I)  CSP29630
      CALL SKIP(16128)          CSP29640
      CALL PRINT(IHEAD,1,80,I)  CSP29650
      CALL PRINT(IPRNT,1,79,I)  CSP29660
      GO TO 63                 CSP29670
41   CALL P1403(INCRD,41,60,I)  CSP29680
      CALL S1403(16128)          CSP29690
      CALL P1403(IHEAD,1,80,I)  CSP29700
      CALL P1403(IPRNT,1,79,I)  CSP29710
63   CALL FILL(IPRNT,1,79,16448)  CSP29720
40   CALL A1DEC(INCRD,61,68,L)  CSP29730
      IF(L) 5,5,23             CSP29740
5    CALL MOVE(INCRD,61,68,ISUM,1)  CSP29750
      CALL MOVE(INCRD,1,80,IOTCD,1)  CSP29760
6    GO TO (32,31),N2          CSP29770
31   CALL READ(INCRD,1,80,J)  CSP29780
      GO TO 64                 CSP29790
32   CALL R2501(INCRD,1,80,J)  CSP29800
64   IF(J-1) 22,7,7             CSP29810
7    CALL NZONE(INCRD,70,5,K)  CSP29820
      IF(K-1) 18,19,8             CSP29830
8    IF(K-2) 18,9,18             CSP29840
9    IF(NCOMP(INCRD,1,20,IOTCD,1)) 18,10,18  CSP29850
10   CALL MOVE(INCRD,1,13,IPRNT,67)  CSP29860
      CALL MOVE(IMASK,1,8,IPRNT,7)  CSP29870
      IPRT(12)=-4032            CSP29880
      CALL EDIT(INCRD,49+52,IPRNT,7+12)  CSP29890
      CALL EDIT(INCRD,41+48,IPRNT,67+79)  CSP29900
      GO TO(49+6),N3            CSP29910
48   CALL PRINT(IPRNT,1,79,I)  CSP29920
      GO TO 65                 CSP29930
49   CALL P1403(IPRNT,1,79,I)  CSP29940
50   IF(I-3) 11,11,17            CSP29950
11   CALL A1DEC(INCRD,41,48,L)  CSP29960
      IF(L) 12,12,14             CSP29970
12   CALL ADD(INCRD,41,48,ISUM,1+B,M)  CSP29980
      IF(M) 13,6,13             CSP30000
13   CALL IOND                CSP30010
      STOP 777                 CSP30020
14   CALL NZONE(INCRD,L+4,N1)  CSP30030
      N1=0                      CSP30040
      CALL A1DEC(INCRD,L+N1)  CSP30050
      IF(N1) 16,16,15             CSP30060
15   CALL IOND                CSP30070
      STOP 666                 CSP30080
16   CALL DECA1(INCRD,41,48,L)  CSP30090

```

PAGE 02

SAMPLE PROBLEM 2

```

L=0
GO TO 11
17  GO TO (51,50),N3          CSP30100
50   CALL SKIP(12544)          CSP30110
      CALL PRINT(IHEAD,1,80,I)  CSP30120
      GO TO 66                 CSP30130
51   CALL S1403(12544)          CSP30140
      CALL P1403(IHEAD,1,80,I)  CSP30150
66   I=0                      CSP30160
      GO TO 11                 CSP30170
18   CALL TYPER(IEROR,1,5)  CSP30180
      CALL TYPER(INCRD,1,82)  CSP30190
      GO TO 6                 CSP30200
19   CALL DECA1(ISUM,1+B,L)  CSP30210
      IF(L) 20,21,20             CSP30220
20   CALL IOND                CSP30230
      STOP 555                 CSP30240
21   CALL FILL(IPRNT,1,79,16448)  CSP30250
      CALL MOVE(IMASK,1,13,IPRNT,67)  CSP30260
      CALL EDIT(ISUM,1+B,IPRNT,67,79)  CSP30270
      CALL MOVE(ISUM,1+B,IOTCD,61)  CSP30280
      CALL TYPER(IOTCD,1,80)  CSP30290
      CALL MOVE(ITOT,1,5,IPRNT,23)  CSP30300
      GO TO (55,54),N3            CSP30310
54   CALL SKIP(15872)          CSP30320
      CALL PRINT(IPRNT,1,79,I)  CSP30330
      GO TO 67                 CSP30340
55   CALL S1403(15872)          CSP30350
      CALL P1403(IPRNT,1,79,I)  CSP30360
67   CALL TYPER(INCRD,B1,82)  CSP30370
      GO TO 1                  CSP30380
22   CALL TYPER(IEOJ,1,10)  CSP30390
      CALL IOND                CSP30400
      STOP 111                 CSP30410
23   CALL NZONE(INCRD,L+4,N1)  CSP30420
      N1=0                      CSP30430
      CALL A1DEC(INCRD,L+N1)  CSP30440
      IF(N1) 23,23,24             CSP30450
24   CALL IOND                CSP30460
      STOP 444                 CSP30470
25   CALL DECA1(INCRD,61,68,L)  CSP30480
      L=0                      CSP30490
      GO TO 40                 CSP30500
26   CALL TYPER(IEROR,1,5)  CSP30510
      CALL TYPER(INCRD,1,82)  CSP30520
      GO TO 1                  CSP30530
      END                      CSP30540
                                         CSP30550
                                         CSP30560

```

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VARIABLE ALLOCATIONS

```

INCRD=0051 IMASK=005E IPRNT=00AD IOTCD=00FD ISTOP=0102 IHEAD=0152 IPRVB=0162 ITOT =0167 IWK =0174 ISUM =017C
IEROR=0182 IEOJ =018C N2 =018D N3 =018E J =018F I =0190 L =0191 M =0192 K =0193 N1 =0194

```

STATEMENT ALLOCATIONS

```

27 =01D6 28 =0208 58 =0238 1 =0248 29 =025A 30 =0262 59 =0268 2 =026E 3 =0277 4 =0283

```

SAMPLE PROBLEM 2

33	=0289	34	=028E	60	=0291	35	=029D	36	=02A5	61	=02AB	37	=02C0	38	=02C8	62	=02CE	39	=02E2
41	=02F9	63	=030E	40	=0314	5	=031E	6	=032C	31	=0332	32	=033A	64	=0340	7	=0346	8	=0354
9	=035A	10	=0363	48	=0395	49	=039D	65	=03A3	11	=03A9	12	=03B3	13	=03C0	14	=03C4	15	=03D8
16	=03DC	17	=03E8	50	=03EE	51	=03F9	66	=0402	18	=0408	19	=0414	20	=041E	21	=0422	54	=0450
55	=045B	67	=0464	22	=046B	23	=0474	24	=0488	25	=048C	26	=0498						

FEATURES SUPPORTED
ONE WORD INTEGERS
EXTENDED PRECISION

CALLED SUBPROGRAMS
DATSW READ R2501 NCOMP NZONE SKIP S1403 FILL PRINT P1403 MOVE EDIT A1DEC ADD IOND
DECA1 TYPER STOP

INTEGER CONSTANTS

2=0198	1=0199	10=019A	6=019B	13=019C	16=019D	72=019E	73=019F	80=01A0	5=01A1
16448=01A2	5440=01A3	0=01A4	70=01A5	12544=01A6	79=01A7	20=01A8	61=01A9	68=01AA	21=01AB
40=01AC	23=01AD	67=01AE	41=01AF	60=01B0	16128=01B1	3=01B2	8=01B3	7=01B4	4032=01B5
49=01B6	52=01B7	12=01B8	48=01B9	777=01BA	4=01BB	666=01BC	82=01BD	555=01BE	15872=01BF
81=01C0	111=01C1	444=01C2	1911=01C3	1638=01C4	1365=01C5	273=01C6	1092=01C7		

CORE REQUIREMENTS FOR SMP12
COMMON 0 VARIABLES 408 PROGRAM 780

END OF COMPILEATION

// XEQ

CSP30570

Sample Problem 2: Invoice Output

DAVES MARKET
1997 WASHINGTON ST.
NEWTOWN, MASS. 02158

QTY	NAME	AMT
	PREVIOUS BALANCE	\$111.29
8	SUGAR - BAGS	\$21.02
11	CHICKEN SOUP - CASES	\$38.76
10	TOMATO SOUP - CASES	\$30.11
8	SUGAR RETURNED	\$21.02CR
6	COOKIES - CASES	\$45.21
17	GINGER ALE - CASES	\$52.37
17	ROOT BEER - CASES	\$52.37
17	ORANGE ADE - CASES	\$52.37
17	CREME SODA - CASES	\$52.37
17	CHERRY SODA - CASES	\$52.37
17	SODA WATER - CASES	\$52.37
25	DOG FOOD - CASES	\$101.26
25	CAT FOOD - CASES	\$101.26
10	SOAP POWDER - CASES	\$72.89
10	DETERGENT - CASES	\$72.89
12	HAM - TINS	\$36.75
12	HAM - LOAF	\$33.75
12	SALAMI	\$33.75
12	BOLOGNA	\$33.75
12	CORNED BEEF	\$33.75
12	ROAST BEEF	\$33.75
1,000	BREAD - LOAF	\$150.00
4,000	ROLLS	\$150.00
200	MILK - QUARTS	\$57.42
100	MILK - HALF GALS	\$57.42
50	MILK - GALS	\$57.42
100	POTATOES - BAGS	\$11.23
100	TOMATOES - LOOSE	\$11.23
100	CARROTS - BUNCHES	\$11.23
10	DETERGENT - CASES	\$72.89
12	HAM - TINS	\$36.75
12	HAM - LOAF	\$33.75
12	SALAMI	\$33.75
12	BOLOGNA	\$33.75
12	CORNED BEEF	\$33.75
12	ROAST BEEF	\$33.75
1,000	BREAD - LOAF	\$150.00
4,000	ROLLS	\$150.00
200	MILK - QUARTS	\$57.42
50	MILK - GALS	\$57.42
100	MILK - HALF GALS	\$57.42
100	POTATOES - BAGS	\$11.23
100	TOMATOES - LOOSE	\$11.23
100	CARROTS - BUNCHES	\$11.23
10	DETERGENT - CASES	\$72.89
12	HAM - TINS	\$36.75
12	BREAD - LOAF	\$150.00

QTY	NAME	AMT
4,000	ROLLS	\$150.00
200	MILK - QUARTS	\$57.42
100	MILK - HALF GALS	\$57.42
50	MILK - GALS	\$57.42
100	POTATOES - BAGS	\$11.23
100	TOMATOES - LOOSE	\$11.23
100	CARROTS - BUNCHES	\$11.23
10	DETERGENT - CASES	\$72.89
12	HAM - TINS	\$36.75
12	HAM - LOAF	\$33.75
12	SALAMI	\$33.75
12	BOLOGNA	\$33.75
12	CORNED BEEF	\$33.75
12	ROAST BEEF	\$33.75
1,000	BREAD - LOAF	\$150.00
4,000	ROLLS	\$150.00
200	MILK - QUARTS	\$57.42
100	MILK - HALF GALS	\$57.42
100	MILK - GALS	\$57.42
100	POTATOES - BAGS	\$11.23
100	TOMATOES - LOOSE	\$11.23
100	CARROTS - BUNCHES	\$11.23
10	DETERGENT - CASES	\$72.89
12	HAM - TINS	\$36.75

TOTAL \$3,893.25

STANDISH MOTORS
10 WATER STREET
PLYMOUTH, MASS. 02296

QTY	NAME	AMT
	PREVIOUS BALANCE	\$2,356.36
20	AIR CLEANERS - CASES	\$200.03
6	GREASE - BARRELS	\$165.24
20	TIRES - 650 X 13	\$260.38
50	TIRES - 750 X 14	\$900.53
50	TIRES - 800 X 14	\$1,012.00
100	GASOLINE CAPS	\$99.68
	TOTAL	\$4,994.22

Sample Problem 2: Console Printer Log and New Master Card Listing

ERROR THIS IS A DELIBERATE ERROR J CSP30660
ERROR DAVE MARKET THIS CARD IS A DELIBERATE MISTAKE J CSP30680
DAVES MARKET 1997 WASHINGTON ST. NEWTOWN, MASS. 0215800389325 A CSP30670
ERROR STANDISH MOTOR THIS CARD IS NOT CORRECT ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ CSP31470
STANDISH MOTORS 10 WATER STREET PLYMOUTH, MASS. 0229600499422 A CSP31410
END OF JOB

Sample Problem 2: Data Input Listing

```

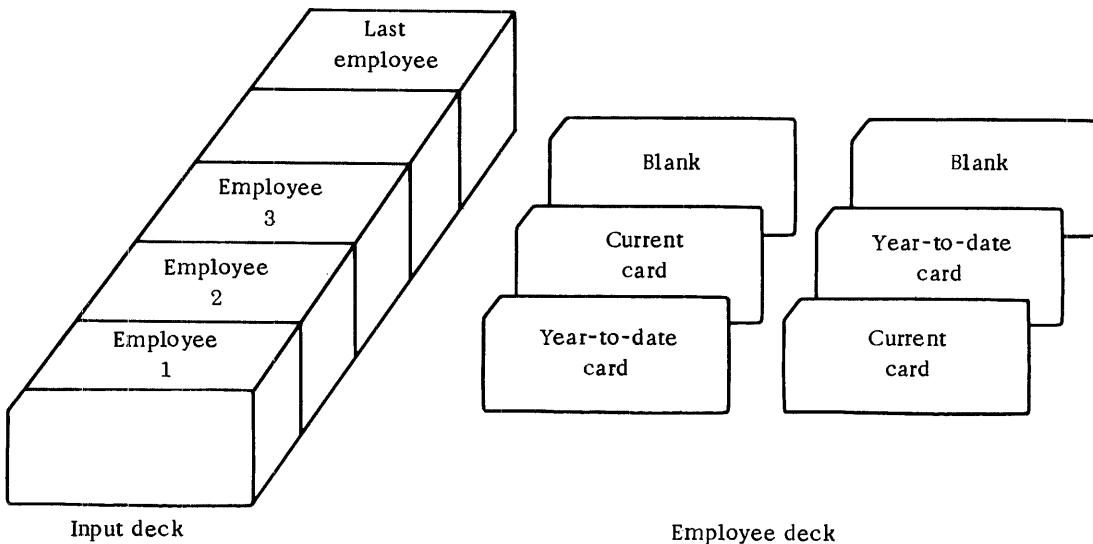
// XEQ
END OF JOB
ERROR
      $- CR
PREVIOUS BALANCE
      QTY      NAME
AMT
ISTOP
TOTAL
THIS IS A DELIBERATE ERROR
DAVES MARKET    1997 WASHINGTON ST. NEWTON, MASS. 0215800011129 A   CSP30570
DAVES MARKET    THIS CARD IS A DELIBERATE MISTAKE                J   CSP30680
DAVES MARKET    SUGAR - BAGS          000021020008                J   CSP30690
DAVES MARKET    CHICKEN SOUP - CASES 000003876001                J   CSP30700
DAVES MARKET    TOMATO SOUP - CASES 000030110010                J   CSP30710
DAVES MARKET    SUGAR RETURNED      0000210K0008                J   CSP30720
DAVES MARKET    COOKIES - CASES     000045210006                J   CSP30730
DAVES MARKET    GINGER ALE - CASES  000052370017                J   CSP30740
DAVES MARKET    ROOT BEER - CASES   000052370017                J   CSP30750
DAVES MARKET    ORANGE ADE - CASES  000052370017                J   CSP30760
DAVES MARKET    CREME SODA - CASES  000052370017                J   CSP30770
DAVES MARKET    CHERRY SODA - CASES 000052370017                J   CSP30780
DAVES MARKET    SODA WATER - CASES  000052370017                J   CSP30790
DAVES MARKET    DOG FOOD - CASES    000101260025                J   CSP30800
DAVES MARKET    CAT FOOD - CASES    000101260025                J   CSP30810
DAVES MARKET    SOAP POWDER - CASES 000072890010                J   CSP30820
DAVES MARKET    DETERGENT - CASES   000072890010                J   CSP30830
DAVES MARKET    HAM - TINS          000036750012                J   CSP30840
DAVES MARKET    HAM - LOAF          000033750012                J   CSP30850
DAVES MARKET    SALAMI             000033750012                J   CSP30860
DAVES MARKET    BOLOGNA            000033750012                J   CSP30870
DAVES MARKET    CORNED BEEF        000033750012                J   CSP30880
DAVES MARKET    ROAST BEEF         000033750012                J   CSP30890
DAVES MARKET    BREAD - LOAF       000150001000                J   CSP30900
DAVES MARKET    ROLLS              000150004000                J   CSP30910
DAVES MARKET    MILK - QUARTS      000057420200                J   CSP30920
DAVES MARKET    MILK - HALF GALS   000057420100                J   CSP30930
DAVES MARKET    MILK - GALS         000057420050                J   CSP30940
DAVES MARKET    POTATOES - BAGS    000011230100                J   CSP30950
DAVES MARKET    TOMATOES - LOOSE   000011230100                J   CSP30960
DAVES MARKET    CARROTS - BUNCHES  000011230100                J   CSP30970
DAVES MARKET    DETERGENT - CASES  000072890010                J   CSP30980
DAVES MARKET    HAM - TINS          000036750012                J   CSP30990
DAVES MARKET    HAM - LOAF          000033750012                J   CSP31000
DAVES MARKET    SALAMI             000033750012                J   CSP31010
DAVES MARKET    BOLOGNA            000033750012                J   CSP31020
DAVES MARKET    CORNED BEEF        000033750012                J   CSP31030
DAVES MARKET    ROAST BEEF         000033750012                J   CSP31040
DAVES MARKET    BREAD - LOAF       000150001000                J   CSP31050
DAVES MARKET    ROLLS              000150004000                J   CSP31060
DAVES MARKET    MILK - QUARTS      000057420200                J   CSP31070
DAVES MARKET    MILK - HALF GALS   000057420050                J   CSP31080
DAVES MARKET    MILK - GALS         000057420100                J   CSP31090
DAVES MARKET    POTATOES - BAGS    000011230100                J   CSP31100
DAVES MARKET    TOMATOES - LOOSE   000011230100                J   CSP31110
DAVES MARKET    CARROTS - BUNCHES  000011230100                J   CSP31120
DAVES MARKET    DETERGENT - CASES  000072890010                J   CSP31130
DAVES MARKET    HAM - TINS          000036750012                J   CSP31140
DAVES MARKET    BREAD - LOAF       000150001000                J   CSP31150
DAVES MARKET    ROLLS              000150004000                J   CSP31160

```

DAVES MARKET	MILK - QUARTS	000057420200	J	CSP31170
DAVES MARKET	MILK - HALF GALS	000057420100	J	CSP31180
DAVES MARKET	MILK - GALS	000057420050	J	CSP31190
DAVES MARKET	POTATOES - BAGS	000011230100	J	CSP31200
DAVES MARKET	TOMATOES - LOOSE	000011230100	J	CSP31210
DAVES MARKET	CARROTS - BUNCHES	000011230100	J	CSP31220
DAVES MARKET	DETERGENT - CASES	000072890010	J	CSP31230
DAVES MARKET	HAM - TINS	000036750012	J	CSP31240
DAVES MARKET	HAM - LOAF	000033750012	J	CSP31250
DAVES MARKET	SALAMI	000033750012	J	CSP31260
DAVES MARKET	BOLOGNA	000033750012	J	CSP31270
DAVES MARKET	CORNED BEEF	000033750012	J	CSP31280
DAVES MARKET	ROAST BEEF	000033750012	J	CSP31290
DAVES MARKET	BREAD - LOAF	000150001000	J	CSP31300
DAVES MARKET	ROLLS	000150004000	J	CSP31310
DAVES MARKET	MILK - QUARTS	000057420200	J	CSP31320
DAVES MARKET	MILK - HALF GALS	000057420100	J	CSP31330
DAVES MARKET	MILK - GALS	000057420050	J	CSP31340
DAVES MARKET	POTATOES - BAGS	000011230100	J	CSP31350
DAVES MARKET	TOMATOES - LOOSE	000011230100	J	CSP31360
DAVES MARKET	CARROTS - BUNCHES	000011230100	J	CSP31370
DAVES MARKET	DETERGENT - CASES	000072890010	J	CSP31380
DAVES MARKET	HAM - TINS	000036750012	J	CSP31390
STANDISH MOTORS	10 WATER STREET	PLYMOUTH, MASS. 0229600235636	A	CSP31400
STANDISH MOTORS	AIR CLEANERS - CASES	0000200030020	J	CSP31410
STANDISH MOTORS	GREASE - BARRELS	000165240006	J	CSP31420
STANDISH MOTORS	TIRES - 650 X 13	000260380020	J	CSP31430
STANDISH MOTORS	TIRES - 750 X 14	000900530050	J	CSP31440
STANDISH MOTORS	TIRES - 800 X 14	001012000050	J	CSP31450
STANDISH MOTORS	THIS CARD IS NOT CORRECT	ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPQRSTUVWXYZ	J	CSP31460
STANDISH MOTORS	GASOLINE CAPS	000099680100	J	CSP31480
			A	CSP31490
ISTOP				CSP31500

PROBLEM 3

The purpose of this program is to print a payroll register and punch a new year-to-date card for each employee. The input deck is as follows:



The year-to-date and current cards are read and processed. The payroll register is printed as in the example, and a new year-to-date card image is printed on the console printer. Then the next employee is processed.

As is shown, the order of the year-to-date card and current card is not known before the cards are read.

Switch settings are as follows:

Input Device	Output Device	Switches		
		0	1	2
1442	console printer	down	down	down
1442	1132	up	down	down
1442	1403	up	up	down
2501	console printer	down	down	up
2501	1132	up	down	up
2501	1403	up	up	up

Make sure that the switches are set properly before the program begins.

After processing is completed, sample problem 3 will STOP with 3333 displayed in the accumulator. Press START to continue.

A general purpose *IOCS card has been supplied with the sample problem. If this does not match the 1130 configuration to be used, a new *IOCS card will be required.

*IOCS (CARD, 1132 PRINTER, TYPEWRITER)

Sample Problem 3: Detailed Description

1. Determine the output unit from the data switches.

Console printer, 1132 Printer, or 1403 Printer

2. Read the edit mask.

3. Read a card.

4. Is the card read in (3) blank?

Yes — 18 No — 5

5. Is the card read in (3) a year-to-date card?

Yes — 11 No — 6

6. Is the card read in (3) a current card?

Yes — 8 No — 7

7. Stop.

8. Move the employee number to storage (JEMP).

9. Extract the number of hours worked (HRS).

10. Go to (3).

11. Move the department number to storage (IDEP).

12. Move the employee number to storage (IEMP).

13. Move the employee name to storage (INM).

14. Move the Social Security number to storage (ISS).

15. Move the pay rate to storage (IRT).

16. Move the year-to-date gross to storage (IYTD).

17. Go to (3).

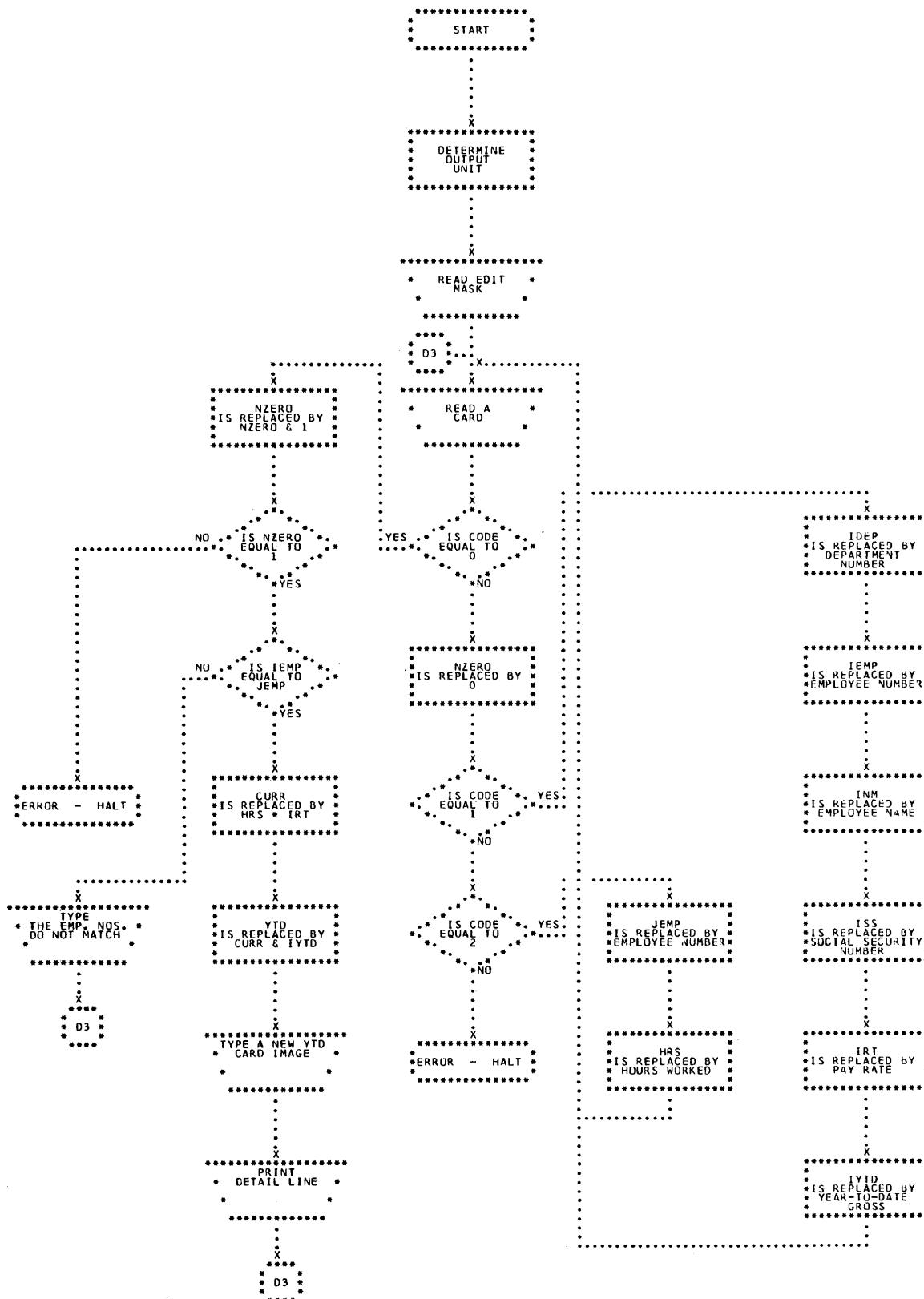
18. Are IEMP and JEMP the same?

Yes — 19 No — 24

19. Current amount (CURR) is set equal to HRS times pay rate.

20. New year-to-date is set equal to CURR +IYTD.
 21. Print a new year-to-date card image on the console printer.
 22. Print the payroll register line as in the example.
 23. Go to (3).
 24. Halt. If start is pushed, go to (3).

Card Formats



Sample Problem 3: Source Program

```

// JOB
// FOR
* NAME SP3
* IOCS(CARD,1132 PRINTER,TYPEWRITER)
* ONE WORD INTEGERS
* EXTENDED PRECISION
* LIST ALL
      DIMENSION MASK(12),IN(69),IDEP(2),IEMP(3),INM(20),ISS(9),IRT(4),
      1 IYTD(7),JEMP(3),NYTD(7),ICUR(6),KCURR(12),KOYTD(12),KNYTD(12)
      1 FORMAT (169A1,11)
      2 FORMAT (12A1)
20   FORMAT (1H ,2A1,1X,23A1,2X,20A1,21X,1M1,3X,7HCSP    )
30   FORMAT (1H ,2A1,2X,3A1+2X,20A1,5X,3(12A1,2X))
      CALL DATSW(0,1)
      CALL DATSW(1,M)
      CALL DATSW(2,L)
      NREAD=6*(1/L)+2
      NWRT=2*(1/L)+2*(1/M)+1
      READ (NREAD,2) MASK
      READ (NREAD,1) IN+ICD
      IF (ICD) 6*10+6
6     NZERO=0
      GO TO (7,8), ICD
C     THIS IS THE YEAR TO DATE PROCESSING
7     CALL MOVE (IN*1+2,IDEP,1)
      CALL MOVE (IN*4+6,IEMP,1)
      CALL MOVE (IN*7+26,INM,1)
      CALL MOVE (IN*29+37,ISS,1)
      CALL MOVE (IN*38+41,IRT,1)
      CALL MOVE (IN*42+48,IYTD,1)
      GO TO 15
C     THIS IS CURRENT PERIOD PROCESSING
8     CALL MOVE (IN,1,3,JEMP,1)
      HRS=GET (IN*28+30+100,0)
      GO TO 15
10    NZERO = NZERO + 1
      IF (NZERO = 1) 100,100+101
101   STOP 3333
100   IF (NCOMP(IEMP,1+3,JEMP,1)) 99,11,99
11   CURR=(HRS*GET(IRT,1+4,10,0)+500,0)/1000.0
      YTD=CURR+GET (IYTD,1+7,10,0)
      CALL PUT (NYTD,1,7,YTD,5,0,1)
      WRITE (1,20) IDEP,IEMP,INM,ISS,IRT,NYTD
      CALL PUT (ICUR,1,6,CURR,5,0,1)
      CALL MOVE (MASK,1+12,KCURR,1)
      CALL MOVE (MASK,1+12,KOYTD,1)
      CALL MOVE (MASK,1+12,KNYTD,1)
      CALL EDIT (ICUR,1+6,KCURR,1,12)
      CALL EDIT (IYTD,1+7,KOYTD,1,12)
      CALL EDIT (NYTD,1,7,KNYTD,1,12)
      WRITE (NWRT+30) IDEP,IEMP,INM,KOYTD,KCURR,KNYTD
      GO TO 15
C     THIS IS AN ERROR. THE EMP NOS DO NOT MATCH.
99   WRITE (140)
40   FORMAT (' THE EMP NOS DO NOT MATCH.')
      GO TO 15

```

SAMPLE PROBLEM 3

END

PAGE 02

CSP32070

VARIABLE ALLOCATIONS

HRS =0000	CURR =0003	YTD =0006	MASK =0017	IN =005C	IDEP =005E	IEMP =0061	INM =0075	ISS =007E	IRT =0082
IYTD =0089	JEMP =008C	NYTD =0093	ICUR =0099	KCURR=00A5	KOYTD=00B1	KNYTD=00BD	I =00BE	M =00BF	L =00CC
NREAD=00C1	NWRT=00C2	ICD =00C3	NZERO=00C4						

STATEMENT ALLOCATIONS

1 =00E8	2 =00EC	20 =00EF	30 =0103	40 =0114	15 =016C	6 =0178	7 =0182	8 =01AE	10 =01BF
101 =01CB	100 =01CD	11 =01D6	99 =0259						

FEATURES SUPPORTED
ONE WORD INTEGERS
EXTENDED PRECISION
IOCS

CALLED SUBPROGRAMS

DATSW	MOVE	GET	NCOMP	PUT	EADD	EMPY	EDIV	ELD	ESTO	WRITYZ	SRED	SWRT	SCOMP
SPIO	SIOAI	SIOI	STOP	CARDZ	PRNTZ								

REAL CONSTANTS

.100000000E 09=00C6	.100000000E 02=00C9	.500000000E 03=00CC	.100000000E 04=00CF	.500000000E 01=00D2
---------------------	---------------------	---------------------	---------------------	---------------------

INTEGER CONSTANTS

0=00D5	1=00D6	2=00D7	6=00D8	4=00D9	7=00DA	26=00DB	29=00DC	37=00DD	38=00DE
41=00DF	42=00E0	48=00E1	3=00E2	28=00E3	30=00E4	3333=00E5	12=00E6	13107=00E7	

CORE REQUIREMENTS FOR SP3

COMMON 0 VARIABLES	198 PROGRAM	410
--------------------	-------------	-----

END OF COMPILED

Sample Problem 3: Payroll Register Output

```
// XEQ                                CSP32080
01 101 NALNIUQ , J      $7,453.06    $198.91    $7,651.97
52 201 OMINOREG, M      $3,524.37    $143.82    $3,668.19
76 676 NEDAB, R        $10,060.60   $297.27    $10,357.87
76 689 NEDUOL, R       $10,060.60   $297.27    $10,357.87
01 253 NROH , J        $9,555.62    $279.65    $9,835.27
```

Sample Problem 3: Console Printer Error Log and New Year-to-Date Card Image

01 101NALNIUQ, J 79856643205420765197 1 CSP

52 2010MINOREG, M 01332567804230366819 1 CSP

76 676NEDAB, R 01423306008101035787 1 CSP

76 689NEDUOL, R 79860379408101035787 1 CSP

THE EMP NOS DO NOT MATCH.

01 253NRROH, J 95462305707620983527 1 CSP

Sample Problem 3: Data Input Listing

```
// XEQ
    , S, CR
01 101NALNIUQ , J      79856643205420745306      CSP32080
101NALNIUQ , J      01367                      CSP32090
2010MINOREG, M      52340                      1  CSP32100
52 2010MINOREG, M      01332567804230352437      2  CSP32110
76 676NEDAB, R      01423306008101006060      0  CSP32120
676NEDAB, R      76367                      2  CSP32130
689NEDUOL, R      76367                      1  CSP32140
76 689NEDUOL, R      79860379408101006060      0  CSP32150
99 9990NATNOM J      99999999901160511122      1  CSP32160
0990NATNOM , J      994009                     2  CSP32170
01 253NR0H , J      95462305707620955562      0  CSP32180
253NR0H , J      01367                      2  CSP32190
                                         1  CSP32200
                                         0  CSP32210
                                         1  CSP32220
                                         2  CSP32230
                                         0  CSP32240
                                         1  CSP32250
                                         2  CSP32260
                                         0  CSP32270
                                         CSP32280
```

FLOWCHARTS

ADD

CHART AD 1130 COMMERCIAL

ADD/SUB SUBROUTINE

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

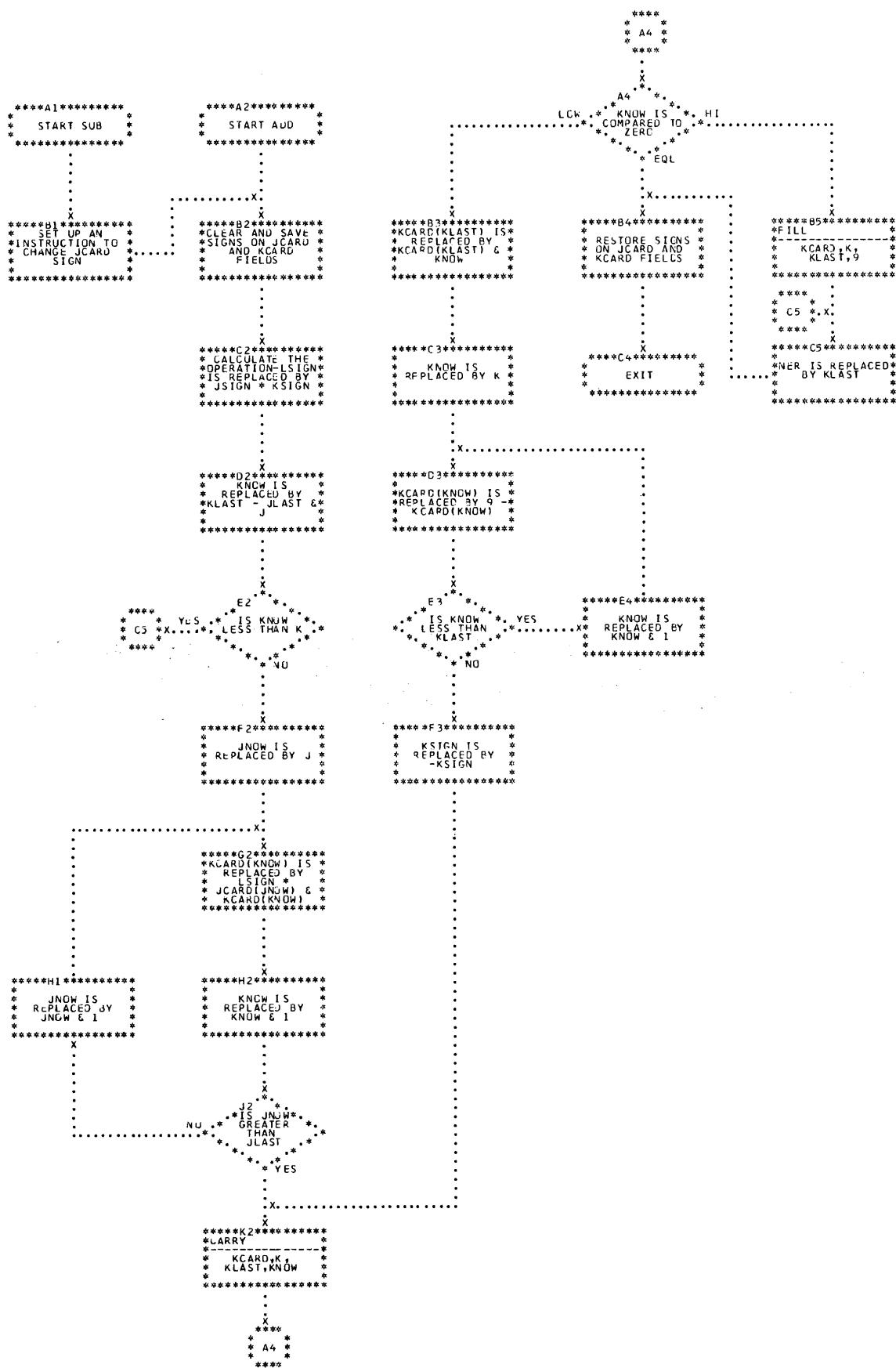
SUB

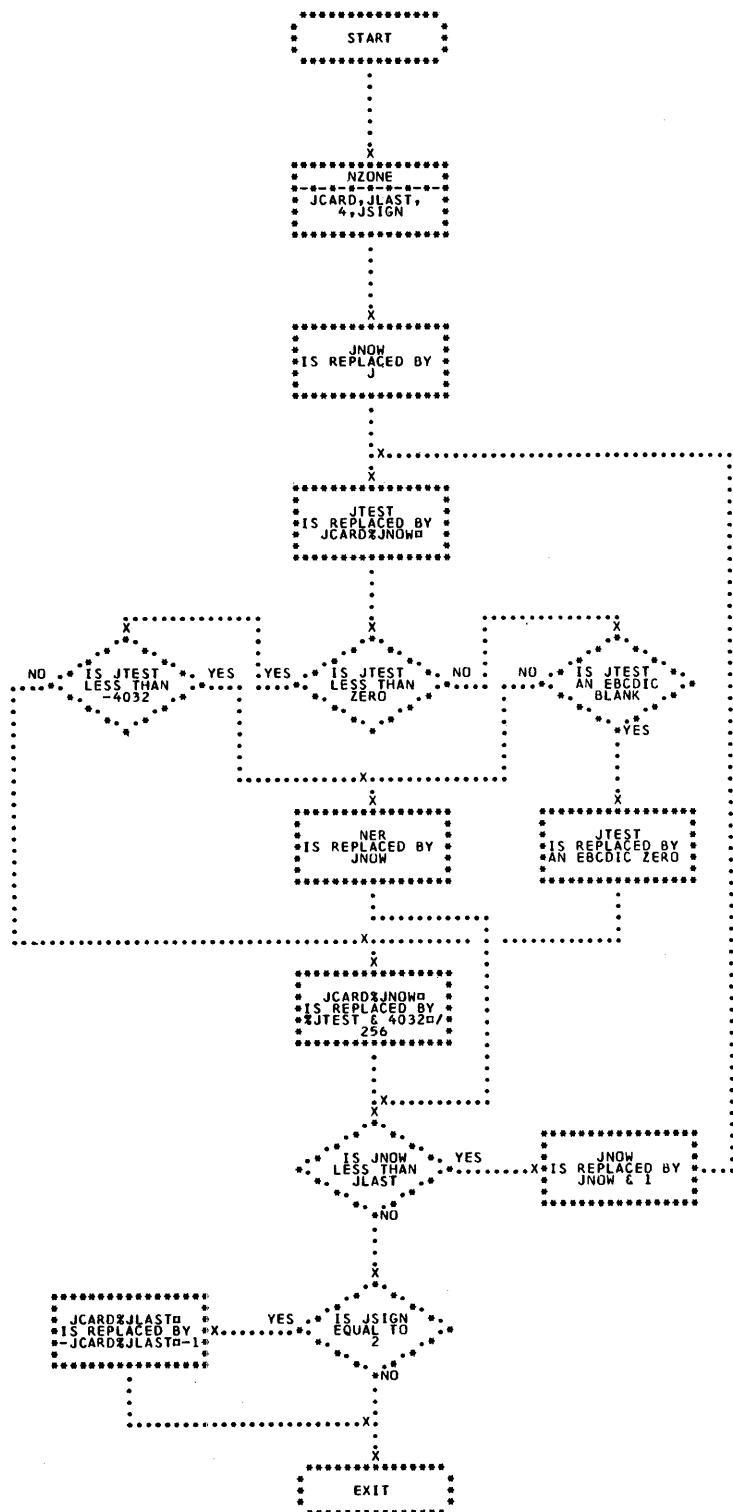
S1403

TYPER

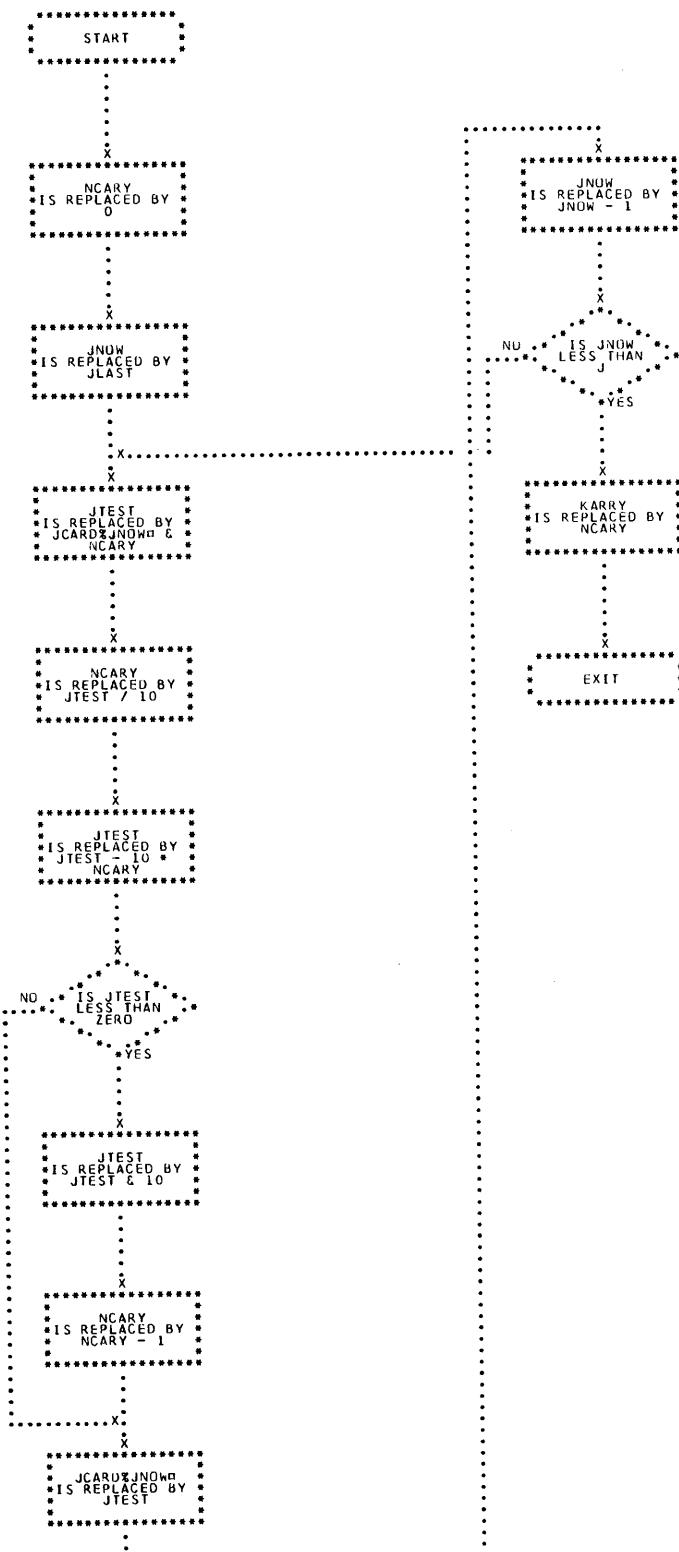
UNPAC

WHOLE





ADD	ADD
A1A3	A1A3
A1DEC	
A3A1	
CARRY	
DECA1	
DIV	
DPACK	
DUNPK	
EDIT	
FILL	
GET	
ICOMP	
IOND	
KEYBD	
MOVE	
MPY	
NCOMP	
NSIGN	
NZONE	
PACK	
PRINT	
PUNCH	
PUT	
P1403	
P1442	
READ	
R2501	
SKIP	
STACK	
SUB	
S1403	
TYPER	
UNPAC	
WHOLE	



ADD
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1
CARRY
 DECA1
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE

ADD

CHART DE

1130 COMMERCIAL

DECA1 SUBROUTINE

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

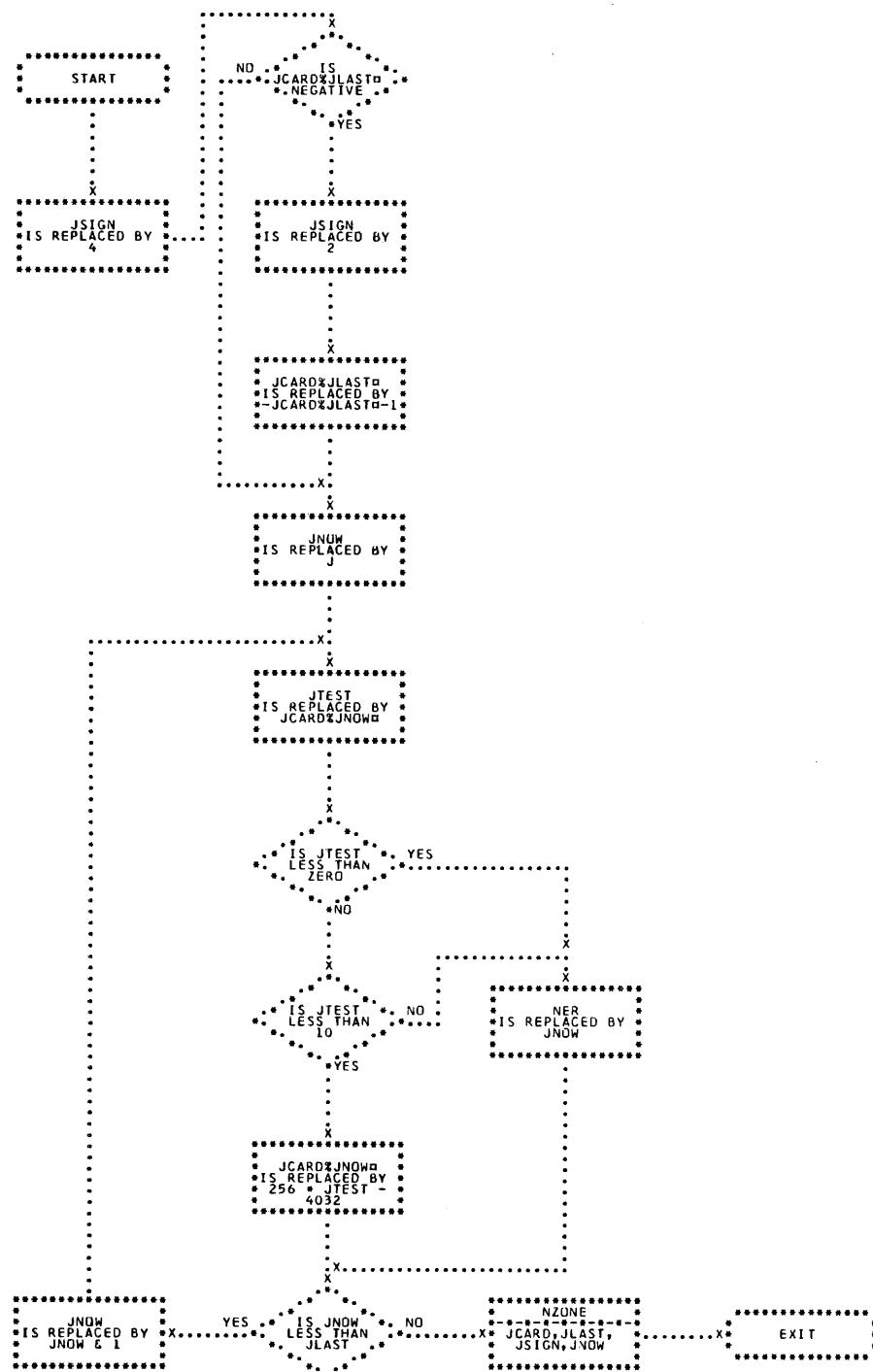
SUB

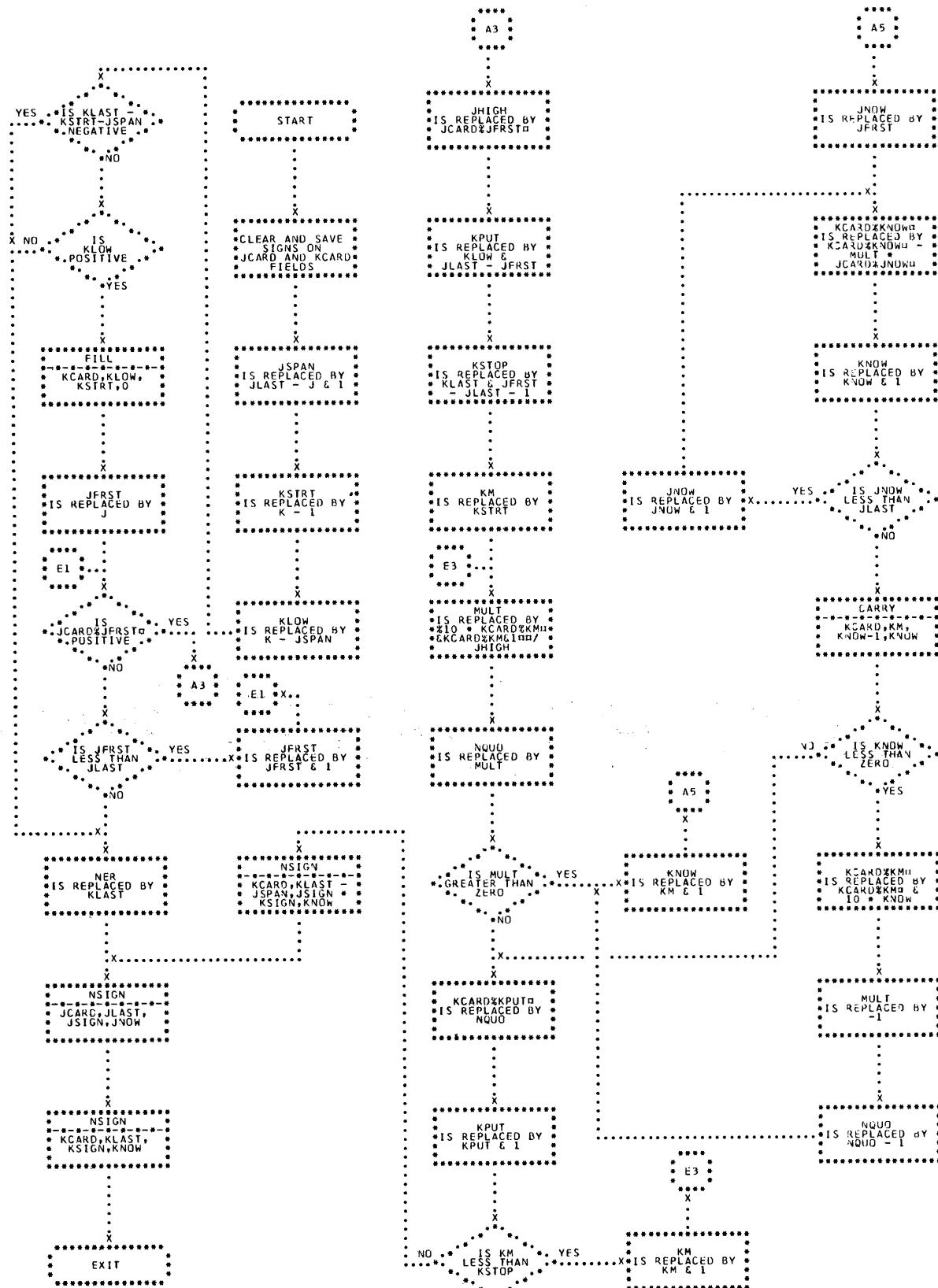
S1403

TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE





ADD
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1
 CARRY
 DECA1
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE

ADD

CHART ED

1130 COMMERCIAL

EDIT SUBROUTINE

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

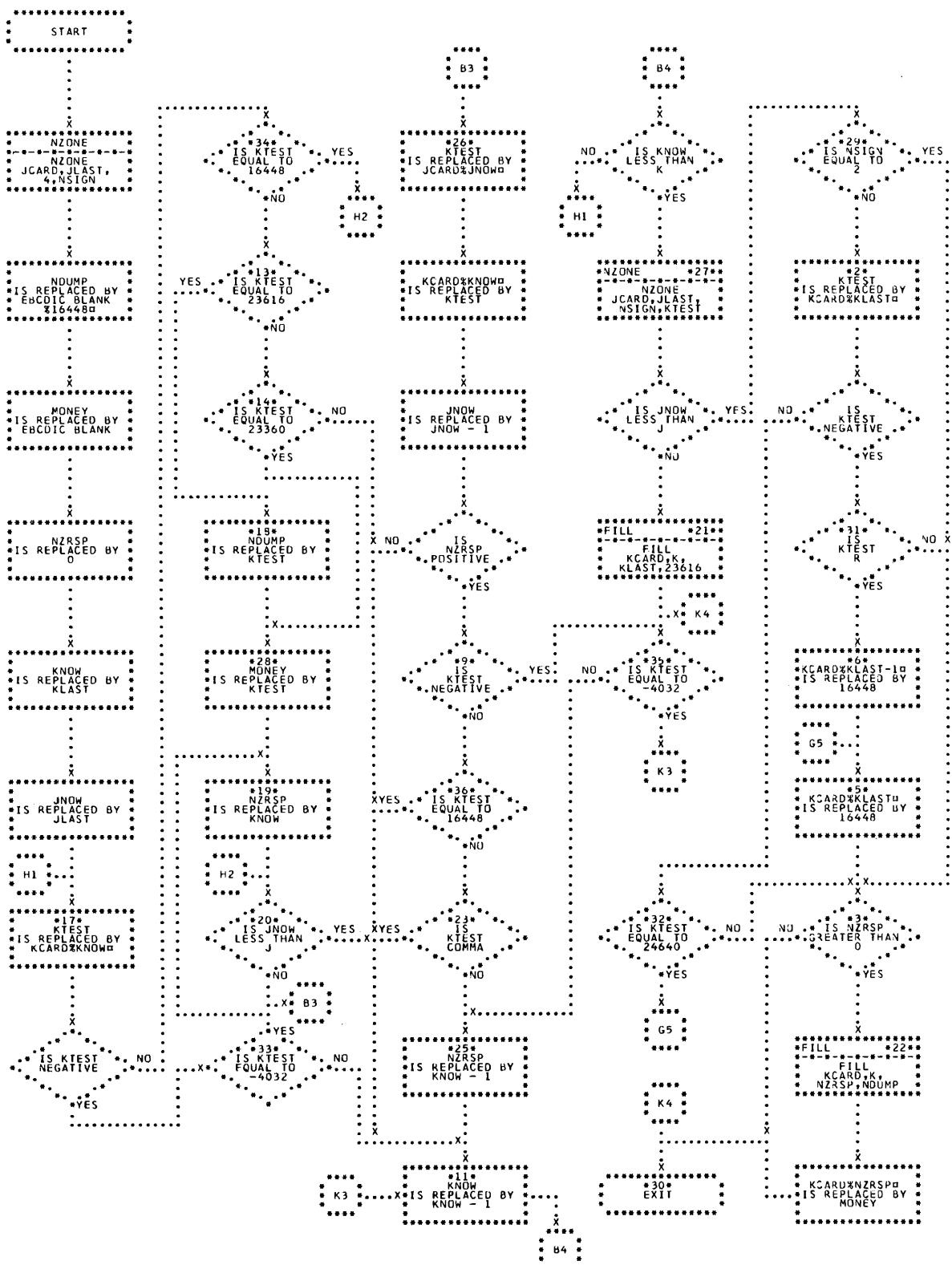
SUB

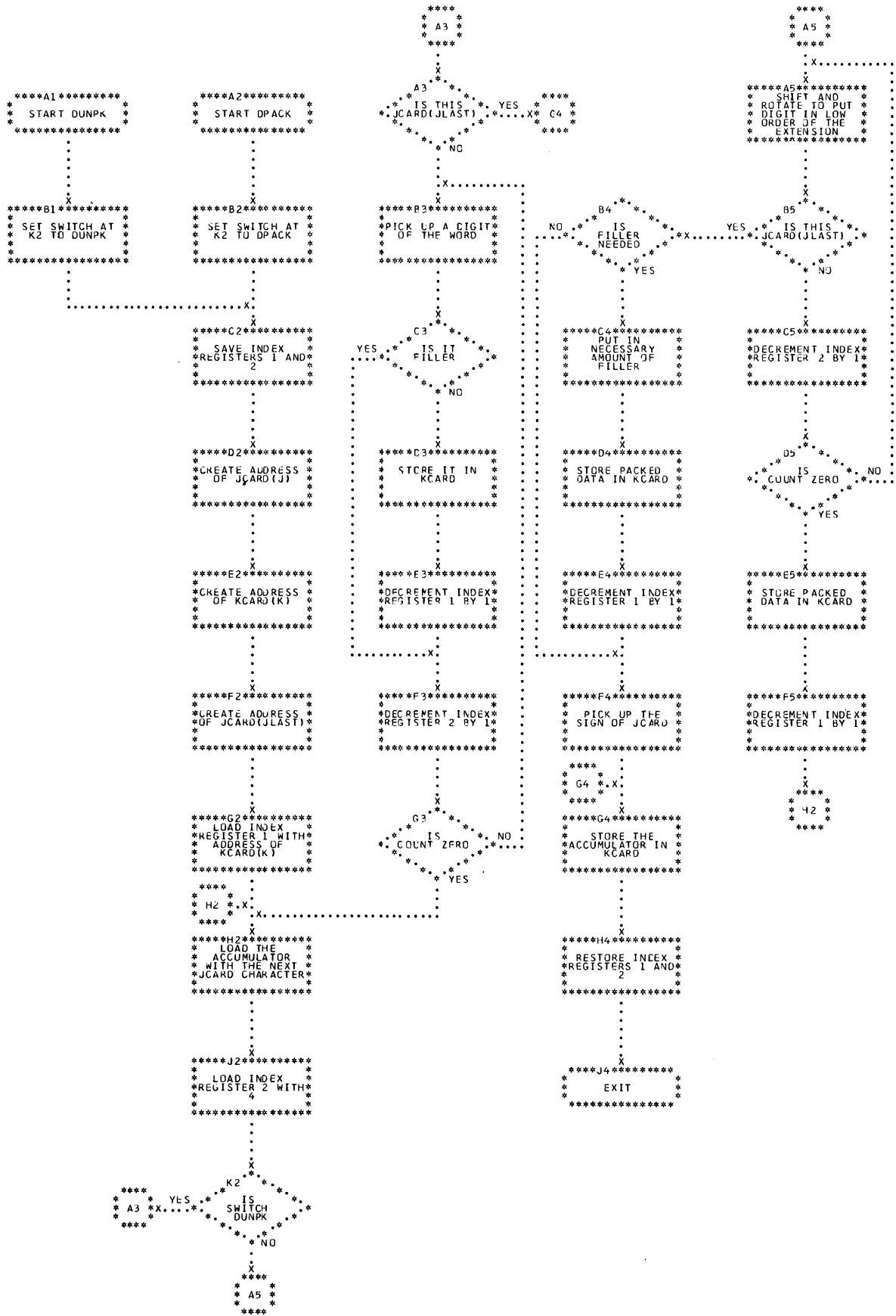
S1403

TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE





ADD
A1A3
A1DEC
A3A1
CARRY
DECA1
DIV
DPACK
DUNPK
EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP
IOND
KEYBD
MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT
P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE

ADD

CHART FL

1130 COMMERCIAL

FILL SUBROUTINE

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

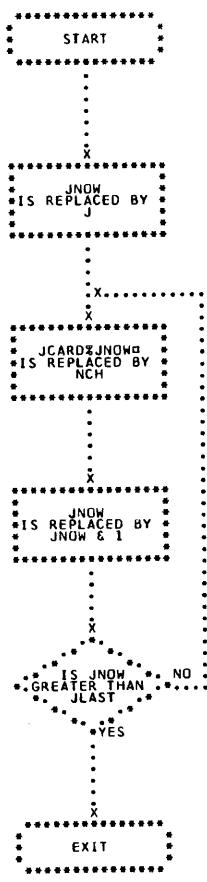
SUB

S1403

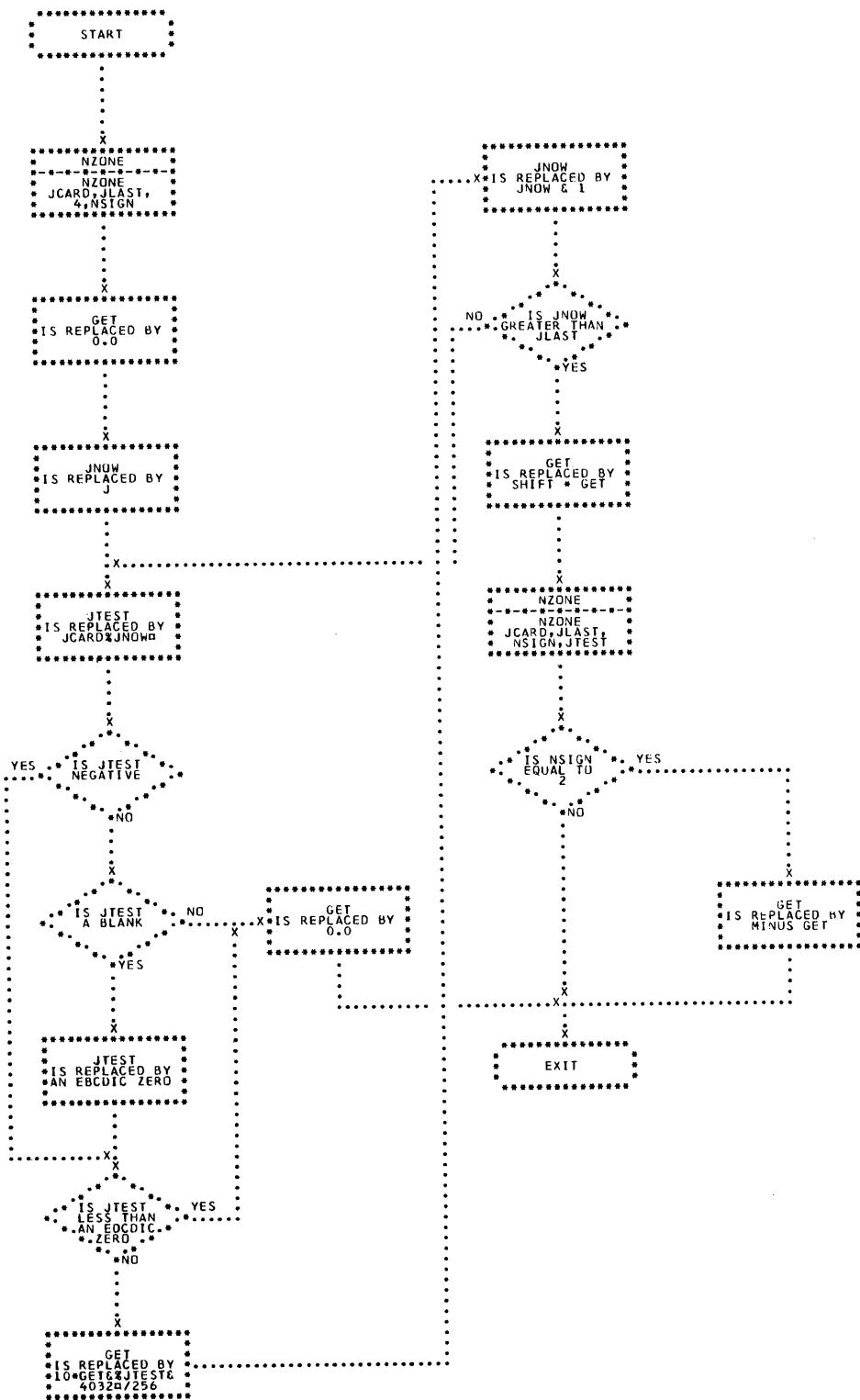
TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE



ADD
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1
 CARRY
 DECA1
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE



ADD

CHART IC

1130 COMMERCIAL

ICOMP FUNCTION

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

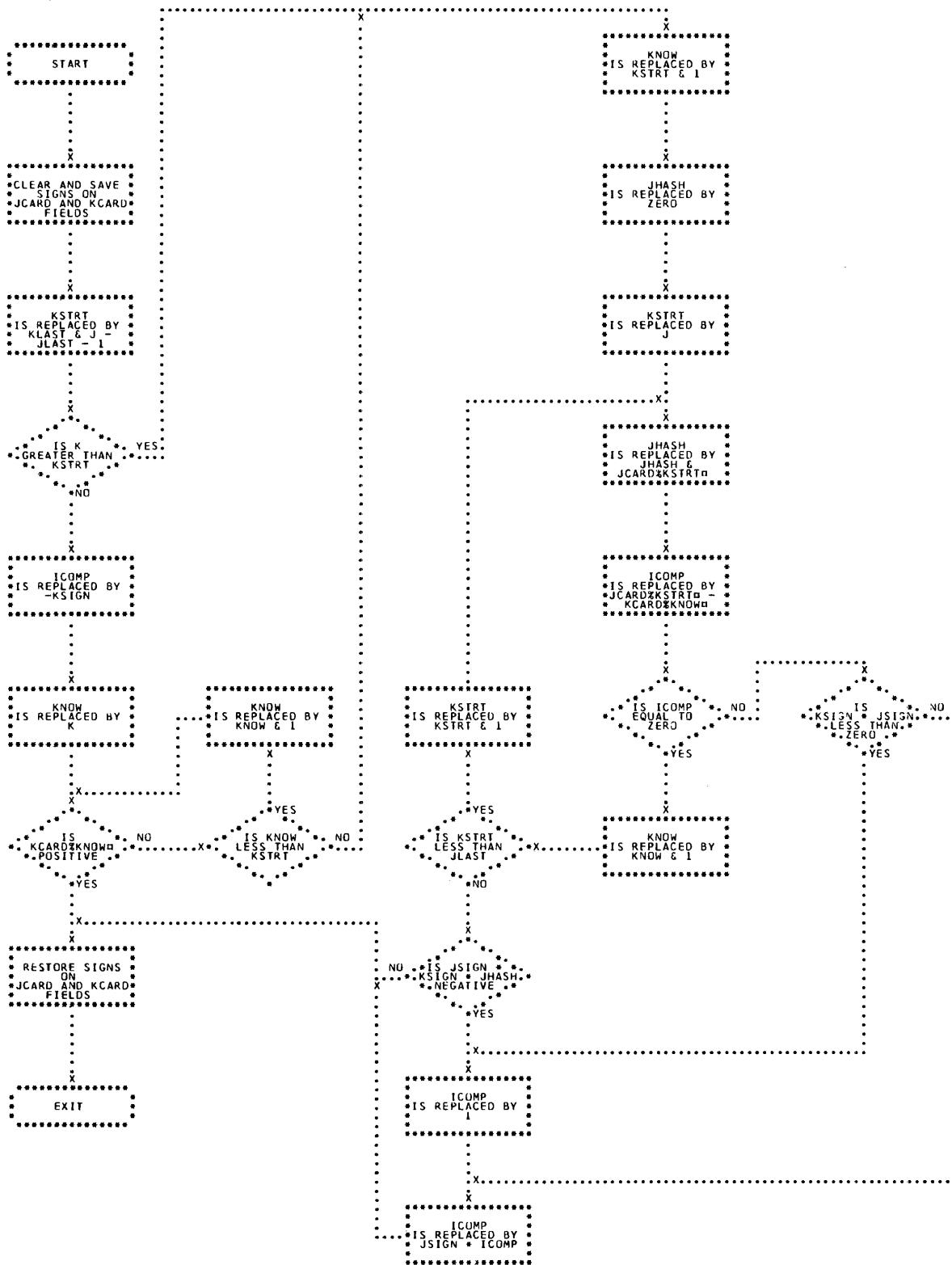
SUB

S1403

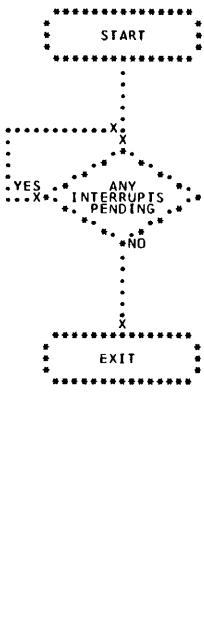
TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE



ADD
A1A3
A1DEC
A3A1
CARRY
DECA1
DIV
DPACK
DUNPK
EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP
IOND
KEYBD
MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT
P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE



ADD

CHART MV

1130 COMMERCIAL

MOVE SUBROUTINE

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

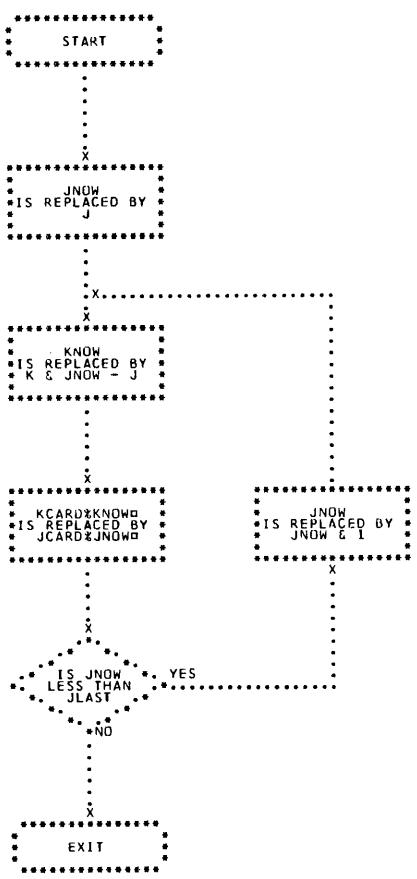
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S1403

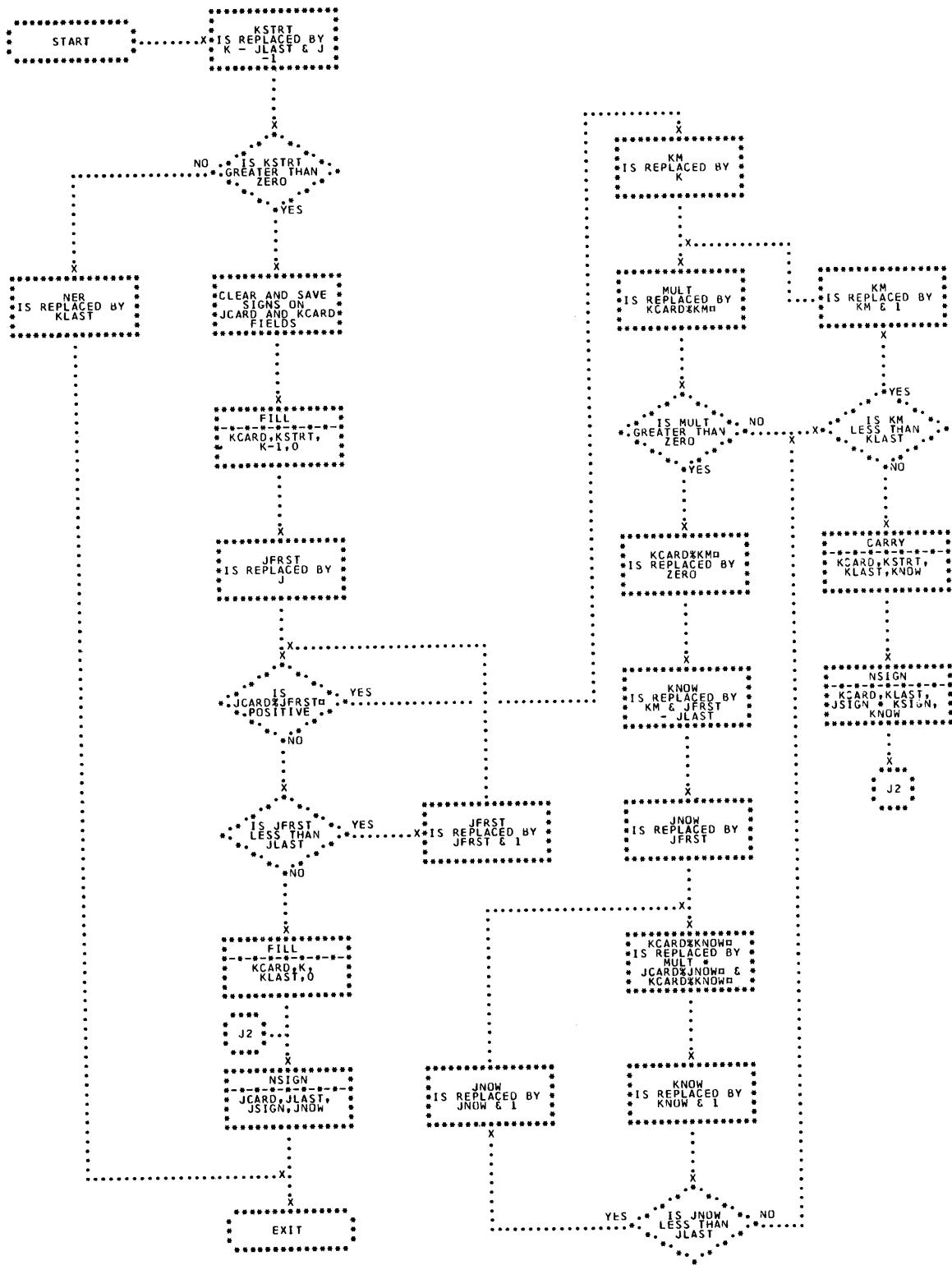
TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE



ADD
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1
 CARRY
 DECA1
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE



ADD

CHART CO

1130 COMMERCIAL

NCOMP FUNCTION

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

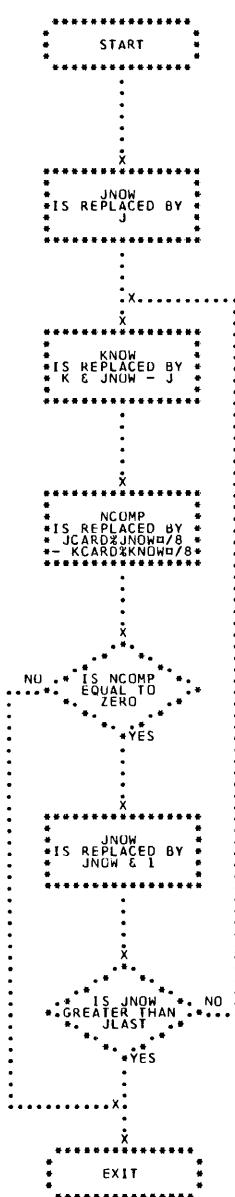
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S1403

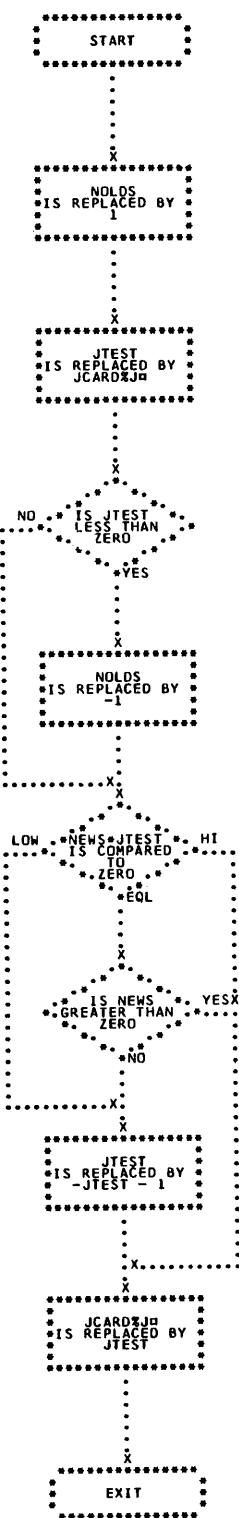
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UNPAC

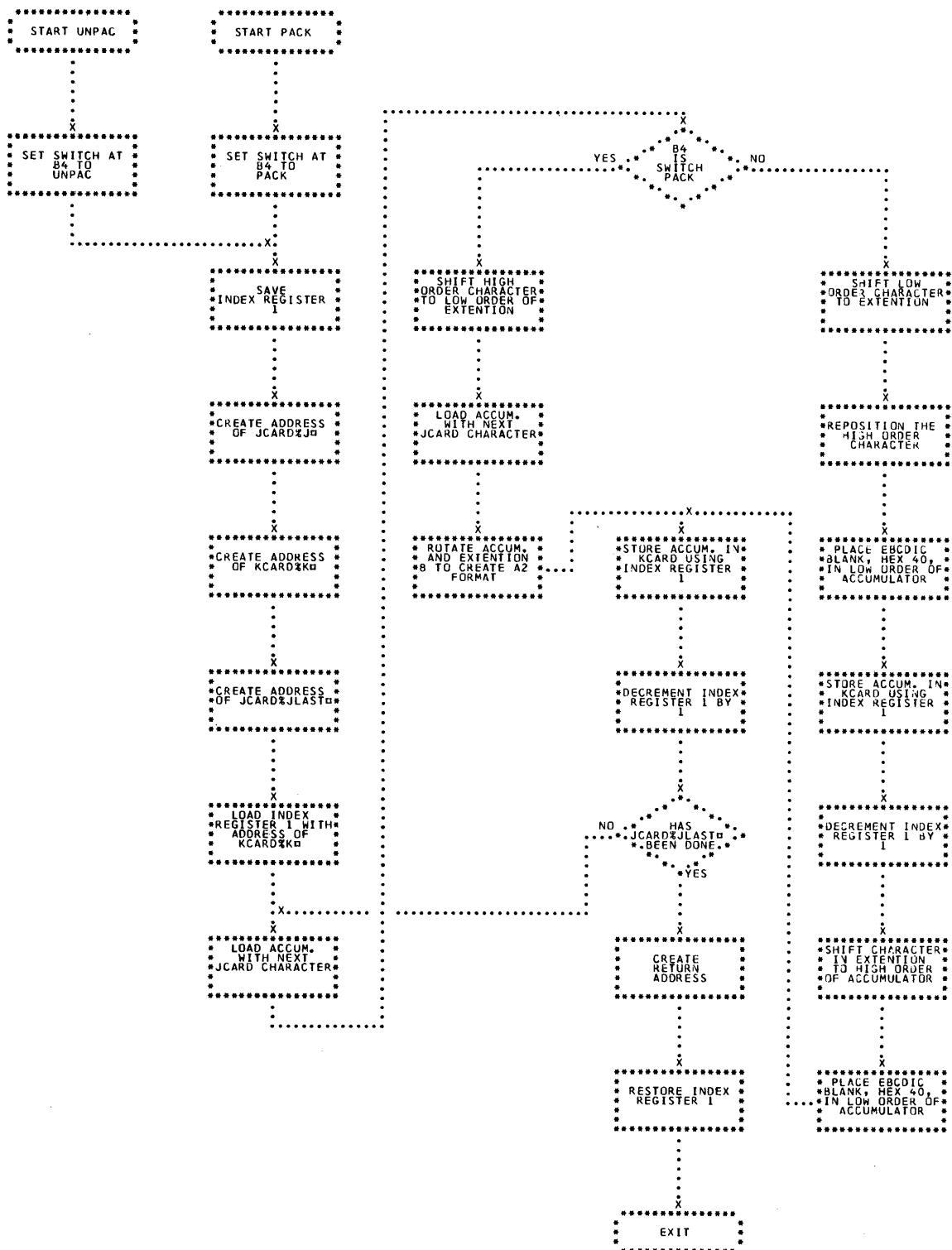
WHOLE



ADD
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1
 CARRY
 DECA1
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE



ADD
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1
 CARRY
 DECA1
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
UNPAC
 WHOLE



ADD

CHART PS

1130 COMMERCIAL

PRINT/SKIP SUBROUTINE

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

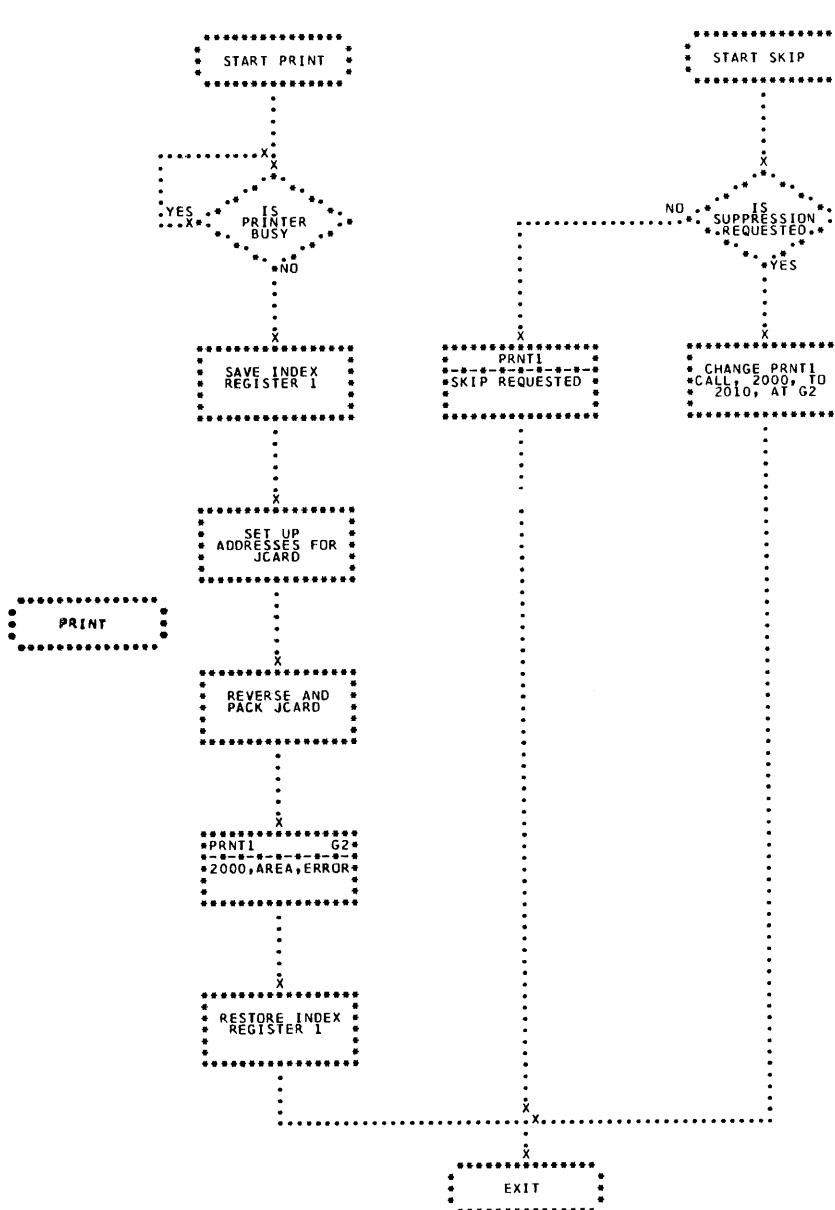
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S1403

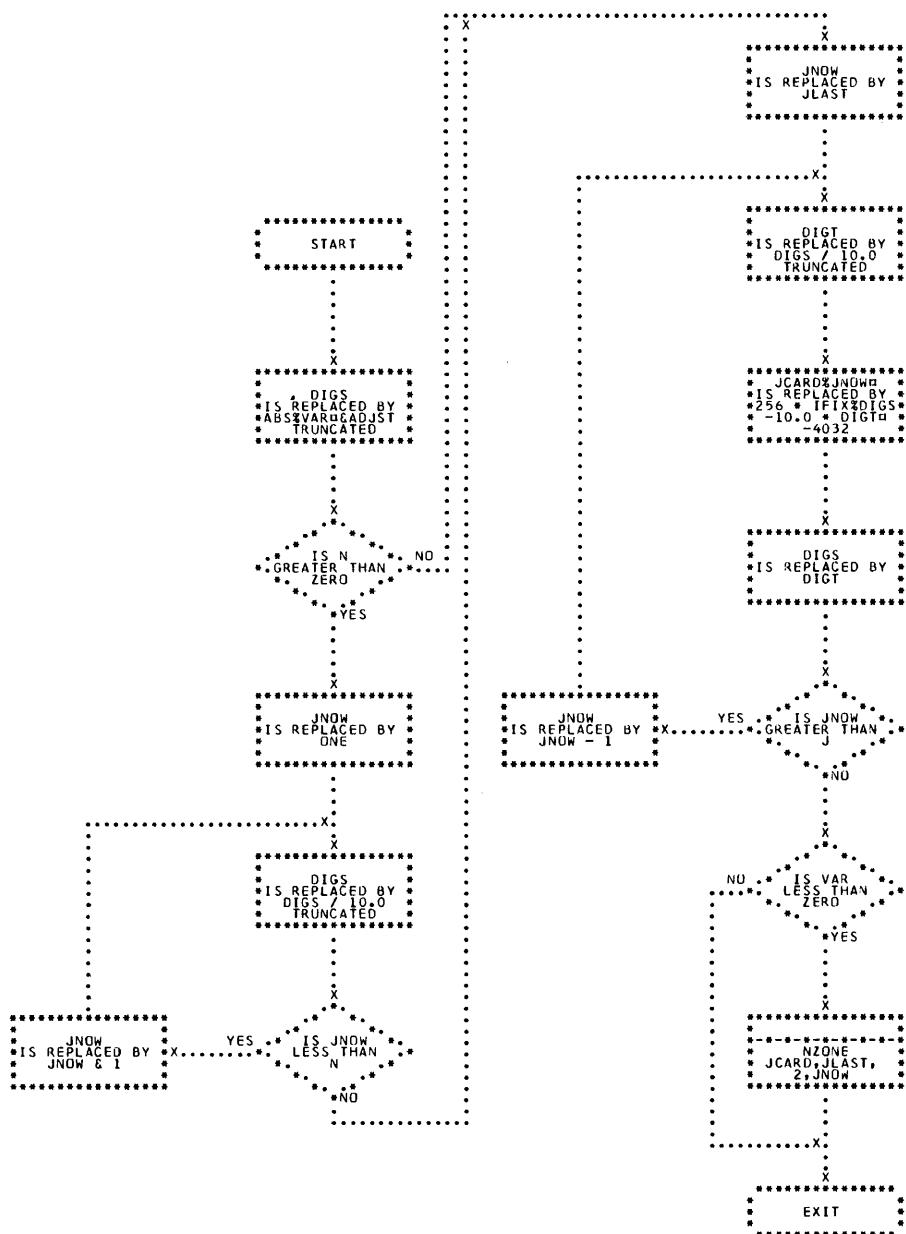
TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE



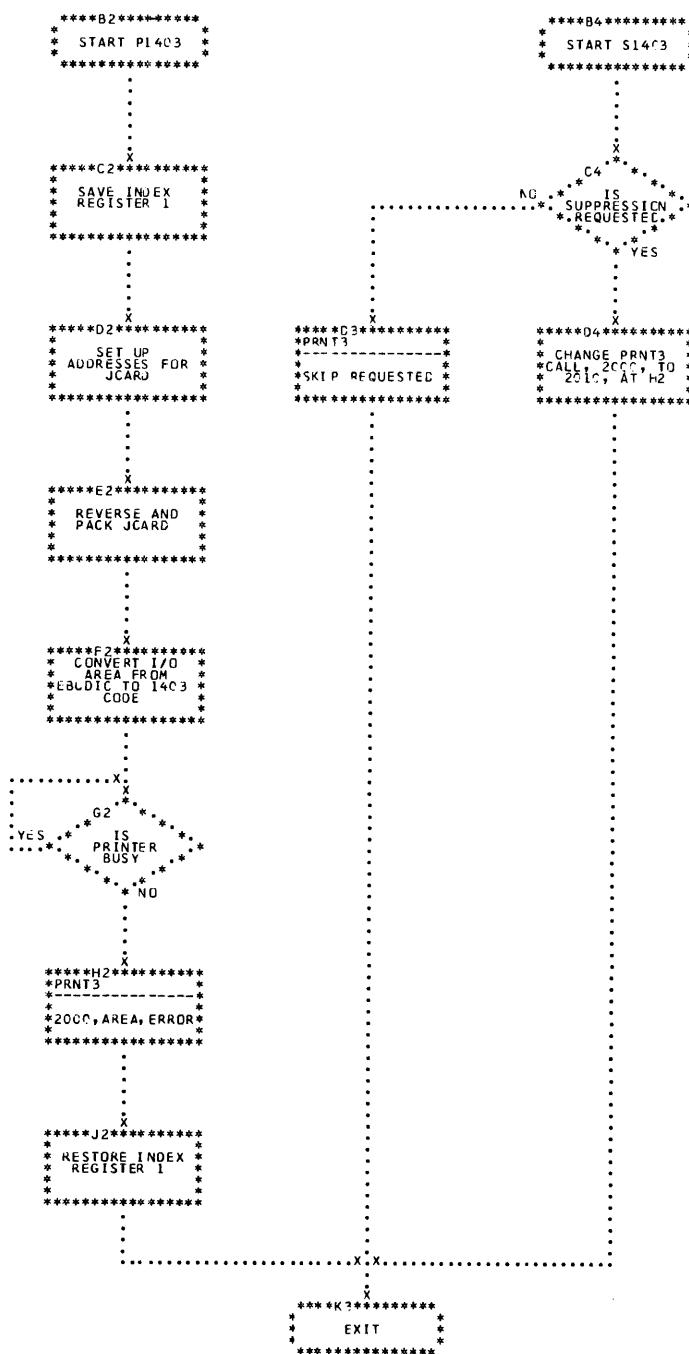
ADD
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1
 CARRY
 DECA1
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE



ADD
A1A3
A1DEC
A3A1
CARRY
DECA1
DIV
DPACK
DUNPK

EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP
IOND
KEYBD
MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT

P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE



```

***** *A3*****  

* START P1442 *  

***** *****  

.  

.  

.  

X  

***** *B3*****  

* SAVE INDEX *  

* REGISTER 1 *  

*  

***** *****  

.  

.  

.  

X  

***** *C3*****  

* SET UP *  

* ADDRESSES FOR *  

* JCARD *  

***** *****  

.  

.  

.  

X  

***** *D3*****  

* REVERSE JCARD *  

*  

***** *****  

.  

.  

.  

X  

***** *E3*****  

*SPEED *  

*-----*  

* CALL, *  

* JCARD(JLAST), *  

* AREA,COUNT *  

***** *****  

.  

.  

.  

X  

***** *F3*****  

*PNCH1 *  

*-----*  

*200,AREA,ERRCR*  

***** *****  

.  

.  

.  

X  

***** *G3*****  

* REVERSE JCARD *  

*  

***** *****  

.  

.  

.  

X  

H3  

NC IS PUNCHING  

* FINISHED *  

* YES *  

.  

.  

.  

X  

***** *J3*****  

* RESTORE INDEX *  

* REGISTER 1 *  

*  

***** *****  

.  

.  

.  

X  

***** *K3*****  

* EXIT *  

***** *****
```

ADD
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1
 CARRY
 DECA1
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE

ADD

CHART RP

1130 COMMERCIAL

READ/PUNCH SUBROUTINE

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

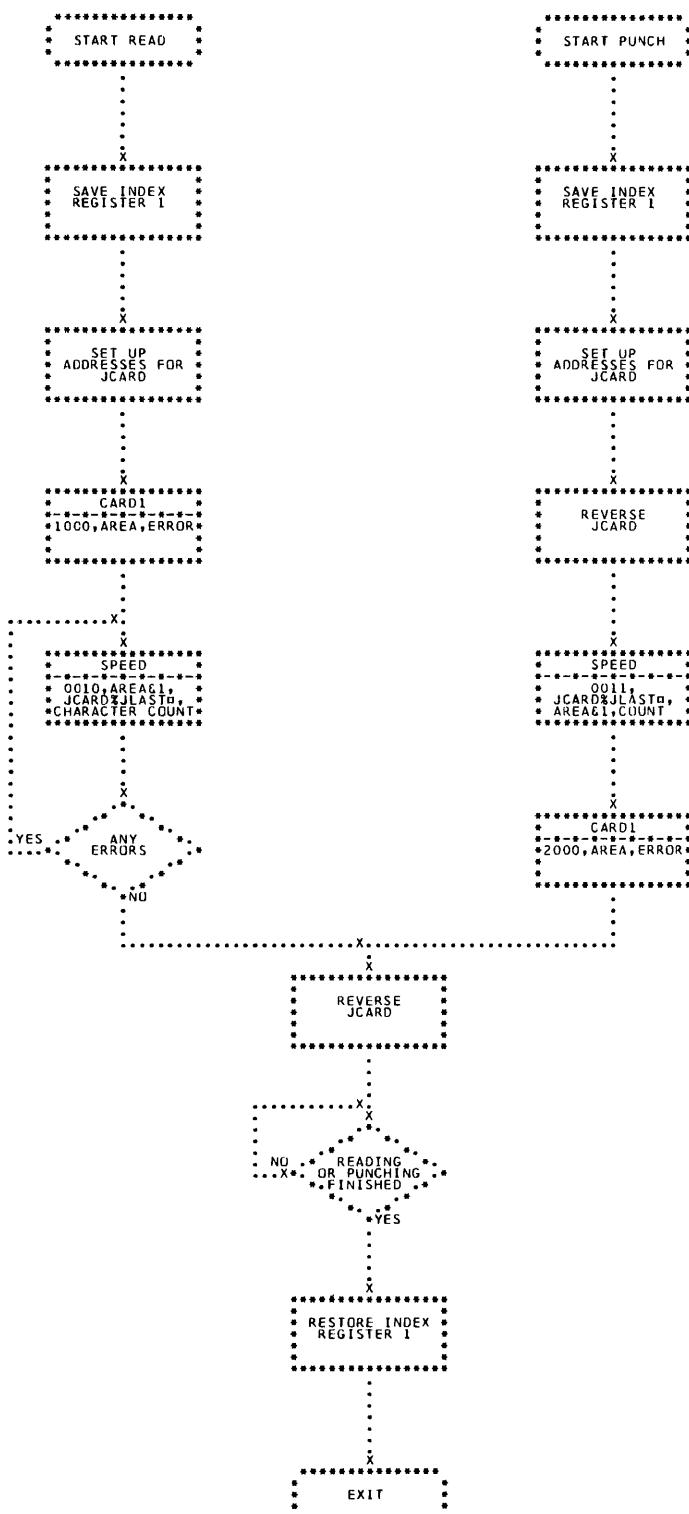
SUB

S1403

TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE



```

***** A3 *****
* START R2501 *
***** *****

.
.
.

***** B3 *****
* SAVE INDEX
* REGISTER 1
*
***** *****

.
.
.

***** C3 *****
* SET UP
* ADDRESSES FOR
* JCARD
*
***** *****

.
.
.

***** D3 *****
* FILL THE I/O
* AREA WITH ONES
*
***** *****

.
.
.

***** E3 *****
*READY
*-----*
*1^C^,AREA,ERRCR
*****
***** *****

.
.
.

***** F3 *****
*SPE ED
*-----*
* CC IC,ARFA61,
* JCARD(JLAST),
* CHARACTER COUNT
*****
***** *****

.
.
.

YES * ANY ERRORS *
*-----*
* NO
*
***** H3 *****
* PEVERSE JCARD
*
***** *****

.
.
.

***** J3 *****
* NC * READING FINISHED *
*-----*
* YES
*
***** K3 *****
* RESTORE INDEX
* REGISTER 1
*-----*,X*
*-----*,X* EXIT
*-----*
***** K4 *****
***** *****
```

ADD
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1
 CARRY
 DECA1
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE

ADD

CHART ST

1130 COMMERCIAL

STACK SUBROUTINE

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET



ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD



MOVE



MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE



PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

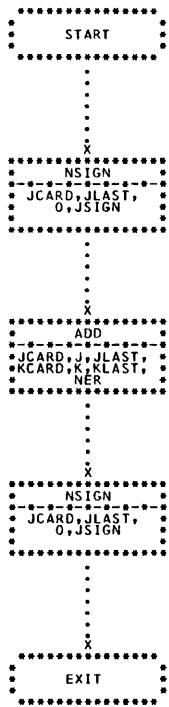
SUB

S1403

TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE



ADD	
A1A3	
A1DEC	
A3A1	
CARRY	
DECA1	
DIV	
DPACK	
DUNPK	
EDIT	
FILL	
GET	
ICOMP	
IOND	
KEYBD	
MOVE	
MPY	
NCOMP	
NSIGN	
NZONE	
PACK	
PRINT	
PUNCH	
PUT	
P1403	
P1442	
READ	
R2501	
SKIP	
STACK	
SUB	
S1403	
TYPER	
UNPAC	
WHOLE	

ADD

CHART TK

1130 COMMERCIAL

TYPER/KEYBD SUBROUTINE

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

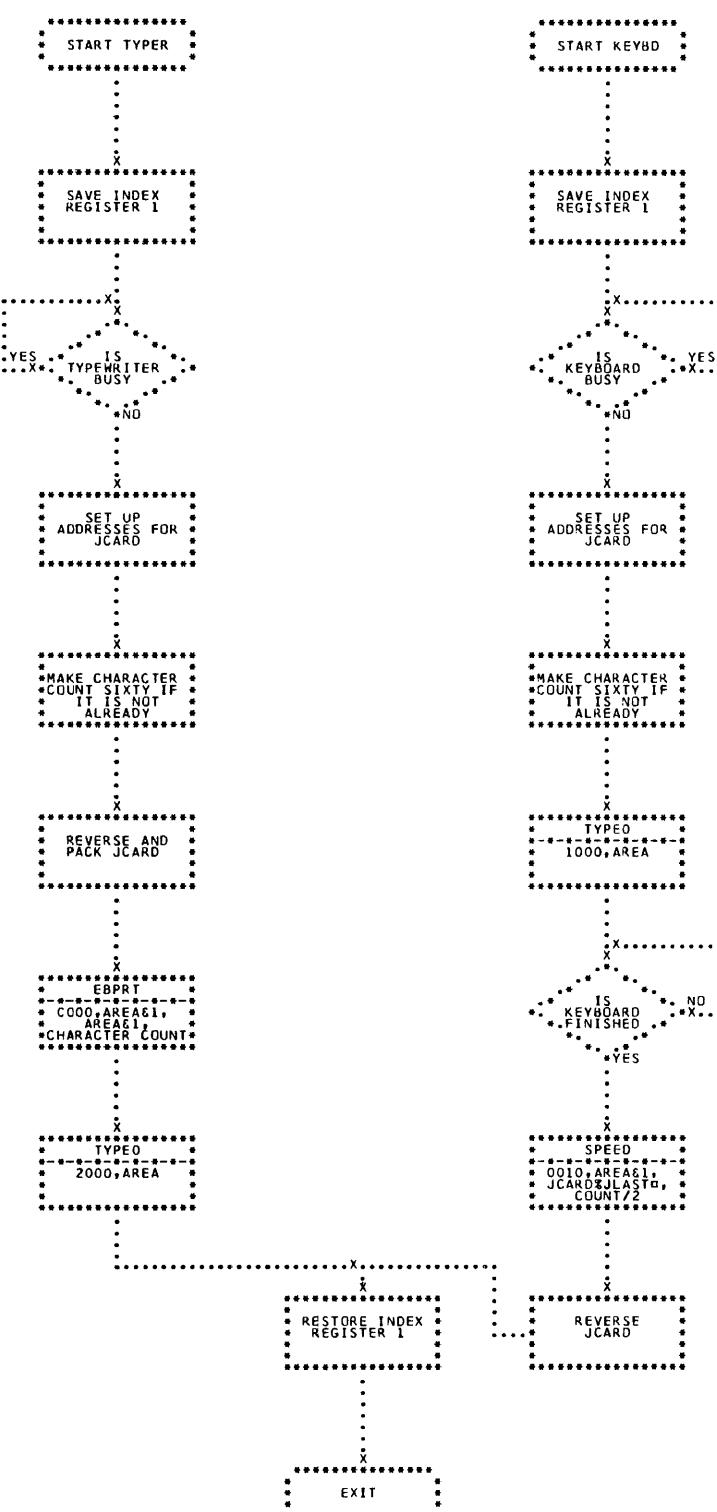
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S1403

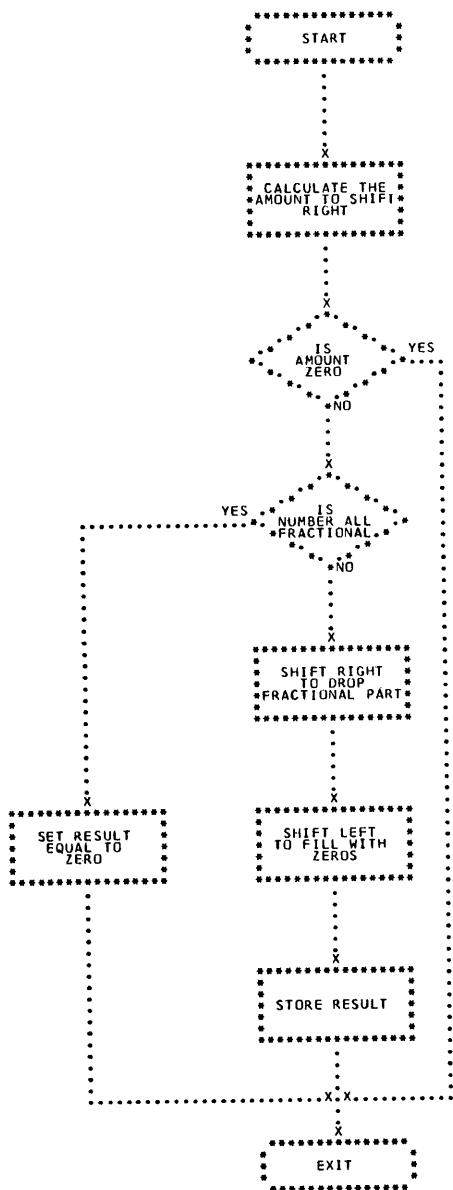
TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE



ADD
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1
 CARRY
 DECA1
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
WHOLE



LISTINGS

<u>ADD</u>	// JOB	CSP00010
	// ASM	CSP00020
* NAME ADD	(ID)	CSP00030
** ADD/SUB SUBROUTINES FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE	(ID)	CSP00040
* LIST		CSP00050
A1A3	0008 01104000	ENT ADD ADD SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT CSP00060
	*	CALL ADD(JCARD,JLAST,KCARD(K),KLAST,NER) CSP00070
	*	THE FIELD JCARD(IJ) THROUGH CSP00080
	*	JCARD(JLAST) IS ADDED TO THE CSP00090
	*	FIELD KCARD(K) THROUGH CSP00100
	*	KCARD(KLAST). CSP00110
A1DEC	0008 01104000	ENT ADD ADD SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT CSP00120
	*	CALL ADD(JCARD,JLAST,KCARD(K),KLAST,NER) CSP00130
	*	THE FIELD JCARD(J) THROUGH CSP00140
	*	JCARD(JLAST) IS ADDED TO THE CSP00150
	*	FIELD KCARD(K) THROUGH CSP00160
A3A1	0000 22902000	ENT SUB SUBTRACT SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT CSP00170
	*	CALL SUB(JCARD,JLAST,KCARD(K),KLAST,NER) CSP00180
	*	THE FIELD JCARD(J) THROUGH CSP00190
	*	JCARD(JLAST) IS SUBTRACTED FROM CSP00200
	*	FIELD KCARD(K) THROUGH CSP00210
CARRY	0000 7005	KCARD(KLAST). CSP00220
DECA1	0000 22902000	ENT SUB SUBTRACT SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT CSP00230
	*	CALL SUB(JCARD,JLAST,KCARD(K),KLAST,NER) CSP00240
	*	THE FIELD JCARD(J) THROUGH CSP00250
	*	JCARD(JLAST) IS SUBTRACTED FROM CSP00260
DIV	0000 7005	FIELD KCARD(K) THROUGH CSP00270
DPACK	0000 0 0000	SUB DC **# ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE. CSP00280
DUNPK	0001 0 COFE	LD SUB PICK UP ARGUMENT ADDRESS. CSP00290
	0002 0 D005	STO ADD STORE IT AT ADD. CSP00300
EDIT	0003 0 C002	LD IHFS LOAD THE INSTRUCTION TO CHANGE CSP00310
	0004 0 D028	STO SWIT SIGN OF JCARD FOR SUBTRACT. CSP00320
	0005 0 7005	MDX ADD+3 START COMPUTING. CSP00330
FILL	0006 0 F06E	IHFS EOR X HFFFF-SWIT=1 CHANGE SIGN OF SUBTRHND CSP00340
	0007 0 7002	MDX #*2 SKIP OVER NEXT INSTRUCTION. CSP00350
GET	0008 0 0000	ADD DC **# ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE. CSP00360
	0009 0 COFD	LD MDX LOAD SKIP OVER INSTRUCTION. CSP00370
ICOMP	000A 0 D022	STO SWIT STORE IT AT SWIT. CSP00380
	000B 0 6970	STX 1 SAVE1+1 SAVE IR1. CSP00390
IOND	000C 01 65800008	LDX II ADD PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IR1 CSP00400
	000E 0 C100	LD I 0 GET JCARD ADDRESS CSP00410
KEYBD	000F 00 95800002	S II 2 SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE CSP00420
	0011 0 D049	STO DO+1 PLACE ADDRESS FOR ADD OR SUBTR CSP00430
	0012 0 8004	A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE CSP00440
MOVE	0013 0 D017	STO JPLUS+1 CREATE JCARD(JLAST) ADDRESS CSP00450
	0014 00 C5800002	LD II 2 GET JLAST VALUE CSP00460
MPY	0016 00 95800001	S II 1 SUBTRACT J VALUE CSP00470
	0018 0 B0FE	A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE CSP00480
NCOMP	0019 0 4808	BSC + SKIP IF POSITIVE CSP00490
	001A 0 COFC	LD ONE+1 NEGATIVE OR ZERO-MAKE COUNT 1 CSP00500
	001B 0 D038	STO COUNT+1 STORE JCARD LENGTH CSP00510
NSIGN	001C 0 C103	LD I 3 GET KCARD ADDRESS CSP00520
	001D 0 D044	STO KCRD1 PLACE IN CALLING SEQUENCE OF CSP00530
NZONE	001E 0 D062	STO KCRD2 CARRY AND FILL SUBROUTINES CSP00540
	001F 00 95800005	S II 5 SUBTRACT KLAST VALUE CSP00550
PACK	0021 0 D037	STO KCRD3+1 PLACE LOAD ADDR FOR ADD/SUB CSP00560
	0022 0 D03A	STO KCRD4+1 PLACE STORE ADDR FOR RESULT CSP00570
	0023 0 D04F	STO KCRD5+1 PLACE SUBTRACT ADDRESS AND CSP00580
PRINT	0024 0 D050	STO KCRD6+1 STORE ADDR FOR NEG CARRY CSP00590
	0025 0 B0F1	A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE CSP00600
PUNCH	0026 0 D044	STO KCRD7+1 PLACE ADDR FOR SIGN CHANGE CSP00610
	0027 0 D010	STO KPLUS+1 PLACE ADDR OF SIGN OF KCARD CSP00620
	0028 0 C106	LD I 6 GET NER ADDRESS CSP00630
PUT	0029 0 D05E	STO ERA+1 SAVE NER ADDRESS CSP00640
	*	CLEAR AND SAVE SIGNS ON JCARD CSP00650
P1403	002A 00 C4000000	LD L *** GET SIGN OF JCARD CSP00660
P1442		CSP00670
READ		
R2501		
SKIP		
STACK		
SUB		
S1403		
TYPER		
UNPAC		
WHOLE		

ADD
A1A3
A1DEC
A3A1
CARRY
DECA1
DIV
DPACK
DUNPK
EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP
IOND
KEYBD
MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT
P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE

PAGE 2

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002C 0 D070      STO    JSIGN SAVE SIGN OF JCARD      CSP00580
002D 0 7002      SWIT   MDX    *+2 SKIP ON ADD-CHANGE SIGN ON SUBT  CSP00590
002E 01 D4800028  STO    I JPLUS+1 STORE CHANGED SIGN OF JCARD  CSP00600
0030 01 4C100037  BSC    L KPLUS, DETERMINE SIGN OF JCARD  CSP00610
0032 0 F069      EOR    HFFFF NEGATIVE - MAKE POSITIVE  CSP00620
0033 01 D4800028  STO    I JPLUS+1 STORE IT POSITIVE  CSP00630
0035 01 74010041  MDX   OP,+1 CHANGE OPERATION - SEE OP & OPR  CSP00640
0037 00 C4000000  KPLUS  LD    L *-- GET SIGN OF KCARD'  CSP00650
0039 0 D064      STO    KSIGN SAVE SIGN OF KCARD  CSP00660
003A 01 4C100041  BSC    L OP,- DETERMINE SIGN OF KCARD  CSP00670
003C 0 F05F      EOR    HFFFF NEGATIVE - MAKE POSITIVE  CSP00680
003D 01 D4800038  STO    I KPLUS+1 STORE IT POSITIVE  CSP00690
003F 01 74010041  MDX   L OP,+1 CHANGE OPERATION - SEE OP & OPR  CSP00700
*          * CALCULATE THE OPERATION.
*          * INITIALLY THIS IS FOR ADD. IT  CSP00710
*          * CAN BE CHANGED UP TO TWO TIMES,  CSP00720
*          * FIRST TO SUBTRACT AND THEN BACK  CSP00730
*          * AGAIN TO ADD. SEE OPR.  CSP00740
*          * CSP00750
0041 0 C062      OP     LD    OPR PICK UP OPERATION  CSP00760
0042 0 D017      STO   DO STORE IT AT DO  CSP00770
0043 0 C063      LD    OPO RESET THE PICK UP INSTRCTN TO +  CSP00780
0044 0 D0FC      STO   OP WITH INSTRUCTION AT OPO  CSP00790
0045 0 C104      LD    1 4 GET ADDRESS OF K  CSP00800
0046 0 D01C      STO   K1 STORE IT AT K FOR CARRY SUBRTN  CSP00810
0047 0 D03A      STO   K2 AND AT K2 FOR FILL SUBROUTINE  CSP00820
*          * DETERMINE IF JCARD IS LONGER  CSP00830
*          * THAN KCARD. KLAST-JLAST+J-KNOW  CSP00840
*          * IS COMPARED TO K. IF KNOW IS  CSP00850
*          * GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO K GO  CSP00860
*          * TO KLAST FOR ERROR.  CSP00870
0048 00 C5800005  LD    I1 5 GET KLAST VALUE  CSP00880
004A 0 D03B      STO   KLAST3+1 SAVE IT TO INDICATE ERROR  CSP00890
004B 00 95800004  S     I1 4 SUBTRACT K VALUE  CSP00900
004D 0 D021      STO   COMP+1 SAVE FOR CMPLMNT ON NEG CARRY  CSP00910
004E 00 95800002  S     I1 2 SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE  CSP00920
0050 00 85800001  A     I1 1 ADD J VALUE  CSP00930
0052 01 4C2800A0  BSC   L RETAD+Z IS JCARD LONGER THAN KCARD  CSP00940
0054 0 7107      MDX   1 7 NO-OK-MOVE OVER SEVEN ARGUMENTS  CSP00950
0055 0 6928      STX   1 DONE+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS  CSP00960
*          * SETUP JNOW  CSP00970
0056 00 65000000  COUNT LDX L1 **- LOAD JCARD LENGTH TO IR1  CSP00980
*          * KCARD(KNOW)+KCARD(KNOW) + OR -  CSP00990
*          * JCARD(JNOW)  CSP01000
0058 00 C5000000  KCRD3 LD  L1 **- LOAD KCARD(KNOW)  CSP01010
005A 00 85000000  DO    A  L1 **- ADD OR SUBTRACT JCARD(JNOW)  CSP01020
005C 00 D5000000  KCRD4 STO L1 **- STORE RESULT IN KCARD(KNOW)  CSP01030
*          * KNOW-KNOW+1 AND SEE IF JNOW IS  CSP01040
*          * GREATER THAN JLAST. IF NOT,  CSP01050
*          * JNOW=JNOW+1 AND GO BACK FOR  CSP01060
*          * MORE.  CSP01070
005E 0 71FF      MDX   1 -1 DECREMENT IR1  CSP01080
005F 0 70F8      MDX   KCRD3 GO BACK FOR MORE  CSP01090
*          * RESOLVE CARRIES GENERATED  CSP01100
*          * DURING OPERATION.  CSP01110
0060 30 03059668  AGAIN CALL      CARRY GO TO CARRY SUBROUTINE  CSP01120

```

ADD

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

SUB

S1403

TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE

PAGE 3

0062 0 0000	KCR01 DC	*** KCARD ADDRESS	CSP01130
0063 0 0000	K1 DC	*** K ADDRESS	CSP01140
0064 1 0087	KLAS1 DC	KLAS3+1 KLAST ADDRESS	CSP01150
0065 1 0008	DC	ADD ADDRESS TO HOLD ANY CARRY	CSP01160
	*	LET KNOW BE ANY RESULTING CARRY	CSP01170
	*	IF NEGATIVE, COMPLIMENT AND	CSP01180
	*	CHANGE THE SIGN OF KCARD. IF	CSP01190
	*	ZERO, ALL DONE. IF POSITIVE,	CSP01200
	*	OVERFLOW ERROR.	CSP01210
0066 01 4C18008A	BSC L	FIN+-- CHECK FOR ZERO--YES GO TO FIN	CSP01220
0068 01 4C100080	BSC L	ERR9,- NO-CHECK FOR OVERFLOW--YES ERR9	CSP01230
006A 00 84000000	KCRD7 A L	*** COMPLIMENT-ADD CARRY TO LOW	CSP01240
006C 01 D480006B	STO I	KCRD7+1 ORDER AND STORE IT BACK	CSP01250
	*	COMPLIMENT - SUBTRACT EACH	CSP01260
	*	DIGIT FROM 9 AND CHANGE THE	CSP01270
	*	SIGN OF KCARD.	CSP01280
006E 00 65000000	COMP LDX L1	*** LOAD IRI WITH LENGTH OF KCARD	CSP01290
0070 0 7101	MDX I 1	ADD 1 TO GET THE TRUE LENGTH	CSP01300
0071 0 C02E	LD	NINE LOAD A NINE.	CSP01310
0072 0 95000000	KCRD5 S L1	*** SUBTRACT KCARD(KNOW)	CSP01320
0074 00 D5000000	KCRD6 STO L1	*** PUT BACK IN KCARD(KNOW)	CSP01330
	*	SEE IF KNOW IS GREATER THAN	CSP01340
	*	KLAST. IF NOT, KNOW=KNOW-1	CSP01350
0076 0 71FF	MDX I -1	DECREMENT IRI	CSP01360
0077 0 7CF9	MDX	COMP+3 GO BACK FOR MORE	CSP01370
0078 0 C026	LD	KSIGN	CSP01380
0079 0 F0FA	EOR	KCRD6	CSP01390
007A 0 D024	STO	KSIGN SET SIGN OF KCARD	CSP01400
007B 0 70E4	MDX	AGAIN CHECK AGAIN FOR CARRIES	CSP01410
007C 00 65000000	SAVE1 LDX L1	*** RESTORE IRI	CSP01420
007E 0C 4C000000	DONE1 BSC L	*** RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM	CSP01430
	*	ERROR - ERROR - OVERFLOW- - -	CSP01440
0080 30 062534C0	ERR9 CALL	FILL FILL KCARD WITH NINES.	CSP01450
0082 0 0000	KCRD2 DC	*** ADDRESS OF KCARD	CSP01460
0083 0 0000	K2 DC	*** ADDRESS OF K	CSP01470
0084 1 0087	KLAS2 DC	KLAS3+1 ADDRESS KLAST	CSP01480
0085 1 00A0	DC	NINE FILL CHARACTER	CSP01490
0086 00 65000000	KLAS3 LDX L1	*** PICK UP KLAST VALUE	CSP01500
0088 00 65000000	ERA STX L1	*** STORE VALUE AT NER	CSP01510
	*	RESTORE SIGNS ON JCARD AND	CSP01520
	*	KCARD FIELDS	CSP01530
008A 0 C013	FIN LD	JSIGN PICK UP SIGN OF JCARD	CSP01540
008B 01 D480002B	STO I	JPLUS+1 AND RESTORE IT	CSP01550
008D 3 C011	LD	KSIGN PICK UP SIGN OF KCARD	CSP01560
008E 01 4C280095	BSC L	NEG,+-- CHECK FOR PLUS OR MINUS	CSP01570
0090 01 C4800038	LD I	KPLUS+1 PLUS-GET NEW SIGN AND	CSP01580
0092 01 4C280099	BSC L	REV,+-- REVERSE IT IF NEGATIVE	CSP01590
0094 0 70E7	MDX	SAVE1 POSITIVE-ALL DONE-GO TO EXIT..	CSP01600
0095 01 C4800038	NEG LD I	KPLUS+1 MINUS-GET NEW SIGN AND	CSP01610
0097 01 4C28007C	BSC L	SAVE1+Z GO TO EXIT IF NOT NEGATIVE	CSP01620
0099 0 F003	REV EOR	HFFFF REVERSE THE SIGN	CSP01630
009A 01 D4800038	STO I	KPLUS+1 STORE IT BACK	CSP01640
009C 0 70DF	MDX	SAVE1 ALL DONE-GO TO EXIT.....	CSP01650
009D 0 FFFF	HFFFF DC	/FFFF CONSTANT OF ALL BINARY ONES	CSP01660
009E 0 0000	JSIGN DC	*** SIGN OF JCARD	CSP01670

PAGE 4

009F 0 0000	KSIGN DC	*** SIGN OF KCARD	CSP01680
00A0 0 0009	NINE DC	9 CONSTANT OF NINE	CSP01690
00A1 0 7107	RETAD MDX 1 7	MOVE OVER SEVEN ARGUMENTS	CSP01700
00A2 0 69DC	STX 1	DONE1+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS	CSP01710
00A3 01 4C000086	BSC L	KLAS3 GO TO KLAST	CSP01720
00A5 00 85000000	OPR A L1	*** ADD FOR ADD OR SUBTRACT OPERATN	CSP01730
00A7	ORG	OPR+1 RESET THE ADDRESS COUNTER	CSP01740
00A6 00 95000000	S L1	*** SUBTR FOR ADD OR SUBTR OPRATN	CSP01750
00A8	ORG	OPR+2 RESET THE ADDRESS COUNTER	CSP01760
00A7 00 85000000	A L1	*** ADD FOR ADD OR SUBTRACT OPERATN	CSP01770
00A9	ORG	OPR+3 RESET THE ADDRESS COUNTER	CSP01780
00A8 0 C063	OPO LD X	OPR-OP-1 FOR RESETTING THE INSTRCTN	CSP01790
00AA	*	AT OP TO ITS INITIAL STATE..	CSP01800
	END		CSP01810

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

// DUP

CSP01820

*STORE WS JA ADD

CSP01830

3418 000C

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// ASM
** A1A3/A3A1 SUBROUTINES FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE      (ID) CSP01840
* NAME A1A3                                         (ID) CSP01850
* LIST
0000 01C41CC0          ENT    A1A3 A1A3 SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT      CSP01880
*     CALL A1A3(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K,ICHR)
*     THE WORDS JCARD(J) THROUGH      CSP01890
*     JCARD(JLAST) IN A1 FORMAT ARE  CSP01900
*     CRAMMED INTO KCARD IN A3 FORMAT.  CSP01910
0006 01CC1C40          ENT    A3A1 A3A1 SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT      CSP01920
*     CALL A3A1(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K,ICHR)
*     THE WORDS JCARD(J) THROUGH      CSP01930
*     JCARD(JLAST) IN A3 FORMAT ARE  CSP01940
*     UNCRAMMED INTO KCARD IN A1 FORMAT.  CSP01950
*     CSP01960
0000 0 0000   A1A3 DC  **# ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE      CSP01970
0001 0 C002   LD   SW1 LOAD BRANCH TO ELSE      CSP01980
0002 0 D02A   STO  SWITCH STORE BRANCH AT SWITCH      CSP01990
0003 0 7007   MDX  START START COMPUTING      CSP02000
0004 0 7021   SW1  MDX X ELSE-SWITCH-1 BRANCH TO ELSE      CSP02010
0005 0 7000   SW2  MDX X 0 NOP INSTRUCTION      CSP02020
0006 0 0000   A3A1 DC  **# ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE      CSP02030
0007 0 COFE   LD   A3A1 PICK UP ARGUMENT ADDRESS AND      CSP02040
0008 0 D0F7   STO  A1A3 STORE IT IN A1A3      CSP02050
0009 0 COFB   LD   SW2 LOAD NOP INSTRUCTION      CSP02060
000A 0 D022   STO  SWITCH STORE NOP AT SWITCH      CSP02070
000B 0 6965   START STX 1 SAVE1+1 SAVE IR1      CSP02080
000C 0 6A66   STX 2 SAVE2+1 SAVE IR2      CSP02090
000D 0 6867   STX 3 SAVE3+1 SAVE IR3      CSP02100
000E 01 65800000 LDX I1 A1A3 PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IR1      CSP02110
0010 0 C100   LD   I1 0 GET JCARD ADDRESS      CSP02120
0011 00 95800002 S   I1 2 SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE      CSP02130
0013 0 D018   STO  JCARD+1 CREATE JCARD(J) ADDRESS      CSP02140
0014 0 D03F   STO  OVR1+1 STORE JCARD(IJ) ADDRESS      CSP02150
0015 0 D044   STO  OVR2+1 STORE JCARD(IJ) ADDRESS      CSP02160
0016 0 C103   LD   I1 3 GET KCARD ADDRESS      CSP02170
0017 0 8006   A   ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF 1      CSP02180
0018 00 95800004 S   I1 4 SUBTRACT K VALUE      CSP02190
001A 0 D00D   STO  KCARD+1 CREATE KCARD(K) ADDRESS      CSP02200
001B 00 C5800002 LD   I1 2 GET JLAST VALUE      CSP02210
001D 00 95800001 ONE  S   I1 1 SUBTRACT J VALUE      CSP02220
001F 0 80FE   A   ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF 1      CSP02230
0020 0 D009   STO  CNT+1 CREATE FIELD WIDTH      CSP02240
0021 0 C105   LD   I1 5 GET ICHAR ADDRESS      CSP02250
0022 0 9028   S   D40 SUBTRACT CONSTANT OF 40      CSP02260
0023 0 D060   STO  TABLE+1 CREATE TABLE END ADDRESS      CSP02270
0024 0 D066   STO  TCODE+1 STORE TABLE END ADDRESS      CSP02280
0025 0 7106   MDX  I1 6 ADJUST OVER 6 ARGUMENTS      CSP02290
0026 0 6950   STX 1 DONE1+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS      CSP02300
0027 00 65000000 KCARD LDX L1 **# PUT KCARD ADDRESS IN IR1      CSP02310
0029 00 66000000 CNT  LDX L2 **# PUT FIELD WIDTH IN IR2      CSP02320
002B 00 C6000000 JCARD LD  L2 **# PICK UP JCARD(J)      CSP02330
002D 0 7000   SWITCH MDX X 0 SWITCH BETWEEN CRM AND UNCM      CSP02340
002E 01 4C280047 BSC  L MINUS,+ TEST SIGN OF INTEGER      CSP02350
0030 0 1890   SRT  16 SHIFT INTEGER TO EXTENSION      CSP02360
0031 0 A818   D   D1600 DIVIDE BY 1600      CSP02370
0032 0 8018   A   D20 ADJUST FIRST VALUE      CSP02380
0033 0 D0D2   HOLD STO  A3A1 SAVE FIRST CHARACTER VALUE      CSP02390

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ADD	A1A3
A1DEC	A3A1
CARRY	DECA1
DIV	DIV
DPACK	DUNPK
EDIT	FILL
IOND	GET
KEYBD	ICOMP
MOVE	IOND
MPY	KEYBD
NCOMP	MOVE
NSIGN	MPY
NZONE	NCOMP
PACK	NSIGN
PRINT	NZONE
PUNCH	PACK
PUT	PRINT
P1403	PUNCH
P1442	PUT
READ	P1403
R2501	READ
SKIP	R2501
STACK	SKIP
SUB	STACK
S1403	SUB
TYPER	S1403
UNPAC	TYPER
WHOLE	UNPAC

ADD

A1A3

0034 0 1810	SRA	16 ZERO ACCUMULATOR	CSP02410
0035 0 A815	D	D40 DIVIDE BY 40	CSP02420
0036 0 D0C9	STO	A1A3 SAVE SECOND CHARACTER VALUE	CSP02430
0037 0 1090	SLT	16 SHIFT THIRD CHAR VALUE TO ACCUM	CSP02440
0038 0 4400007E	BSI L	DECOD DECODE THIRD CHARACTER	CSP02450
003A 0 D1FE	STO	1 -2 STORE THIRD CHARACTER	CSP02460
003B 0 C0C4	LD	A1A3 GET SECOND CHARACTER	CSP02470
003C 0 4400007E	BSI L	DECOD DECODE SECOND CHARACTER	CSP02480
003E 0 D1FF	STO	1 -1 STORE SECOND CHARACTER	CSP02490
003F 0 C0C6	LD	A1A1 GET FIRST CHARACTER	CSP02300
0040 0 4400007E	BSI L	DECOD DECODE FIRST CHARACTER	CSP02310
0042 0 D100	STO	1 0 STORE FIRST CHARACTER	CSP02320
0043 0 71FD	MDX	1 -3 DECREMENT A1 OUT ARRAY	CSP02330
0044 0 72FF	MDX	2 -1 DECREMENT FIELD WIDTH	CSP02340
0045 0 70E5	MDX	JCARD FIELD WIDTH IS NOT ZERO	CSP02350
0046 0 7029	MDX	SAVE1 GO TO RESTORE AND RETURN	CSP02360
0047 0 8004	MINUS A	D32K ADJUST FOR NEGATIVE INTEGER	CSP02370
0048 0 1890	SRT	16 SHIFT INTEGER TO EXTENSION	CSP02380
0049 0 A803	D	D1600 DIVIDE BY 1600	CSP02390
004A 0 70E8	MDX	HOLD GO TO GET THE REMAINING INTEGERS	CSP02600
004B 0 0028	D40 DC	40 CONSTANT OF 40	CSP02610
004C 0 7000	D32K DC	32000 CONSTANT OF 32000	CSP02620
004D 0 0640	D1600 DC	1600 CONSTANT OF 1600	CSP02630
004E 0 0014	D20 DC	20 CONSTANT OF 20	CSP02640
004F 0 D0B6	ELSE STO	A1A1 STORE FIRST A1 CHARACTER	CSP02650
0050 0 72FF	MDX	2 -1 DECREMENT FIELD WIDTH	CSP02660
0051 0 7001	MDX	OVR1 GO TO GET NEXT CHARACTER	CSP02670
0052 0 7025	MDX	FILL1 LAST CHARACTER-FILL WITH BLANK	CSP02680
0053 0 C6000000	OVR1 LD	L2 **# GET SECOND CHARACTER	CSP02690
0055 0 D0AA	STO	A1A3 STORE SECOND CHARACTER	CSP02700
0056 0 72FF	MDX	2 -1 DECREMENT FIELD WIDTH	CSP02710
0057 0 7001	MDX	OVR2 GO TO GET NEXT CHARACTER	CSP02720
0058 0 7021	MDX	FILL2 LAST CHARACTER-FILL BLANK	CSP02730
0059 0 C6000000	OVR2 LD	L2 **# GET THIRD CHARACTER	CSP02740
005B 0 44000087	RET BSI L	CODE CODE CHARACTER TO NUMBER	CSP02750
005D 0 D0CA	STO	KCARD61 SAVE NUMBER OF THIRD CHARACTER	CSP02760
005E 0 C0A1	LD	A1A3 GET SECOND CHARACTER	CSP02770
005F 0 44000087	BSI L	CODE CODE SECOND CHARACTER	CSP02780
0061 0 A0E9	M	D40 MULTIPLY BY 40 AND	CSP02790
0062 0 1090	SLT	16 SHIFT TO ACCUMULATOR	CSP02800
0063 0 80C4	A	KCARD+1 ADD NUMBER(THIRD) AND	CSP02810
0064 0 D0C3	STO	KCARD+1 SAVE RESULTING INTEGER	CSP02820
0065 0 COAO	LD	A1A1 GET FIRST CHARACTER	CSP02830
0066 0 44000087	BSI L	CODE CODE FIRST CHARACTER	CSP02840
0068 0 90E5	S	D20 SUBTRACT 20	CSP02850
0069 0 A0E3	M	D1600 MULTIPLY BY 1600	CSP02860
006A 0 1090	SLT	16 SHIFT TO ACCUMULATOR	CSP02870
006B 0 80BC	A	KCARD+1 ADD IN PREVIOUS RESULT	CSP02880
006C 0 D100	STO	1 0 STORE IN A3 ARRAY	CSP02890
006D 0 71FF	MDX	1 -1 NEXT WORD IN A3 ARRAY	CSP02900
006E 0 72FF	MDX	2 -1 DECREMENT FIELD WIDTH	CSP02910
006F 0 70B8	MDX	JCARD GET MORE A1 CHARACTERS	CSP02920
0070 00 65000000	SAVE1 LDX L1 **# RESTORE IR1	CSP02930	
0072 00 66000000	SAVE2 LDX L2 **# RESTORE IR2	CSP02940	
0074 00 67000000	SAVE3 LDX L3 **# RESTORE IR3	CSP02950	

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

SUB

S1403

0076 00 4C000000	DONE1 BSC L	**# RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM	CSP02960
0078 0 C004	FILL1 LD	H4040 FILL WITH TWO BLANKS	CSP02970
0079 0 D086	STO	A1A3 STORE SECOND CHARACTER BLANK	CSP02980
007A 0 C002	FILL2 LD	H4040 FILL WITH ONE BLANK	CSP02990
007B 0 7201	MDX	2 1 SET IR1 TO 1	CSP03000
007C 0 70DE	MDX	RET GO TO CODE ROUTINE	CSP03010
007D 0 4040	H4040 DC	/4040 CONSTANT OF A1 BLANK	CSP03020
007E 0 0000	DECOD DC	**# DECODE RETURN ADDRESS GOES HERE	CSP03030
007F 0 809E	A	ONE+1 ADD ONE TO NUMBER GIVING	CSP03040
0080 0 D001	STO	PLACE+1 SUBSCRIPT OF TABLE AND SAVE	CSP03050
0081 00 67000000	PLACE LDX L3 **# LOAD IR2 WITH SUBSCRIPT OF TABLE	CSP03060	
0083 00 C7000000	TABLE LD L3 **# GET A1 CHARACTER	CSP03070	
0085 01 4C80007E	BSC I	DECOD RETURN	CSP03080
0087 0 0000	CODE DC	**# CODE RETURN ADDRESS GOES HERE	CSP03090
0088 0 D0F3	STO	DECOD SAVE THE CHARACTER TO BE CODED	CSP03100
0089 0 6328	LDX	3 40 LOAD IR3 WITH THE TABLE LENGTH=40	CSP03110
008A 00 C7000000	TCODE LD	L3 **# LOAD CHARACTER FROM ICHAR ARRAY	CSP03120
008C 0 F0F1	EOR	DECOD ZERO ACCUMULATOR IF MATCH	CSP03130
008D 01 4C200094	BSC L	OUT+2 GO TO PUT IF NOT ZERO	CSP03140
008F 0 68EE	AWAY STX 3	DECOD SAVE SUBSCRIPT OF MATCH	CSP03150
0090 0 COED	LD	DECOD LOAD SUBSCRIPT	CSP03160
0091 0 908C	S	ONE+1 SUBTRACT ONE GIVING NUMBER	CSP03170
0092 01 4C800087	BSC I	CODE RETURN	CSP03180
0094 0 73FF	OUT MDX	3 -1 DECREMENT THROUGH THE TABLE-ICHAR	CSP03190
0095 0 70F4	TCODE	GO TRY AGAIN	CSP03200
0096 0 COE6	LD	H4040 NOT IN THE TABLE - LOAD A BLANK	CSP03210
0097 0 70F0	MDX	CODE+1 GO BACK TO CODE THE BLANK***	CSP03220
0098	END		CSP03230

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

// DUP

*STORE WS UA A1A3

3332 000A

PAGE 2

PAGE 3

CSP03240

CSP03250

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// ASM
** A1DEC SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE
* NAME A1DEC
* LIST
0001 01C44143 ENT A1DEC A1DEC SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT CSP03260
* CALL A1DEC(JCARD,JLAST,NER) (ID) CSP03270
* THE WORDS JCARD(JLAST) THROUGH (ID) CSP03280
* JCARD(JLAST) ARE CONVERTED FROM CSP03290
* AI FORMAT TO DI FORMAT AND THE CSP03300
* ORIGINAL DATA IS REPLACED BY THE CSP03310
* CONVERTED DATA. CSP03320
0000 0 0004 FOUR DC 4 CONSTANT OF FOUR CSP03330
0001 0 0000 A1DEC DC ** ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE CSP03340
0002 0 6941 STX I SAVE1+1 SAVE IR1 CSP03350
0003 01 65800001 LDX I1 A1DEC PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IR1 CSP03360
0005 0 C100 LD I0 GET JCARD ADDRESS CSP03370
0006 0 D017 STO JCRD1 SETUP JCARD ADDRESS FOR NZONE CSP03380
0007 00 95800002 TWO S I1 2 SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE CSP03390
0009 0 D018 STO I2 PICK+1 PLACE LOAD ADDRESS FOR CONVRS CSP03400
000A 0 D02C STO I3 PUT+1 PLACE STORE ADDRESS FOR CONVRS CSP03410
000B 0 8007 A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE CSP03420
000C 0 D033 STO I4 LAST+1 PLACE ADDRESS OF SIGN POSITON CSP03430
000D 0 C102 LD I5 2 GET JLAST ADDRESS CSP03440
000E 0 D010 STO I6 JLAS1 SETUP JLAST ADDRESS FOR NZONE CSP03450
000F 01 C480001F LD I7 JLAS1 GET JLAST VALUE AND CSP03460
0011 0 D0EF STO I8 A1DEC SAVE IT AT A1DEC CSP03470
0012 00 95800001 ONE S I9 1 SUBTRACT J VALUE CSP03480
0014 0 80FE A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE CSP03490
0015 0 4808 BSC + CHECK FIELD WIDTH CSP03500
0016 0 COFC LD ONE+1 ZERO OR NEGATIVE-MAKE IT ONE CSP03510
0017 0 D00B STO COUNT+1 OK-SAVE WIDTH IN COUNT CSP03520
0018 0 C103 LD I10 3 GET NER ADDRESS CSP03530
0019 0 D016 STO ERA+1 SAVE IT CSP03540
001A 0 7104 MDX I11 MOVE OVER FOUR ARGUMENTS CSP03550
001B 0 692A STX I12 DONE+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS CSP03560
* REMOVE AND SAVE THE SIGN CSP03570
001C 30 15A56545 CALL NZONE REMOVE THE ZONE OVER LOW ORDER CSP03580
001E 0 0000 JCRD1 DC ** ADDRESS OF JCARD CSP03590
001F 0 0000 JLAS1 DC ** ADDRESS OF JLAST CSP03600
0020 1 0000 DC FOUR ADDRESS OF CONSTANT OF FOUR CSP03610
0021 1 001E DC JCRD1 ADDRESS OF OLD ZONE CSP03620
* JNOW=J CSP03630
0022 00 65000000 COUNT LDX L1 ** LOAD IR1 WITH FIELD WIDTH CSP03640
* JTEST=JCARD(JNOW) CSP03650
0024 00 C5000000 PICK LD L1 ** PICK UP JCARD(JNOW) AND CSP03660
0026 01 4C100032 BSC L POS-- CHECK IT AGAINST ZERO CSP03670
0028 0 901E S ZERO NEGATIVE-IS IT LESS THAN CSP03680
0029 01 4C100035 BSC L OK, AN EBCDIC ZERO CSP03690
* NER=JNOW CSP03700
002B 0 69F7 ERR STX I COUNT+1 YES - ERROR CSP03710
002C 0 C0D4 LD A1DEC COMPUTE THE SUBSCRIPT CSP03720
002D 0 90F5 S COUNT+1 OF THIS CHARACTER IN CSP03730
002E 0 80E4 A ONE+1 THE ARRAY AND CSP03740
002F 00 D4000000 ERA STO L ** STORE THE SUBSCRIPT AT NER CSP03750
0031 0 7006 MDX MORE GO GET THE NEXT CHARACTER CSP03760
0032 0 9015 POS S BLANK NOT NEGATIVE - IS IT AN CSP03770
0033 01 4C20002B BSC L ERR,Z EBCDIC BLANK CSP03780

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PAGE	2
*	JTEST + 4032 IS NOW IN ACCUM CSP03830
*	SHIFT 8 IS SAME AS DIVIDE BY 256 CSP03840
0035 0 1808 OK SRA 8 EITHER BLANK OR DIGIT - PUT CSP03850	
0036 00 D5000000 PUT STO L1 ** THE FOUR BITS OF DECIMAL BACK CSP03860	
*	SEE IF JNOW IS LESS THAN JLAST. CSP03870
*	IF YES, JNOW=JNOW+1 AND GO BACK CSP03880
*	FOR MORE, IF NO, SET UP THE CSP03890
*	SIGN. CSP03900
0038 0 71FF MORE MDX I -1 DECREMENT THE FIELD WIDTH CSP03910	
0039 0 70EA MDX I PICK GO BACK FOR MORE CSP03920	
*	WAS THE ORIGINAL SIGN INDICATION CSP03930
*	TWO. IF NOT, ALL DONE. IF YES CSP03940
*	MAKE THE SIGN NEGATIVE. CSP03950
*	JCARD(JLAST)=~JCARD(JLAST) - 1 CSP03960
003A 0 C0E3 LD JCRD1 PICK UP THE OLD ZONE AND CSP03970	
003B 0 90CC S TWO+1 CHECK IT AGAINST TWO CSP03980	
003C 01 4C200043 BSC L SAVE1,Z IF NO MATCH GO TO EXIT CSP03990	
003E 0 90D4 S ONE+1 IF MATCH, MAKE THE CSP04000	
003F 00 F4000000 LAST EOR L ** SIGN NEGATIVE(LOW ORDER) AND CSP04010	
0041 01 D4800040 STO I LAST+1 STORE IT BACK CSP04020	
*	EXIT..... CSP04030
0043 00 65000000 SAVE1 LDX L1 ** RESTORE IR1 CSP04040	
0045 00 4C000000 DONE1 BSC L ** RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM CSP04050	
0047 0 F040 ZERO DC /F040 CONSTANT OF EBCDIC ZERO CSP04060	
0048 0 4040 BLANK DC /F040 CONSTANT OF EBCDIC BLANK CSP04070	
004A END CSP04080	

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

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// DUP
*STORE WS UA A1DEC CSP04090
333C 0005 CSP04100

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ADD	// ASM ** CARRY SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE							CSP04110
A1A3	* NAME CARRY							(ID) CSP04120
	* LIST							(ID) CSP04130
A1DEC	0000 03059668	ENT	CARRY CARRY SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT					CSP04140
	*		CALL CARRY(JCARD,J,ILAST,KARRY)					CSP04150
	*		THE WORDS JCARD(J) THROUGH					CSP04160
	*		JCARD(ILAST) ARE CHECKED TO SEE					CSP04170
	*		THAT THEY ARE BETWEEN ZERO AND					CSP04180
	*		NINE. IF THEY ARE NOT, THE					CSP04190
	*		UNITS DIGIT REMAINS AND THE TENS					CSP04200
	*		DIGIT IS TREATED AS A CARRY TO					CSP04210
	*		THE NEXT WORD.					CSP04220
	0000 0 0000	CARRY DC	** ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE					CSP04230
	0001 0 6930	STX	1	SAVE1+1 SAVE IRI				CSP04240
	0002 01 65800000	LDX	I1	CARRY PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IRI				CSP04250
	0004 0 C100	LD	1	0 GET JCARD ADDRESS				CSP04260
	0005 00 95800002	S	I1	2 SUBTRACT ILAST VALUE				CSP04270
	0007 0 8004	A		ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE				CSP04280
	0008 0 D011	STO		SRCE+1 CREATE JCARD(ILAST) ADDRESS				CSP04290
	0009 00 C9800002	LD	I1	2 GET ILAST VALUE				CSP04300
	0008 00 95800001	ONE	S	I1 1 SUBTRACT J VALUE				CSP04310
	000D 0 80FE	A		ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE				CSP04320
	000E 0 4808	BSC		+ CHECK FIELD WIDTH				CSP04330
	000F 0 COFC	LD		ONE+1 ZERO OR NEGATIVE-MAKE IT ONE				CSP04340
	0010 0 D007	STO		COUNT+1 OK-SAVE WIDTH IN COUNT				CSP04350
	0011 0 C103	LD	I1	3 GET KARRY ADDRESS				CSP04360
	0012 0 D01D	STO		OVF+1 AND SAVE IT				CSP04370
	0013 0 7104	MDX	I1	4 MOVE OVER FOUR ARGUMENTS				CSP04380
	0014 0 691F	STX	I1	DONE1+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS				CSP04390
	0015 0 10A0	SLT		32 CLEAR THE ACCUMULATOR AND EXTEN				CSP04400
	*			LET CARRY BE THE SAME AS NCARY				CSP04410
	0016 0 DOE9	STO		CARRY SET NCARY TO ZERO				CSP04420
	0017 00 65000000	COUNT LDX	L1	** LOAD IRI WITH THE FIELD WIDTH				CSP04430
	*			THE NEXT INSTRUCTION STARTS OUT				CSP04440
	*			BY PICKING UP JCARD(ILAST).				CSP04450
	*			THE SUBSCRIPT IS DECREMENTED BY				CSP04460
	*			THE INSTRUCTION AFTER POSZ.				CSP04470
	*			THE CALCULATIONS ARE..				CSP04480
	*			JTEST=JCARD(JNOW)+NCARY				CSP04490
	*			NCARY=JTEST/10				CSP04500
	*			JTEST=JTEST-10*NCARY				CSP04510
	0019 00 C4000000	SRCE	LD	L ** PICK UP JCARD(JNOW)				CSP04520
	001B 0 80E4	A		CARRY ADD THE PREVIOUS CARRY TO IT				CSP04530
	001C 0 1890	SRT		16 SHIFT THE ACCUM TO THE EXTENTON				CSP04540
	001D 0 A817	D		TEN DIVIDE BY TEN AND				CSP04550
	001E 0 DOE1	STO		CARRY STORE THE QUOTIENT AT NCARY				CSP04560
	*			THE QUOTIENT IS THE GENERATED				CSP04570
	*			' CARRY.				CSP04580
	001F 0 1090	SLT		16 PUT REMAINDER IN ACCUMULATOR AN				CSP04590
	0020 01 4C100028	BSC	L	POSZ,- CHECK TO SEE IF NEGATIVE-NO-				CSP04600
	*			GO TO POSZ.....				CSP04610
	0022 0 8012	A		TEN YES - COMPLIMENT BY ADDING TEN				CSP04620
	0023 0 1890	SRT		16 STORE TEMPORARILY IN EXTENTION				CSP04630
	0024 0 CODB	LD		CARRY LOAD NCARY				CSP04640
	0025 0 90E6	S		ONE+1 AND SUBTRACT				CSP04650
	0026 0 DOD9	STO		CARRY ONE FROM IT				CSP04660
	P1442							
	READ							
	R2501							
	SKIP							
	STACK							
	SUB							
	S1403							
	TYPER							
	UNPAC							
	WHOLE							
	0027 0 1090	*	SLT	16 JCARD(JNOW)=JTEST				CSP04680
	*			SHIFT COMPLIMENTED REMAINDER				CSP04690
	*			BACK TO ACCUMULATOR				CSP04700
	0028 01 D480001A	POSZ	STO	I SRCE+1 AND STORE IN RESULT				CSP04710
	*			JNOW=JNOW-1				CSP04720
	002A 01 7401001A	MDX	L	SRCE+1,I GO TO NEXT DIGIT OF JCARD				CSP04730
	*			IF JNOW IS LESS THAN J, ALL				CSP04740
	*			DONE, OTHERWISE, GET THE NEXT				CSP04750
	*			DIGIT.				CSP04760
	002C 0 71FF	MDX	I -1	DECREMENT THE FIELD WIDTH				CSP04770
	002D 0 70EB	MDX		SRCE GO BACK FOR NEXT DIGIT				CSP04780
	*			KARRY=NCARY				CSP04790
	002E 0 COD1	LD		CARRY ALL DONE - PICK UP ANY				CSP04800
	002F 00 D4000000	OVF	STO	L ** GENERATED CARRY AND STORE IT				CSP04810
	*			AR KARRY. EXIT.....				CSP04820
	0031 00 65000000	SAVE1	LDX	L1 ** RESTORE IRI				CSP04830
	0033 00 4C000000	DONE1	BSC	L ** RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM				CSP04840
	0035 0 000A	TEN	DC	10 CONSTANT OF TEN				CSP04850
	0036	END						CSP04860

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

// DUP		CSP04870
*STORE	WS UA CARRY	CSP04880
3341 0004		

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// ASM
** DECA1 SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE      CSP04890
* NAME DECA1          (ID) CSP04900
* LIST               (ID) CSP04910
0000 04143071      ENT     DECA1 DECA1 SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT      CSP04930
*           CALL DECA1(JCARD(J),JLAST,NER)      CSP04940
*           THE WORDS JCARD(J) THROUGH      CSP04950
*           JCARD(JLAST) ARE CONVERTED FROM      CSP04960
*           D1 FORMAT TO A1 FORMAT AND THE      CSP04970
*           ORIGINAL DATA IS REPLACED BY THE      CSP04980
*           CONVERTED DATA.      CSP04990
0000 0 0000      DECA1 DC  **-* ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE      CSP05000
0001 0 6942      STX  1 SAVE1+1 SAVE IRI      CSP05010
0002 0 1 65800000 LDX  11 DECA1 PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IRI      CSP05020
0004 0 C100      LD   0 GET JCARD ADDRESS      CSP05030
0005 0 D039      STO  JCRD1 SETUP JCARD ADDRESS FOR NZONE      CSP05040
0006 0 95800002 TWO  S 11 2 SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE      CSP05050
0008 0 D020      STO  PICK+1 PLACE LOAD ADDRESS FOR CONVRSN      CSP05060
0009 0 D030      STO  PUT+1 PLACE STORE ADDRESS FOR CONVRSN      CSP05070
000A 0 8007      A   ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE      CSP05080
0008 0 D010      STO  TEST+1 CREATE JCARD(JLAST) ADDRESS      CSP05090
000C 0 C102      LD   1 2 GET JLAST ADDRESS      CSP05100
000D 0 D032      STO  JLAS1 SETUP JLAST ADDRESS FOR NZONE      CSP05110
000E 0 1 C4800040 LD   I JLAS1 GET JLAST VALUE AND      CSP05120
0010 0 D0EF      STO  DECA1 SAVE IT AT DECA1      CSP05130
0011 0 95800001 ONE  S 11 1 SUBTRACT J VALUE      CSP05140
0013 0 80FE      A   ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE      CSP05150
0014 0 4808      BSC  + CHECK FIELD WIDTH      CSP05160
0015 0 COFC      LD   ONE+1 NEGATIVE OR ZERO-MAKE IT ONE      CSP05170
0016 0 D010      STO  COUNT+1 OK-SAVE WIDTH IN COUNT      CSP05180
0017 0 C103      LD   1 3 GET NER ADDRESS      CSP05190
0018 0 D018      STO  ERA+1 SAVE IT      CSP05200
0019 0 7104      MDX  1 4 MOVE OVER FOUR ARGUMENTS      CSP05210
001A 0 692B      STX  1 DONE1+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS      CSP05220
*           CHECK THE SIGN OF JCARD, IF      CSP05230
*           NEGATIVE, SET JSIGN=2, AND MAKE      CSP05240
*           IT POSITIVE, OTHERWISE, SET      CSP05250
*           JSIGN=4      CSP05260
001B 0 0 C4000000 TEST  LD  L  **-* GET JCARD(JLAST)      CSP05270
001D 01 4C280021 BSC  L  NEG+Z CHECK FOR NEGATIVE      CSP05280
001F 0 C027      LD   FOUR NO - LOAD FOUR      CSP05290
0020 0 7004      MDX  GO SKIP OVER NEGATIVE PROCESSING      CSP05300
0021 0 F026      NEG  EOR HFFFF YES - CHANGE SIGN TO POSITIVE      CSP05310
0022 01 D480001C STO  I TEST+1 RESTORE SIGN AS POSITIVE      CSP05320
0024 0 C0E2      LD   TWO+1 LOAD TWO      CSP05330
0025 0 D0F6      GO   STO  TEST+1 STORE ACCUMULATOR TO SAVE SIGN      CSP05340
*           JNOW=J      CSP05350
0026 0 0 65000000 COUNT LDX L1 **-* LOAD IRI WITH FIELD WIDTH      CSP05360
*           JTEST=JCARD1(JNOW)      CSP05370
0028 0 0 C5000000 PICK  LD  L1 **-* PICK UP JCARD(JNOW)      CSP05380
002A 01 4C100033 BSC  L  OK,- AND CHECK IT AGAINST ZERO      CSP05390
*           NER=JNOW      CSP05400
002C 0 69FA      ERR  STX  I COUNT+1 LESS THAN - ERROR      CSP05410
002D 0 C0D2      LD   DECA1 CALCULATE THE SUBSCRIPT      CSP05420
002E 0 90F8      S   COUNT+1 OF THIS DIGIT      CSP05430
002F 0 80E2      A   ONE+1 AND STORE      CSP05440
0030 0 0 D4000000 ERA   STO  L  **-* IT AT NER      CSP05450

```

ADD
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1
 CARRY
DECA1
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE

PAGE 2

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0032 0 7008      MDX  MORE GET NEXT DIGIT      CSP05460
0033 0 9015      OK   TEN NOT LESS - COMPARE IT TO      CSP05470
0034 01 4C10002C BSC  L  ERR,- CONSTANT OF TEN-NOT LESS GO TO      CSP05480
*           ERR      CSP05490
0036 0 8012      A   TEN LESS - ADD TEN BACK      CSP05500
0037 0 1008      SLA  8 SHIFT THE FOUR BITS OF DECIMAL      CSP05510
0038 0 E811      OR   ZERO IN PLACE AND CREATE A1      CSP05520
0039 00 D5000000 PUT   STO  L1 **-* CHARACTER-STORE IN JCARD(JNOW)  

*           SEE IF JNOW IS LESS THAN JLAST,  

*           IF YES, JNOW=JNOW+1 AND GO BACK  

*           FOR MORE, IF NO, SETUP THE SIGN      CSP05530
0038 0 71FF      MORE  MDX  I -1 DECREMENT THE FIELD WIDTH      CSP05540
003C 0 70EB      MDX  PICK GO BACK FOR MORE      CSP05550
003D 30 15A56545 CALL  JZONE NZONE ROUTINE TO PLACE SIGN      CSP05560
003F 0 0000      JCRD1 DC  **-* ADDRESS OF JCARD      CSP05570
0040 0 0000      JLAS1 DC  **-* ADDRESS OF JLAST      CSP05580
0041 1 001C      DC   TEST+1 ADDRESS OF SIGN INDICATOR TO  

*           USE      CSP05590
0042 1 003F      DC   JCRD1 ADDRESS OF SIGN INDICATOR FOR  

*           OLD SIGN      CSP05600
*           EXIT      CSP05610
0043 00 65000000 SAVE1 LDX L1 **-* RESTORE IRI      CSP05620
0045 00 4C000000 DONE1 BSC L  **-* RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM      CSP05630
0047 0 0004      FOUR DC  4 CONSTANT OF FOUR      CSP05640
0048 0 FFFF      HFFFF DC  /FFFF CONSTANT OF ALL BINARY ONES      CSP05650
0049 0 000A      TEN  DC  10 CONSTANT OF TEN      CSP05660
004A 0 F040      ZERO DC  /F040 CONSTANT OF EBCDIC ZERO      CSP05670
004C          END

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NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

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// DUP          CSP05740
*STORE      WS UA DECA1      CSP05750
3345 0006

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ADD	// ASM		CSP05760
A1A3	** DIV SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE	(ID)	CSP05770
	* NAME DIV	(ID)	CSP05780
	* LIST		CSP05790
A1DEC	0000 04265000 ENT DIV DIVIDE SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT		CSP05800
	* CALL DIV(JCARD,J,JLAST,K,KLAST,NER)		CSP05810
A3A1	* THE WORDS JCARD(J) THROUGH		CSP05820
CARRY	* JCARD(JLAST) ARE DIVIDED INTO		CSP05830
DECA1	* THE WORDS KCARD(K) THROUGH		CSP05840
DIV	* KCARD(KLAST). THE KCARD FIELD		CSP05850
DPACK	* IS EXTENDED TO THE LEFT AND		CSP05860
DUNPK	* CONTAINS THE QUOTIENT AND		CSP05870
EDIT	* REMAINDER.		CSP05880
FILL	0000 0 0000 DIV DC *** ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE		CSP05890
GET	0001 0 6970 STX 1 SAVE1+1 SAVE IR1		CSP05900
ICOMP	0002 0 6A71 STX 2 SAVE2+1 SAVE IR2		CSP05910
IOND	0003 0 6B72 STX 3 SAVE3+1 SAVE IR3		CSP05920
KEYBD	0004 01 65800000 LDX I1 DIV PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IR1		CSP05930
MOVE	0006 0 C100 LD I0 GET JCARD ADDRESS		CSP05940
MPY	0007 00 95800002 S I1 2 SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE		CSP05950
NCOMP	0009 0 D04C STO SRCH+1 STORE END OF JCARD ADDRESS		CSP05960
NSIGN	000A 01 D40000AD STO L MULT1+1 FOR SEARCH AND MULTIPLICATION		CSP05970
NZONE	000C 0 8004 A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE		CSP05980
PACK	000D 0 D011 STO SGNJ+1 CREATE JCARD(JLAST) ADDRESS		CSP05990
PRINT	*	JSPAN=JLAST-J+1	CSP06000
PUNCH	000E 00 C5800002 TWO LD I1 2 GET JLAST VALUE		CSP06010
PUT	0010 00 95800001 ONE S I1 1 SUBTRACT J VALUE		CSP06020
P1403	0012 0 80FE A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE		CSP06030
P1442	0013 0 4808 BSC + CHECK FIELD WIDTH		CSP06040
READ	0014 0 COFC LD ONE+1 NEGATIVE OR ZERO-MAKE IT ONE		CSP06050
R2501	0015 0 D03E STO SRCH+1 STORE COUNT FOR SEARCH		CSP06060
SKIP	0016 0 C103 LD I3 GET KCARD ADDRESS		CSP06070
STACK	0017 0 D037 STO KCRD1 SAVE FOR FILL		CSP06080
SUB	0018 00 95800005 S I1 5 SUBTRACT KLAST VALUE		CSP06090
S1403	001A 0 80F6 A ONE&1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE		CSP06100
TYPER	001B 0 D00D STO SGNK+1 CREATE KCARD(KLAST) ADDRESS		CSP06110
UNPAC	001C 0 7107 MDX I7 MOVE OVER SEVEN ARGUMENTS		CSP06120
WHOLE	001D 0 695A STX I DONE1+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS		CSP06130
	*	CLEAR AND SAVE THE SIGNS ON THE	CSP06140
	SGNJ LD L *** PICKUP THE SIGN OF JCARD		CSP06150
	STO DIV SAVE IT IN DIV		CSP06160
	BSC L JPLUS+- IF NOT NEGATIVE-GO TO JPLUS		CSP06170
	EOR HFFFF+1 NEGATIVE-MAKE IT POSITIVE		CSP06180
	STO I SGNJ+1 PUT BACK IN JCARD(JLAST)		CSP06190
	LD HFFFF+1 LOAD A MINUS ONE		CSP06200
	JPLUS SRT 16 SAVE IN EXTENSION		CSP06210
	SGNK LD L *** PICKUP THE SIGN OF KCARD		CSP06220
	STO KSIGN SAVE IT IN KSIGN		CSP06230
	BSC L KPLUS+- IF NOT NEGATIVE-GO TO KPLUS		CSP06240
	EOR HFFFF+1 NEGATIVE-MAKE IT POSITIVE		CSP06250
	STO I SGNK+1 PUT BACK IN KCARD(KLAST)		CSP06260
	SLT 16 GET SIGN OF JCARD		CSP06270
	EOR HFFFF+1 CHANGE IT		CSP06280
	MDX OVRK SKIP NEXT INSTRUCTION		CSP06290
	OVRK STO QSIGN STORE FOR SIGN OF QUOTIENT		CSP06300
			CSP06310
			CSP06320

ADD
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1
 CARRY
 DECA1
DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE

PAGE 2
 * KSTRT=K-1
 0035 00 C580FFFF LD I1 -3 GET VALUE OF K CSP06330
 0037 00 8025 A HFFFF61 SUBTRACT CONSTANT OF ONE CSP06340
 0038 00 D040 STO KSTRT SAVE IN KSTRT CSP06350
 * KLOW=K-JSPAN CSP06360
 0039 00 80D7 A ONE+1 GET VALUE OF K CSP06380
 003A 00 9019 S SRCH+1 SUBTRACT JSPAN CSP06390
 003B 00 D041 STO KLOW SAVE IN KLOW CSP06400
 003C 00 C580FFFF MTWO LD I1 -2 GET KLAST VALUE CSP06410
 003E 00 D040 STO TMP SAVE IT CSP06420
 * CALCULATE THE ADDRESS OF THE CSP06430
 SIGN OF THE QUOTIENT CSP06440
 003F 00 C00F LD KCRD1 GET KCARD ADDRESS CSP06450
 0040 00 903E S TMP SUBTRACT KLAST VALUE CSP06460
 0041 00 8012 A SRCH+1 ADD JSPAN CSP06470
 0042 00 80CE A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE CSP06480
 0043 01 D40000DF STO L QUOT+1 STORE ADDR OF SIGN OF QUOTIENT CSP06490
 * IS KLAST-KSTRT-JSPAN NEGATIVE CSP06500
 0045 00 C039 LD TMP LOAD KLAST VALUE CSP06510
 0046 00 9032 S KSTRT SUBTRACT KSTRT CSP06520
 0047 00 900C S SRCH+1 SUBTRACT JSPAN CSP06530
 0048 01 4C28005B BSC L ERR,+Z IF NEGATIVE-GO TO ERROR CSP06540
 * IS KLOW POSITIVE CSP06550
 004A 00 C032 LD KLOW OK-GET KLOW VALUE CSP06560
 004B 01 4C08005B BSC L ERR,+ IF NOT POSITIVE-GO TO ERROR CSP06570
 * FILL THE EXTENSION OF KCARD WITH CSP06580
 ZEROES CSP06590
 004D 30 062534C0 CALL FILL OK-FILL EXTENSION WITH ZEROES CSP06600
 004F 00 0000 KCRD1 DC ** ADDRESS OF KCARD CSP06610
 0050 1 007D DC KLOW ADDRESS OF LEFT END OF EXTENSION CSP06620
 0051 1 0079 DC KSTRT ADDRESS OF RGHTE END OF EXTENSION CSP06630
 0052 1 007C DC ZIP ADDRESS OF CONSTANT OF ZERO CSP06640
 * JFRSTW₂ CSP06650
 0053 00 66000000 SRCHT LDX L2 *** LOAD IR2 WITH JCARD COUNT CSP06660
 0055 00 C6000000 SRCH LD L2 *** PICKUP JCARD(JFRST) CSP06670
 * IS JCARD(JFRST) POSITIVE CSP06680
 0057 01 4C300080 BSC L HIT,-Z IF POSITIVE-GO TO HIT CSP06690
 * SEE IF JFRST IS LESS THAN JLAST. CSP06700
 * IF YES, JFRST=JFRST+1 AND GO CSP06710
 * BACK FOR MORE, IF NO, ERROR. CSP06720
 0059 00 72FF MDX 2 -1 DECREMENT IR2 CSP06730
 005A 00 70FA MDX SRCH GO BACK FOR MORE CSP06740
 * ERROR - NER=KLAST CSP06750
 005B 00 C023 ERR LD TMP PICKUP KLAST VALUE CSP06760
 005C 00 D580FFFF HFFFF STO I1 -1 AND STORE IN NER CSP06770
 * REPLACE JCARD SIGN CSP06780
 005E 00 C0A1 FINER LD DIV PICKUP JCARD SIGN AND CSP06790
 005F 01 D480001F STO I SGNJ+1 PUT IT BACK CSP06800
 * REPLACE KCARD SIGN CSP06810
 0061 00 C018 LD KSIGN PICKUP KCARD SIGN CSP06820
 0062 01 4C28006C BSC L KNEG,+Z IF NEGATIVE-GO TO KNEG CSP06830
 0064 01 C4800029 LD I SGNK+1 NOT NEGATIVE-PICKUP NEW SIGN CSP06840
 0066 01 4C100071 BSC L SAVE1,- IF NOT NEGATIVE-GO TO EXIT CSP06850
 0068 00 F0F4 BCK1 EOR HFFFF+1 NEGATIVE-CHANGE SIGN AND CSP06860
 0069 01 D4800029 STO I SGNK+1 PUT INTO KCARD(KLAST) CSP06870

ADD

PAGE 3

A1A3

CSP06880

A1DEC

CSP06890

A3A1

CSP06900

CARRY

CSP06910

DECA1

CSP06920

DIV

CSP06930

DPACK

CSP06940

DUNPK

CSP06950

EDIT

CSP06960

FILL

CSP06970

GET

CSP06980

ICOMP

CSP06990

IOND

CSP07000

KEYBD

CSP07010

MOVE

CSP07020

MPY

CSP07030

NCOMP

CSP07040

NSIGN

CSP07050

NZONE

CSP07060

PACK

CSP07070

PRINT

CSP07080

PUNCH

CSP07090

PUT

CSP07100

P1403

CSP07110

0081 0 6A28	STX	2	JLOOP+1 GET THE VALUE OF JLAST-JFRST	CSP07120
0082 0 COCC	LD		KCRD1 GET KCARD ADDRESS	CSP07130
0083 0 D03E	STO		KCRD2 SAVE FOR CARRY	CSP07140
0084 0 90F8	S		KLOW SUBTRACT KLOW VALUE	CSP07150
0085 0 9024	S		JLOOP+1 SUBTRACT JLAST-JFRST VALUE	CSP07160
0086 0 9086	S		MTWO+1 ADD CONSTANT OF TWO	CSP07170
0087 0 D04E	STO		PUT2+1 SAVE ADDRESS FOR STORING	CSP07180
	*		KSTOP=KLAST+JFRST-JLAST-1	CSP07190
			KM=KSTRT	CSP07200
0088 0 C0F6	LD		TMP GET KLAST VALUE	CSP07210
0089 0 9020	S		JLOOP+1 SUBTRACT JLAST-JFRST VALUE	CSP07220
008A 0 9022	S		HFFFF+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE	CSP07230
008B 0 D0CA	STO		SRCHG1 SAVE VALUE FOR COMPLIMENTING	CSP07240
008C 0 90EC	S		KSTRT SUBTRACT KSTRT VALUE	CSP07250
008D 0 D00B	STO		LOOPM+1 SAVE COUNT AT LOOPM+1	CSP07260
008E 0 C033	LD		KCRD2 GET KCARD ADDRESS	CSP07270
008F 0 90EF	S		TMP SUBTRACT KLAST VALUE	CSP07280
0090 0 8019	A		JLOOP&1 ADD JLAST-JFRST VALUE	CSP07290
0091 0 D009	STO		DIVL61 SAVE FOR MULT. BY TEN	CSP07300
0092 0 D038	STO		DIVS61 SAVE FOR ADD OF 10^KNOW	CSP07310
0093 0 D039	STO		DIV661 SAVE FOR STORE OF 10^KNOW	CSP07320
0094 0 80C8	A		HFFFF+1 SUBTRACT CONSTANT OF ONE	CSP07330
0095 0 D009	STO		DIVZ61 SAVE FOR ADD INTO MULT	CSP07340
0096 0 D01A	STO		DIV361 SAVE FOR SUBTRACTION FROM	CSP07350
0097 0 D01B	STO		DIV461 SAVE FOR STORE SUBTRACTED FROM	CSP07360
	*		KM=KSTRT	CSP07370
0098 00 65000000	LOOPM LDX L1	**	LOAD IR1 WITH COUNT	CSP07380
	*		MULT=(10*KCARD(KM)+KCARD(KM+1))	CSP07390
	*		DIVIDED BY JHIGH	CSP07400
009A 00 C5000000	DIV1 LD L1	**	PICKUP KCARD(KM)	CSP07410
009C 0 A0E1	M		TEN MULTIPLY BY TEN	CSP07420
009D 0 1090	SLT	16	REPOSITION PRODUCT	
009E 00 85000000	DIV2 A L1	**	ADD IN KCARD(KM+1)	
00A0 0 1890	SRT	16	REPOSITION FOR DIVISION	
00A1 0 A8B2	D		SRCHT+1 DIVIDE BY JHIGH	
00A2 0 D0DA	STO		KLOW SAVE IN KLOW(MULT)	

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

SUB

S1403

TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE

PAGE 4

00A3 0 D0D5	*	NQUO=MULT	CSP07430	ADD
	STO	KSTRT SAVE IN KSTRT(NQUO)	CSP07440	A1A3
00A4 01 4C0800D4	*	IS MULT GREATER THAN ZERO	CSP07450	A1DEC
	BSC	L PUT,+ IF MULT NOT POSITIVE-GO TO PUT	CSP07460	A3A1
00A6 0 6901	*	KNOW=KM+1	CSP07470	CARRY
00A7 00 67000000	ADBCK	STX L KNOW+1 POSITIVE-GET KM+1 AND	CSP07480	DECA1
	LDX	L3 ** PUT IT IN IR3	CSP07490	DIV
00A9 00 66000000	JLOOP	LDX L2 ** RELOAD IR2 WITH REMAINING JCARD	CSP07500	DPACK
00AB 0 1810	SRA	16 CLEAR ACCUMULATOR	CSP07510	DUNPK
	*	KCARD(KNOW)=KCARD(JNOW) -	CSP07520	EDIT
00AC 00 96000000	MULT1	S L2 ** LOAD NEGATIVE JCARD(JNOW)	CSP07530	FILL
00AE 0 A0CE		M KLOW MULTIPLY BY MULT	CSP07550	GET
00AF 0 1090	SLT	16 REPOSITION PRODUCT	CSP07560	ICOMP
00B0 00 87000000	DIV3	A L3 ** ADD IN KCARD(KNOW)	CSP07570	IOND
00B2 00 D7000000	DIV4	STO L3 ** STORE AT KCARD(KNOW)	CSP07580	KEYBD
	*	KNOW=KNOW+1	CSP07590	MOVE
00B4 0 73FF	MDX	3 -1 DECREMENT IR3	CSP07600	MPY
00B5 0 7000	MDX	* NOP	CSP07620	NCOMP
	*	IS JNOW LESS THAN JLAST. IF YES	CSP07630	NSIGN
	*	JNOW=JNOW+1 AND GO BACK FOR MORE	CSP07640	NZONE
	*	IF NO, RESOLVE CARRIES.	CSP07650	PACK
00B6 0 72FF	MDX	2 -1 DECREMENT IR2	CSP07660	PRINT
00B7 0 70F9	MDX	JLOOP+2 NOT DONE-GO BACK FOR MORE	CSP07670	PUNCH
00B8 0 69EF	STX	1 KNOW+1 DONE-CALCULATE	CSP07680	PUT
00B9 0 C09C	LD	SRCH61 THE VALUE OF	CSP07690	P1403
00BA 0 90ED	S	KNOW+1 KNOW-1	CSP07700	P1442
00BB 0 DOECD	STO	KNOW+1 BY COMPLIMENTING COUNT	CSP07710	READ
00BC 0 68DC	STX	3 LOOPM+1 CALCULATE THE	CSP07720	R2501
00BD 0 C098	LD	SRCH61 VALUE OF KM	CSP07730	SKIP
00BE 0 90DA	S	LOOPM+1 BY COMPLIMENTING THE	CSP07740	STACK
00BF 0 D0D9	STO	LOOPM+1 OTHER COUNT	CSP07750	SUB
	*	RESOLVE CARRIES IN THIS RESULT	CSP07760	S1403
00C0 30 03059668	CALL	CARRY RESOLVE CARRIES	CSP07770	TYPER
00C2 0 0000	KCRD2	DC 4-* ADDRESS OF KCARD	CSP07780	UNPAC
00C3 1 00AB	DC	KNOW+1 ADDRESS OF KM	CSP07790	WHOLE
00C4 1 0099	DC	LOOPM+1 ADDRESS OF KNOW-1	CSP07800	
00C5 1 00A8	DC	KNOW+1 ADDRESS OF GENERATED CARRY	CSP07810	
	*	IS KNOW LESS THAN ZERO	CSP07820	
00C6 01 4C1000D4	BSC	L PUT,- IF NOT NEGATIVE-GO TO PUT	CSP07830	
	*	KCARD(KM)=KCARD(KM)+10*KNOW	CSP07840	
00C8 0 A0B5	M	TEN NEGATIVE-MULTIPLY CARRY BY TEN	CSP07850	
00C9 0 1090	SLT	16 REPOSITION PRODUCT	CSP07860	
00CA 00 85000000	DIV5	A L1 ** ADD IN KCARD(KNOW)	CSP07870	
00CC 00 D5000000	DIV6	STO L1 ** STORE AT KCARD(KNOW)	CSP07880	
	*	MULT=-1	CSP07890	
00CE 0 C08E	LD	HFFFF+1 LOAD A MINUS ONE	CSP07900	
00CF 0 D0AD	STO	KLOW STORE IN MULT	CSP07910	
	*	NQUO=NQUO-1	CSP07920	
00D0 0 COA8	LD	KSTRT LOAD THE VALUE OF NQUO	CSP07930	
00D1 0 808B	A	HFFFF+1 SUBTRACT CONSTANT OF ONE	CSP07940	
00D2 0 D0A6	STO	KSTRT STORE IN NQUO	CSP07950	
00D3 0 70D2	MDX	ADBCK GO TO ADD OVERDRAW BACK	CSP07960	
	*	KCARD(KPUT)=NQUO	CSP07970	

PAGE 5

00D4 0 COA4	PUT	LD KSTRT LOAD NQUO	CSP07980	
00D5 00 D4000000	PUT2	STO L *-* STORE AT KCARD(KPUT)	CSP07990	
	*	KPUT=KPUT+1	CSP08000	
00D7 01 74FF00D6		MDX L PUT2+1,-1 MODIFY KCARD(KPUT) ADDRESS	CSP08010	
	*	SEE IF KM IS LESS THAN KSTOP.	CSP08020	
	*	IF YES, KM=KM+1 AND GO BACK FOR	CSP08030	
	*	MORE. IF NO, PLACE ALL SIGNS.	CSP08040	
00D9 0 71FF	MDX	1 -1 DECREMENT IR1	CSP08050	
00DA 0 70BF	MDX	DIV1 NOT DONE-GO BACK FOR MORE	CSP08060	
	*	PUT SIGN ON QUOTIENT	CSP08070	
00DB 0 C09F	LD	QSIGN DONE-PICKUP SIGN OF QUOTIENT	CSP08080	
00DC 01 4C2800E8	BSC	L NEG,+Z IF NEGATIVE-GO TO NEG	CSP08090	
00DE 00 C4000000	QUOT	LD L *-* NOT NEGATIVE-PICKUP ACTUAL SIGN	CSP08100	
00EE 01 4C10005E		BSC L FINER,- IF NOT NEGATIVE-GO TO OTHERS	CSP08110	
00EE 01 F400005D	BCK2	EOR L HFFFF+1 NEGATIVE-CHANGE SIGN	CSP08120	
00EE 01 D48000DF		STO I QUOT+1 PUT SIGN ON QUOTIENT	CSP08130	
00EE 01 4C00005E	BSC	L FINER, GO TO REPLACE OTHER SIGNS	CSP08140	
00EB 01 C48000DF	NEG	LD I QUOT+1 NEGATIVE-PICKUP ACTUAL SIGN	CSP08150	
00EA 01 4C28005E	BSC	L FINER,+Z IF NEGATIVE-GO TO OTHER SIGN	CSP08160	
00EC 0 70F5	MDX	BCK2 GO TO CHANGE SIGN	CSP08170	
00EE	END		CSP08180	

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

// DUP
*STORE WS UA DIV
334B 000F

ADD	// ASM						
A1A3	## DPACK/DUNPK SUBROUTINES FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE (ID) CSP08210						
	* NAME DUNPK (ID) CSP08220						
	* LIST CSP08230						
A1DEC	0000 0 049155D2	ENT	DUNPK DUNPK SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT CSP08240	CSP08250			
	*		CALL DUNPK(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K)	CSP08260			
	*		THE WORDS JCARD(J) THROUGH	CSP08270			
	*		JCARD(JLAST) IN D4 FORMAT ARE	CSP08280			
A3A1	*		UNPACKED INTO KCARD IN D1 FORMAT.	CSP08290			
CARRY	0006 0 045C10D2	ENT	DPACK DPACK SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT CSP08300	CSP08310			
DECA1	*		CALL DPACK(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K)	CSP08320			
DIV	*		THE WORDS JCARD(J) THROUGH	CSP08330			
DPACK	*		JCARD(JLAST) IN D1 FORMAT ARE PACKED	CSP08340			
DUNPK	*		INTO KCARD IN D4 FORMAT.	CSP08350			
EDIT	0000 0 0000 DUNPK DC	*** ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE	CSP08360				
	0001 0 C003 LD	SW2 LOAD NOP INSTRUCTION	CSP08370				
	0002 0 D020 STO	SWTCH STORE NOP AT SWITCH	CSP08380				
	0003 0 7007 MDX	START COMPUTING					
	0004 0 7027 SW1 MDX X ELSE-SWTCH-1 BRANCH TO ELSE	CSP08390					
	0005 0 7000 SW2 MDX X 0 NOP INSTRUCTION	CSP08400					
	0006 0 0000 DPACK DC	*** ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE	CSP08410				
FILL	0007 0 COFE LD	DPACK PICK UP ARGUMENT ADDRESS	CSP08420				
	0008 0 D0F7 STO	DUNPK AND STORE IT IN DUNPK	CSP08430				
GET	0009 0 COFA LD	SW1 LOAD BRANCH TO ELSE	CSP08440				
ICOMP	000A 0 D018 STO	SWTCH STORE BRANCH AT SWITCH	CSP08450				
IOND	0008 0 6952 START STX	1 SAVE1+1 SAVE IR1	CSP08460				
KEYBD	000C 0 6A53 STX	2 SAVE2+1 SAVE IR2	CSP08470				
MOVE	000D 01 69800000 LDX	11 DUNPK PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IR1	CSP08480				
MPY	000F 0 C100 LD	1 0 GET JCARD ADDRESS	CSP08490				
NCOMP	0010 0 8001 A	ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF 1	CSP08500				
NSIGN	0011 00 95800001 ONE S	I1 1 SUBTRACT J VALUE	CSP08510				
NZONE	0013 D00D STO	JCARD+1 CREATE JCARD(J) ADDRESS	CSP08520				
PACK	0014 0 C103 LD	1 3 GET KCARD ADDRESS	CSP08530				
PRINT	0015 0 80FC A	A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF 1	CSP08540				
PUNCH	0016 00 95800004 FOUR S	I1 4 SUBTRACT K VALUE	CSP08550				
PUT	0018 0 D006 STO	KCARD+1 CREATE KCARD(K) ADDRESS	CSP08560				
P1403	0019 0 C100 LD	1 0 GET JCARD ADDRESS	CSP08570				
P1442	0020 0 C40000000 JCARD L	A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF 1	CSP08580				
READ	0022 0 6204 LDX	S I1 2 SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE	CSP08590				
R2501	0023 0 7000 SWTCH MDX	2 4 LOAD IR2 WITH 4 DIGITS/WORD	CSP08600				
SKIP	0024 0 1890 SRT	X 0 SWITCH BETWEEN DPACK AND DUNPK	CSP08610				
STACK	*	16 TEMPORARILY SAVE ACCUM IN EXTN	CSP08620				
SUB		CHECK FOR JCARD(JLAST)	CSP08630				
S1403		LD JCARD+1 PICK UP CURRENT JCARD ADDR	CSP08640				
TYPER	0025 0 COFB LD	DPACK SUBTRACT JCARD(JLAST)	CSP08650				
UNPAC	0026 0 90DF BSC	L ALDO++ IF ZERO, ALL DONE - ALDO	CSP08660				
WHOLE	0027 01 4C080059 AGAIN SRA	16 NOT DONE - CLEAR ACCUMULATOR	CSP08670				
	0029 0 1810 SLT	4 GET FIRST DIGIT OF WORD	CSP08680				
	002A 0 1084 EOR	HOOOF IS IT FILLER	CSP08690				
	002B 0 F00A BSC	L NEXT,-- YES - GO TO NEXT	CSP08700				
	002C 01 4C180031 EOR	HOOOF NO - RESTORE TO ORIGINAL	CSP08710				
	002E 0 F007 STO	1 0 STORE IN KCARD	CSP08720				
	002F 0 D100 LD	1 -1 GO TO NEXT WORD OF KCARD	CSP08730				
	0030 0 71FF MDX	CSP08740					
	0031 0 72FF NEXT MDX	2 -1 DECREMENT DIGITS/WORD	CSP08750				
		PAGE 2					
	0032 0 70F6 MDX	AGAIN MORE IN THIS WORD - GO BACK	CSP08760				
	0033 01 74FF0021 MDX	L JCARD+1,-1 THIS WORD DONE	CSP08770				
	*	GET NEXT WORD IN JCARD	CSP08780				
	0035 0 70EA MDX	JCARD GO BACK	CSP08790				
	0036 0 000F H000F DC	/000F CONSTANT OF 15 TO DETECT FILLER	CSP08800				
	0037 01 74010021 EN	MDX L JCARD+1,1 BACK UP JCARD FOR SIGN	CSP08810				
	0039 0 6AE5 STX	2 KCARD+1 IF DIGITS/WORD IS FOUR,	CSP08820				
	003A 0 COE4 LD	KCARD+1 ALL DONE EXCEPT FOR SIGN	CSP08830				
	003B 0 90DB S	FOUR+1 SUBTRACT FOUR FROM DIGITS/WORD	CSP08840				
	003C 01 4C180046 BSC	L LAST,-- IF ZERO - ALL DONE - GO LAST	CSP08850				
	003E 0 1884 SRT	4 NOT DONE - TAKE OUT SIGN	CSP08860				
	003F 0 C023 BACK LD	HFO00 PUT IN FILLER	CSP08870				
	0040 0 18DC RTE	28 SET FILLER IN LOW ORDER OF EXTN	CSP08880				
	0041 0 72FF MDX	2 -1 DECREMENT DIGITS/WORD	CSP08890				
	0042 0 70FC MDX	BACK MORE - GO BACK	CSP08900				
	0043 0 1090 SLT	16 DONE - PUT EXTENSION IN ACCUM	CSP08910				
	0044 0 D100 STO	1 0 STORE IN KCARD	CSP08920				
	0045 0 71FF MDX	1 -1 GET NEXT WORD OF KCARD FOR SIGN	CSP08930				
	0046 01 C4800021 LAST LD	I JCARD+1 PICK UP SIGN OF JCARD	CSP08940				
	0048 0 7011 MDX	ALDO+1 GO TO INSTRUCTION AFTER ALDO	CSP08950				
	0049 01 C4800021 OVR LD	I JCARD+1 PICK UP NEXT JCARD DIGIT	CSP08960				
	004B 0 100C ELSE SLA	12 PUT DIGIT IN HIGH ORDER OF ACC	CSP08970				
	004C 0 18DC RTE	28 SET DIGIT IN LOW ORDER OF EXTN	CSP08980				
	004D 01 74FF0021 MDX	L JCARD+1,-1 GET NEXT JCARD WORD	CSP08990				
	*	CHECK FOR JCARD(JLAST)	CSP09000				
	004F 0 COD1 LD	JCARD+1 PICK UP CURRENT JCARD ADDR	CSP09010				
	0050 0 90B5 S	DPACK SUBTRACT JCARD(JLAST)	CSP09020				
	0051 01 4C280037 BSC	L EN+Z IF ZERO,ALL DONE - GO TO EN	CSP09030				
	0053 0 72FF MDX	2 -1 NOT DONE-DECREMENT DIGITS/WORD	CSP09040				
	0054 0 70F4 MDX	OVR GO BACK FOR NEXT DIGIT	CSP09050				
	0055 0 1090 SLT	16 WORD FULL-PUT EXTN IN ACCUM	CSP09060				
	0056 0 D100 STO	1 0 STORE IN KCARD	CSP09070				
	0057 0 71FF MDX	1 -1 GET NEXT KCARD WORD	CSP09080				
	0058 0 70C7 MDX	JCARD GO BACK	CSP09090				
	0059 0 1090 ALDO SLT	16 DONE-PUT EXTENSION IN ACCUMULTR	CSP09100				
	005A 0 D100 STO	1 0 STORE SIGN IN KCARD	CSP09110				
	005B 01 74050000 MDX	L DUNPK+5 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS	CSP09120				
	005D 00 65000000 SAVE1 LDX	L1 ** RESTORE IR1	CSP09130				
	005F 00 66000000 SAVE2 LDX	L2 ** RESTORE IR2	CSP09140				
	0061 01 4C800000 BSC	I DUNPK RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM	CSP09150				
	0063 0 F000 HF000 DC	/F000 CONSTANT OF 15 FOR FILLER	CSP09160				
	0064 END	CSP09170					
		CSP09180					
		CSP09190					

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

// DUP
*STORE WS UA DUNPK
335A 0007

CSP09200
CSP09210

// ASM
** EDIT SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE
* NAME EDIT
* LIST
0000 051098C0 ENT EDIT EDIT SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT (ID) CSP09220
* CALL EDIT(JCARD,J-JLAST,KCARD(K),KLAST) (ID) CSP09230
* THE WORDS JCARD(J) THROUGH CSP09240
* JCARD(JLAST) ARE EDITED UNDER CSP09250
* CONTROL OF THE MASK AT WORDS CSP09260
* KCARD(K) THROUGH KCARD(KLAST) CSP09270
* AND THE RESULT IS AT KCARD(K) CSP09280
* THROUGH KCARD(KLAST). CSP09290
0000 0 0000 EDIT DC ** ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE CSP09290
0001 0 696D STX 1 SAVE1+1 SAVE IR1 CSP09300
0002 0 6A6E STX 2 SAVE2+1 SAVE IR2 CSP09310
0003 01 65800000 LDX I1 EDIT PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IR1 CSP09320
0005 0 C100 LD 1 0 GET JCARD ADDRESS CSP09330
0006 0 D02B STO JCRD1 SAVE JCARD ADDRESS FOR NZONE CSP09340
0007 0 D07C STO JCRD2 SAVE JCARD ADDRESS FOR NZONE CSP09350
0008 00 95800002 S I1 2 SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE CSP09360
000A 0 8007 A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE CSP09370
000B 0 D050 STO JCARD+1 CREATE JCARD(JLAST) ADDRESS CSP09380
000C 0 C102 TWO LD 1 2 GET JLAST ADDRESS CSP09390
000D 0 D025 STO JLAS1 SAVE JLAST ADDRESS FOR NZONE CSP09400
000E 0 D076 STO JLAS2 SAVE JLAST ADDRESS FOR NZONE CSP09410
000F 00 C5800002 LD I1 2 GET JLAST VALUE CSP09420
0011 00 95800001 ONE S I1 1 SUBTRACT J VALUE CSP09430
0013 0 80FE A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE CSP09440
0014 0 4808 BSC + CHECK FIELD WIDTH CSP09450
0015 0 COFC LD ONE+1 NEGATIVE OR ZERO-MAKE IT ONE CSP09460
0016 0 D026 STO LDXXJ+1 SAVE FIELD WIDTH CSP09470
0017 0 C104 LD 1 4 GET K ADDRESS CSP09480
0018 0 D076 STO K1 SAVE K ADDRESS FOR FILL CSP09490
0019 01 D40000C0 STO L K2 SAVE K ADDRESS FOR FILL CSP09500
001B 0 C105 LD 1 5 GET KLAST ADDRESS CSP09510
001C 0 D073 STO KLAS1 SAVE KLAST ADDRESS FOR FILL CSP09520
001D 0 C103 LD 1 3 GET KCARD ADDRESS CSP09530
001E 0 D06F STO KCRD1 SAVE KCARD ADDRESS FOR FILL CSP09540
001F 01 D40000BF STO L KCRD2 SAVE KCARD ADDRESS FOR FILL CSP09550
0021 00 95800005 S I1 5 SUBTRACT KLAST VALUE CSP09560
0023 0 80EE A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE CSP09570
0024 0 D01A STO KCARD+1 CREATE KCARD(KLAST) ADDRESS CSP09580
0025 0 D07E STO KCRD+1 CREATE KCARD(KLAST) ADDRESS CSP09590
0026 00 C5800005 LD I1 5 GET JLAST VALUE CSP09600
0028 00 95800004 FOUR S I1 4 SUBTRACT J VALUE CSP09610
002A 0 80E7 A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE CSP09620
002B 0 4808 BSC + CHECK FIELD WIDTH CSP09630
002C 0 COE5 LD ONE+1 NEGATIVE OR ZERO-MAKE IT ONE CSP09640
002D 0 D00D STO LDXXK+1 SAVE FIELD WIDTH CSP09650
002E 0 7106 MDX 1 6 MOVE OVER SIX ARGUMENTS CSP09660
002F 0 6943 STX 1 DONE+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS CSP09670
* REMOVE AND SAVE THE JCARD ZONE CSP09680
0030 30 15A56545 CALL NZONE NZONE TO REMOVE SIGN CSP09690
0032 0 0000 JCRD1 DC ** ADDRESS OF JCARD CSP09700
0033 0 0000 JLAS1 DC ** ADDRESS OF JLAST CSP09710
0034 1 0029 DC FOUR+1 ADDRESS OF A FOUR CSP09720
0035 1 00C9 DC NSIGN ADDRESS OF OLD SIGN INDICATOR CSP09730

ADD
A1A3
A1DEC
A3A1
CARRY
DECA1
DIV
DPACK
DUNPK
EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP
IOND
KEYBD
MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT
P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE

ADD

PAGE 2

A1A3

CSP09790

A1DEC

CSP09800

A3A1

CSP09810

CARRY

CSP09820

DECA1

CSP09830

DIV

CSP09840

DPACK

CSP09850

DUNPK

CSP09860

EDIT

CSP09870

FILL

CSP09880

GET

CSP09890

ICOMP

CSP09900

IOND

CSP09910

KEYBD

CSP09920

MOVE

CSP09930

MPY

CSP09940

NCOMP

CSP09950

NSIGN

CSP09960

NZONE

CSP09970

PACK

CSP09980

PRINT

CSP09990

PUNCH

CSP10000

PUT

CSP10010

P1403

CSP10020

P1442

CSP10030

READ

CSP10040

R2501

CSP10050

SKIP

CSP10060

STACK

CSP10070

SUB

CSP10080

S1403

CSP10090

TYPER

CSP10100

UNPAC

CSP10110

WHOLE

CSP10120

0036 0 C85C	*	NDUMP=16448	CSP09790
0037 0 D85C	*	MONEY=16448	CSP09800
	LDD	BLANK LOAD TWO BLANKS	CSP09810
	STD	MONEY STORE IN MONEY AND NDUMP	CSP09820
	*	NZRSR=0	CSP09830
0038 0 1810	SRA	16 CLEAR THE ACCUMULATOR	CSP09840
0039 0 D05D	STO	NZRSP SET NZRSR EQUAL TO ZERO	CSP09850
	*	KNOW=KLAST	CSP09860
003A 00 65000000	LDXK	LDX L1 **- LOAD IR1 WITH KCARD COUNT	CSP09870
	*	JNOW=JLAST	CSP09880
003C 00 66000000	LDXJ	LDX L2 **- LOAD IR2 WITH JCARD COUNT	CSP09890
	*	KTEST=KCARD(JNOW)	CSP09900
003E 00 C4000000	KCARD	LD L **- PICKUP KCARD(JNOW)	CSP09910
0040 0 D0FA	STO	LDXX+1 AND SAVE IT TEMPORARILY	CSP09920
	*	IS KTEST NEGATIVE	CSP09930
0041 01 4C100047	BSC	L POSZ,- IS IT NEGATIVE-NO-GO TO POSZ	CSP09940
	*	IS KTEST EQUAL TO AN EBCDIC ZERO	CSP09950
0043 0 9052	S	ZERO YES-CHECK AGAINST EBCDIC ZERO	CSP09960
0044 01 4C20007E	BSC	L NEXT,Z IF NOT EQUAL-GO TO NEXT	CSP09970
0046 0 700F	MDX	ZRSP IF EQUAL-GO TO ZRSP	CSP09980
	*	IS KTEST EQUAL TO 16448	CSP09990
0047 0 904B	POSZ	S BLANK NOT NEGATIVE-CHECK AGAINST EBCD	CSP10000
0048 01 4C180057	BSC	L SRCE,+ BLANK-EQUAL-GO TO SRCE	CSP10010
004A 0 COFO	LD	LDXX+1 NOT EQUAL-PICKUP KTEST	CSP10020
	*	IS KTEST EQUAL TO 23616	CSP10030
004B 0 904D	S	DLRSG IS IT A DOLLAR SIGN	CSP10040
004C 01 4C180054	BSC	L MNY,+-- YES-GO TO MNY	CSP10050
004E 0 COEC	LD	LDXX+1 NO-PICKUP KTEST	CSP10060
	*	IS KTEST EQUAL TO 23360	CSP10070
004F 0 9048	S	AST IS IT AN ASTERISK	CSP10080
0050 0 4820	BSC	Z YES-SKIP NEXT INSTRUCTION	CSP10090
0051 0 702C	MDX	NEXT NO-GO TO NEXT	CSP10100
	*	NDUMP=KTEST	CSP10110
0052 0 C0E8	LD	LDXX+1 PICKUP KTEST AND	CSP10120
0053 0 D041	STO	NDUMP STORE IT IN NDUMP	CSP10130
	*	MONEY=KTEST	CSP10140
0054 0 COE8	MNY	LD LDXK+1 PICKUP KTEST AND	CSP10150
0055 0 D03E	STO	MONEY STORE IT IN MONEY	CSP10160
	*	NZRSR=KNOW	CSP10170
0056 0 6940	ZRSP	STX 1 NZRSR SAVE KNOW IN NZRSR	CSP10180
	*	SEE IF JNOW IS LESS THAN J. IF	CSP10190
	*	YES, GO TO NEXT. IF NO, GO TO	CSP10200
	*	JCARO.	CSP10210
0057 0 6AA8	SRCE	STX 2 EDIT GET IR1 AND	CSP10220
0058 0 C047	LD	EDIT LOAD ITS VALUE	CSP10230
0059 01 4C08007E	BSC	L NEXT,+ IF NOT POSITIVE-GO TO NEXT	CSP10240
	*	KTEST=JCARD(JNOW)	CSP10250
	*	KCARD(KNOW)=KTEST	CSP10260
005B 00 C4000000	JCARD	LD L **- POSITIVE-PICKUP JCARD(JNOW) AND	CSP10270
005D 01 D480003F	LD	STO I KCARD+1 STORE IT IN KCARD(KNOW)	CSP10280
005F 0 D0DD	STO	LDXJ+1 STORE IN KTEST	CSP10290
	*	JNOW=JNOW-1	CSP10300
0060 0 72FF	MDX	2 -1 DECREMENT IR2	CSP10310
0061 0 7000	MDX	* NOP	CSP10320
0062 01 7401005C	MDX	L JCARD+1,1 MODIFY JCARD ADDRESS TO	CSP10330

ADD

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

SUB

S1403

TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE

PAGE 3

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*          JNOW-1
*          IS NZRSP POSITIVE      CSP10340
0064 0 C032 LD    NZRSP PICKUP NZRSP AND      CSP10350
0065 01 4C08007E BSC L  NEXT,+ IF NOT POSITIVE-GO TO NEXT   CSP10360
*          IS KTEST NEGATIVE     CSP10370
0067 0 COD5 LD    LDXJ+1 POSITIVE-PICKUP KTEST      CSP10390
0068 01 4C100074 BSC L  OVER,- IF NOT NEGATIVE-GO TO OVER   CSP10400
006A 0 902B S    ZERO NEGATIVE-CHECK AGAINST ZERO   CSP10410
006B 01 4C18007E BSC L  NEXT,+ EQUAL-GO TO NEXT      CSP10420
006D 0 700D MDX   SETAG NOT EQUAL-GO TO SETAG      CSP10430
*          EXIT.....          CSP10440
006E 00 65000000 SAVE1 LDX L1 ** RESTORE IR1      CSP10450
0070 00 66000000 SAVE2 LDX L2 ** RESTORE IR2      CSP10460
0072 00 4C000000 DONE1 BSC L  ** RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM   CSP10470
*          IS KTEST EQUAL TO BLANK      CSP10480
0074 0 901E OVER S  BLANK CHECK KTEST AGAINST BLANK   CSP10490
0075 01 4C18007E BSC L  NEXT,+ IF EQUAL-GO TO NEXT   CSP10500
*          IS KTEST EQUAL TO COMMA      CSP10510
0077 0 COC5 LD    LDXJ+1 NOT EQUAL-CHECK KTEST      CSP10520
0078 0 9021 S    COMMA AGAINST A COMMA      CSP10530
0079 01 4C18007E BSC L  NEXT,+ EQUAL-GO TO NEXT      CSP10540
*          NZRSP=KNOW=1      CSP10550
007B 0 691B SETAG STX 1 NZRSP NOT EQUAL-SET NZRSP EQUAL TO   CSP10560
007C 01 74FF0097 MDX L  NZRSP,-1 KCARD COUNT MINUS ONE   CSP10570
*          KNOW=KNOW=1      CSP10580
*          SEE IF KNOW IS LESS THAN K. IF      CSP10590
*          YES, PUT JCARD ZONE BACK. IF NO   CSP10600
*          GO BACK FOR MORE.      CSP10610
007E 01 7401003F NEXT MDX L  KCARD+1,1 MODIFY KCARD ADDRESS TO   CSP10620
*          KNOW=1      CSP10630
0080 0 71FF MDX 1 -1 DECREMENT IR1      CSP10640
0081 0 70BC MDX   KCARD GO BACK FOR MORE      CSP10650
*          PUT JCARD ZONE BACK      CSP10660
0082 30 15A56545 CALL  NZONE RESTORE JCARD ZONE      CSP10670
0084 0 0000 JCRD2 DC   ** ADDRESS OF JCARD      CSP10680
0085 0 0000 JLAS2 DC   ** ADDRESS OF JLAST      CSP10690
0086 1 00C9 DC    NSIGN ADDRESS OF NEW SIGN INDICATOR   CSP10700
0087 1 0000 DC    EDIT DUMMY      CSP10710
*          SEE IF JNOW IS LESS THAN J. IF      CSP10720
*          YES, GO TO OK. IF NO, FILL WITH   CSP10730
*          ASTERISKS AND EXIT      CSP10740
0088 0 6AA9 STX  2 JCRD1 GET THE CONTENTS OF      CSP10750
0089 0 COA8 LD    JCRD1 IR2 AND CHECK      CSP10760
008A 01 4C08009F BSC L  OK,+ IF NOT POSITIVE-GO TO OK   CSP10770
008C 30 062934C0 CALL  FILL POSITIVE=ERROR=JCARD TOO LONG   CSP10780
*          FILL KCARD WITH ASTERISKS      CSP10790
008E 0 0000 KCRD1 DC   ** ADDRESS OF KCARD      CSP10800
008F 0 0000 K1    DC   ** ADDRESS OF K      CSP10810
0090 0 0000 KLAS1 DC   ** ADDRESS OF KLAST      CSP10820
0091 1 0098 DC    AST ADDRESS OF FILL CHARACTER   CSP10830
0092 0 70D8 MDX   SAVE1 GO TO EXIT      CSP10840
0093 0 4040 BLANK DC   /F040 CONSTANT OF EBCDIC BLANK   CSP10850
0094 0 0000 MONEY DC   ** FILL FOR FLOATING $      CSP10860
0095 0 0000 NDUMP DC   ** FILL FOR ANY SUPPRESSION   CSP10870
0096 0 F040 ZERO DC   /F040 CONSTANT OF EBCDIC ZERO   CSP10880

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0097 0 0000 NZRSP DC   ** HOW FAR TO ZERO SUPPRESS   CSP10890
0098 0 5C40 AST DC   /5C40 CONSTANT OF ASTERISK   CSP10900
0099 0 5B40 DLRSG DC   /5B40 CONSTANT OF DOLLAR SIGN   CSP10910
009A 0 6B40 COMMA DC   /6B40 CONSTANT OF COMMA      CSP10920
009B 0 6040 MINUS DC   /6040 CONSTANT OF MINUS SIGN   CSP10930
009C 0 D940 R DC    /D940 CONSTANT OF LETTER R      CSP10940
009D 0 0001 ONE2 DC   1 CONSTANT OF ONE      CSP10950
009E 0 0002 TWO2 DC   2 CONSTANT OF TWO      CSP10960
*          IS NSIGN EQUAL TO TWO      CSP10970
009F 0 CO29 OK LD    NSIGN PICKUP THE ORIGINAL ZONE   CSP10980
00A0 0 90FD S    TWO2 INDICATOR AND CHECK AGAINST TWO   CSP10990
00A1 01 4C1800B6 BSC L  NEG,+- EQUAL-GO TO NEG      CSP11000
*          KTEST=KCARD(KLAST)      CSP11010
00A3 00 C4000000 KCRD3 LD  L  ** NOT EQUAL=PICKUP KCARD(KLAST)   CSP11020
00A5 0 90F5 S    MINUS AND CHECK AGAINST MINUS SIGN   CSP11030
00A6 01 4C1800B3 BSC L  LD2,+- IF EQUAL-GO TO LD2      CSP11040
00A8 0 80F2 A    MINUS NOT EQUAL-GET KTEST AND CHECK   CSP11050
00A9 0 90F2 S    R AGAINST LETTER R      CSP11060
00AA 01 4C2000B6 BSC L  NEGZ IF NOT EQUAL-GO TO NEG   CSP11070
00AC 01 740100A4 MDX L  KCRD3+1,1 EQUAL-GET ADDRESS OF   CSP11080
*          KCARD(KLAST)=16448      CSP11090
*          KCARD(KLAST)=16448      CSP11100
00AE 0 COE4 LD    BLANK PICKUP A BLANK      CSP11110
00AF 01 D48000A4 STO I  KCRD3+1 STORE AT KCARD(KLAST-1)   CSP11120
00B1 01 74FF00A4 MDX L  KCRD3+1,-1 GET ADDR OF KCARD(KLAST)   CSP11130
*          KCARD(KLAST)=16448      CSP11140
00B3 0 CODF LD2   LD    BLANK PICKUP A BLANK      CSP11150
00B4 01 D48000A4 STO I  KCRD3+1 STORE AT KCARD(KLAST)      CSP11160
*          IS NZRSP GREATER THAN ZERO   CSP11170
00B6 0 COE0 NEG LD    NZRSP GET NZRSP AND      CSP11180
00B7 01 4C08006E BSC L  SAVE1,+ IF NOT POSITIVE-EXIT   CSP11190
00B9 01 848000BF A    I  K1 POSITIVE-CALCULATE SUBSCRIPT OF   CSP11200
00BB 0 90E1 S    ONE2 LAST POSITION TO BE ZERO      CSP11210
00BC 0 D0E7 STO   KCRD3+1 SUPPRESSED-END OF FILL AREA   CSP11220
*          ZERO SUPPRESS      CSP11230
00BD 30 062534C0 CALL  FILL FILL ROUTINE TO ZERO SUPPRESS   CSP11240
00BF 0 0000 KCRD2 DC   ** ADDRESS OF KCARD      CSP11250
00C0 0 0000 K2    DC   ** ADDRESS OF K      CSP11260
00C1 1 00A4 DC    KCRD3+1 ADDRESS OF END OF FILL AREA   CSP11270
00C2 1 0095 DC    NDUMP ADDRESS OF FILL CHARACTER      CSP11280
*          KCARD(NZRSP)=MONEY      CSP11290
00C3 0 COFB LD    KCRD2 GET KCARD ADDRESS      CSP11300
00C4 0 90DF S    KCRD3+1 SUBTRACT LAST FILL VALUE   CSP11310
00C5 0 80D7 A    ONE2 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE      CSP11320
00C6 0 D002 STO   STOK+1 CREATE KCARD(NZRSP) ADDRESS   CSP11330
00C7 0 COCC LD    MONEY PICKUP MONEY VALUE      CSP11340
00C8 00 D4000000 STOK STO L  ** STORE FOR SUPPRESSION   CSP11350
00C9 NSIGN EQU      STOK+1 TO SAVE CORE STORAGE   CSP11360
00CA 0 70A3 MDX   SAVE1 GO TO EXIT      CSP11370
00CC END      CSP11380

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NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

ADD	// DUP	CSP11390
A1A3	*STORE WS UA EDIT	CSP11400
	3361 000D	
A1DEC		
A3A1		
CARRY		
DECA1		
DIV		
DPACK		
DUNPK		
<u>EDIT</u>		
<u>FILL</u>		
GET		
ICOMP		
IOND		
KEYBD		
MOVE		
MPY		
NCOMP		
NSIGN		
NZONE		
PACK		
PRINT		
PUNCH		
PUT		
P1403	NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.	
P1442		
READ		
R2501		
SKIP		
STACK		
SUB		
S1403		
TYPER		
UNPAC		
WHOLE		

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// ASM
** FILL SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE      CSP11410
* NAME FILL                                         (ID) CSP11420
* LIST                                         (ID) CSP11430
* CARD(JLAST) ARE FILLED WITH THE CSP11440
* CHARACTER AT LOCATION NCH. CSP11450
*--* ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE CSP11500
* SAVE1+1 SAVE IRI CSP11510
* FILL PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IRI CSP11520
* GET JCARD ADDRESS CSP11530
* SUBTRACT VALUE OF JLAST CSP11540
* STO+1 CREATE ADDRESS OF JCARD(JLAST) CSP11550
* LD II 2 GET VALUE OF JLAST CSP11560
* S II 1 SUBTRACT VALUE OF J CSP11570
* A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE CSP11580
* BSC + CHECK FIELD WIDTH CSP11590
* LD ONE+1 NEGATIVE OR ZERO - MAKE IT ONE CSP11600
* STO LDX+1 OK - STORE FIELD WIDTH IN LDX CSP11610
* LD II 3 GET FILL CHARACTER - NCH CSP11620
* MDX I 4 MOVE OVER FOUR ARGUMENTS CSP11630
* STX I DONE1+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS CSP11640
* JNOW=J CSP11650
* LDX LDX L1 **- LOAD IRI WITH FIELD WIDTH CSP11660
* JCARD(JNOW)=NCH CSP11670
* STO STO L1 **- STORE FILL CHAR AT JCARD(JNOW) CSP11680
* SEE IF JNOW IS LESS THAN JLAST. CSP11690
* IF YES, JNOW=JNOW+1 AND GO BACK CSP11700
* FOR MORE. IF NO, EXIT. CSP11710
* MDX I -1 DECREMENT FIELD WIDTH CSP11720
* MDX STO NOT DONE - GO BACK FOR MORE CSP11730
* EXIT..... CSP11740
* SAVE1 LDX L1 **- DONE - RESTORE IRI CSP11750
* DONE1 BSC L **- RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM CSP11760
* END CSP11770

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// DUP CSP11780
*STORE WS UA FILL CSP11790
336E 0003

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// ASM
** GET SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE      CSP11800
* NAME GET                                         (ID) CSP11810
* LIST                                         (ID) CSP11820
0000 07163000    ENT   GET  GET SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT      CSP11840
*                                     GET(JCARD,JLAST,SHIFT)      CSP11850
*                                     THE WORDS JCARD(J) THROUGH      CSP11860
*                                     JCARD(JLAST) ARE CONVERTED TO A      CSP11870
*                                     REAL NUMBER AND MULTIPLIED BY      CSP11880
*                                     SHIFT TO PLACE THE DECIMAL POINT      CSP11890
0000 0 0000    GET  DC  ** ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE      CSP11900
0001 0 694B    STX  1 FIN+1 SAVE IRI      CSP11910
0002 01 65800000    LDX  II GET PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IR1      CSP11920
0004 0 C100    LD   0 GET JCARD ADDRESS      CSP11930
0005 0 D013    STO  JCRD1 STORE FOR NZONE AT JCRD1      CSP11940
0006 0 D03C    STO  JCRD3 STORE FOR NZONE AT JCRD3      CSP11950
0007 00 95800002    TWO   S II 2 SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE      CSP11960
0009 0 D018    STO  JCRD2+1 CREATE JCARD(JLAST) ADDRESS      CSP11970
000A 0 C103    LD   1 3 GET SHIFT ADDRESS AND      CSP11980
000B 0 D033    STO  SHIFT STORE FOR MULTIPLY TO PLACE      CSP11990
000C 00 C5800002    LD   II 2 GET JLAST VALUE AND      CSP12000
000E 0 D0F1    STO  GET SAVE FOR NZONE      CSP12010
000F 00 95800001    ONE   S II 1 SUBTRACT J VALUE      CSP12020
0011 0 80FE    A   ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE      CSP12030
0012 0 4808    BSC  + CHECK FIELD WIDTH      CSP12040
0013 0 COFC    LD   ONE+1 NEGATIVE OR ZERO-MAKE IT ONE      CSP12050
0014 0 D00E    STO  CNT+1 OK-SAVE FIELD WIDTH AT COUNT      CSP12060
0015 0 7104    MDX  1 4 MOVE OVER FOUR ARGUMENTS      CSP12070
0016 0 6938    STX  1 DONE1+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS      CSP12080
*                                     MAKE THE FIELD POSITIVE AND      CSP12090
*                                     SAVE THE ORIGINAL SIGN      CSP12100
0017 30 15A56545    CALL  NZONE NZONE TO CLEAR ORIGINAL SIGN      CSP12110
0019 0 0000    JCRD1  DC  ** ADDRESS OF JCARD      CSP12120
001A 1 0000    DC  GET ADDRESS OF JLAST      CSP12130
001B 1 0050    DC  FOUR ADDRESS OF CONSTANT OF FOUR      CSP12140
001C 1 0019    DC  JCRD1 ADDRESS OF OLD SIGN INDICATOR      CSP12150
001D 0 18A0    SRT  32 CLEAR ACCUMULATOR AND EXTENSION      CSP12160
001E 0 DB7E    STD  3 126 CLEAR MANTISSA OF FAC      CSP12170
001F 0 D37D    STO  3 125 CLEAR CHARACTERISTIC OF FAC      CSP12180
*                                     LET GET AND ANS BE EQUIVALENT      CSP12190
0020 20 058A3580    LIBF  ESTO STORE THE CONTENTS OF FAC      CSP12200
0021 1 005A    DC  ANS AT GET      CSP12210
*                                     JNOW=J      CSP12220
0022 00 65000000    CNT  LDX  L1 ** LOAD IR1 WITH THE FIELD WIDTH      CSP12230
*                                     JTEST=JCARD(JNOW)      CSP12240
0024 00 C5000000    JCRD2  LD  L1 ** PICKUP JCARD(JNOW)      CSP12250
0026 01 4C28002C    BSC  L MAYBE+1 IS JTEST NEGATIVE-YES-MAYBE      CSP12260
0028 0 9028    S  BLANK NO - IS JTEST EQUAL TO AN      CSP12270
0029 01 4C200053    BSC  L ERR,Z EBCDIC BLANK - NO - GO TO ERR      CSP12280
002B 0 C026    LD  ZERO YES - REPLACE BLANK WITH ZERO      CSP12290
002C 0 9025    MAYBE S  ZERO IS JTEST LESS THAN AN EBCDIC      CSP12300
002D 01 4C280053    BSC  L ERR,+Z ZERO - YES - GO TO ERR      CSP12310
*                                     JTEST+0032 IN ACCUMULATOR      CSP12320
*                                     GET=10*GET+(JTEST+0032)/256      CSP12330
*                                     SHIFT 8 IS SAME AS DIVIDE BY 256      CSP12340
002F 0 1808    SRA  8  NO - SHIFT 4 BIT DIGIT TO LOW      CSP12350
0030 20 064D6063    LIBF  FLOAT ORDER OF ACC AND MAKE REAL      CSP12360

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ADD
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1
 CARRY
 DECA1
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCOMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK
 PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
 SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE

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0031 20 058A3580    LIBF  ESTO STORE REAL DIGIT      CSP12370
0032 1 0057    DC  TEMP IN TEMPORARY STORAGE      CSP12380
0033 20 054C4000    LIBF  ELD LOAD FAC WITH      CSP12390
0034 1 005A    DC  ANS GET      CSP12400
0035 20 05517A00    LIBF  EMPLY MULTIPLY GET      CSP12410
0036 1 005D    DC  ETEN BT TEN      CSP12420
0037 20 15599500    LIBF  NORM NORMALIZE THE PRODUCT      CSP12430
0038 20 05046100    LIBF  EADD ADD TEMPORARY STORAGE      CSP12440
0039 1 0057    DC  TEMP TO FAC      CSP12450
003A 20 058A3580    LIBF  ESTO STORE RESULT      CSP12460
003B 1 005A    DC  ANS IN GET      CSP12470
*                                     SEE IF JNOW IS LESS THAN JLAST.      CSP12480
*                                     IF YES, JNOW=JNOW+1 AND GO BACK      CSP12490
*                                     FOR MORE. IF NO, PLACE DECIMAL      CSP12500
*                                     POINT.      CSP12510
003C 0 71FF    MDX  1 -1 DECREMENT FIELD WIDTH      CSP12520
003D 0 70E6    MDX  JCRD2 NOT DONE-GET NEXT DIGIT      CSP12530
*                                     GET=SHIFT+GET      CSP12540
003E 20 05517A00    LIBF  EMPLY DONE-MULTIPLY BY SHIFT TO PLACE      CSP12550
003F 0 0000    SHIFT  DC  ** ADDRESS OF SHIFT---DECIMAL POINT      CSP12560
0040 20 15599500    LIBF  NORM NORMALIZE THE RESULT      CSP12570
*                                     REPLACE SIGN OF JCARD      CSP12580
0041 30 15A56545    CALL  NZONE RESTORE ORIGINAL JCARD SIGN      CSP12590
0043 0 0000    JCRD3  DC  GET ADDRESS OF JLAST      CSP12600
0044 1 0000    DC  JCRD1 ADDRESS OF ORIG. SIGN INDICATOR      CSP12610
0045 1 0019    DC  JCRD3 DUMMY      CSP12620
*                                     IF INDICATOR EQUALS 2,      CSP12640
*                                     GET=-GET. OTHERWISE, EXIT.....      CSP12650
0047 0 COD1    LD  JCRD1 LOAD OLD SIGN AND SEE IF IT      CSP12660
0048 0 90BF    S  TWO+1 WAS NEGATIVE      CSP12670
0049 01 4C20004C    BSC  L FIN,Z IF YES,REVERSE SIGN-NO-EXIT      CSP12680
*                                     GET=-GET      CSP12690
0048 20 22559000    LIBF  SNR REVERSE THE SIGN OF THE RESULT      CSP12700
*                                     EXIT.....*****      CSP12710
004C 00 65000000    FIN  LDX  L1 ** RESTORE IR1      CSP12720
004E 00 4C000000    DONE1 BSC  L ** RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM      CSP12730
0050 0 0004    FOUR  DC  4 CONSTANT OF FOUR      CSP12740
0051 0 4040    BLANK DC  /4040 CONSTANT OF EBCDIC BLANK      CSP12750
0052 0 F040    ZERO  DC  /F040 CONSTANT OF EBCDIC ZERO      CSP12760
0053 0 10A0    ERR   SLT  32 CLEAR ACCUMULATOR AND EXTENSION      CSP12770
0054 0 DB7E    STD  3 126 CLEAR MANTISSA OF FAC      CSP12780
0055 0 D37D    STO  3 125 CLEAR CHARACTERISTIC OF FAC      CSP12790
0056 0 70F5    MDX  FIN GO TO EXIT      CSP12800
0057 0003    TEMP  BSS  3 TEMPORARY STORAGE      CSP12810
005A 0003    ANS   BSS  3 TEMPORARY STORAGE      CSP12820
005D 84 50000000    ETEN  XFLC  10.0 CONSTANT OF 10.0 (TEN)      CSP12830
0060          END      CSP12840

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NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

ADD	// DUP	CSP12850
A1A3	*STORE WS UA GET	CSP12860
A1DEC	3971 0007	
A3A1		
CARRY		
DECA1		
DIV		
DPACK	// ASM	
DUNPK	## ICOMP SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE	(ID) CSP12880
	* NAME ICOMP	(ID) CSP12890
	* LIST	CSP12900
EDIT	0000 090D6517 ENT ICOMP ICOMP SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT	CSP12910
	* ICOMP(JCARD+J,JLAST,KCARD+K,KLAST)	CSP12920
FILL	* THE WORDS JCARD(J) THROUGH	CSP12930
	* JCARD(JLAST) ARE COMPARED TO THE	CSP12940
GET	* WORDS KCARD(K) THROUGH	CSP12950
	* KCARD(KLAST).	CSP12960
<u>ICOMP</u>	0000 0 0000 ICOMP DC ** ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE	CSP12970
	0001 0 6972 STX 1 SAVE1+1 SAVE IRI	CSP12980
	0002 01 65800000 LDX II ICOMP PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IRI	CSP12990
IOND	0004 0 C100 LD 1 0 GET JCARD ADDRESS	CSP13000
KEYBD	0005 00 95800002 S II 2 SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE	CSP13010
MOVE	0007 0 D048 STO JPIC1+1 STORE JCARD(JLAST) FOR JHASH	CSP13020
MPY	0008 0 D04A STO JPIC2+1 STORE JCARD(JLAST) FOR ICOMP	CSP13030
NCOMP	0009 0 800A A ONE=1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE	CSP13040
NSIGN	000A 0 D00F STO SGNJ+1 CREATE ADDRESS OF JCARD(JLAST)	CSP13050
NZONE	000B 0 C103 LD 1 3 GET KCARD ADDRESS	CSP13060
PACK	000C 00 95800005 S II 5 SUBTRACT KLAST VALUE	CSP13070
PRINT	000E 0 D046 STO KPIC2+1 STORE KCARD(KLAST) FOR ICOMP	CSP13080
PUNCH	000F 0 8004 A ONE=1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE	CSP13090
PUT	0010 0 D011 STO SGNK+1 CREATE ADDRESS OF KCARD(KLAST)	CSP13100
P1403	0011 00 C4000000 TWO LD II 2 GET VALUE OF JLAST	CSP13110
P1442	0013 00 95800001 ONE S II 1 SUBTRACT VALUE OF J	CSP13120
READ	0015 0 80FE A ONE=1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE	CSP13130
R2501	0016 0 4808 BSC + CHECK FIELD WIDTH	CSP13140
SKIP	0017 0 COFC LD ONE=1 NEGATIVE OR ZERO-MAKE IT ONE	CSP13150
STACK	0018 0 D035 STO CNTCO+1 SAVE FIELD WIDTH IN COMP CNT	CSP13160
SUB	*	CLEAR AND SAVE THE SIGNS ON THE
S1403	SGNJ LD L ** PICKUP THE SIGN OF JCARD	CSP13170
TYPER	STO JSIGN SAVE IT	CSP13180
UNPAC	BSC L SGNK,- IS IT NEG-NO-LOOK AT KCARD	CSP13190
WHOLE	EOR HFFFF+1 YES-MAKE IT POSITIVE AND	CSP13200
	STO I SGNJ+1 CHANGE JCARD FIELD SIGN	CSP13210
	SGNK LD L ** PICKUP THE SIGN OF KCARD	CSP13220
	STO KSIGN SAVE IT	CSP13230
	BSC L CHCK,- IS IT NEG-NO-GO TO CHCK	CSP13240
	EOR HFFFF+1 YES-MAKE IT POSITIVE AND	CSP13250
	STO I SGNK+1 CHANGE THE KCARD FIELD SIGN	CSP13260
	CHCK MDX 1 6 MOVE OVER SIX ARGUMENTS	CSP13270
	STX I DONE1+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS	CSP13280
	K IS COMPARED TO	CSP13290
	KSTRT*KLAST+J-JLAST-1	CSP13300
	LD II -2 PICKUP THE VALUE OF K	CSP13310
	HFFFF S II -1 SUBTRACT THE VALUE OF KLAST	CSP13320
	S II -5 SUBTRACT THE VALUE OF J	CSP13330
	A II -4 ADD THE VALUE OF JLAST	CSP13340
	A ONE=1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE	CSP13350
	BSC L JHASH+Z IF POSITIVE GO TO JHASH	CSP13360
	EOR HFFFF+1 OTHERWISE COMPLIMENT AND ADD	CSP13370
	A TWO+1 ONE GIVING LEADING PART KCARD	CSP13380
	STO ZIPCT+1 STORE THIS COUNT AT ZIPCT	CSP13390
	A II -2 ADD VALUE OF K	CSP13400
		CSP13410
		CSP13420

ADD

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

SUB

S1403

TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE

PAGE 2

003B 0 9008	S	ONE+1 SUBTRACT CONSTANT OF ONE	CSP13430
003C 0 D0C9	STO	ICOMP STORE TEMPORARILY	CSP13440
003D 0 C1FD	LD	I -3 GET KCARD ADDRESS	CSP13450
003E 0 90C1	S	ICOMP SUBTRACT TEMPORARY VALUE GIVING	CSP13460
003F 0 D006	STO	KPIC1+1 ADDR FOR SEARCHING BEGINNING	CSP13470
	*	OF KCARD	CSP13480
	*	ICOMP=KSIGN	CSP13490
0040 0 C037	LD	KSIGN LOAD SIGN OF KCARD	CSP13500
0041 0 F0EC	EOR	HFFFF+1 NEGATE IT	CSP13510
0042 0 D08D	STO	ICOMP STORE IT IN ICOMP	CSP13520
	*	KNOW=K	CSP13530
0043 00 65000000	ZIPCT LDX L1	** LOAD IR1 WITH BEGINNING KCARD CT	CSP13540
0045 00 C5000000	KPIC1 LD L1	** PICKUP KCARD(KNOW)	CSP13550
	*	IS KCARD(KNOW) POSITIVE	CSP13560
0047 01 4C30006C	BSC L	FIN,-Z IF POSITIVE, GO TO FIN	CSP13570
	*	SEE IF KNOW IS LESS THAN KSTRT.	CSP13580
	*	IF YES, KNOW=KNOW+1 AND LOOK AT	CSP13590
	*	NEXT KCARD WORD. IF NO, GO TO	CSP13600
	*	JHASH.	CSP13610
0049 0 71FF	MDX	I -1 OTHERWISE, DECREMENT FIELD WIDTH	CSP13620
004A 0 70FA	MDX	KPIC1 NOT DONE-GO BACK FOR NEXT DIGIT	CSP13630
	*	JHASH=0	CSP13640
004B 0 1810	JHASH SRA	16 DONE-CLEAR ACCUMULATOR	CSP13650
004C 0 D083	STO	ICOMP CLEAR ICOMP	CSP13660
	*	KNOW=KSTRT+1	CSP13670
	*	KSTRT=J	CSP13680
004D 00 65000000	CNTCO LDX L1	** LOAD IR1 WITH FIELD WIDTH	CSP13690
	*	JHASH=JHASH+JCARD(KSTRT)	CSP13700
004F 00 85000000	JPIC1 A L1	** ADD JCARD(KSTRT) TO JHASH	CSP13710
0051 0 1890	SRT	16 STORE JHASH IN EXTENSION	CSP13720
	*	ICOMP=JCARD(KSTRT)-KCARD(KNOW)	CSP13730
0052 00 C5000000	JPIC2 LD L1	** LOAD JCARD(KSTRT)	CSP13740
0054 00 95000000	KPIC2 S L1	** SUBTRACT KCARD(KNOW)	CSP13750
0056 0 D0A9	STO	ICOMP STORE RESULT	CSP13760
	*	IS ICOMP ZERO - NO - GO TO NEQ	CSP13770
0057 01 4C200063	BSC L	NEQ,Z IF NOT ZERO, GO TO NEQ.	CSP13780
0059 0 1090	SLT	16 OTHERWISE, PUT JHASH IN ACCUM	CSP13790
	*	KNOW=KNOW+1	CSP13800
	*	SEE IF KSTRT IS LESS THAN JLAST.	CSP13810
	*	IF YES, KSTRT=KSTRT+1 AND TRY	CSP13820
	*	NEXT PAIR OF DIGITS. IF NO,	CSP13830
005A 0 71FF	MDX	I -1 DECREMENT FIELD WIDTH	CSP13840
005B 0 70F3	MDX	KPIC1 NOT DONE - GO BACK	CSP13850
	*	IF NO IS JSIGN*KSIGN*JHASH NEGATIVE.	CSP13860
005C 01 4C18006C	BSC L	FIN,- DONE-IF JHASH IS ZERO GO FIN	CSP13870
005E 0 C018	LD	JSIGN OTHERWISE - COMPUTE JSIGN	CSP13880
005F 0 F018	EOR	KSIGN TIMES KSIGN	CSP13890
0060 01 4C10006C	BSC L	FIN,- IF NOT NEGATIVE, GO TO FIN	CSP13900
0062 0 7004	MDX	OVR1 OTHERWISE GO TO OVR1	CSP13910
	*	IS KSIGN*JSIGN NEGATIVE	CSP13920
0063 0 C013	NEQ	LD JSIGN COMPUTE JSIGN	CSP13930
0064 0 F013	EOR	KSIGN TIMES KSIGN	CSP13940
0065 01 4C100069	BSC L	OVR2,- IF NOT NEGATIVE, GO TO OVR2	CSP13950
	*	ICOMP=1	CSP13960
0067 0 C0E5	OVR1 LD	CNTCO OTHERWISE, SET ICOMP	CSP13970

PAGE 3

0068 0 D097	STO	ICOMP TO A POSITIVE NUMBER	CSP13980
	*	ICOMP=JSIGN*ICOMP	CSP13990
0069 0 C096	OVR2 LD	ICOMP LOAD ICOMP AND	CSP14000
006A 0 F00C	EOR	JSIGN MULTIPLY BY JSIGN	CSP14010
006B 0 D094	STO	ICOMP STORING THE RESULT IN ICOMP	CSP14020
	*	RESTORE THE SIGNS ON THE JCARD	CSP14030
	*	AND THE KCARD FIELDS	CSP14040
006C 0 C00A	FIN LD	JSIGN RESTORE THE ORIGINAL	CSP14050
006D 01 D480001A	STO I	SGNJ+1 SIGN OF JCARD	CSP14060
006F 0 C008	LD	KSIGN RESTORE THE ORIGINAL	CSP14070
0070 01 D4800022	STO I	SGNK+1 SIGN OF KCARD	CSP14080
0072 0 C08D	LD	ICOMP PUT ICOMP IN THE ACCUMULATOR	CSP14090
	*	EXIT	CSP14100
0073 00 65000000	SAVE1 LDX L1	** RESTORE IR1	CSP14110
0075 00 4C000000	DONE1 BSC L	** RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM	CSP14120
0077 0 0000	JSIGN DC	** SIGN OF JCARD	CSP14130
0078 0 0000	KSIGN DC	** SIGN OF KCARD	CSP14140
007A	END		CSP14150

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

// DUP			CSP14160
*STORE	WS UA	ICOMP	CSP14170
3378 0008			

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ADD // ASM ** IOND SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE (ID) CSP14190
A1A3 * NAME IOND (ID) CSP14200
* LIST CSP14210
A1DEC 0000 09595100 ENT IOND SUBROUTINE NAME CSP14220
A3A1 *CALL IOND NO PARAMETERS CSP14230
CARRY 0000 0001 IOND BSS 1 ARGUMENT ADDRESS CSP14240
DECA1 0001 00 74000032 IOPND MDX L 50+0 ANY INTERRUPTS PENDING CSP14260
0003 0 70FD MDX IOPND YES - KEEP CHECKING CSP14280
0004 01 4C800000 BACK BSC I IOND NO - RETURN TO CALLING PRG CSP14290
0006 END CSP14300

DIV NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

DPACK
DUNPK
EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP // DUP CSP14310
IOND *STORE WS UA IOND CSP14320
KEYBD 3380 0002

MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT // ASM ** MOVE SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE (ID) CSP14330
* NAME MOVE (ID) CSP14340
* LIST CSP14350
0000 145A5140 ENT MOVE MOVE SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT CSP14360
* CALL MOVE(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K) CSP14370
* THE WORDS JCARD(J) THROUGH CSP14380
* JCARD(JLAST) ARE MOVED TO KCARD CSP14390
* STARTING AT KCARD(K). CSP14400
* CSP14410
PUT 0000 0 0000 MOVE DC **-* ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE CSP14420
P1403 0001 0 691F STX 1 SAVE1+1 SAVE IRI CSP14430
0002 01 65800000 LDX I1 MOVE PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IRI CSP14440
P1442 0004 0 C100 LD I1 0 GET JCARD ADDRESS CSP14450
0005 00 95800002 S I1 2 SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE CSP14460
0007 0 D013 STO LDX+1 PLACE ADDR OF JCARD(JLAST) IN CSP14470
READ 0008 00 C5800002 LD I1 2 PICKUP OF MOVE CSP14480
R2501 0009 00 95800001 ONE S I1 1 GET JLAST VALUE CSP14490
000C 0 4828 BSC +Z CHECK FIELD WIDTH CSP14500
SKIP 000D 0 1810 SRA 16 NEGATIVE - MAKE IT ZERO CSP14510
000E 0 D00A STO LDX+1 STORE FIELD WIDTH IN LDX CSP14520
STACK 000F 0 C103 LD I1 3 GET KCARD ADDRESS CSP14530
0010 00 95800004 S I1 4 SUBTRACT K VALUE CSP14550
0012 0 9006 LDX+1 SUBTRACT FIELD WIDTH CSP14560
SUB 0013 0 D009 STO STO+1 PLACE ADDR OF KCARD(KLAST) IN CSP14570
* STORE OF MOVE CSP14580
S1403 0014 01 74010019 MDX L LDX+1+1 ADD ONE TO FIELD WIDTH CSP14590
TYPER 0016 0 7105 MDX I1 5 MAKING IT TRUE CSP14600
0017 0 6908 STX I1 DONE1+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS CSP14610
* JNOW=J CSP14620
* KNOW=K+JNOW-J CSP14630
* CSP14640
UNPAC 0018 00 65000000 LDX LDX L1 **- LOAD IRI WITH FIELD WIDTH CSP14650
WHOLE 001A 00 C5000000 LD1 LD L1 **- KCARD(KNOW)=JCARD(JNOW) CSP14660
001C 00 D5000000 STO STO L1 **- PICKUP JCARD(JNOW) CSP14670
* STORE IT IN KCARD(KNOW) CSP14680
* SEE IF JNOW IS LESS THAN JLAST. CSP14690
* IF YES, JNOW=JNOW+1 AND MOVE CSP14700
* NEXT CHARACTER. IF NO, EXIT****. CSP14710
001E 0 71FF MDX I1 -1 DECREMENT THE FIELD WIDTH CSP14720
001F 0 70FA MDX LD1 NOT DONE - GET NEXT WORD CSP14730
* EXIT*****. CSP14740
0020 00 65000000 SAVE1 LDX L1 **- DONE - RESTORE IRI CSP14750
0022 00 4C000000 DONE1 BSC L **- RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM CSP14760
0024 END CSP14770

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

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// DUP CSP14780
*STORE WS UA MOVE CSP14790
3382 0003

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// ASM
## MPY SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE      CSP14800
* NAME MPY                                         (ID) CSP14810
* LIST                                         (ID) CSP14820
0000 145E8000          ENT    MPY  MPY SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT      CSP14840
*           CALL MPY(JCARD,J,JLAST,K+KLAST,NER)      CSP14850
*           THE WORDS JCARD(J) THROUGH      CSP14860
*           JCARD(JLAST) MULTIPLY THE WORDS      CSP14870
*           KCARD(K) THROUGH KCARD(KLAST).      CSP14880
*           THE RESULT IS IN THE KCARD FIELD      CSP14890
*           EXTENDED TO THE LEFT.      CSP14900
0000 0 0000   MPY  DC    *** ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE      CSP14910
0001 0 6A6A   STX  2 SAVE2+1 SAVE IR2      CSP14920
0002 0 696B   STX  1 SAVE1+1 SAVE IR1      CSP14930
0003 01 65800000  LDX  I1 MPY PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IR1      CSP14940
0005 0 C104   LD   1 4 GET K ADDRESS      CSP14950
0006 0 D05E   STO  K1 STORE FOR FILL OF ZEROES      CSP14960
*           CALCULATE K-1      CSP14970
0007 01 C4800065  LD   I K1 GET VALUE OF K      CSP14980
0009 0 900B   S   ONE+1 SUBTRACT CONSTANT OF ONE      CSP14990
000A 0 D0F5   STO  MPY STORE IN MPY      CSP15000
000B 0 C100   LD   I 0 GET JCARD ADDRESS      CSP15010
000C 00 95800002  S   I1 2 SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE      CSP15020
000E 0 D04E   STO  SRCH+1 SAVE FOR JFRST SEARCH      CSP15030
000F 0 D075   STO  MULT1+1 SAVE FOR MULTIPLICATION      CSP15040
0010 0 8004   A   ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE      CSP15050
0011 0 D02F   STO  OK+2 CREATE ADDRESS OF JCARD(JLAST)      CSP15060
0012 00 C5800002  TWO   LD   I1 2 GET JLAST VALUE      CSP15070
0014 0 95800001  ONE   S   I1 1 SUBTRACT J VALUE      CSP15080
0016 0 80FE   A   ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE      CSP15090
0017 0 4B08   BSC  + CHECK FIELD WIDTH      CSP15100
0018 0 COFC   LD   ONE+1 NEGATIVE OR ZERO-MAKE IT ONE      CSP15110
0019 0 D024   STO  SCHCT+1 SAVE FIELD WIDTH FOR SEARCH      CSP15120
001A 0 C103   LD   I 3 GET KCARD ADDRESS      CSP15130
001B 0 D03C   STO  KCRD1 SAVE FOR FILL      CSP15140
001C 0 D047   STO  KCRD2 SAVE FOR FILL      CSP15150
001D 0 D074   STO  KCRD3 SAVE FOR CARRY      CSP15160
001E 00 95800005  S   I1 5 SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE      CSP15170
0020 0 D054   STO  PICK+1 SAVE FOR MULTIPLICATION      CSP15180
0021 0 D059   STO  PUT1+1 SAVE FOR MULTIPLICATION      CSP15190
0022 0 80F2   A   ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE      CSP15200
0023 0 D027   STO  SGNK+1 CREATE ADDRESS OF KCARD(KLAST)      CSP15210
0024 0 C105   LD   I 5 GET KLAST ADDRESS      CSP15220
0025 0 D06E   STO  KLAS2 SAVE FOR CARRY      CSP15230
0026 0 D03F   STO  KLAS1 SAVE FOR FILL      CSP15240
0027 00 C5800005  LD   I1 5 GET KLAST VALUE      CSP15250
0029 0 95800004  S   I1 4 SUBTRACT K VALUE      CSP15260
002B 0 80E9   A   ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE      CSP15270
002C 0 4B08   BSC  + CHECK FIELD WIDTH      CSP15280
002D 0 COE7   LD   ONE+1 NEGATIVE OR ZERO-MAKE IT ONE      CSP15290
002E 0 D043   STO  MULTC+1 SAVE FOR MULTIPLICATION      CSP15300
002F 0 7107   MDX  I 7 MOVE OVER SEVEN ARGUMENTS      CSP15310
0030 0 693F   STX  1 DONE1+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS      CSP15320
*           KSTART-K-JLAST+J-1      CSP15330
0031 0 COCE   LD   MPY LOAD K-1      CSP15340
0032 00 8580FFFF  A   I1 -6 ADD VALUE OF J      CSP15350
0034 00 9580FFFF  S   I1 -5 SUBTRACT VALUE OF JLAST      CSP15360

```

ADD
A1A3
A1DEC
A3A1
CARRY
DECA1
DIV
DPACK
DUNPK
EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP
IOND
KEYBD
MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT
P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE

ADD

A1A3

A1DEC

A3A1

CARRY

DECA1

DIV

DPACK

DUNPK

EDIT

FILL

GET

ICOMP

IOND

KEYBD

MOVE

MPY

NCOMP

NSIGN

NZONE

PACK

PRINT

PUNCH

PUT

P1403

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

SUB

S1403

TYPER

UNPAC

WHOLE

0036 01 4C30003D	*	BSC L SCHCT,-Z IF KSTRT POSITIV-GO TO SCHCT	CSP15370
0038 00 C580FFFE		NER=KLAST	CSP15380
003A 00 D980FFFF	MONE	LD I1 -2 NOT POSITIVE-LOAD KLAST VALUE	CSP15390
003C 0 7030		STO I1 -1 AND STORE AT NER	CSP15400
	*	MDX SAVE1 GO TO EXIT	CSP15410
		JFRST=J	CSP15420
003D 00 65000000	SCHCT	LDX L1 **- LOAD IR1 WITH JCARD FIELD WIDTH	CSP15430
003F 0 DOFE	OK	STO SCHCT+1 SAVE KSTRT IN SCHCT+1	CSP15440
	*	CLEAR AND SAVE THE SIGNS ON THE	CSP15450
	*	JCARD AND THE KCARD FIELDS	CSP15460
0040 00 C4000000	LD L	**- GET JCARD(JLAST) VALUE	CSP15470
0042 0 D05C	STO	JSIGN SAVE SIGN IN JSIGN	CSP15480
0043 01 4C100049	BSC L	OVRJ,- IF NOT NEGATIVE-GO TO OVRJ	CSP15490
0045 0 F0F5	EOR	MONE+1 NEGATIVE-MAKE SIGN POSITIVE	CSP15500
0046 01 D4800041	STO I	OK+2 AND PUT BACK IN JCARD(JLAST)	CSP15510
0048 0 C0F2	LD	MONE+1 PICKUP A MINUS ONE	CSP15520
0049 0 1890	OVRJ SRT	16 PUT JSIGN INDICATION IN EXTENTON	CSP15530
004A 00 C4000000	SGNK	LD L **- PICKUP KCARD(KLAST)	CSP15540
004C 01 4C100054	BSC L	KPLUS,- IF NOT NEGATIVE-GO TO KPLUS	CSP15550
004E 0 F0EC	EOR	MONE+1 NEGATIVE-MAKE POSITIVE AND	CSP15560
004F 01 D480004B	STO I	SGNK+1 PUT BACK IN KCARD(KLAST)	CSP15570
0051 0 1090	SLT	16 GET JSIGN INDICATION	CSP15580
0052 0 F0E8	EOR	MONE+1 CHANGE IT	CSP15590
0053 0 7001	MDX	OVRK SKIP THE NEXT INSTRUCTION	CSP15600
0054 0 1090	KPLUS SLT	16 GET JSIGN INDICATION	CSP15610
0055 0 D04A	OVRK STO	KSIGN SAVE SIGN FOR RESULT	CSP15620
	*	FILL LEFT EXTENSION OF KCARD	CSP15630
	*	WITH ZEROES	CSP15640
0056 30 062534C0	CALL	FILL FILL KCARD EXTENSION WITH ZEROES	CSP15650
0058 0 0000	KCRD1 DC	**- ADDRESS OF KCARD	CSP15660
0059 1 003E	DC	SCHCT+1 ADDRESS OF KSTRT	CSP15670
005A 1 0000	DC	MPY ADDRESS OF K-1	CSP15680
005B 1 00A1	DC	ZIP ADDRESS OF ZERO	CSP15690
	*	IS JCARD(JLAST) POSITIVE	CSP15700
005C 00 C5000000	SRCH LD	L1 **- PICKUP JCARD(JFRST)	CSP15710
005E 01 4C300071	BSC L	MULTC,-Z IF POSITIVE-GO TO MULTC	CSP15720
	*	SEE IF JFRST IS LESS THAN JLAST.	CSP15730
	*	IF YES, JFRST=JFRST+1 AND GO	CSP15740
	*	BACK FOR MORE. IF NO,	CSP15750
	*	MULTIPLICATION IS BY ZERO.	CSP15760
0060 0 71FF	MDX	1 -1 NOT POSITIVE-DECREMENT IR1	CSP15770
0061 0 70FA	MDX	SRCH NOT DONE - GO BACK FOR MORE	CSP15780
	*	FILL WITH ZERO SINCE MULTIPLIER	CSP15790
	*	IS ZERO	CSP15800
0062 30 062534C0	CALL	FILL DONE-MAKE ENTIRE RESULT ZERO	CSP15810
0064 0 0000	KCRD2 DC	**- ADDRESS OF KCARD	CSP15820
0065 0 0000	K1 DC	**- ADDRESS OF K	CSP15830
0066 0 0000	KLAS1 DC	**- ADDRESS OF KLAST	CSP15840
0067 1 00A1	DC	ZIP ADDRESS OF ZERO	CSP15850
	*	RESTORE THE SIGN OF JCARD	CSP15860
	*	EXIT.....	CSP15870
0068 0 C036	FIN LD	JSIGN PICKUP JCARD SIGN	CSP15880
0069 01 D4800041	STO I	OK+2 AND RESTORE IT	CSP15890
006B 00 66000000	SAVE2 LDX	L2 **- RESTORE IR2	CSP15900
006D 00 65000000	SAVE1 LDX	L1 **- RESTORE IR1	CSP15910

		PAGE	3	ADD	
006F 00 4C000000	DONE1 BSC L	**	RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM	CSP15920	A1A3
	*	KM=K		CSP15930	A1DEC
0071 00 66000000	MULTC LDX L2	**	POSITIVE-LOAD IR2 WITH KCARD CNT	CSP15940	A3A1
0073 0 69F1	STX 1 K1		SAVE JFRST AT K1	CSP15950	CARRY
	*	MULT=KCARD(KM)		CSP15960	DECA1
0074 00 C6000000	PICK LD L2	**	PICKUP KCARD(KM)	CSP15970	DIV
0076 01 4C08008E	BSC L	MO+	IS IT POSITIVE-NO-GO TO MO	CSP15980	DPACK
0078 0 DOED	STO KLAS1		YES-SAVE KCARD(KM)	CSP15990	DUNPK
0079 0 1810	SRA 16		CLEAR ACCUMULATOR	CSP16000	EDIT
	*	KCARD(KM)=0		CSP16010	FILL
007A 00 D6000000	PUT1 STO L2	**	SET KCARD(KM)=0	CSP16020	GET
	*	KNOW=KM+JFRST-JLAST		CSP16030	ICOMP
007C 0 6AF5	STX 2	MULTC+1	GET THE VALUE	CSP16040	IOND
007D 0 C0F4	LD	MULTC+1	OF KM	CSP16050	KEYBD
007E 0 80E6	A	K1	AND ADD JFRST	CSP16060	MOVE
007F 0 808B	A	MONE+1	TO IT AND CALCULATE	CSP16070	MPY
0080 0 80FA	A	PUT1+1	THE ADDRESS OF	CSP16080	NCOMP
0081 0 D007	STO	PUT2+1	KCARD(KNOW)	CSP16090	NSIGN
	*	JNOW=JFRST		CSP16100	NZONE
0082 01 65800065	LDX I1 K1		LOAD IR1 WITH JFRST	CSP16110	PACK
	*	KCARD(KNOW)=MULT*JCARD(JNOW)		CSP16120	PRINT
	*	+KCARD(KNOW)		CSP16130	PUNCH
0084 00 C5000000	MULT1 LD L1	**	PICKUP JCARD(JNOW)	CSP16140	PUT
0086 0 A0DF	M	KLAS1	MULTIPLY BY MULT	CSP16150	P1403
0087 0 1090	SLT 16		RE-ALIGN THE PRODUCT	CSP16160	P1442
0088 00 D4000000	PUT2 STO L	**	STORE IN KCARD(KNOW)	CSP16170	READ
	*	KNOW=KNOW+1		CSP16180	R2501
008A 01 74FF0089	MDX L	PUT2+1,-1	MODIFY ADDR OF KCARD(KNOW)	CSP16190	SKIP
	*	SEE IF JNOW IS LESS THAN JLAST.		CSP16200	STACK
	*	IF YES, JNOW=JNOW+1 AND GO BACK		CSP16210	SUB
	*	FOR MORE, IF NO, CHECK KM.		CSP16220	
008C 0 71FF	MDX 1 -1	DECREMENT IR1		CSP16230	
008D 0 70F6	MDX	MULT1 NOT DONE-GO BACK FOR MORE		CSP16240	
	*	SEE IF KM IS LESS THAN KLAST.		CSP16250	
	*	IF YES, KM=KM+1 AND GO BACK FOR		CSP16260	
	*	MORE. IF NO, RESOLVE CARRIES.		CSP16270	
008E 0 72FF	MO MDX 2 -1	DONE-DECREMENT IR2		CSP16280	
008F 0 70E4	MDX	PICK NOT DONE-GO BACK FOR MORE		CSP16290	
	*	RESOLVE CARRIES IN THE PRODUCT		CSP16300	
0090 30 03059668	CALL	CARRY DONE-RESOLVE CARRIES IN THE RES		CSP16310	
0092 0 0000	KCRD3 DC	** ADDRESS OF KCARD		CSP16320	
0093 1 003E	DC	SCHCT+1 ADDRESS OF KSTRT		CSP16330	
0094 0 0000	KLAS2 DC	** ADDRESS OF KLAST		CSP16340	
0095 1 0092	DC	KCRD3 DUMMY		CSP16350	
	*	GENERATE THE SIGN OF THE PRODUCT		CSP16360	
0096 0 C009	LD	KSIGN PICKUP THE SIGN INDICATOR		CSP16370	
0097 01 4C100068	BSC L	FIN=- IF NOT NEGATIVE-ALL DONE-EXIT		CSP16380	
0099 01 C480004B	LD I	SGNK+1 NEGATIVE-PICKUP KCARD(KLAST)		CSP16390	
0098 0 F09F	EOR	MONE+1 CHANGE THE SIGN		CSP16400	
009C 01 D480004B	STO I	SGNK+1 RESTORE KCARD(KLAST)		CSP16410	
009E 0 70C9	MDX	FIN GO TO EXIT		CSP16420	
009F 0 0000	JSIGN DC	** SIGN OF JCARD		CSP16430	
00A0 0 0000	KSIGN DC	** SIGN OF PRODUCT		CSP16440	
00A1 0 0000	ZIP DC	0 CONSTANT OF ZERO		CSP16450	
00A2	END			CSP16460	

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

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// DUP           CSP16470
*STORE        WS UA MPY           CSP16480
3885 000A
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ADD      // ASM          // NCMP SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE      (ID) CSP16490
A1A3    * NAME NCOMP          (ID) CSP16500
* LIST          (ID) CSP16510
A1DEC   0000 150D6517     ENT     NCMP NCMP SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT      CSP16520
*          *          NCMP(JCARD+J,JLAST+KCARD+K)      CSP16530
*          *          THE WORDS JCARD(IJ) THROUGH      CSP16540
*          *          JCARD(JLAST1) STARTING WITH      CSP16550
*          *          JCARD(IJ) ARE COMPARED LOGICALLY      CSP16560
*          *          TO THE FIELD STARTING AT      CSP16570
*          *          KCARD(IK). ALL DATA MUST BE IN      CSP16580
*          *          A1 FORMAT.      CSP16590
DECA1   0000 0 0000     NCMP  DC    **- ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE      CSP16600
0001 0 6925     STX  I1 SAVE1+1 SAVE IRI      CSP16610
0002 01 65800000  LDX  I1 NCMP PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IRI      CSP16620
0004 0 C100     LD   I 0 GET JCARD ADDRESS      CSP16630
0005 00 95800002  S   I2 SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE      CSP16640
0007 0 D017     STO  I1+1 CREATE END OF JCARD ADDRESS      CSP16650
0008 00 C5800002  LD   I1 2 GET JLAST VALUE      CSP16660
DUNPK   000A 00 95800001  ONE   S   I1 1 SUBTRACT J VALUE      CSP16670
000C 0 4828     BSC  +Z CHECK FIELD WIDTH      CSP16680
000D 0 1810     SRA  16 NEGATIVE - MAKE IT ZERO      CSP16690
000E 0 D00A     STO  I1+1 SAVE FIELD WIDTH      CSP16700
000F 0 C103     LD   I 3 GET KCARD ADDRESS      CSP16710
0010 00 95800004  S   I1 4 SUBTRACT K VALUE      CSP16720
0012 0 9006     S   I1+1 SUBTRACT FIELD WIDTH      CSP16730
0013 0 D007     STO  I2+1 CREATE END OF KCARD ADDRESS      CSP16740
0014 01 74010019  MDX  L  LDX+1,I MAKE FIELD WIDTH TRUE      CSP16750
0016 0 7105     MDX  I 5 MOVE OVER FIVE ARGUMENTS      CSP16760
0017 0 6911     STX  I DONE1+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS      CSP16770
IOND    *          JNOW=J      CSP16780
KEYBD   0018 00 65000000  LDX  LDX I1 **- PUT FIELD WIDTH IN IRI      CSP16790
001A 00 C5000000  LD2  LD I1 **- PICKUP JCARD(JNOW)      CSP16800
001C 0 1804     SRA  4 DIVIDE BY EIGHT      CSP16810
MOVE    001D 0 D0FB     STO  I1+1 SAVE TEMPORARILY      CSP16820
001E 00 C5000000  LD1  LD I1 **- PICKUP KCARD(KNOW)      CSP16830
0020 0 1804     SRA  4 DIVIDE BY EIGHT      CSP16840
0021 0 90F7     S   I1+1 CALCUL JCARD(JNOW)-KCARD(KNOW)      CSP16850
NCOMP   0022 01 4C200026  BSC  L  SAVE1+2 IS NCMP ZERO-NO-ALL DONE      CSP16860
*          *          SEE IF JNOW IS LESS THAN JLAST.      CSP16870
*          *          IF YES, JNOW=JNOW+1 AND GO BACK      CSP16880
*          *          FOR MORE. IF NO, EXIT.      CSP16890
*          *          ALL DONE - EXIT.....      CSP16900
NZONE   0024 0 71FF     MDX  I -1 YES-DECREMENT FIELD WIDTH      CSP16910
0025 0 70F4     MDX  LD2 GO BACK FOR MORE      CSP16920
PACK    *          ALL DONE - EXIT.....      CSP16930
0026 00 65000000  SAVE1 LDX I1**- RESTORE IRI      CSP16940
PRINT   0028 00 4C000000  DONE1 BSC L **- RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM      CSP16950
002A     END          CSP16960
*          *          END      CSP16970

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

PUNCH
PUT
P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP   // DUP          CSP16980
*STORE WS UA NCMP          CSP16990
STACK  338F 0004
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE

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// ASM
## NSIGN SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE      CSP17000
* NAME NSIGN                                         (ID) CSP17010
* LIST                                              (ID) CSP17020
0000 158891D5          ENT    NSIGN NSIGN SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT   CSP17040
*           CALL NSIGN(JCARD(J),NEWS+NOLDS)   CSP17050
*           THE SIGN OF THE DIGIT AT     CSP17060
*           JCARD(J) IS TESTED AND NOLDS IS CSP17070
*           SET. THE SIGN IS MODIFIED AS   CSP17080
*           INDICATED BY NEWS.        CSP17090
0000 0 0000  NSIGN DC  *--# ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE   CSP17100
0001 0 691A  STX  I SAVE1+2 SAVE IR1   CSP17110
0002 01 65800000  LDX  I1 NSIGN PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IR1   CSP17120
0004 0 C100  LD   I 0 GET JCARD ADDRESS   CSP17130
0005 00 95800001  ONE  S  I1 1 SUBTRACT J VALUE   CSP17140
0007 0 80FE  A   ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE   CSP17150
0008 0 D001  STO  CHAR+1 CREATE JCARD(J) ADDRESS   CSP17160
*           JTEST=JCARD(J)   CSP17170
0009 00 C4000000  CHAR  LD   L *--# PICKUP DIGIT   CSP17180
000B 01 4C10001F  BSC  L PLUS,- IS JTEST NEGATIV-NO-GO TO PLUS   CSP17190
000D 0 1890  SRT  16 YES-SAVE TEMPORARILY   CSP17200
*           NOLDS=-1   CSP17210
000E 0 C019  LD   HFFFF PICKUP MINUS ONE   CSP17220
000F 00 D5800003  STO  I1 3 STORE IN NOLDS   CSP17230
*           NEWS+JTEST IS COMPARED TO ZERO   CSP17240
*           NEWS IS COMPARED TO ZERO   CSP17250
0011 00 C5800002  LD   I1 2 PICKUP NEWS   CSP17260
0013 01 4C280019  BSC  L FIN,+Z IF NEGATIVE ALL DONE   CSP17270
*           JTEST=-JTEST-1   CSP17280
0015 0 1090  REV   SLT  16 RESTORE JTEST   CSP17290
0016 0 F011  EOR   HFFFF CHANGE THE SIGN   CSP17300
*           JCARD(J)=JTEST   CSP17310
0017 01 D480000A  STO  I CHAR+1 PUT NEW SIGN IN JCARD(J)   CSP17320
0019 0 7104  FIN   MDX  I 4 MOVE OVER FOUR ARGUMENTS   CSP17330
001A 0 6903  STX  I DONE1+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS   CSP17340
*           EXIT.....   CSP17350
001B 00 65000000  SAVE1 LDX  L1 *--# RESTORE IR1   CSP17360
001D 00 4C000000  DONE1 BSC  L *--# RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM   CSP17370
001F 0 1890  PLUS  SRT  16 SAVE TEMPORARILY   CSP17380
*           NOLDS=1   CSP17390
0020 0 C0E5  LD   ONE+1 PICKUP CONSTANT OF ONE   CSP17400
0021 00 D5800003  STO  I1 3 STORE IT IN NOLDS   CSP17410
*           NEWS+JTEST IS COMPARED TO ZERO   CSP17420
*           NEWS IS COMPARED TO ZERO   CSP17430
0023 00 C5800002  LD   I1 2 PICKUP NEWS   CSP17440
0025 01 4C300019  BSC  L FIN,+Z IF POSITIVE - ALL DONE   CSP17450
0027 0 TOED  MDX   REV REVERSE SIGN - GO TO REV   CSP17460
0028 0 FFFF  HFFFF DC  /FFFF CONSTANT OF MINUS ONE   CSP17470
002A          END   CSP17480

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

// DUP                                         CSP17490
*STORE    WS  UA  NSIGN                         CSP17500
3393 0004

```

ADD
A1A3
A1DEC
A3A1
CARRY
DECA1
DIV
DPACK
DUNPK
EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP
IOND
KEYBD
MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT
P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE

ADD	// ASM	CSP17510	
A1A3	## NZONE SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE	(ID)	CSP17520
*	* NAME NZONE	(ID)	CSP17530
*	* LIST		CSP17540
A1DEC	0000 15A56545 ENT NZONE NZONE SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT		CSP17550
	* CALL NZONE(JCARD+J,NEWZ,NOLDZ)		CSP17560
A3A1	* THE ZONE OF THE CHARACTER AT		CSP17570
CARRY	* JCARD(I,J) IS TESTED AND NOLDZ IS		CSP17580
DECA1	* SET. THE ZONE IS MODIFIED AS		CSP17590
DIV	* INDICATED BY NEWZ.		CSP17600
DPACK	0000 0 0000 NZONE DC **# ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE		CSP17610
DUNPK	0001 0 6925 STX I1 SAVE1+1 SAVE IR1		CSP17620
EDIT	0002 01 65800000 LDX I1 NZONE PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IR1		CSP17630
FILL	0004 0 C100 LD I0 GET JCARD ADDRESS		CSP17640
GET	0005 00 95800001 ONE S I1 1 SUBTRACT J VALUE		CSP17650
ICOMP	0007 0 80FE A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE		CSP17660
IOND	0008 0 D01A STO STO+1 CREATE JCARD(I,J) ADDRESS		CSP17670
KEYBD	0009 0 D001 STO LD1+1 CREATE JCARD(I,J) ADDRESS		CSP17680
MOVE	*	JTEST=JCARD(I,J)	CSP17690
MPY	000D 01 4C10003A BSC L PLUS+- IF NOT NEGATIVE-GO TO PLUS		CSP17700
NCOMP	000F 0 9018 S ZERO NEGATIVE-CHECK TO SEE IF IT IS		CSP17720
NSIGN	0010 01 4C18002E BSC L TWO+- AN EBCDIC ZERO-YES-GO TO TWO		CSP17730
NZONE	*	NOLDZ+=I(JTEST-4096)/4096	CSP17740
PACK	*	SHIFT 12 IS EQUIVALENT TO DIVIDE	CSP17750
PRINT	*	BY 4096	CSP17760
PUNCH	*	AND 3000 IS EQUIVALENT TO	CSP17770
PUT	*	SUBTRACT 4096 AND SHIFT	CSP17780
P1403	0012 0 COF8 LD LD1+1 NO-RELOAD JTEST		CSP17790
	0013 0 EO19 AND H3000 REMOVE ALL BUT BITS 2 AND 3		CSP17800
	0014 0 180C SRA 12 PUT IN LOW ORDER OF ACCUMULATOR		CSP17830
	0015 0 80F0 A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE		CSP17840
	0016 00 D5800003 STO I1 3 STORE IN NOLDZ		CSP17850
	*	IS NEWZ LESS THAN FIVE	CSP17860
	0018 00 C5800002 LD I1 2 PICKUP VALUE OF NEWZ		CSP17870
	001A 0 9011 S FOUR AND CHECK FOR LESS THAN FIVE		CSP17880
	001B 01 4C300024 BSC L FINIS=Z NO-GO TO EXIT		CSP17890
	001D 0 800E A FOUR YES - RESTORE NEWZ		CSP17900
	*	JCARD(I,J)=JTEST+4096*(NEWZ-NOLDZ)	CSP17910
	001E 00 95800003 S I1 3 SUBTRACT NOLDZ		CSP17920
	0020 0 100C SLA I2 PUT RESULT IN BITS 2 AND 3		CSP17930
	0021 0 80E9 A LD1+1 ADD ORIGINAL CHARACTER		CSP17940
	0022 00 D4000000 STO STO L **# STORE BACK IN JCARD(I,J)		CSP17950
	*	EXIT.....	CSP17960
	0024 0 7104 FINIS MDX I 4 MOVE OVER FOUR ARGUMENTS		CSP17970
	0025 0 6903 STX I DONE1+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS		CSP17980
	0026 00 65000000 SAVE1 LDX L1 **# RESTORE IR1		CSP17990
	0028 00 4C000000 DONE1 BSC L **# RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM		CSP18000
	002A 0 6040 MINUS DC /6040 CONSTANT OF EBCDIC MINUS SIGN		CSP18010
	002B 0 F040 ZERO DC /F040 CONSTANT OF EBCDIC ZERO		CSP18020
	002C 0 0004 FOUR DC 4 CONSTANT OF FOUR		CSP18030
	002D 0 3000 H3000 DC /3000 CONSTANT FOR STRIPING BITS		CSP18040
	*	IS NEWZ TWO	CSP18050
	002E 00 C5800002 TWO LD I1 2 PICKUP VALUE OF NEWZ		CSP18060
	0030 0 90FE S TWO+1 IS IT TWO		CSP18070

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

SUB

S1403

0031 01 4C200036	BSC L NOT=Z NO - GO TO NOT	CSP18080	
*	JCARD(I,J)=24640	CSP18090	
0033 0 COF6	LD MINUS YES - SET JCARD(J)	CSP18100	
0034 01 D4800023	STO I STO+1 EQUAL TO AN EBCDIC MINUS SIGN	CSP18110	
0036 0 COF5	*	CSP18120	
0037 00 D5800003	NOT LD FOUR SET NOLDZ	CSP18130	
0039 0 70EA	STO I1 3 EQUAL TO FOUR	CSP18140	
*	MDX FINIS GO TO EXIT	CSP18150	
003A 0 90EF	*	IS JTEST AN EBCDIC MINUS SIGN	CSP18160
003B 01 4C200049	PLUS S MINUS NOT NEGATIVE - CHECK FOR EBCDIC	CSP18170	
*	BSC L SPEC,Z MINUS SIGN-NO-GO TO SPEC	CSP18180	
003D 0 COF1	*	CSP18190	
003E 00 D5800003	LD TWO+1 YES-LOAD TWO AND STORE	CSP18200	
*	STO I1 3 IT IN NOLDZ	CSP18210	
0040 00 C5800002	*	IS NEWZ FOUR	CSP18220
0042 0 90E9	LD I1 2 PICKUP VALUE OF NEWZ AND	CSP18230	
0043 01 4C200024	S FOUR CHECK FOR VALUE OF FOUR	CSP18240	
*	BSC L FINIS=Z NO-GO TO FINIS	CSP18250	
0045 0 COE5	*	JCARD(I,J)=4032	CSP18260
0046 01 D4800023	LD ZERO YES-LOAD EBCDIC ZERO AND	CSP18270	
0048 0 70DB	STO I STO+1 STORE IT AT JCARD(I,J)	CSP18280	
0049 0 COFE	BIG MDX FINIS GO TO EXIT	CSP18290	
004A 00 D5800003	SPEC LD BIG SPECIAL CHARACTER-LOAD LARGE	CSP18300	
004C 0 70D7	STO I1 3 NUMBER AND STORE AT NOLDZ	CSP18310	
004E	MDX FINIS ALL DONE - GO TO EXIT	CSP18320	
	END	CSP18330	

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

// DUP		CSP18340
*STORE WS UA NZONE		CSP18350
3397 0006		

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// ASM
** PRINT AND SKIP SUBROUTINES FOR 1190 CSP
* NAME PRINT
* LIST
0041 17649563 ENT PRINT SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT CSP18360
* CALL PRINT (JCARD, J, JLAST, NERR3) (ID) CSP18370
* PRINT JCARD(J) THROUGH JCARD(JLAST) ON THE (ID) CSP18380
* 1192 PRINTER. PUT ERROR PARAMETER IN NERR3. CSP18390
0069 224895C0 ENT SKIP SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT CSP18400
* CALL SKIP(N) CSP18410
* EXECUTE CONTROL FUNCTION SPECIFIED BY INTEGER N CSP18420
0000 0 0001 ONE DC 1 CONSTANT OF 1 CSP18430
0001 0 2000 SPACE DC /2000 PRINT FUNCTION WITH SPACE CSP18440
0002 0 0000 JCARD DC ** JCARD J ADDRESS CSP18450
0003 0 0000 JLAST DC ** JCARD JLAST ADDRESS CSP18460
0004 0 003D AREA BSS 61 WORD COUNT & PRINT AREA CSP18470
0041 0 0000 PRINT DC ** ADDRESS OF 1ST ARGUMENT CSP18480
0042 20 176558F1 TEST LIBF PRNT1 CALL BUSY TEST ROUTINE CSP18490
0043 0 0000 DC /0000 BUSY TEST PARAMETER CSP18500
0044 0 70FD MDX TEST REPEAT TEST IF BUSY CSP18510
0045 0 691A STX 1 SAVE1&1 STORE IRI CSP18520
0046 01 65800041 LDX I1 PRINT LOAD 1ST ARGUMENT ADDRESS CSP18530
0048 20 01647880 LIBF ARGS CALL ARGS ROUTINE CSP18540
0049 1 0002 DC JCARD JCARD J PICKED UP CSP18550
004A 1 0003 DC JLAST JCARD JLAST PICKED UP CSP18560
004B 1 0004 DC AREA CHARACTER COUNT PICKED UP CSP18570
004C 0 0078 DC 120 MAX CHARACTER COUNT CSP18580
004D 0 C086 LD AREA GET CHARACTER COUNT CSP18590
004E 0 8081 A ONE HALF ADJUST CSP18600
004F 0 1801 SRA 1 DIVIDE BY TWO CSP18610
0050 0 D0B3 STO AREA STORE WORD COUNT CSP18620
0051 0 C103 LD 1 3 GET ERROR WORD ADDRESS CSP18630
0052 0 D012 STO ERR61 STORE IT IN ERROR ROUTINE CSP18640
0053 20 195C10D2 LIBF RPACK CALL REVERSE PACK ROUTINE CSP18650
0054 1 0002 DC JCARD JCARD J ADDRESS CSP18660
0055 1 0003 DC JLAST JCARD JLAST ADDRESS CSP18670
0056 1 0005 DC AREA61 PACK INTO I/O AREA CSP18680
0057 20 176558F1 LIBF PRNT1 CALL PRINT ROUTINE CSP18690
0058 0 2000 WRITE DC /2000 PRINT PARAMETER CSP18700
0059 1 0004 DC AREA I/O AREA BUFFER CSP18710
005A 1 0063 DC ERROR ERROR PARAMETER CSP18720
005B 0 C0A5 LD SPACE LOAD PRINT WITH SPACE CSP18730
005C 0 D0FB STO WRITE STORE IN PRINT PARAMETER CSP18740
005D 0 7104 MDX 1 4 INCREMENT OVER 4 ARGUMENTS CSP18750
005E 0 6903 STX 1 DONE1&1 STORE IRI CSP18760
005F 00 65000000 SAVE1 LDX L1 ** RELOAD OR RESTORE IRI CSP18770
0061 00 4C000000 DONE1 BSC L ** RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM CSP18780
0063 0 0000 ERROR DC ** RETURN ADDRESS GOES HERE CSP18790
0064 00 D4000000 ERR STO L ** STORE ACC IN ERROR PARAM CSP18800
0066 0 1810 SRA 16 CLEAR ACC CSP18810
0067 01 4C800063 BSC I ERROR RETURN TO PRNT1 PROGRAM CSP18820
0069 0 0000 SKIP DC ** ADDRESS OF ARGUMENT ADDR CSP18830
006A 01 C4800069 LD I SKIP GET ARGUMENT ADDRESS CSP18840
006C 0 D001 STO ARG61 DROP IT AND CSP18850
006D 00 C4000000 ARG LD L ** GET ARGUMENT CSP18860
006F 01 4C300074 BSC L NOSUP,-Z GO TO NOSUPPRESSION IF & CSP18870
0071 0 C009 LD NOSPC SET UP SPACE SUPPRESSION CSP18880

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ADD
 A1A3
 A1DEC
 A3A1
 CARRY
 DECA1
 DIV
 DPACK
 DUNPK
 EDIT
 FILL
 GET
 ICOMP
 IOND
 KEYBD
 MOVE
 MPY
 NCMP
 NSIGN
 NZONE
 PACK
PRINT
 PUNCH
 PUT
 P1403
 P1442
 READ
 R2501
SKIP
 STACK
 SUB
 S1403
 TYPER
 UNPAC
 WHOLE

PAGE 2

0072 0 D0E5	STO	WRITE	CHANGE PRINT FUNCTION	CSP18930
0073 0 7003	MDX	DONE	GO TO RETURN	CSP18940
0074 0 D001	NOSUP	STO	SET UP COMMAND	CSP18950
0075 20 176558F1	LIBF	PRNT1	CALL THE PRNT ROUTINE	CSP18960
0076 0 3000	CNTRL	DC /3000	CARRIAGE COMMAND WORD	CSP18970
0077 01 74010069	DONE	MDX L SKIP+1	ADJUST RETURN ADDRESS	CSP18980
0079 01 4C800069	BSC	I SKIP	RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM	CSP18990
007B 0 2010	NOSPC	DC /2010	SUPPRESS SPACE COMMAND	CSP19000
007C	END		END OF PRINT SUBPROGRAM	CSP19010

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

// DUP		CSP19020
*STORE	WS UA PRINT	CSP19030
339D 0005		

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ADD      // ASM          ** PUT SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE      CSP19040
A1A3    * NAME PUT      * (ID) CSP19050
A1DEC   * LIST          * (ID) CSP19060
A3A1    0000 17923000    ENT    PUT    PUT SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT      CSP19080
CARRY   *               CALL(JCARD,J,JLAST,VAR,ADJST,N)      CSP19090
DECA1   0000 0 0000      *               THE REAL NUMBER VAR IS HALF-      CSP19100
DIV     0001 0 6957      *               ADJUSTED WITH ADJST AND      CSP19110
DPACK   0002 01 65800000  *               TRUNCATED, THEN DIGITS ARE      CSP19120
DUNPK   0004 0 C100      *               CONVERTED FROM REAL TO EBCDIC      CSP19130
EDIT    0005 0 D04E      *               AND PLACED IN THE JCARD FIELD      CSP19140
FILL    0006 00 95800002  *               FROM JCARD(JLAST) TO JCARD(J).      CSP19150
GET     0008 0 800E      PUT    DC    **-* ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE      CSP19160
ICOMP   0009 0 D03D      STX    1 FIN+1 SAVE IR1      CSP19170
IOND    000A 0 C103      LDX    I1 PUT    PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IR1      CSP19180
KEYBD   000B 0 D014      LD     I 0 GET JCARD ADDRESS      CSP19190
MOVE    000C 0 800A      STO    JCRD1 SAVE FOR NZONE SUBROUTINE      CSP19200
MPY     000D 00 95800002  S     I1 2 SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE      CSP19210
NCOMP   000E 0 C104      A     ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE      CSP19220
NSIGN   000F 0 D012      STO    PUT1+1 CREATE JCARD(JLAST) ADDRESS      CSP19230
NZONE   0010 00 C5800005  TWO    LD     I 3 GET VAR ADDRESS      CSP19240
KEYBD   0012 0 D017      STO    VAR SAVE FOR PICKUP      CSP19250
MOVE    0013 00 C5800002  ONE    LD     I1 2 GET JLAST VALUE AND      CSP19260
PRINT   0015 0 D024      STO    JLAST SAVE IT AT JLAST      CSP19270
PUNCH   0016 00 95800001  S     I1 1 SUBTRACT J VALUE      CSP19280
PACK    0018 0 80FE      A     ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF ONE      CSP19290
PRINT   0019 0 4808      BSC    + CHECK FIELD WIDTH      CSP19300
MOVE    001A 0 COFC      LD     ONE+1 NEGATIVE OR ZERO-MAKE IT ONE      CSP19310
PUNCH   001B 0 D017      STO    PUTCT+1 OK-SAVE FIELD WIDTH      CSP19320
PACK    001C 0 7106      MDX    1 6 MOVE OVER SIX ARGUMENTS      CSP19330
PUT     001D 0 693D      STX    I DONE1+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS      CSP19400
P1403   001E 30 05042880  *               DIGS=WHOLE(ABS(VARI)+ADJST)      CSP19410
P1442   0020 0 0000      VAR    CALL  EABS TAKE THE ABSOLUTE VALUE      CSP19420
PRINT   0021 20 05044100  *               *-* OF VAR      CSP19430
P1442   0022 0 0000      ADJST  LIBF  EADD ADD TO IT THE      CSP19440
PRINT   0023 30 262164C5  *               *-* HALF-ADJUSTMENT VALUE      CSP19450
PUNCH   0025 0 F040      ZERO   DC    WHOLE TRUNCATE ANY FRACTION      CSP19460
PACK    0026 0 C003      *               /F040 CONSTANT OF EBCDIC ZERO      CSP19470
PUNCH   0027 01 4C080032  BSC    L ADRN2+1 CHECK TO SEE IF N IS GREATER      CSP19480
PRINT   0029 00 65000000  AGAIN  LDX  L1 **-* YES-PUT VALUE OF N IN IR1      CSP19490
PUNCH   002B 20 05517A00  LIBF   EMPTY MULTIPLY BY      CSP19500
PUNCH   002C 1 005C      DC    PNT1 ONE TENTH      CSP19510
PUNCH   002D 30 262164C5  CALL   WHOLE TRUNCATE THE FRACTION      CSP19520
PUNCH   002F 0 0000      DC    0 DUMMY      CSP19530
PUT     *               *               SEE IF JNOW IS LESS THAN N.      CSP19540
P1403   *               *               IF YES, JNOW=JNOW+1 AND GO BACK      CSP19550
P1442   *               *               FOR MORE, IF NO, START      CSP19560
P1442   *               *               CONVERTING.      CSP19570
P1442   *               *               CSP19580
P1442   *               *               CSP19590
P1442   *               *               CSP19600

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0030 0 71FF	MDX 1 -1	DECIMENT N BY ONE	CSP19610	ADD
0031 0 70F9	MDX	AGAIN NOT DONE-GO BACK FOR MORE	CSP19620	A1A3
	*	JNOW=JLAST	CSP19630	A1DEC
0032 00 65000000	PUTCT LDX L1 **	DONE=PUT FIELD WIDTH IN IR1	CSP19640	CARRY
0034 20 058A3580	BACK LIBF	ESTO STORE FAC	CSP19650	DECA1
0035 1 0062	DC	DIGS IN DIGS	CSP19660	DIV
	*	DIGT=WHOLE(DIGS/10.0)	CSP19670	DPACK
0036 20 05517A00	LIBF	EMPTY MULTIPLY BY	CSP19680	DUNPK
0037 1 005C	DC	PNT1 ONE TENTH AND	CSP19690	EDIT
0038 30 262164C5	CALL	WHOLE TRUNCATE ANY FRACTION	CSP19700	FILL
003A 0 0000	JLAST DC	** JLAST VALUE	CSP19710	GET
003B 20 058A3580	LIBF	ESTO STORE RESULT IN	CSP19720	ICOMP
003C 1 0065	DC	DIGS1 DIGS1-SAME AS DIGT	CSP19730	IOND
	*	JCARD(JNOW)=256*IFIX(DIGS	CSP19740	KEYBD
		- 10.0*DIGT)-4032	CSP19750	MOVE
	*	MULTIPLY BY 256 IS SAME AS SHIFT	CSP19760	MPY
	*	EIGHT	CSP19770	NCOMP
	*	SUBTRACT 4032 IS SAME AS OR F040	CSP19780	NSIGN
003D 20 05517A00	LIBF	EMPTY MULTIPLY DIGT BY	CSP19790	NZONE
003E 1 005F	DC	ETEN TEN AND	CSP19800	PACK
003F 20 15599500	LIBF	NORM NORMALIZE THE RESULT	CSP19810	PRINT
0040 20 22559000	LIBF	SNR REVERSE THE SIGN	CSP19820	PUNCH
0041 20 05044100	LIBF	EADD AND ADD IN THE	CSP19830	PUT
0042 1 0062	DC	DIGS VALUE OF DIGS	CSP19840	P1403
0043 20 091899C0	LIBF	IFIX FIX THE RESULT	CSP19850	P1442
0044 0 1008	SLA 8	AND PLACE IN BITS 4-7	CSP19860	READ
0045 0 E8DF	OR ZERO	MAKE AN A1 CHARACTER	CSP19870	R2501
0046 00 D4000000	PUT1 STO L	** AND STORE IN JCARD(JNOW)	CSP19880	SKIP
0048 20 054C4000	LIBF	ELD SET FACE EQUAL	CSP19890	STACK
0049 1 0065	DC	DIGS1 TO DIGS1	CSP19900	SUB
	*	SEE IF JNOW IS GREATER THAN J.	CSP19910	S1403
	*	IF YES, JNOW=JNOW-1 AND GO BACK	CSP19920	TYPER
	*	FOR MORE. IF NO, SET ZONE.	CSP19930	UNPAC
004A 01 74010047	MDX L	PUT1+1,1 CHANGE JCARD ADDRESS	CSP19940	WHOLE
004C 0 71FF	MDX 1 -1	DECIMENT COUNT	CSP19950	
004D 0 70E6	MDX	BACK NOT DONE-GO BACK FOR MORE	CSP19960	
	*	IS VAR LESS THAN ZERO	CSP19970	
004E 00 C4000000	SIGN LD L	** DONE-PICKUP ORIGINAL SIGN	CSP19980	
0050 01 4C100088	BSC L	FIN=- IF NOT NEG-ALL DONE-GO TO EXIT	CSP19990	
0052 30 15A56545	CALL	NZONE CALL NZONE FOR ZONE SETTING	CSP20000	
0054 0 0000	JCRD1 DC	** ADDRESS OF JCARD	CSP20010	
0055 1 003A	DC	JLAST ADDRESS OF JLAST	CSP20020	
0056 1 0014	DC	TWO+1 ADDRESS OF NEW ZONE INDICATOR	CSP20030	
0057 1 0054	DC	JCRD1 DUMMY	CSP20040	
	*	EXIT.....	CSP20050	
0058 00 65000000	FIN LDX L1 **	RESTORE IR1	CSP20060	
005A 00 4C000000	DONE1 BSC L	** RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM	CSP20070	
005C 7D 66666666	PNT1 XFLC	0.1 CONSTANT OF ONE TENTH	CSP20080	
005F 84 50000000	ETEN XFLC	10.0 CONSTANT OF TEN POINT ZERO	CSP20090	
0062 0003	DIGS BSS 3	TEMPORARY AREA FOR GETTING A DGT	CSP20100	
0065 0003	DIGS1 BSS 3	TEMPORARY AREA FOR GETTING A DGT	CSP20110	
0068	END		CSP20120	
// DUP			CSP20130	
*STORE WS UA PUT			CSP20140	
33A2 0007				

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// ASM
## PRINT AND SKIP SUBROUTINES FOR 1130 CSP: 1403          (ID) CSP20160
* NAME P1403                                         (ID) CSP20170
* LIST
0041    17C74C33      ENT    P1403      SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT      CSP20180
* CALL P1403 (JCARD, J, JLAST, NERR3)                   CSP20190
* PRINT JCARD(J) THROUGH JCARD(JLAST) ON THE             CSP20200
* 1403 PRINTER. PUT ERROR PARAMETER IN NERR3.          CSP20210
* LIST
0072    22C74C33      ENT    S1403      SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT      CSP20220
* CALL S1403(N)                                         CSP20230
* EXECUTE CONTROL FUNCTION SPECIFIED BY INTEGER N      CSP20240
0000 0 0001      ONE DC 1      CONSTANT OF 1      CSP20250
0001 0 2000      SPACE DC /2000     PRINT FUNCTION WITH SPACE      CSP20260
0002 0 0000      JCARD DC **-*     JCARD J ADDRESS      CSP20270
0003 0 0000      JLAST DC **-*     JCARD JLAST ADDRESS      CSP20280
0004 0 002D      AREA BSS 61      WORD COUNT & PRINT AREA      CSP20290
0041 0 0000      P1403 DC **-*     ADDRESS OF 1ST ARGUMENT      CSP20300
0042 0 6926      STX 1 SAVE161    STORE IR1      CSP20310
0043 01 65800041      LDX 11 P1403    LOAD 1ST ARGUMENT ADDRESS      CSP20320
0045 20 01647880      LIBF ARGS     CALL ARGS ROUTINE      CSP20330
0046 1 0002      DC JCARD     JCARD J PICKED UP      CSP20340
0047 1 0003      DC JLAST     JCARD JLAST PICKED UP      CSP20350
0048 1 0004      DC AREA     CHARACTER COUNT PICKED UP      CSP20360
0049 0 0078      DC 120      MAX CHARACTER COUNT      CSP20370
004A 0 CO89      LD AREA     GET CHARACTER COUNT      CSP20380
004B 0 8084      A ONE      HALF ADJUST      CSP20390
004C 0 1801      SRA 1      DIVIDE BY TWO      CSP20400
004D 0 D086      STO AREA     STORE WORD COUNT      CSP20410
004E 0 1001      SLA 1      DOUBLE IT = CHARACTER      CSP20420
004F 0 D00A      STO CNT      COUNT AND STORE COUNT      CSP20430
0050 0 C103      LD 1 3      GET ERROR WORD ADDRESS      CSP20440
0051 0 D01C      STO ERR61    STORE IT IN ERROR ROUTINE      CSP20450
0052 20 195C10D2      LIBF RPACK     CALL REVERSE PACK ROUTINE      CSP20460
0053 1 0002      DC JCARD     JCARD J ADDRESS      CSP20470
0054 1 0003      DC JLAST     JCARD JLAST ADDRESS      CSP20480
0055 1 0005      DC AREA61    PACK INTO I/O AREA      CSP20490
0056 20 292570D6      LIBF ZIPCO     CALL CONVERSION ROUTINE      CSP20500
0057 0 0000      DC /0000     FROM EBCDIC TO 1403 CODES      CSP20510
0058 1 0005      DC AREA+1    FROM J/O AREA      CSP20520
0059 1 0005      DC AREA+1    TO I/O AREA      CSP20530
005A 0 0000      CNT DC **-*     CHARACTER COUNT      CSP20540
005B 30 050978F3      CALL EBPT3    CONVERSION TABLE FOR ZIPCO      CSP20550
005D 20 176558F3      TEST LIBF PRNT3     CALL BUSY TEST ROUTINE      CSP20560
005E 0 0000      DC /0000     BUSY TEST PARAMETER      CSP20570
005F 0 70FD      MDX TEST      REPEAT TEST IF BUSY      CSP20580
0060 20 176558F3      LIBF PRNT3     CALL PRINT ROUTINE      CSP20590
0061 0 2000      WRITE DC /2000     PRINT PARAMETER      CSP20600
0062 1 0004      DC AREA     I/O AREA BUFFER      CSP20610
0063 1 006C      DC ERROR     ERROR PARAMETER      CSP20620
0064 0 C09C      LD SPACE     LOAD PRINT WITH SPACE      CSP20630
0065 0 D0FB      STO WRITE     STORE IN PRINT PARAMETER      CSP20640
0066 0 7104      MDX 1 4      INCREMENT OVER 4 ARGUMENTS      CSP20650
0067 0 6903      STX 1 DONE161    STORE IR1      CSP20660
0068 00 65000000      SAVE1 LDX L1 **-*     RELOAD OR RESTORE IR1      CSP20670
006A 00 4C000000      DONE1 BSC L **-*     RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM      CSP20680
006C 0 0000      ERROR DC **-*     RETURN ADDRESS GOES HERE      CSP20690
006D 00 D4000000      ERR STO L **-*     STORE ACC IN ERROR PARAM      CSP20700
006D 00 D4000000      ERR STO L **-*     STORE ACC IN ERROR PARAM      CSP20710

```

P1442

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

SUB

S1403

006F 0 1810	SRA 16	CLEAR ACC	CSP20720
0070 01 4C80006C	BSC I ERROR	RETURN TO PRNT3 PROGRAM	CSP20730
0072 0 0000	S1403 DC **-*	ADDRESS OF ARGUMENT ADDR	CSP20740
0073 01 C4800072	LD I S1403	GET ARGUMENT ADDRESS	CSP20750
0075 0 0001	STO ARG61	DROP IT AND	CSP20760
0076 00 C4000000	ARG LD L **-*	GET ARGUMENT	CSP20770
0078 01 4C30007D	BSC L NOSUP,-Z	GO TO NOSUPPRESSION IF &	CSP20780
007A 0 C009	LD NOSPC	SET UP SPACE SUPPRESSION	CSP20790
007B 0 D0E5	STO WRITE	CHANGE PRINT FUNCTION	CSP20800
007C 0 7003	MDX DONE	GO TO RETURN	CSP20810
007D 0 D001	NOSUP STO CNTRL	SET UP COMMAND	CSP20820
007E 20 176558F3	L1BF PRNT3	CALL THE PRNT3 ROUTINE	CSP20830
007F 0 3000	CNTRL DC /3000	CARRIAGE COMMAND WORD	CSP20840
0080 01 74010072	DONE MDX L S1403+1	ADJUST RETURN ADDRESS	CSP20850
0082 01 4C800072	BSC I S1403	RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM	CSP20860
0084 0 2010	NOSPC DC /2010	SUPPRESS SPACE COMMAND	CSP20870
0086	END	END OF P1403 SUBPROGRAM	CSP20880

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

```

// DUP
*STORE WS UA P1403
33A9 0006

```

CSP20890

CSP20900

```

// ASM
** PUNCH SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 CSP, 1442-5
* NAME P1442
* LIST
0053 17C74D32 ENT P1442 SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT CSP20910
* CALL P1442 (JCARD, J, JLAST, NERR2) (ID) CSP20920
* PUNCH JCARD(J) THROUGH JCARD(JLAST) INTO THE (ID) CSP20930
* BEGINNING OF A CARD. PUT ERROR PARAMETER INTO CSP20940
* NERR2. CSP20950
0000 0 0000 JCARD DC **-* JCARD J ADDRESS CSP21000
0001 0 0051 AREA1 BSS 81 I/O AREA BUFFER CSP21010
0052 0 0000 FLAG DC **-* ERROR INDICATOR CSP21020
0053 0 0000 P1442 DC **-* FIRST ARGUMENT ADDRESS CSP21030
0054 0 6922 STX 1 SAVE1&1 SAVE IR1 CSP21040
0055 01 65800053 LDX L1 P1442 LOAD 1ST ARGUMENT ADDRESS CSP21050
0057 20 01647880 LIBF ARGS CALL ARGS SUBPROGRAM CSP21060
0058 1 0000 DC JCARD GET JCARD(J) ADDRESS CSP21070
0059 1 0067 DC JLAS2 GET JCARD(JLAST) ADDRESS CSP21080
005A 1 0001 DC AREA GET CHARACTER COUNT CSP21090
005B 0 0050 DC 80 MAX CHARACTER COUNT CSP21100
005C 0 C0A4 LD AREA DISTRIBUTE COUNT CSP21110
005D 0 D008 STO CNT2 INTO CNT2 CSP21120
005E 0 C103 LD 1 3 GET ERROR WORD ADDRESS CSP21130
005F 0 D01C STO ERR+1 STORE INSIDE ERROR ROUTINE CSP21140
0060 0 1810 SRA 16 CLEAR ACC CSP21150
0061 0 D0F0 STO FLAG CLEAR ERROR INDICATOR CSP21160
0062 20 22989547 LIBF SWING CALL REVERSE ARRAY CSP21170
0063 1 0000 DC JCARD FROM JCARD J CSP21180
0064 1 0067 DC JLAS2 TO JCARD JLAST CSP21190
0065 20 225C5144 LIBF SPEED CALL CONVERSION ROUTINE CSP21200
0066 0 0011 DC /0011 FROM EBCDIC TO CARD CODE CSP21210
0067 0 0000 JLAS2 DC **-* FROM JCARD JLAST CSP21220
0068 1 0002 DC AREA&1 TO THE I/O AREA BUFFER CSP21230
0069 0 0000 CNT2 DC **-* CHARACTER COUNT CSP21240
006A 20 17543231 LIBF PNCH1 CALL PUNCH ROUTINE CSP21250
006B 0 2000 DC /2000 PUNCH CSP21260
006C 1 0001 DC AREA I/O AREA BUFFER CSP21270
006D 1 007A DC ERROR ERROR PARAMETER CSP21280
006E 20 22989547 LIBF SWING REVERSE THE ARRAY CSP21290
006F 1 0000 DC JCARD FROM JCARD(J) CSP21300
0070 1 0067 DC JLAS2 TO JCARD(JLAST) CSP21310
0071 20 17543231 TEST LIBF PNCH1 CALL BUSY TEST ROUTINE CSP21320
0072 0 0000 DC /0000 BUSY TEST PARAMETER CSP21330
0073 0 70FD MDX TEST REPEAT IF BUSY CSP21340
0074 0 7104 MDX 1 4 INCREMENT 4 ARGUMENTS CSP21350
0075 0 6903 STX 1 DONE+1 STORE IR1 CSP21360
0076 0 65000000 SAVE1 LDX L1 **-* RESTORE IR1 CSP21370
0078 00 4C000000 DONE BSC L **-* RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM CSP21380
007A 0 0000 ERROR DC **-* START OF ERROR ROUTINE CSP21390
007B 00 D4000000 ERR STO L **-* STORE ACC IN ERROR WORD CSP21400
007D 01 74010052 MDX L FLAG+1 SET THE FLAG INDICATOR CSP21410
007F 01 4C80007A BSC I ERROR RETURN TO INTERRUPT PROGRAM CSP21420
0082 END END OF P1442 SUBPROGRAM CSP21430

```

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

// DUP	CSP21440	ADD
*STORE WS UA P1442	CSP21450	A1A3
33AF 0004		A1DEC
		A3A1
		CARRY
		DECA1
		DIV
		DPACK
		DUNPK
		EDIT
		FILL
		GET
		ICOMP
		IOND
		KEYBD
		MOVE
		MPY
		NCOMP
		NSIGN
		NZONE
		PACK
		PRINT
		PUNCH
		PUT
		P1403
		<u>P1442</u>
		READ
		R2501
		SKIP
		STACK
		SUB
		S1403
		TYPER
		UNPAC
		WHOLE

```

ADD // ASM          CSP21460
** READ AND PUNCH SUBROUTINES FOR 1130 CSP          (ID) CSP21470
* NAME READ          (ID) CSP21480
* LIST          CSP21490
0053 19141100 ENT READ SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT      CSP21500
* CALL READ (JCARD, J, JLAST, NERR1)      CSP21510
* READ COLUMNS FROM BEGINNING OF CARD INTO JCARD(J)      CSP21520
* THROUGH JCARD(J,LAST). PUT ERROR PARAMETER IN      CSP21530
* NERR1.      CSP21540
CARRY 008C 179150C8 ENT PUNCH SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT    CSP21550
* CALL PUNCH (JCARD, J, JLAST, NERR2)      CSP21560
* PUNCH JCARD(J) THROUGH JCARD(J,LAST) INTO THE      CSP21570
* BEGINNING OF A CARD. PUT ERROR PARAMETER INTO      CSP21580
* NERR2.      CSP21590
DIV 0000 0 0000 JCARD DC **= JCARD J ADDRESS      CSP21600
0001 0051 AREA BSS 81 I/O AREA BUFFER      CSP21610
0052 0 0000 FLAG DC **= ERROR INDICATOR      CSP21620
0053 0 0000 READ DC **= FIRST ARGUMENT ADDRESS      CSP21630
0054 0 6918 STX 1 SAVE161 SAVE IRI      CSP21640
0055 01 65800053 LDX I1 READ GET 1ST ARGUMENT ADDRESS      CSP21650
0057 0 4022 BSI SETUP GO TO SETUP      CSP21660
EDIT 0058 20 03059131 LIBF CARD1 CALL CARD READ ROUTINE      CSP21670
0059 0 1000 DC /1000 READ      CSP21680
FILL 005A 1 0001 DC AREA AREA PARAMETER      CSP21690
005B 1 0073 DC ERROR ERROR PARAMETER      CSP21700
GET 005C 20 225C5144 CONVT LIBF SPEED CALL CONVERSION ROUTINE      CSP21710
005D 0 0010 DC /0010 CARD CODE TO EBCDIC      CSP21720
ICOMP 005E 1 0002 DC AREA61 FROM AREA      CSP21730
005F 0 0000 JLAS1 DC **= TO JCARD JLAST      CSP21740
IOND 0060 0 0000 CNT1 DC **= CHARACTER COUNT      CSP21750
0061 0 COFO LD FLAG ERROR INDICATOR      CSP21760
0062 01 4C180067 BSC L FINAL,6- ALL DONE IF ZERO      CSP21770
0064 0 1810 SRA 16 CLEAR ACC      CSP21780
0065 0 DOEC STO FLAG CLEAR THE INDICATOR      CSP21790
MOVE 0066 0 70F5 MDX CONVT CONVERT AGAIN      CSP21800
0067 20 22989547 FINAL LIBF SWING REVERSE THE ARRAY      CSP21810
0068 1 0000 DC JCARD FROM JCARD J      CSP21820
0069 1 005F DC JLAS1 TO JCARD JLAST      CSP21830
NCOMP 006A 20 03059131 TEST LIBF CARD1 CALL BUSY TEST ROUTINE      CSP21840
006B 0 0000 DC /0000 BUSY TEST PARAMETER      CSP21850
006C 0 70FD MDX TEST REPEAT IF BUSY      CSP21860
NSIGN 006D 0 7104 MDX 1 4 INCREMENT 4 ARGUMENTS      CSP21870
006E 0 6903 STX 1 DONE&1 STORE IRI      CSP21880
006F 00 650000000 SAVE1 LDX L1 **= RESTORE IRI      CSP21890
0071 00 4C0000000 DONE BSC L **= RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM      CSP21900
0073 0 0000 ERROR DC **= START OF ERROR ROUTINE      CSP21910
PACK 0074 00 D40000000 ERR STO L **= STORE ACC IN ERROR WORD      CSP21920
0076 01 74010052 MDX L FLAG,1 SET THE FLAG INDICATOR      CSP21930
0078 01 4C800073 BSC I ERROR RETURN TO INTERRUPT PROGRAM      CSP21940
PUT 007A 0 0000 SETUP DC **= START OF SETUP ROUTINE      CSP21950
PUNCH 007B 20 01647880 LIBF ARGS CALL ARGS SUBPROGRAM      CSP21960
007C 1 0000 DC JCARD GET JCARD J ADDRESS      CSP21970
007D 1 005F DC JLAS1 GET JCARD JLAST ADDRESS      CSP21980
PRINT 007E 1 0001 DC AREA GET CHARACTER COUNT      CSP21990
007F 0 0050 DC 80 MAX CHARACTER COUNT      CSP22000
P1403 0080 0 CODE LD JLAS1 DISTRIBUTE JCARD JLAST      CSP22010
P1442 0081 0 D014 STO JLAS2 INTO JLAS2      CSP22020

```

READ

R2501

SKIP

STACK

SUB

S1403

```

0082 01 C4000001 LD L AREA DISTRIBUTE COUNT      CSP22030
0084 0 D0DB STO CNT1 INTO CNT1      CSP22040
0085 0 D012 STO CNT2 AND CNT2      CSP22050
0086 0 C103 LD 1 3 GET ERROR WORD ADDRESS      CSP22060
0087 0 DOED STO ERR61 STORE INSIDE ERROR ROUTINE      CSP22070
0088 0 1810 SRA 16 CLEAR ACC      CSP22080
0089 0 DOC8 STO FLAG CLEAR ERROR INDICATOR      CSP22090
008A 01 4C80007A BSC I SETUP RETURN TO CALLING PROG      CSP22100
008C 0 0000 PUNCH DC **= PUNCH ROUTINE STARTS HERE      CSP22110
008D 0 69E2 STX 1 SAVE161 SAVE IRI      CSP22120
008E 01 6580008C LDX I1 PUNCH LOAD 1ST ARGUMENT ADDRESS      CSP22130
0090 0 40E9 BSI SETUP GO TO SETUP ROUTINE      CSP22140
0091 20 22989547 LIBF SWING CALL REVERSE ARRAY      CSP22150
0092 1 0000 DC JCARD FROM JCARD J      CSP22160
0093 1 005F DC JLAS1 TO JCARD JLAST      CSP22170
0094 20 225C5144 LIBF SPEED CALL CONVERSION ROUTINE      CSP22180
0095 0 0011 DC /0011 FROM EBCDIC TO CARD CODE      CSP22190
0096 0 0000 JLAS2 DC **= FROM JCARD JLAST      CSP22200
0097 1 0002 DC AREA61 TO THE I/O AREA BUFFER      CSP22210
0098 0 0000 CNT2 DC **= CHARACTER COUNT      CSP22220
0099 20 03059131 LIBF CARD1 CALL PUNCH ROUTINE      CSP22230
009A 0 2000 DC /2000 PUNCH      CSP22240
009B 1 0001 DC AREA I/O AREA BUFFER      CSP22250
009C 1 0073 DC ERROR ERROR PARAMETER      CSP22260
009D 0 70C9 MDX FINAL ALL THROUGH, GO TO FINAL      CSP22270
009E END END OF READ SUBPROGRAM      CSP22280

```

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

PAGE 2

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// DUP          CSP22290
*STORE WS UA READ          CSP22300
33B3 0006

```

```

// ASM
## READ SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 CSP+ 2501
* NAME R2501
* LIST
0053 19CB5C31 ENT R2501 SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT (ID) CSP22310
* CALL R2501(JCARD, J, JLAST, NERR1) (ID) CSP22320
* READ COLUMNS FROM BEGINNING OF CARD INTO JCARD(J) (ID) CSP22330
* THROUGH JCARD(JLAST). PUT ERROR PARAMETER IN (ID) CSP22340
* NERR1. (ID) CSP22350
0000 0 0000 JCARD DC **= JCARD J ADDRESS CSP22360
0001 0051 AREA BSS 81 I/O AREA BUFFER CSP22370
0052 0 0000 FLAG DC **= ERROR INDICATOR CSP22380
0053 0 0000 R2501 DC **= FIRST ARGUMENT ADDRESS CSP22390
0054 0 692C STX 1 SAVE161 SAVE IR1 CSP22390
0055 01 65000053 LDX I1 R2501 GET 1ST ARGUMENT ADDRESS CSP22400
0057 20 01647880 LIBF ARGs CALL ARGS SUBPROGRAM CSP22410
0058 1 0000 DC JCARD GET JCARD J ADDRESS CSP22420
0059 1 0072 DC JLAS1 GET JCARD JLAST ADDRESS CSP22430
005A 1 0001 DC AREA GET CHARACTER COUNT CSP22440
005B 0 0050 DC 80 MAX CHARACTER COUNT CSP22450
005C 0 C04 DC AREA DISTRIBUTE COUNT CSP22460
005D 0 D015 STO CNT1 INTO CNT1 CSP22470
005E 0 C103 LD 1 3 GET ERROR WORD ADDRESS CSP22480
005F 0 D026 STO ERR&1 STORE INSIDE ERROR ROUTINE CSP22490
0060 0 1810 SRA 16 CLEAR ACC CSP22500
0061 0 D0F0 STO FLAG CLEAR ERROR INDICATOR CSP22510
0062 0 7104 MDX 1 4 INCREMENT 4 ARGUMENTS CSP22520
0063 0 691F STX 1 DONE&1 STORE IR1 CSP22530
0064 0 C026 LD ONE SET AREA TO ALL ONES CSP22540
0065 00 65000050 LDX L1 80 LOAD IR1 WITH AREA SIZE CSP22550
0067 01 D8000001 MO STO L1 AREA STORE A ONE IN AREA CSP22560
0069 0 71FF MDX 1 -1 GO TO NEXT WORD OF AREA CSP22570
006A 0 70FC MDX MO GO BACK UNTIL FINISHED CSP22580
006B 20 19141131 LIBF READ1 CALL CARD READ ROUTINE CSP22590
006C 0 1000 DC /1000 READ CSP22600
006D 1 0001 DC AREA AREA PARAMETER CSP22610
006E 1 0084 DC ERROR ERROR PARAMETER CSP22620
006F 20 225C5144 CONVT LIBF SPEED CALL CONVERSION ROUTINE CSP22630
0070 0 0010 DC /0010 CARD CODE TO EBCDIC CSP22640
0071 1 0002 DC AREA&1 FROM AREA CSP22650
0072 0 0000 JLAS1 DC **= TO JCARD JLAST CSP22660
0073 0 0000 CNT1 DC **= CHARACTER COUNT CSP22670
0074 0 C0D0 LD FLAG ERROR INDICATOR CSP22680
0075 01 4C18007A BSC L FINAL,&- ALL DONE IF ZERO CSP22690
0077 0 1810 SRA 16 CLEAR ACC CSP22700
0078 0 D0D9 STO FLAG CLEAR THE INDICATOR CSP22710
0079 0 70F5 MDX CONVT CONVERT AGAIN CSP22720
007A 20 22989547 FINAL LIBF SWING REVERSE THE ARRAY CSP22730
007B 1 0000 DC JCARD FROM JCARD J CSP22740
007C 1 0072 DC JLAS1 TO JCARD JLAST CSP22750
007D 20 19141131 TEST LIBF READ1 CALL BUSY TEST ROUTINE CSP22760
007E 0 0000 DC /0000 BUSY TEST PARAMETER CSP22770
007F 0 70FD MDX TEST REPEAT IF BUSY CSP22780
0080 00 65000000 SAVE1 LDX L1 **= RESTORE IR1 CSP22790
0082 00 4C000000 DONE BSC L **= RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM CSP22800
0084 0 0000 ERROR DC **= START OF ERROR ROUTINE CSP22810
0085 00 D4000000 ERR STO L **= STORE ACC IN ERROR WORD CSP22820

```

ADD
A1A3
A1DEC
A3A1
CARRY
DECA1
DIV
DPACK
DUNPK
EDIT
FILL
GET
ICOMP
IOND
KEYBD
MOVE
MPY
NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT
P1403
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE

```

0087 01 74010052 MDX L FLAG+1 SET THE FLAG INDICATOR CSP22830
0089 01 4C800084 BSC I ERROR RETURN TO INTERRUPT PROGRAMM CSP22840
008B 0 0001 ONE DC 1 CONSTANT OF ONE CSP22850
008C END END OF R2501 SUBPROGRAM CSP22860

```

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

```

// DUP
*STORE WS UA R2501 CSP22920
33B9 0005 CSP22930

```

```

// ASM
## STACKER SELECT SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE (ID) CSP22940
* NAME STACK (ID) CSP22950
* LIST (ID) CSP22960
0002 228C10D2 ENT STACK STACK SUBROUTINE POINT (ID) CSP22970
* CALL STACK CSP22980
* SELECTS THE NEXT CARD THROUGH CSP22990
* THE PUNCH STATION TO THE CSP23000
* ALTERNATE STACKER ON THE 1442-5, CSP23010
* 6,OR 7. CSP23020
0000 0 0000 IOCC DC 0 I/O COMMAND - FIRST WORD CSP23030
0001 0 1480 DC /1480 I/O COMMAND - SECOND WORD CSP23040
0002 0 0000 STACK DC **= RETURN ADDRESS COMES IN HERE CSP23050
0003 0 08FC XIO IOCC SELECT STACKER CSP23060
0004 01 4C800002 BSC I STACK RETURN TO CALLING PROG CSP23070
0006 END CSP23080

```

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

ADD	// DUP	CSP23100
A1A3	*STORE WS UA STACK	CSP23110
A1DEC	33BE 0002	
A3A1		
CARRY		
DECA1		
DIV		
DPACK		
DUNPK	// ASM	CSP23120
	** TYPE AND KEYBD SUBROUTINES FOR 1130 CSP	(ID) CSP23130
	* NAME TYPER	(ID) CSP23140
	* LIST	CSP23150
EDIT	003F 23A17159 ENT TYPER SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT	CSP23160
FILL	* CALL TYPE (JCARD, J, JLAST)	CSP23170
GET	* TYPE JCARD(J) THROUGH JCARD(JLAST)	CSP23180
ICOMP	0069 12168004 ENT KEYBD SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT	CSP23190
IOND	* CALL KEYBD (JCARD, J, JLAST)	CSP23200
KEYBD	* ENTER AT KEYBOARD JCARD(J) THROUGH JCARD(JLAST)	CSP23210
MOVE	0000 0 0001 ONE DC 1 CONSTANT OF 1	CSP23220
	0001 0 0000 JCARD DC **-* JCARD J ADDRESS	CSP23230
	0002 0 0030 AREA BSS 61 I/O AREA BUFFER	CSP23240
	003F 0 0000 TYPER DC **-* FIRST ARGUMENT ADDR HERE	CSP23250
MPY	0040 0 691A STX 1 SAVE161 SAVE IR1	CSP23260
NCOMP	0041 0 6178 LDX 1 120 PUT 120 IN IR1	CSP23270
NSIGN	0042 0 6923 STX 1 MAXCH STORE IT AS MAX CHARS	CSP23280
NZONE	0043 01 6580003F LDX II TYPER PUT FIRST ADDR IN IR1	CSP23290
PACK	0045 0 4018 BSI SETUP GO TO SETUP	CSP23300
PRINT	0046 0 C088 LD AREA GET CHARACTER COUNT	CSP23310
PUNCH	0047 0 8088 A ONE HALF ADJUST IT AND	CSP23320
PUT	0048 0 1801 SRA I DIVIDE IT BY TWO	CSP23330
P1403	0049 0 0088 STO AREA AND REPLACE IT	CSP23340
P1442	004A 0 1001 SLA I DOUBLE IT	CSP23350
READ	004C 20 195C10D2 LIBF RPACK CALL REVERSE PACK ROUTINE	CSP23360
R2501	004D 0 0001 DC JCARD FROM JCARD J	CSP23370
SKIP	004E 1 0083 DC JLAST TO JCARD JLAST	CSP23380
STACK	004F 1 0003 DC AREA61 PACK INTO I/O AREA	CSP23390
SUB	0050 20 05097663 LIBF EBRT CALL CONVERSION ROUTINE	CSP23400
S1403	0051 0 0000 DC /0000 FROM EBCDIC	CSP23410
TYPER	0052 1 0003 DC AREA61 TO PRINTER CODE,	CSP23420
UNPAC	0053 1 0003 DC AREA61 ALL IN THE I/O AREA	CSP23430
WHOLE	0054 0 0000 CNT1 DC *** HALF ADJSTD CHARACTER CNT	CSP23440
	0055 20 23A17170 LIBF TYPE0 CALL TYPE ROUTINE	CSP23450
	0056 0 2000 DC /2000 TYPE PARAMETER	CSP23460
	0057 1 0002 DC AREA I/O AREA BUFFER	CSP23470
	0058 0 7103 FINAL MDX 1 3 INCREMENT OVER 3 ARGUMENTS	CSP23480
	0059 0 6903 STX 1 DONE61 STORE IR1	CSP23490
	005A 00 65000000 SAVE1 LDX L1 *** RESTORE IR1	CSP23500
	005C 00 4C000000 DONE BSC L *** RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM	CSP23510
	005E 00 0000 SETUP DC *** START OF SETUP ROUTINE	CSP23520
	005F 20 23A17170 TEST LIBF TYPE0 CALL BUSY TEST ROUTINE	CSP23530
	0060 0 0000 DC /0000 BUSY TEST PARAMETER	CSP23540
	0061 0 70FD MDX TEST REPEAT TEST IF BUSY	CSP23550
	0062 20 01647880 LIBF ARGS CALL ARGS ROUTINE	CSP23560
	0063 1 0001 DC JCARD 1ST ARGUMENT TO JCARD J	CSP23570
	0064 1 0083 DC JLAST TO JCARD JLAST	CSP23580
	0065 1 0002 DC AREA TO CHARACTER COUNT	CSP23590
	0066 0 0000 MAXCH DC *** MAXIMUM NUMBER OF CHARS	CSP23600
	0067 01 4C80005E BSC I SETUP END OF SETUP, RETURN	CSP23610
	0069 0 0000 KEYBD DC *** START OF KEYBOARD ROUTINE	CSP23620
	006A 0 69F0 STX 1 SAVE161 SAVE IR1	CSP23630
	006B 0 613C LDX 1 60 PUT BUFFER LENGTH IN IR1	CSP23640
	006C 0 69F9 STX 1 MAXCH 60 IS MAX NO OF CHARS	CSP23650
	006D 01 65800069 LDX II KEYBD 1ST ARGUMENT ADDR IN IR1	CSP23660
	006F 0 40EE BSI SETUP GO TO SETUP	CSP23670
		CSP23680

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0070 0 613C LDX 1 60 PUT BUFFER LENGTH IN IR1	CSP23690
0071 0 1810 SRA 16 CLEAR THE ACC	CSP23700
0072 01 D5000002 CLEAR STO L1 AREA CLEAR THE I/O BUFFER	CSP23710
0074 0 71FF MDX I -1 DECREMENT IR1	CSP23720
0075 0 70FC MDX CLEAR AND CONTINUE CLEARING	CSP23730
0076 01 65800069 LDX II KEYBD 1ST ARGUMENT ADDR IN IR1	CSP23740
0078 0 C089 LD AREA PUT CHARACTER COUNT	CSP23750
0079 0 D00A STO CNT2 IN CNT2	CSP23760
007A 20 23A17170 LIBF TYPE0 CALL KEYBOARD ROUTINE	CSP23770
007B 0 1000 DC /1000 KEYBOARD PARAMETER	CSP23780
007C 1 0002 DC AREA I/O AREA BUFFER	CSP23790
007D 20 23A17170 TEST1 LIBF TYPE0 CALL BUSY TEST ROUTINE	CSP23800
007E 0 0000 DC /0000 BUSY TEST PARAMETER	CSP23810
007F 0 70FD MDX TEST1 REPEAT TEST IF BUSY	CSP23820
0080 20 225C5144 LIBF SPEED CALL CONVERSION ROUTINE	CSP23830
0081 0 0010 DC /0010 CARD CODE TO EBCDIC	CSP23840
0082 1 0003 DC AREA61 FROM THE I/O AREA BUFFER	CSP23850
0083 0 0000 JLAST DC **-* TO JCARD JLAST	CSP23860
0084 0 0000 CNT2 DC **-* CHARACTER COUNT	CSP23870
0085 20 22989547 LIBF SWING CALL REVERSE ARRAY	CSP23880
0086 1 0001 DC JCARD REVERSE FROM JCARD J	CSP23890
0087 1 0083 DC JLAST TO JCARD JLAST	CSP23900
0088 0 70CF MDX FINAL ALL THROUGH, GO TO FINAL	CSP23910
008A 0 END END OF TYPE SUBPROGRAM	CSP23920

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

// DUP	CSP23930	ADD
*STORE WS UA TYPER	CSP23940	A1A3
33C0 0006		A1DEC
		A3A1
		CARRY
		DECA1
		DIV
		DPACK
		DUNPK
// ASM	CSP23950	EDIT
** PACK/UNPAC SUBROUTINES FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE	(ID) CSP23960	FILL
* LIST	CSP23970	GET
* NAME UNPAC	(ID) CSP23980	ICOMP
0000 24557043 ENT UNPAC UNPACK SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT	CSP23990	IOND
* CALL UNPAC(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K)	CSP24000	KEYBD
* THE WORDS JCARD J THROUGH	CSP24010	MOVE
* JCARD JLAST IN A2 FORMAT ARE	CSP24020	MPY
* UNPACKED INTO KCARD K IN A1 FORMAT.	CSP24030	NCOMP
0006 17043480 ENT PACK PACK SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT	CSP24040	NSIGN
* CALL PACK(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K)	CSP24050	NZONE
* THE WORDS JCARD J THROUGH	CSP24060	PACK
* JCARD JLAST IN A1 FORMAT ARE PACKED	CSP24070	PRINT
* INTO KCARD K IN A2 FORMAT.	CSP24080	PUNCH
0000 0 0000 UNPAC DC ** ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE	CSP24090	PUT
0001 0 C003 LD SW2 LOAD NOP INSTRUCTION	CSP24100	P1403
0002 0 D01E STO SWTCH STORE NOP AT SWITCH	CSP24110	P1442
0003 0 7007 MDX START COMPUTING	CSP24120	READ
0004 0 7009 SW1 MDX X ELSE-SWTCH-1 BRANCH TO ELSE	CSP24130	R2501
0005 0 7000 SW2 MDX X 0 NOP INSTRUCTION	CSP24140	SKIP
0006 0 0000 PACK DC ** ARGUMENT ADDRESS COMES IN HERE	CSP24150	STACK
0007 0 COFE LD PACK PICK UP ARGUMENT ADDRESS	CSP24160	SUB
0008 0 D0F7 STO UNPAC AND STORE IT IN UNPAC	CSP24170	S1403
0009 0 COFA LD SW1 LOAD BRANCH TO ELSE	CSP24180	TYPER
000A 0 D016 STO SWTCH STORE BRANCH AT SWITCH	CSP24190	UNPAC
000B 0 6930 START STX I SAVE161 SAVE IR1	CSP24200	WHOLE
000C 01 65800000 LDX I1 UNPAC PUT ARGUMENT ADDRESS IN IR1	CSP24210	
000E 0 C100 LD I 0 GET JCARD ADDRESS	CSP24220	
000F 0 8001 A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF 1	CSP24230	
0010 00 95800001 ONE S I1 1 SUBTRACT J VALUE	CSP24240	
0012 0 D00D STO JCARD+1 CREATE JCARD(J) ADDRESS	CSP24250	
0013 0 C103 LD I 3 GET KCARD ADDRESS	CSP24260	
0014 0 80FC A' ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF 1	CSP24270	
0015 00 95800004 S I1 4 SUBTRACT K VALUE	CSP24280	
0017 0 D006 STO JCARD+1 CREATE KCARD(K) ADDRESS	CSP24290	
0018 0 C100 LD I 0 GET JCARD ADDRESS	CSP24300	
0019 0 80F7 A ONE+1 ADD CONSTANT OF 1	CSP24310	
001A 00 95800002 S I1 2 SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE	CSP24320	
001C 0 D0E9 STO PACK CREATE JCARD JLAST ADDRESS	CSP24330	
001D 00 65000000 KCARD LDX L1 ** PUT KCARD ADDRESS IN IR1	CSP24340	
001F 0 C40000000 JCARD LD L ** PICK UP JCARD(J)	CSP24350	
0021 0 7000 SWTCH MDX X 0 SWITCH BETWEEN PACK AND UNPACK	CSP24360	
0022 0 1888 SRT 8 SHIFT LOW ORDER BITS TO EXT	CSP24370	
0023 0 1008 SLA 8 REPOSITION HIGH ORDER BITS	CSP24380	
0024 0 E81A OR BMASK PUT BLANK IN LOW ORDER BITS	CSP24390	
0025 0 D100 STO 1 0 PUT IN KCARD K	CSP24400	
0026 0 71FF MDX 1 -1 DECREMENT KCARD ADDRESS	CSP24410	
0027 0 1088 SLT 8 MOVE THE EXTEEN INTO THE ACCUM	CSP24420	
0028 0 1008 SLA 8 IN TWO STEPS	CSP24430	
0029 0 E815 OR BMASK PUT BLANK IN LOW ORDER BITS	CSP24440	
002A 0 7006 MDX FINIS BRANCH AROUND PACK ROUTINE	CSP24450	
002B 0 1898 ELSE SRT 24 SHIFT HIGH ORDER BITS INTO EXT	CSP24460	
002C 01 74FF0020 MDX L JCARD+1,-1 DECREMENT JCARD ADDRESS	CSP24470	
002E 01 C4800020 LD I JCARD+1 PICK UP JCARD(J+1)	CSP24480	
0030 0 18C8 RTE 8 SHIFT IN BITS FROM EXT	CSP24490	
0031 0 D100 FINIS STO 1 0 PUT IN KCARD K	CSP24500	
0032 01 74FF0020 MDX L JCARD+1,-1 DECREMENT JCARD ADDRESS	CSP24510	

0034 0 71FF MDX 1 -1 DECREMENT KCARD ADDRESS	CSP24520	
0035 0 COEA LD JCARD+1 GET JCARD(J) ADDRESS	CSP24530	
0036 0 90CF S PACK SUBTRACT JCARD JLAST ADDRESS	CSP24540	
0037 01 4C10001F BSC L JCARD,- CONTINUE IF DIFFERENCE & OR	CSP24550	
0039 01 74050000 MDX L UNPAC,5 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS	CSP24560	
003B 00 65000000 SAVE1 LDX L1 ** RESTORE IR1	CSP24570	
003D 01 4C800000 BSC I UNPAC RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM	CSP24580	
003F 0 0040 BMASK DC /40 MASK 0000000010090U0	CSP24590	
0040 END	CSP24600	

NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

// DUP	CSP24610	
*STORE WS UA UNPAC	CSP24620	
33C6 0005		

```

// ASM
/* WHOLE NUMBER SUBROUTINE FOR 1130 COMMERCIAL SUBROUTINE PACKAGE (ID) CSP24630
 * NAME WHOLE (ID) CSP24640
 * LIST CSP24650
CSP24660
0006 262164C5 ENT WHOLE SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT CSP24670
          * X=WHOLE(Y), WITH Y IN FAC TO START CSP24680
          * X IN FAC BECOMES THE INTEGRAL PART OF Y. CSP24690
A3A1 0000 0 0000 DBL1 DC 0 DBL CONSTANT OF 1 CSP24700
0001 0 0001 DC 1 REST OF DBL1 CONSTANT CSP24710
CARRY 001F MANT EQU 31 MANTISSA LENGTH CSP24720
0002 0 009F C159 DC 128+MANT EXPONENT OF FULL INTEGER CSP24730
0003 0 001F C31 DC MANT MANTISSA LENGTH CSP24740
0004 0 189F SRT SRT MANT SRT MANTISSA LENGTH CSP24750
0005 0 0800 H0800 DC /0800 DIFF BETWEEN SRT AND SLT CSP24760
0006 0 0000 WHOLE DC ** ARGUMENT ADDRESS HERE CSP24770
0007 0 COFA LD C159 EXP OF FULL INTEGER CSP24780
0008 0 937D S 3 125 SUBTRACT EXP OF Y CSP24790
DPACK 0009 01 4C28001A BSC L DONE,+Z BRANCH IF ALL INTEGER CSP24800
000B 0 90F7 S C31 SUBTRACT MANTISSA LENGTH CSP24810
DUNPK 000C 01 4C10001E BSC L FRACT,- BRANCH IF ALL FRACTIONAL CSP24820
000E 0 80F5 A SRT CREATE RIGHT SHIFT CSP24830
000F 0 D005 STO RIGHT STORE RIGHT SHIFT CSP24840
0010 0 90F4 S H0800 CREATE LEFT SHIFT CSP24850
0011 0 D006 STO LEFT STORE LEFT SHIFT CSP24860
0012 0 CB7E LDD 3 126 PICK UP MANTISSA CSP24870
0013 0 4828 BSC +Z CHECK FOR NEGATIVE MANTISA CSP24880
0014 0 98E8 SD DBL1 SUBTRACT 1 IF NEGATIVE CSP24890
0015 0 1880 RIGHT SRT ** RIGHT SHIFT CSP24900
0016 0 4828 BSC +Z CHECK FOR NEGATIVE MANTISA CSP24910
0017 0 88E8 AD DBL1 ADD 1 IF NEGATIVE CSP24920
0018 0 1080 LEFT SLT ** LEFT SHIFT CSP24930
0019 0 DB7E STORE STD 3 126 STORE MANTISSA CSP24940
001A 01 74010006 DONE MDX L WHOLE,+1 CREATE RETURN ADDRESS CSP24950
001C 01 4C800006 BSC I WHOLE RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM CSP24960
P1403 001E 0 10E0 FRACT SLC 32 ZERO ACC AND EXT CSP24970
001F 0 D37D STO 3 125 ZERO THE EXPONENT CSP24980
MOVE 0020 0 70F8 MDX STORE ZERO THE MANTISSA CSP24990
MPY 0022 END END OF WHOLE SUBROUTINE CSP25000

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NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

NCOMP
NSIGN
NZONE
PACK
PRINT
PUNCH
PUT // DUP
P1403 *STORE WS UA WHOLE CSP25010
P1442 33CB 0003 CSP25020
P1442
READ
R2501
SKIP
STACK
SUB
S1403
TYPER
UNPAC
WHOLE

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// ASM
** ARG$, RPACK AND SWING SUBROUTINES FOR 1130 CSP
* LIST
* NAME ARG$          LIBR      LIBF TYPE ROUTINES FOLLOW      ADD
* LIST
* NAME ARG$          LIBR      LIBF TYPE ROUTINES FOLLOW      A1A3
* THESE SUBROUTINES CANNOT BE CALLED FROM FORTRAN      A1DEC
0002 01647880      ENT      ARG$      SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT      A3A1
0030 195C10D2      ENT      RPACK     SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT      CARRY
004F 22989547      ENT      SWING    SUBROUTINE ENTRY POINT      DECA1
* SWING REVERSES AN EBCDIC STRING      DIV
0000 0 0001      ONE      DC      1      CONSTANT OF ONE      DPACK
0001 0 0000      JLAST   DC      *-*      JCARD(JLAST) ADDRESS      DUNPK
0002 0 642A      ARGS    STX      2 SAVE261      ARG$ ROUTINE STARTS HERE      EDIT
0003 0 66800000      LDX      12 0      GET 1ST ARGUMENT ADDR      FILL
0005 0 C100      LD      1 0      GET JCARD ADDR      GET
0006 0 95800002      S      11 2      SUBTRACT JLAST VALUE      ICOMP
0008 0 80F7      A      ONE      ADD ONE      IOND
0009 0 0001      STO      12 1      STORE IN 2ND ARG      KEYBD
000B 0 C100      LD      1 0      GET JCARD ADDR      MOVE
000C 0 95800001      S      11 1      SUBTRACT J VALUE      MPY
000E 0 80F1      A      ONE      ADD ONE      NCOMP
000F 0 D6800000      STO      12 0      STORE IN 1ST ARG      NSIGN
0011 0 96800001      S      12 1      SUBTRACT JLAST ADDR      NZONE
0013 0 80EC      A      ONE      ADD ONE      PACK
0014 01 4C080018      BSC      L ERROR1,+      CHECK FOR NEG OR 0 CHARS      PRINT
0016 0 9203      S      2 3      OK. SUBTRACT MAX CHARS      PUNCH
0017 01 4C300021      BSC      L ERROR,-Z      CHECK MORE THAN MAX CHARS      PUT
0019 0 8203      A      2 3      ADD MAX CHARS BACK      P1403
001A 0 700D      MDX      OK      ADDRESSES OK      P1442
001B 00 C6800000      ER01    LD      12 0      PICK UP JCARD(IJ)      READ
001D 00 D6800001      STO      12 1      AND STORE IN JCARD(JLAST)      R2501
001F 0 COE0      LD      ONE      SET UP CHAR COUNT OF 1      SKIP
0020 0 7007      MDX      OK      GO TO STORE CHAR COUNT      STACK
0021 00 C6800000      ERROR   LD      12 0      PICK UP JCARD(IJ)      SUB
0023 0 9203      S      2 3      AND CALCULATE JCARD(JLAST)      S1403
0024 0 80DB      A      ONE      TO BE JCARD(IJ+MAX-1)      TYPER
0025 00 D6800001      STO      12 1      STORE ADDR IN JCARD(JLAST)      UNPAC
0027 0 C203      LD      2 3      LOAD CHARACTER COUNT      WHOLE
0028 00 D6800002      OK      STO      12 2      STORE CHARACTER COUNT
002A 0 7204      MDX      2 4      CREATE RETURN ADDR
002B 0 6A03      LAST   STX      2 DONE61      STORE RETURN ADDRESS
002C 00 66000000      SAVE2   LDX      L **-*      RESTORE IR2
002E 00 4C000000      DONE   BSC      L **-*      RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM
0030 0 6AFC      RPACK  STX      2 SAVE261      RPACK ROUTINE STARTS HERE
0031 00 66800000      LDX      12 0      GET 1ST ARGUMENT ADDRESS
0033 00 C6800000      LD      12 0      GET JCARD ADDR
0035 0 D006      STO      JCARD61      INITIALIZE JCARD ADDRESS
0038 00 C6800001      LD      12 1      GET SECOND ARGUMENT ADDR
0038 0 D0C8      STO      JLAST      INITIALIZE JCARD JLAST
0039 0 C202      LD      2 2      GET AREA ADDRESS
003A 0 D009      STO      KCARD61      INITIALIZE PACK TO ADDRESS
0038 00 C4000000      JCARD  LD      L **-*      LOAD FIRST CHARACTER
003D 0 1898      SRT      24      SHIFT INTO EXT
003E 01 74FF003C      MDX      L JCARD61,-1      DECREMENT ADDRESS
0040 01 C480003C      LD      I JCARD61      GET SECOND CHARACTER

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0042 0 18C8      RTE      8      SHIFT RIGHT, RETRIEVE EXT      CSP25600
0043 00 D4000000      KCARD  STO      L **-*      STORE IN AREA      CSP25610
0045 01 74FF003C      MDX      L JCARD61,-1      DECREMENT ADDRESS      CSP25620
0047 01 74010044      MDX      L KCARD61,61      INCREMENT AREA ADDRESS      CSP25630
0049 0 COF2      LD      JCARD61      GET ENDING ADDRESS      CSP25640
004A 0 9086      S      JLAST      SUBTRACT JCARD JLAST ADDR      CSP25650
004B 01 4C10003B      BSC      L JCARD,-      REPEAT IF NOT MINUS      CSP25660
004D 0 7203      MDX      2 3      INCREMENT OVER 3 ARGS      CSP25670
004E 0 70DC      MDX      LAST      ALL THROUGH, GO TO LAST      CSP25680
004F 0 6ADD      SWING  STX      2 SAVE261      SWING ARRAY END FOR END      CSP25690
0050 00 66800000      LDX      12 0      GET 1ST ARGUMENT ADDRESS      CSP25700
0052 00 C6800000      LD      12 0      GET FIRST ARGUMENT      CSP25710
0054 0 D007      STO      BACK61      STORE AT BACK ADDRESS      CSP25720
0055 00 C6800001      LD      12 1      GET 2ND ARGUMENT      CSP25730
0057 0 D001      STO      FRONT61      STORE AT FRONT ADDRESS      CSP25740
0058 00 C4000000      FRONT   LD      L **-*      GET WORD FROM FRONT      CSP25750
005A 0 1890      SRT      16      PUT IT IN THE EXT      CSP25760
005B 00 C4000000      BACK    LD      L **-*      GET A WORD FROM THE BACK      CSP25770
005D 0 E810      OR      HEX40      OR IN AN EBCDIC BLANK      CSP25780
005E 01 D4800059      STO      I FRONT61      PUT IT IN THE FRONT      CSP25790
0060 0 I090      SLT      16      RETRIEVE THE EXT      CSP25800
0061 0 E80C      OR      HEX40      OR IN AN EBCDIC BLANK      CSP25810
0062 01 D480005C      STO      I BACK61      PUT IT IN THE BACK      CSP25820
0064 01 74010059      MDX      L FRONT61,61      INCREMENT THE FRONT ADDR      CSP25830
0066 01 74FF005C      MDX      L BACK61,-1      DECREMENT THE BACK ADDR      CSP25840
0068 0 COFO      LD      FRONT61      GET THE FRONT ADDRESS      CSP25850
0069 0 90F2      S      BACK+1      SUBTRACT THE BACK ADDRESS      CSP25860
006A 01 4C080058      BSC      L FRONT,6      REPEAT IF MINUS      CSP25870
006C 0 7202      MDX      2 2      INCREMENT OVER 2 ARGS      CSP25880
006D 0 70BD      MDX      LAST      ALL THROUGH, GO TO LAST      CSP25890
006E 0 0040      HEX40  DC      /0040      EBCDIC BLANK CODE      CSP25900
0070          END      END OF ARG$ SUBPROGRAM      CSP25910

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NO ERRORS IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

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// DUP
*STORE WS UA ARG$      CSP25920
33CE 0008      CSP25930

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APPENDIX

CORE ALLOCATION

To calculate the core requirements, sum the number of words for all routines used. If NZONE, CARRY, NSIGN, SERVICE, WHOLE, ADD, and/or FILL are not included in the first sum, and they are CALLed by a routine in the first sum, add their number of words to the first sum. Then calculate the Reference core requirements. Keep in mind that no matter how many times a Reference is used, it should be considered only once. Sum the core requirements of all References used. Add this sum to the first sum. The resulting total is the core requirement for the 1130 Commercial Subroutine Package. Notice that the FORTRAN subroutines a, b, and c will be used by most FORTRAN programs and so will be present whether the package is used or not.

CSP Routine Name	Number of Words	Calls These CSP Routines	Calls These Subroutine Library Routines
A1DEC	74	NZONE	-
A1A3/A3A1	152	-	-
ADD/SUB	170	CARRY, FILL	-
ARGS	112	-	-
CARRY	54	-	-
DECA1	76	NZONE	-
DIV	238	CARRY, FILL	-
DPACK/DUNPK	100	-	-
EDIT	204	NZONE, FILL	-
FILL	30	-	-
GET	96	NZONE	ref. a and b
ICOMP	122	-	-
IOND	6	-	-
MOVE	36	-	-
MPY	164	CARRY, FILL	-
NCOMP	42	-	-
NSIGN	42	-	-
NZONE	78	-	-
PACK/UNPAC	66	-	-
PRINT/SKIP	124	ARGS	ref. e
PUT	104	NZONE, WHOLE	ref. a, b, and c
P1403/S1403	134	ARGS	ref. j
P1442	130	ARGS	ref. i
READ/PUNCH	158	ARGS	ref. f and h
R2501	140	ARGS	ref. d and h
STACK	6	-	-
TYPER/KEYBD	138	ARGS	ref. g and h
WHOLE	34	-	-

References

- a. (EADD, EMPY, ESTO, FLOAT, NORM) 342 words
- b. (SNR) 8 words
- c. (EABS, IFIX) 74 words
- d. (READ1) 110 words
- e. (PRNT1) 404 words
- f. (CARD1) 264 words
- g. (TYPE0, EBprt) 638 words
- h. (SPEED, ILS04) 360 words
- i. (PNCH1) 218 words
- j. (PRNT3, ZIPCO, EBPT3) 544 words

EBCDIC CHARACTERS AND DECIMAL EQUIVALENTS

A	-16064	S	-7616	blank	16448
B	-15808	T	-7360	. (period)	19264
C	-15552	U	-7104	< (less than)	19520
D	-15296	V	-6848	(19776
E	-15040	W	-6592	+	20032
F	-14784	X	-6336	&	20544
G	-14528	Y	-6080	\$	23360
H	-14272	Z	-5824	*	23616
I	-14016	0	-4032)	23872
J	-11968	1	-3776	- (minus)	24640
K	-11712	2	-3520	/	24896
L	-11456	3	-3264	,	27456
M	-11200	4	-3008	%	27712
N	-10944	5	-2752	#	31552
O	-10688	6	-2496	@	31808
P	-10432	7	-2240	' (apostrophe)	32064
Q	-10176	8	-1984	=	32320
R	-9920	9	-1728		

TIMING DATA

Subprogram Name	Approximate* Execution Time in Microseconds**
GET	2250 + 2190 C
PUT	3450 + 3090 C
EDIT	630 + 90 S + 180 M
MOVE	300 + 45 C
FILL	300 + 30 C
WHOLE	1400
NCOMP	250 + 75 C
NZONE	350
ICOMP	500 + 95 C
NSIGN	240
ADD	2160 + 216 L
SUB	2160 + 216 L
MPY	2400 + 120 P
DIV	4000 + Q (445 + 667 DIV)
A1DEC	700 + 54 A
DECA1	180 + 117 A
A1A3	470 + 1084 A
A3A1	545 + 156 A
PACK	360 + 63 A
UNPAC	420 + 66 A
DPACK	392D
DUNPK	360D
C	= Length of the field, in characters
S	= Length of the source field
M	= Length of the edit mask
P	= Length of the multiplier field x length of the multiplicand field (significant digits only--don't count leading zeros)
A	= Length of the A1 field
D	= Length of the packed decimal (D4) field
L	= Length of the longer of the two fields (significant digits only--don't count leading zeros)
Q	= Number of significant digits in the quotient (result) field
DIV	= Number of significant digits in the divisor (denominator) field
*	All timings are approximate, and are based on test runs of "typical" cases, using fields of "average" size, magnitude, etc. Unusual cases may (or may not) differ significantly from the timings obtained from the given equations. This is particularly true of the decimal arithmetic routines (ADD, SUB, MPY, DIV).
**	Based on 3.6-microsecond CPU cycle speed. Multiply by 0.6 to obtain timings on 2.2-microsecond CPU.

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Format of Commercial Subroutine Calls (and Parameters*)	Page Nos.**	Format of Data		Comments on Parameters
		Before	After	
*ONE WORD INTEGERS -----	-----	-----	-----	Must use for every CSP program -----
*EXTENDED PRECISION -----	-----	-----	-----	Must use if GET or PUT is present -----
*IOCS (DISK) -----	-----	-----	-----	Only DISK can be specified for CSP I/O -----
CALL ADD(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K,KLAST,NER) ----- 13	D1	---	D1	Initialize NER to 0; error if NER=LAST -----
CALL A1A3(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K,ICHAR) ----- 15	A1	---	A3	You must define ICHAR array, and it must contain 40 characters -----
CALL A1DEC(JCARD,J,JLAST,NER) ----- 18	A1	---	D1	Initialize NER to 0; error if NER \neq 0 -----
CALL A3A1(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K,ICHAR) ----- 21	A3	---	A1	You must define ICHAR array, and it must contain 40 characters -----
CALL DECA1(JCARD,J,JLAST,NER) ----- 26	D1	---	A1	Initialize NER to 0; error if NER \neq 0 -----
CALL DIV(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K,KLAST,NER) ----- 28	D1	---	D1	Initialize NER to 0; error if NER=LAST -----
CALL DPACK(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K) ----- 31	D1	---	D4	-----
CALL DUNPK(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K) ----- 34	D4	---	D1	-----
CALL EDIT(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K,KLAST) ----- 36	A1	---	A1	Control characters in mask are: b0., CR-*S -----
CALL FILL(JCARD,J,JLAST,NCH) ----- 41	Dec.	---	A1	See reverse side for decimal values for NCH -----
GET(JCARD,J,JLAST,SHIFT) ----- 42	A1	---	Real***	SHIFT must be real, extended precision. (1.0=no shift) -----
ICOMP(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K,KLAST) ----- 45	A1	---	-0+	Minus:JCARD<KCARD;Zero:JCARD=KCARD;Plus:JCARD>KCARD. -----
CALL IOND ----- 47	None	---	None	Use before PAUSE or STOP (Monitor Version 1 Only) -----
CALL KEYBD(JCARD,J,JLAST) ----- 48	A1	---	A1	Maximum of 60 Characters allowed -----
CALL MOVE(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K) ----- 50	Any	---	Same	-----
CALL MPY(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K,KLAST,NER) ----- 52	D1	---	D1	Initialize NER to 0; error if NER=LAST -----
NCOMP(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K) ----- 54	A1	---	-0+	Minus:JCARD<KCARD;Zero:JCARD=KCARD;Plus:JCARD>KCARD. -----
CALL NSIGN(JCARD,J,NEWS,NOLDS) ----- 56	D1	---	Integer	See reverse side for values for NEWS and NOLDS -----
CALL NZONE(JCARD,J,NEWZ,NOLDZ) ----- 58	A1	---	Integer	See reverse side for values for NEWZ and NOLDZ -----
CALL PACK(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K) ----- 60	A1	---	A2	-----
CALL PRINT(JCARD,J,JLAST,NER) ----- 62	A1	---	A1	Initialize NER to 0; if NER=3, reached chan.9; if NER=4, reached chan. 12 -----
CALL PUNCH(JCARD,J,JLAST,NER) ----- 64	A1	---	A1	Initialize NER to -1; if NER=0, last card, if NER=1, feed or punch check -----
CALL PUT(JCARD,J,JLAST,VAR,ADJST,N) ----- 66	Real***	---	A1	VAR and ADJST must be real, extended precision -----
CALL P1403(JCARD,J,JLAST,NER) ----- 68	A1	---	A1	Initialize NER to 0; if NER=3, reached chan. 9; if NER=4, reached chan. 12 -----
CALL P1442(JCARD,J,JLAST,NER) ----- 70	A1	---	A1	Initialize NER to -1; if NER=0, last card; if NER=1, feed or punch check -----
CALL READ(JCARD,J,JLAST,NER) ----- 73	A1	---	A1	Initialize NER to -1; if NER=0, last card; if NER=1, feed or read check -----
CALL R2501(JCARD,J,JLAST,NER) ----- 76	A1	---	A1	Initialize NER to -1; if NER=0, last card; if NER=1, feed or read check -----
CALL SKIP(N) ----- 79	Dec.	---	None	See reverse side for functional values for N -----
CALL S1403(N) ----- 84	Dec.	---	None	See reverse side for functional values for N -----
CALL STACK ----- 81	None	---	None	-----
CALL SUB(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K,KLAST,NER) ----- 82	D1	---	D1	Initialize NER to 0; error if NER=LAST -----
CALL TYPER(JCARD,J,JLAST) ----- 86	A1	---	A1	See reverse side for values for functional characters -----
CALL UNPAC(JCARD,J,JLAST,KCARD,K) ----- 89	A2	---	A1	-----
WHOLE(EXPRESSION) ----- 91	Real	---	Real	The expression must be "real" not "integer". -----

* All parameters required by each subroutine must be supplied.

** Page Number in 1130 Commercial Subroutine Package (1130-SE-25X), Version 3 Program Reference Manual (H20-0241-3)

*** Must use extended precision in calling program.

FILL	and	NCOMP	
Low	EBCDIC Char. (12-0)	Dec. Equiv.	<u>NSIGN</u> — used with D1 fields
	A	-16064	If NOLDS IS: +1 Then sign was: positive
	B	-15808	-1 negative
	C	-15552	
	D	-15296	
	E	-15040	
	F	-14784	When NEWS is: +1 Sign is set to: positive
	G	-14528	0 opposite of old sign
	H	-14272	-1 negative
	I	-14016	NOLDS no change
	(11-0)		
	J	-12224	
	K	-11968	
	L	-11712	
	M	-11456	
	N	-11200	<u>NZONE</u> — used with A1 fields
	O	-10944	If NOLDZ is:
	P	-10688	Then character was: 1 A-I
	Q	-10432	2 J-R
	R	-10176	3 S-Z
	S	-9920	4 0-9
	T	-7616	more than 4 special
	U	-7360	
	V	-7104	
	W	-6848	When NEWZ is:
	X	-6592	Character is set to: 1 12 zone
	Y	-6336	2 11 zone
	Z	-6080	3 0 zone
		-5824	4 no zone
			more than 4 no change
	0	-4032	
	1	-3776	
	2	-3520	<u>SKIP</u> and S1403 function
	3	-3264	Value for N
	4	-3008	Immediate skip to channel 1 12544
	5	-2752	Immediate skip to channel 2 12800
	6	-2496	Immediate skip to channel 3 13056
	7	-2240	Immediate skip to channel 4 13312
	8	-1984	Immediate skip to channel 5 13568
	9	-1728	Immediate skip to channel 6 13824
	blank	16448	Immediate skip to channel 9 14592
	.	19264	Immediate skip to channel 12 15360
	(period)		Immediate space of 1 space 15616
	<(less than)	19520	Immediate space of 2 spaces 15872
	(19776	Immediate space of 3 spaces 16128
	+	20032	Suppress space after printing 0
	&	20544	Normal spacing is one space after printing.
	\$	23360	
	*	23616	
)	23872	<u>TYPER</u> function
	- (minus)	24640	Decimal constant in (JCARD) output area
	/	24896	Tabulate 1344
	,	27456	Shift to black 5184
	%	27712	Carrier return 5440
	#	31552	Backspace 5696
	@	31808	Line Feed 9536
	' (apostrophe)	32064	Shift to red 13632
High	=	32320	

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The procedures set forth in IBM 1130 Card/Paper Tape Programming System Operator's Guide (C26-3629) and in IBM 1130 DISK Monitor System Reference Manual (C26-3750 or C26-3717) should be followed to execute the sample problems and all user-written programs.

Switch settings for the sample problems are as follows:

Input Device	Output Device	Switches		
		0	1	2
1442	console printer	down	down	down
1442	1132	up	down	down
1442	1403	up	up	down
2501	console printer	down	down	up
2501	1132	up	down	up
2501	1403	up	up	up

Make sure that the switches are set properly before the program begins.

Note: Sample Problem 2 cannot be executed if Version 1 of the Monitor is being used.

HALT LISTING

Conditions A and B (see list below) have the following meaning:

- A Device not ready.
- B Internal subroutine error. Rerun job. If error persists, verify that the subroutine deck is accurate, using the listings in this manual. If the deck is the same, contact your local IBM representative. Save all output.

<u>IAR</u>	<u>Accumulator (hex)</u>	<u>Device</u>	<u>Condition</u>
41	1xx0	1442 Card Read Punch	A
41	1xx1	1442 Card Read Punch	B
41	2xx0	Console printer or keyboard	A
41	2xx1	Console printer or keyboard	B
41	4xx0	2501 Card Reader	A
41	4xx1	2501 Card Reader	B
41	6xx0	1132 Printer	A
41	6xx1	1132 Printer	B
41	9xx0	1403 Printer	A
41	9xx1	1403 Printer	B

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IBM 1130 Functional Characteristics (A26-5881)

Core Requirements for 1130 FORTRAN (C20-1641)

1130 FORTRAN Programming Techniques (C20-1642)

IBM 1130 Card/Paper Tape Programming System Operator's Guide (C26-3629)

IBM 1130 DISK Monitor System Reference Manual (C26-3750)

IBM 1130 Assembler Language (C26-5927)

IBM 1130 Subroutine Library (C26-5929)

IBM 1130/1800 Basic FORTRAN IV Language (C26-3715)

IBM 1130 DISK Monitor System, Version 2 (C26-3717)

READER'S COMMENT FORM

H20-0241-3

1130 Commercial Subroutine Package
(1130-SE-25X), Version 3
Program Reference Manual

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