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**Systems**

**DOS/VS  
System Generation**

**Release 34**

**IBM**

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This edition, as amended by Technical Newsletters GN33-9226 and GN33-9230, applies to Version 5, Release 34, of the IBM Disk Operating System/Virtual Storage, DOS/VS, and to all subsequent versions and releases until otherwise indicated in new editions or Technical Newsletters. Changes are continually made to the information herein. Before using this publication in connection with the operation of IBM systems, consult the latest IBM System/370 Bibliography, GC20-0001, for the editions that are applicable and current.

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Summary of Amendments

| Independent Component Release of IBM 3800 Printing Subsystem Support

| Technical Newsletter GN33-9230 documents changes to support the IBM 3800 Printing Subsystem under DOS/VS.

| Technical Newsletter GN33-9226 corrects errors in the base publication and documents the restoring of DOS/VS to minidisk under VM/370.

Release 34

Edition GC33-5377-6 documents:

- Full support for the IBM 3350 and IBM 3330-11
- Support of the IBM 3277 as operator console
- Support of the IBM 3540 as IPL communication device
- Inclusion of functions of the COPYSERV program into the CORGZ program and the removal of the COPYSERV program from DOS/VS
- Improvement of initial program load through the use of an IPL communication device list
- Integration of support information on System/370 CPU Models 135-3, 138, 145-3, and 148 and on the IBM 3203-4 printer
- Removal of POWER/VS generation information that was provided in Module 2 of earlier editions of this manual; this information is now included in DOS/VS POWER/VS Installation Guide and Reference, GC33-6048
- EREP enhancements for CPU Models 135, 138, and 158

In addition, corrections and editorial changes have been made to improve the manual's usability.

Release 33

Edition GC33-5377-5 documents:

- Installation improvements
- POWER/VS enhancements
- VSAM enhancements
- Access Method Services enhancements
- New utility programs
- Cardless system support
- Minor changes and corrections throughout the manual

Note that Module 1, "Planning and Procedures", has been revised entirely.

Release 32

Edition GC33-5377-4 documents:

- Cross-partition event control
- CIL patch program (PDZAP)
- Highspeed standalone dump
- Fast CCW translation
- Minor changes and corrections throughout the manual

# Preface

The information in this publication is of particular interest to anyone responsible for the planning and/or implementation of system generation and maintenance for DOS/VS. This includes installation managers, system analysts, programmers, and machine operators.

Familiarity with the following system programs and facilities is invaluable when using this publication:

- Control programs (supervisor, job control, and IPL)
- System service programs (linkage editor and librarian)
- Input/Output Control System (IOCS) logic modules.

The storage estimates given in this publication are within 15% of actual requirements.

## MODULAR ORGANIZATION OF THIS MANUAL

This publication is in a modular format that enables you to discard unwanted modules and to insert system generation modules from program product documents. Thus, you can easily prepare a system generation document for your own installation.

Although the pages are numbered consecutively throughout the book, each module is self-contained. A numbered tab on the right-hand edge of the page indicates the beginning of each new module. If module volume warrants, a Module Outline and Module Index is provided.

The total publication has a General Contents and a General Index. These refer you to the individual module numbers. Figure numbers throughout the publication are in the form: Figure 1-3, where 1 is the module number and 3 is the figure number within the module.

Each module in this publication is a collection of information about a particular component or related topics. The modules, numbered from 1 to 25, are grouped as follows:

- Module 1: Planning and procedures information
- Module 2: POWER/VS
- Module 3: Installation Verification Procedures (IVP)
- Modules 4-6: Emulator Programs
- Modules 7-16: I/O Components
- Module 17: VSAM
- Module 18: Assembler
- Module 19: System aids (OLTEP)
- Module 20: BTAM
- Module 21: QTAM
- Module 22: VTAM
- Module 23: SSS
- Module 24: System Utilities
- Module 25: EREP

Prerequisites for a thorough understanding and effective use of this publication are:

DOS/VS System Management Guide, GC33-5371  
DOS/VS System Control Statements, GC33-5376  
DOS/VS Supervisor and I/O Macros, GC33-5373  
DOS/VS Operating Procedures, GC33-5378  
DOS/VS Messages, GC33-5379  
DOS/VS System Utilities, GC33-5381  
IBM System/370 Subsystem Support Services User's Guide, GC30-3022  
Guide to the DOS/VS Assembler, GC33-4024  
Moving from Model 20 to DOS/VS, GC33-5386

## General Contents

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# Introduction

The object of DOS/VS system generation is to tailor the IBM-supplied system to the requirements of your installation. This tailoring process is accomplished by:

1. Planning system generation
2. Implementing the plan by performing a system generation
3. Testing the results by running the applicable IVP (Installation Verification Procedure) and sample problems.

Detailed planning is essential to efficient system generation. It minimizes the need to modify the system after it is generated. You may want to contact your IBM marketing representative to set up a system generation planning meeting. IBM field engineering would also attend the meeting to discuss the procedure to install the SCP (Systems Control Programming). Planning a system includes:

- Evaluating which of the IBM-supplied supervisors most closely meets your installation's requirements. Considering modifications, such as deleting components from, or adding options to the selected supervisor(s). Estimating the size of the planned supervisor and assessing the effects of some of the major options, such as multiprogramming and POWER/VS, on the operation of your system.
- Tailoring the supervisor to the needs of your installation, which includes planning the options and estimating the size of the supervisor. This entails assessing the implications and effects of some of the major supervisor options, such as multiprogramming and POWER/VS, on the operation of your system.
- Planning the contents, organization, and size of the system and private libraries.
- Generating POWER/VS (optional).
- Planning the Page Data Set.
- Emulator generation (optional).

These major planning considerations are described in detail in the DOS/VS System Management Guide.

IBM supplies DOS/VS on either magnetic tape or on disk. These distributions are discussed under "Distribution of DOS/VS".

DOS/VS is shipped in four libraries:

The source statement library contains macro definitions in edited format. After the desired parameters have been chosen, the macros can be assembled. Any A-library macros carried over from previous releases must be edited before they can be used for assembly.

The relocatable library contains IBM programs that have not been assigned addresses for execution and assembled macros from the source statement library. These assembled macros perform input and output procedures for IBM-supplied programs. They constitute Logical IOCS modules that can also be used by problem programs, whenever applicable.

The core image library contains programs that are ready for execution. System control programs and system service programs are always shipped in the core image library. An assembler program is also provided for system generation and maintenance. The system control programs must always be part of the system. The librarian programs are a key set to the system and should be carefully considered before ever removing them from the system.

The procedure library is designed to contain frequently used sets of job control and linkage editor control statements, as well as control statements for IBM-supplied service programs. The procedure library as it is shipped on the distribution medium contains the SVA load procedures SDL, RPS, VSAMSVA, and VSAMRPS. The purpose and contents of SDL and RPS are discussed under "SDL Considerations" and "RPS Considerations", respectively; for the purpose and contents of VSAMSVA and VSAMRPS, refer to "Module 17: VSAM". The procedure library also contains procedures for linking and deleting DOS/VS components.

During system generation, you work with the IBM-supplied system, tailoring it to your individual needs by adding to and deleting from the IBM-supplied and your own private libraries (source statement, relocatable, and core image). Please note that the procedure library can only be a system library; the system does not support private procedure libraries.

#### PLANNING SUMMARY

The following considerations and decisions should be made before system generation, refer also to Figure 1-1:

- Determine if one of the IBM-supplied supervisors fits your needs. The supervisors are pre-compiled and can therefore save you the lengthy process of defining, assembling, and link-editing. More information on these supervisors is given under "Supervisor Nucleus", for details refer to the "Memorandum to Users".
- Select supervisor options by coding a set of supervisor macro instructions (see "Chapter 3: Planning the System" in DOS/VS System Management Guide).
- Determine the programs that are to be in the core image and relocatable libraries of each operational pack.
- Utilize the serviceability aids recommended in DOS/VS Serviceability Aids and Debugging Procedures, GC33-5380, during system generation, by including applicable aids from the following list in your DOS/VS system (section numbers refer to sections in that manual):
  - Recovery Management Support (including Tape and Disk Error by Volume Statistics -- Section 2-F)
  - Fetch/Load, I/O, GSVC and QTAM traces, and the Transient Dump (Problem Determination Serviceability Aids, PDAIDS -- Section 2-B)
  - DUMPGEN (DOS/VS Standalone DUMP Generator, with formatting DUMP option -- Section 2-A)
  - DOSVSDMP (DOS/VS high-speed Standalone dump program for both formatted and unformatted dump output -- Section 2-A)
  - LVTOC and the Library Display Program (including the Access Method Services Utility Aids -- Section 2-C)
  - Online Terminal Test (Teleprocessing Aids -- Section 2-F)
  - LSERV (Label Cylinder Display Program -- Section 2-C)
  - SDAIDS (System Debugging Aids -- Section 2-B)
- If the system supports private core image libraries (PCIL=YES specified in the FOPT macro), determine which programs are to be placed in the private core image library or libraries. Under such a system, the linkage editor executes in any partition. You can link-edit most IBM-supplied programs for execution in a foreground partition and place them in a private core image library assigned to that partition if enough core storage is available to execute the link-edited program. If desired, the version to execute in the background partition may be retained in the system core image library. It is not necessary to have different versions of a particular program for execution in different partitions, if the supervisor is generated to include the relocating loader.



You must place the supervisor (default name \$\$A\$SUP1) in the system core image library. A supervisor cataloged to a private core image library cannot be used.

The normal search order for loading phases into storage is as follows:

- If the requested phase is a \$\$R phase (MCAR/CCH transient), the system searches only the system core image directory.
- If the requested phase is a \$\$A or \$\$B phase (transient), the system first searches the system core image directory, then, if necessary, it searches the private core image directory assigned to the partition.

For an attention routine command that results in a phase being loaded into virtual storage, DOS/VS searches only the system core image directory. Therefore, phases such as buffer-image phases for an FCB or a UCB must be cataloged in the system core image library and not in a private core image library.

If the phase is not found, the system enters the wait state with an error message of X'0000FF4' in bytes 0 through 3 of low storage.

When you request other phases, the system searches both the system and private directories, if necessary. If the phase name starts with \$, the system first searches the system core image directory and, if it does not find the phase, it then searches the directory of the private core image library, assigned to the partition. If the requested phase name does not begin with a \$, the system first searches the private core image directory, then the system core image directory, unless SYS=YES is specified in the FETCH or LOAD macro, in which case the system directory is always searched first.

To improve the performance of FETCH and LOAD in a multiprogramming system you can build an SDL (System Directory List), containing the names of, and additional fetch/load information on, frequently used transients and phases. The SDL, however, is not searched for phases that are loaded by attention routines. The list is built as a result of the SET SDL=CREATE command and subsequent data statements. These statements can also be provided through an IBM-supplied cataloged procedure.

- Determine which modules are to be deleted from the relocatable library of each operational pack. Deleting from the relocatable library allows for expansion of the system core image library to hold a greater number of components. Refer to the relevant book module for each component for its sizes.
- Also determine if the macro definitions used to build the supervisor and IOCS modules are to be deleted from the source statement library. Retaining the macros in the source statement library facilitates building a new supervisor and new IOCS modules.
- With only one disk drive available you may prefer to maintain only enough room in the relocatable library of the operational pack to contain the modules for building the largest component in the system. This small relocatable library permits temporary insertion of any component in relocatable form. It can then be immediately link-edited into the system core image library and then deleted from the relocatable library. When the relocatable library is subsequently condensed, only the updated core image form of the component remains, thus conserving disk-storage capacity. Reducing the size of the relocatable library allows expansion of the system core image library. The expanded system core image library allows a greater number of programs to be online with a single system volume.
- Copy and restore programs are necessary to transfer the resident system from tape to disk, from disk to tape, from disk to cards, and from cards to disk for maintenance and backup purposes.

- The procedures for the system configurations presented in this publication assume that the disk packs have been initialized with the VTOC on the cylinder shown below:

Device used	VTOC on Cylinder	
	For System Packs	For Work Packs
2314/2319	199	0 or 199
3330 Model 1 or 2	403	0 or 403
3330 Model 11	807	0 or 807
3340 (3348/35MB)	347	0 or 347
3340 (3348/70MB)	695	0 or 695
3350	554	0 or 554

#### MAPS AND LISTINGS PRODUCED DURING SYSTEM GENERATION

All linkage editor output on SYSLST from the system generation procedure and any future updates (including maps produced by the linkage editor) must be retained. These maps provide necessary information on the level of the system and the load address (relocation) of each component. Similarly, all assembly listings produced during system generation, in particular supervisor and POWER/VS listings, should be retained. These maps and listings can be used by the systems programmer and the customer engineer maintaining the system.

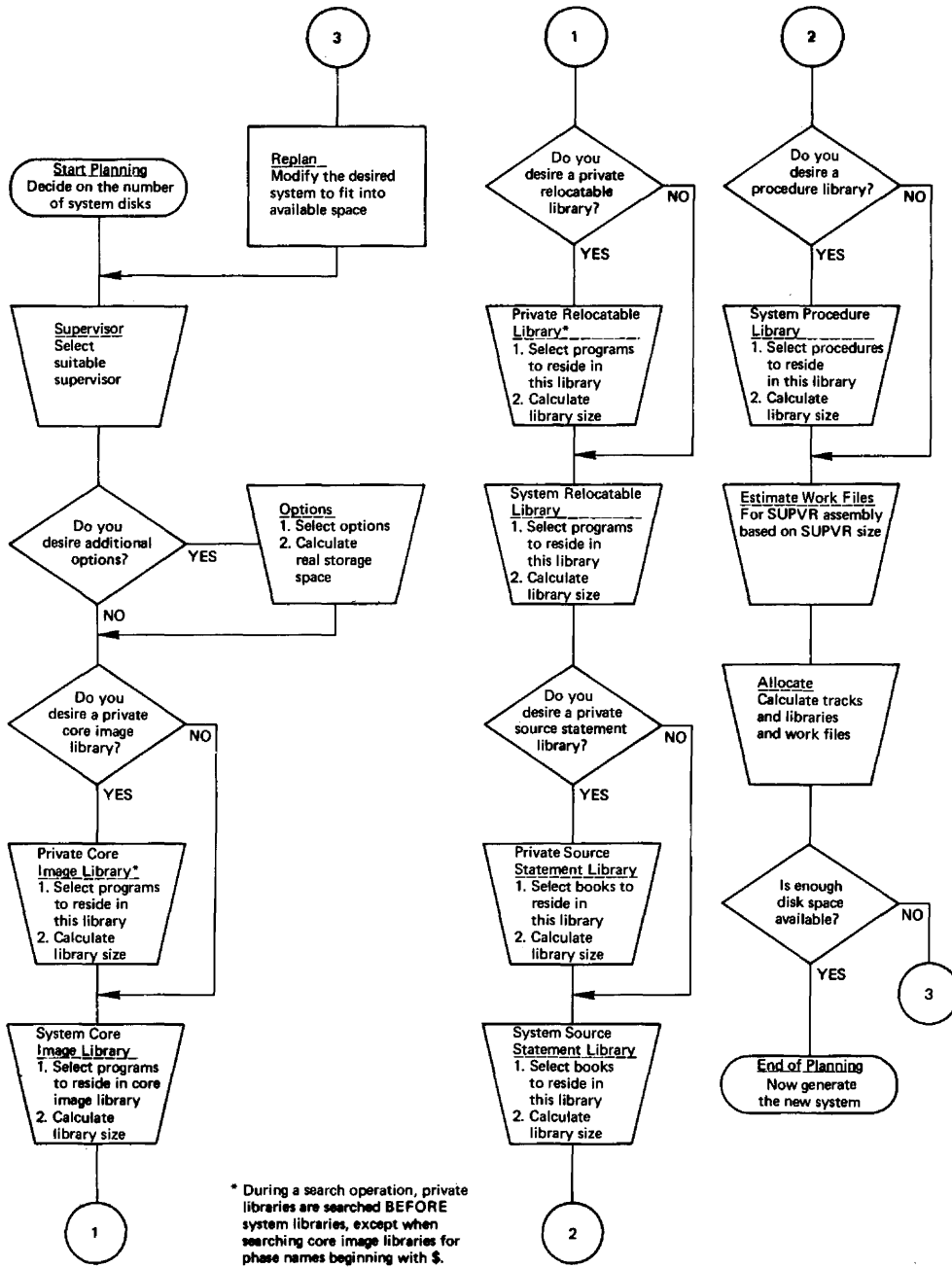


Figure 1-1. INTRODUCTION -- Planning Summary

## System Configuration

This section presents the minimum system configuration required to operate DOS/VS. The system control programs and basic IOCS must always be present to execute any other programs. In view of the many different possibilities of attaching I/O units to the CPU models supported, the minimum machine requirements for the Model 115 CPU and the Model 125 CPU are listed separately. The requirements for the CPU Models 135, 138, 145, 148, 155-II, and 158 are listed together.

### MINIMUM MACHINE REQUIREMENTS - MODEL 115

A System/370 CPU Model 115.

Standard instruction set (See Note 1).

One Card Reader: 1442\*\*, 2501\*\*, 2520\*\*, 2540\*\*, 2560\*, 2596\*\*, 3505\*\*, 3525\*\*, or 5425\* (See Note 2 and 3).  
One Card Punch : 1442\*\*, 2520\*\*, 2540\*\*, 2560\*, 2596\*\*, 3525\*\*, or 5425\* (see Note 2 and 3).  
One Printer : 1403\*\*, 1443\*\*, 3203\* (Model 1 or 2), or 5203\* (with or without UCS) (see Note 2).

One Integrated Display Operator Console, optionally with a 5213 Console Printer attached.  
One 3340\* Model A2 Disk Storage.

\* These devices are natively attachable to the Model 115.

\*\* These devices must be attached to the Model 115 via a multiplexer channel.

### Notes:

1. Language translators may require extended instruction sets.
2. One 7- or 9-track 3410-3411 or 3420 (Model 3 or 5) series magnetic tape unit, or a disk extent may be substituted for this device. If a 7-track tape unit is used, the data conversion feature is required, except when the unit is substituted for a printer.
3. The IBM 3540 Diskette I/O Unit may substitute for this device. In a cardless system, at least one 3741 or 3742 data entry unit is required to have a record insert feature to support program maintenance requirements.

### MINIMUM MACHINE REQUIREMENTS - MODEL 125

A System/370 CPU Model 125.

Standard instruction set (see Note 1).

One Card Reader: 1442\*\*, 2501\*\*, 2520\*\*, 2540\*\*, 2560\*, 3504\*, 3505\*\*, 3525\*, or 5425\* (see Note 2 and 3).  
One Card Punch : 1442\*\*, 2520\*\*, 2540\*\*, 2560\*, 3525\*, or 5425\* (see Note 2).  
One Printer : 1403\*, 1443\*\*, or 3203\* (Model 1 or 2) (see Note 2).

\* These devices are natively attached. Attachment of Card Reader/Punch devices is as follows, either

One 3504, or  
One 3504 and one 2560, or  
One 3504 and one 3525, or  
One 2560, or  
One 3525, or  
One 3504 and one 5425, or  
One 5425.

\*\* This device may either be natively attached, or be attached to a multiplexer channel.

One Model 125 Integrated Display Operator Console, optionally with a 5213 Console Printer attached.

One 3333 Model 1 Disk Storage, natively attached (two disk storage devices), or  
One 3340 Model A2 Disk Storage.

Notes:

1. Language translators may require extended instruction sets.
2. One 7- or 9-track 3410-3411 or 3420 (Model 3 or 5) series magnetic tape unit, or a disk extent may be substituted for this device. If a 7-track tape unit is used, the data conversion feature is required, except when substituted for a printer.
3. The IBM 3540 Diskette I/O Unit may substitute for this device. In a cardless system, at least one 3741 or 3742 data entry unit is required to have a record insert feature to support program maintenance requirements.

MINIMUM MACHINE REQUIREMENTS - MODEL 135, 138, 145, 148, 155-II, or 158

A System/370 CPU Model 135, 138, 145, 148, 155-II, or 158.

Standard instruction set (see Note 1).

One Card Reader: 1442, 2501, 2520, 2540, or 3505 (see Note 2).

One Card Punch: 1442, 2520, 2540, or 3525 (see Note 2).

| One Printer: 1403, 1443, 3211 (see Note 2), 3203-4 (for Models 138 and 148 only), or 3800.

One 3210/3215 Console Printer Keyboard, attached to the multiplexer channel, or  
One 3277 Operator Console for the Model 138 and 148.

One 2314\* Direct Access Storage Facility, or

One 2319 Direct Access Storage Facility, natively attached or

One 3333 Disk Storage, Model 1, attached either natively or through a 3830-2 Storage Control Unit (see Note 3), or

One 3330 Disk Storage, Model 1, 2\*, or 11, attached through a 3830-1 Storage Control Unit (see Note 3 and 4), or

One 3340 Disk Storage, Model A2, attached through (see Note 4):

- a. the IFA (Integrated File Adapter) on the System/370 Model 135, or
- b. the ISC (Integrated Storage Control) on the System/370 Model 145, or
- c. the 3830-2 Storage Control Unit on the System/370 Models 135 and 145, or

One 3350 Direct Access Storage, attached through:

- a. the 3830-2 on the System/370 Model 135 and higher, or
- b. the ISC (Integrated Storage Control) on the System/370 Model 145 and higher.

\* The minimum DOS/VS configuration requires two DASD spindles, one of which must be with removable pack, or one DASD spindle and two magnetic tape drives. If the tape units are 7-track, the data conversion feature is required.

Notes:

1. Language translators may require extended instruction sets.
2. One 7- or 9-track 2400 or 3400 series magnetic tape unit, or a disk extent may be substituted for this device. If a 7-track tape unit is used, the data conversion feature is required, except when substituted for a printer. Neither the tape unit nor the disk extent can be substituted for the card reader as the communication device during system IPL time.

3. The 3333 Disk Storage (unless natively attached) and the 3330 Disk Storage, Model 1, 2, or 11, require a high-speed selector channel.
4. Requirements and specifications relating to the 3330 apply also to the 3333 and 3350 in compatibility mode of the 3330-1. Those given for the 3340 apply also to the 3344.

#### MNOTES DURING SUPERVISOR ASSEMBLY

During supervisor assembly, the assembler may generate MNOTES. You may choose to ignore some by accepting the assumed values given in the MNOTES. For others, you may have to interrupt procedures, modify one or more specifications and reassemble the supervisor.

Some general procedures for resolving MNOTES are:

1. Go to the DIAGNOSTICS section at the end of the supervisor assembly listing; it includes references to the MNOTES generated during assembly. Each MNOTE reference is in the form
 

statement-number IPK216 MNOTE GENERATED
2. Using the statement number, go back into the listing and examine each of the MNOTES. A severity code precedes the message portion (the higher the code, the more severe the error). Each MNOTE is listed after the macro with which it is associated.
3. Determine the reason for the MNOTE. The MNOTE message indicates the parameter in question and usually provides a clue to the type of discrepancy. Some errors to look for are:
  - Misspelled items or misspunched numbers.
  - Parameters that are incompatible with other parameters in this or another macro.
  - Parameters that are outside the valid limits.
4. Make any necessary changes and reassemble. If you have no changes to make (in other words, the assumed values listed in the MNOTES are acceptable), continue with the generation procedures. Some errors are so severe, however, that no object deck is generated, and you must correct one or more macros and reassemble before continuing.

#### CATALOGING THE SUPERVISOR

The Supervisor Select function enables you to select different tailored supervisors, cataloged in the core image library of your operational pack. Cataloging these supervisors can either be accomplished by specifying the ID parameter in the SUPVR macro, which only changes the last character of the supervisor name, or by changing the PHASE statement punched during supervisor assemblies, in which case you are free to select your own 8-character supervisor name. It is recommended to name the most frequently used supervisor \$\$A\$SUP1, since it is the default of the Supervisor Select function. During multiprogramming, the supervisor \$\$A\$SUP1 cannot be cataloged.

You can select the desired supervisor during IPL time by

pressing the LOAD key on the CPU panel; when the system enters the wait state, press the REQUEST/ENTER key on the console. When message 0I03A SPECIFY SUPERVISOR NAME is displayed, type in the name of the desired supervisor or press the END or ENTER key to select the default \$\$A\$SUP1.

#### Example:

Specify ID=x in the SUPVR macro

Catalog the supervisor. When performing the IPL procedure, specify \$\$A\$SUPx.

## The Supervisor Generation Macros

This section defines the macros and their parameters required to generate an installation-tailored supervisor for DOS/VS.

Note that the supervisor must be assembled with **ALIGN=YES** (assumed default value) in the STDJC macro instruction, because **ALIGN=NO** causes performance degradation and may result in assembly errors.

### RULES FOR USING SUPERVISOR GENERATION MACROS

1. The assumed value default for an omitted parameter is underlined in the following discussion. Wherever an alternate default is possible, both operands are underlined.
2. Braces {} indicate that you must select one of the enclosed values.
3. Bracketed operands are optional, for example, [n].
4. Replace the letter n in a parameter with a decimal number.
5. The name field must be blank. The operation field always contains the mnemonic operation code. The operand field contains the parameters.
6. For any given macro, several parameters may be contained on one line. Separate each parameter with a comma. No embedded blanks are permitted. Continuation cards are permitted (nonblank character in column 72; the continue column is column 16).
7. In the expression X'cuu', replace cuu with the hexadecimal number for channel and unit.
8. The macros must be issued in the following sequence: SUPVR, CONFIG, STDJC, FOPT, PIOC, VSTAB, ALLOC, ALLOC, IOTAB, DVCGEN, ASSGN, DPD, SEND.
9. The DVCGEN, ASSGN, ALLOC, ALLOC, and DPD macros are not required. They are specified if input/output tables (DVCGEN) are being specified, if standard assignments (ASSGN) are being made, if storage is allocated (ALLOC and ALLOC), or if the page data set (DPD) is defined at system generation time.
10. An END statement and a /\* statement must follow the SEND macro instruction.
11. Figure 1-4 shows the device type codes of the DOS/VS supported devices used for system generation.

## SUPVR

The (SUPVR) Supervisor macro and its parameters define the system as disk resident with the ability to support certain desired functions, such as multiprogramming, MICR, or teleprocessing.

### PARAMETERS FOR SUPVR

AP= { NO } Specify if multitasking support is desired. Multitasking allows  
      { YES } the execution of more than one program within a partition.  
Specification of AP=YES is required if TP=VTAM is specified and also if you want to use the ATTACH, DETACH, ENQ, and DEQ macros for your programs. AP=YES must be specified if support for POWER/VS with RJE, SNA is required.

WAITM=YES is forced by AP=YES. An invalid specification of AP causes YES to be forced. If AP=YES is specified and NPARTS is omitted or specified as 1, NPARTS=3 is forced.

ASCII={ NO } Specify if supervisor support of ASCII/EBCDIC translation tables  
{ YES } is desired. ASCII=YES must be specified if support of ASCII tapes by magnetic tape IOCS is required.

CHAN={ NO } A specification of CHAN=YES is required if multiplexer  
{ YES } channel-attached devices, tape units, or teleprocessing devices  
(Models 115 are present on your Model 115 or 125 CPU. Software recording is  
nd 125 only) performed for channel-attached devices and for tape units only. If  
these devices are part of the system, a check is made during IPL to  
see if RMS error recording support is provided; if it is not, the  
system enters a hard wait state. RMS=YES overrides a specification  
of CHAN; it should be specified if full error recovery is required  
in addition to error recording. For detail information, refer to  
**DOS/VS Serviceability Aids and Debugging Procedures.**

ERRLOG={ RDE } Specify to include RDE (Reliability Data Extractor) recording in  
{ YES } addition to normal RMS error recording. RDE causes recording of  
"End of Day" via the ROD operator command and of the cause of IPL.  
This provides additional data for installation and IBM evaluation  
of system performance. The RDE option does not require any  
additional real storage.

If RDE recording is desired for a Model 115 or 125 CPU, normal RMS  
error recording support must be generated by specifying CHAN=YES or  
RMS=YES.

Note: For reasons of compatibility with earlier DOS releases,  
ERRLOG=(YES,RDE) may still be specified. Specification of  
ERRLOG=YES has no effect since error recording is controlled by the  
MODEL= parameter or, for a Model 115 or 125, by CHAN= and RMS=.  
Specifying ERRLOG=(YES,RDE) is identical to specifying ERRLOG=RDE.

EU={ NO } Specify EU=YES if you require mixed parity tape processing for the  
{ YES } 14xx emulators and the tape preprocessor and tape postprocessor  
programs. EU=YES need not be specified to run these programs if  
mixed parity tape processing is not required.

Note: For reasons of compatibility with earlier DOS releases,  
specification of EU=RELOC is accepted by the assembler as if EU=YES  
had been specified.

ID={ 1 } Specify this parameter if you plan to use the Supervisor Select  
{ C } option. You can assign a unique name to the supervisor being  
generated by specifying any alphameric character (A-Z,1-9) in this  
field. For example, if you specify ID=A, then the supervisor will  
be named \$\$A\$SUPA when it is placed on the core image library. If  
this parameter is omitted the supervisor will be named \$\$A\$SUP1.

MCH={ YES } This is an option for CPU Models 115 and 125 only. Do not specify  
{ NO } this parameter for CPU Models 135 and up. For these models,  
(Models 115 support for the Machine Check Analysis Recorder (MCAR) and Channel  
or 125 only) Check Handler (CCH) features is standard.

MCH=YES in conjunction with CHAN=YES is equivalent to specifying  
RMS=YES. In addition to the software recording services generated  
by specifying CHAN=YES, specification of MCH=YES generates the  
error recovery (MCAR and CCH) portion of RMS.



MICR= { NO } Specify if the supervisor is to support magnetic ink character  
1419 } readers or optical reader/sorters. If 1255/1259/1270/1275s are  
1419D } to be supported, indicate 1419. 1419D indicates Dual Address  
Adapter 1419/1275s only; 1419 support does not provide 1419D  
support. If 1419s or 1255/1270/1275s are attached to a multiplexer  
channel, BMPX=YES should be specified in the PIOCS macro. However,  
burst mode and MICR devices cannot run concurrently on the same  
byte-multiplexer channel. A warning MNOTE to that effect is  
issued. Please note that 3886 Optical Character Readers do not  
require MICR support.

NPARTS= { 1 } Specify the number of partitions to be supported. The maximum  
3 } value of n is 5. For reasons of compatibility with earlier DOS  
n } releases, MPS=YES, NO, or BJT is also accepted by the assembler.

The default taken is 1 if:

The AP, MPS, POWER, and TP parameters are either not specified, or  
specified as NO.

The default taken is 3 if any of the following is specified:

AP=YES  
MPS=YES  
POWER=YES  
TP=QTAM

If NPARTS is omitted or is specified as 1, specification of any of  
these parameters forces NPARTS=3.

PAGEIN= { NO } Specify that paging activity is to be controlled by the PAGEIN,  
n } RELPAG, and FCEPGOUT macros.

(See DOS/VS Supervisor and I/O Macros, for a complete description  
of these macros.)

The value n indicates the maximum number of page-in requests that  
can be queued at any one time for execution. Each PAGEIN macro  
issued in a program represents a page-in request. To obtain  
support for the three macros, the values specified for n must be 1  
or larger.

PHO= { NO } Specify if page exception handling overlap (PHO) is desired.  
YES } PHO=YES allows control to be passed to a user routine while a page  
fault is being handled. Specification of PHO=YES is required if  
you want to use the SETPFA macro in your programs. (For more  
details see the DOS/VS System Management Guide.) When PHO=YES is  
specified, PFIY=YES is forced. PHO=YES is forced if POWER=YES is  
specified.

POWER= { NO } Specify if support for POWER/VS is desired. If POWER=YES is  
YES } specified, the following options are forced: PHO=YES and NPARTS=3  
(if NPARTS was not specified or if NPARTS=1 was specified) in the  
SUPVR macro, PFIY=YES and ECPREAL=YES in the FOPT macro.

RMS= { NO } Specifying RMS=YES is equivalent to specifying both CHAN=YES and  
YES } MCH=YES. RMS=YES overrides any specification of CHAN and/or MCH.  
(Models 115 and 125 only) If RMS=NO is specified, or if the parameter is omitted, the  
generation of RMS support is governed by specifying the CHAN and/or  
MCH parameters. RMS=YES is required if the string switch feature  
is installed. RMS=YES should be specified if a multiple partition  
system is used. RMS=YES is forced if TP=VTAM.

TP= {  $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{NO} \\ \text{VTAM} \\ \text{BTAM[,VTAM]} \\ \text{QTAM[,VTAM]} \\ \text{QTAMn[,VTAM]} \end{array} \right\}$  Specify if teleprocessing is desired and, if so, whether Basic (BTAM), Queued (QTAM), or Virtual (VTAM) Access Method is desired. When QTAM is specified, support for BTAM is also included. If ETAM runs in virtual mode, PFIX=YES is required. For QTAMn, n is the maximum number of message processing programs in the system at any one time. n may have any value from 2 to 12. If VTAM is specified and also for multitasking, AP=YES must be specified. If AP=NO and QTAMn are specified, n is forced to 2. If TP=QTAM or TP=VTAM and NPARTS=1 or is omitted, NPARTS=3 is forced.

If both BTAM and VTAM, or both QTAM (or QTAMn) and VTAM are specified, the operands must be placed between parentheses, for example, TP=(BTAM,VTAM).

Specification of VTAM forces AB=YES, ECPREAL=YES, GETVIS=YES, IT=YES, OC=YES, PC=YES, PFIX=YES, RELDDR=YES, TOD=YES, WAITM=YES, and RMS=YES in the case of Models 115 and 125 in the FOPT macro.

If POWER=YES is specified and your version of POWER/VS is to support RJE,SNA, TP=VTAM must be specified.

## CONFIG

The CONFIG (Configuration) macro instruction and its parameters define the system configuration and can specify generation of optional supervisor services.

### PARAMETERS FOR CONFIG

FP= {  $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{NO} \\ \text{YES} \end{array} \right\}$  Specify only if your CPU has the floating-point feature.

**MODEL=modelnumber[-suffix]**

Specify the model number of the CPU and the suffix if applicable. Omission of this parameter or an invalid specification causes supervisor generation to be terminated.

Specify:

MODEL=115	for the IBM 3115-0 and 3115-2 CPU
MODEL=125	for the IBM 3125-0 and 3125-2 CPU
MODEL=135	for the IBM 3135 and 3135-3 CPU
MODEL=138	for the IBM 3138 CPU
MODEL=145	for the IBM 3145 and 3145-3 CPU
MODEL=148	for the IBM 3148 CPU
MODEL=155-II	for the IBM 3155-II CPU
MODEL=158	for the IBM 3158 CPU

If MODEL=115 or 125 is specified, the generation of Recovery Management Support (MCAR/CCH and/or RMS error recording) is dependent on the specification of the RMS, CHAN, and MCH parameters of the SUPVR macro. For all other CPU models, RMS-support is standard.

#### Notes:

For reasons of compatibility with earlier DOS releases, specification of MODEL=155 is accepted by the assembler. Support for the Model 155-II CPU is generated.

When MODEL=125 is specified, support for the 3330 disk is always generated (if not specified otherwise in the DISK=parameter of the PIOCS macro). When MODEL=115 is specified, support for the 3340 disk is always generated.

The storage protection and decimal features have been made standard. The Interval Timer is a standard System/370 hardware feature. If, however, you specify SP=, or DC= (whether the operand is YES or NO), the assembler will accept your specification and merely react by generating an MNOTE, which need to be resolved. TIMER=YES is also acceptable but generates no code.

If you plan to run your generated system on more than one CPU model, you should specify the larger model number.

## STDJC

The STDJC (Standard Job Control) macro instruction and its parameters specify the standard settings for job control. If the assumed options are all satisfactory, the only entry required is the STDJC macro instruction itself, without any parameters. These standard options, except LINES and DATE, can be temporarily overridden by an OPTION statement, LINES can be overridden by a SET command, DATE by a // DATE statement.

### PARAMETERS FOR STDJC

- ALIGN={ YES } Specify if the assembler is to align data on halfword or fullword  
          { NO } boundaries, according to the type of instruction used. A supervisor must be assembled with option ALIGN=YES to avoid hard waits.
- ACANCEL={ NO } Specify if Job Control is to cancel jobs automatically  
          { YES } (ACANCEL=YES) or to wait for operator intervention (ACANCEL=NO) after an unsuccessful attempt to assign a device. (Please note that the LOG command suppresses the ACANCEL function.)
- CHARSET={ 48C } Specify either the 48- or 60-character set for PL/I translator  
          { 60C } input on SYSIPT.
- DATE={ MDY } Specify the format of the date MDY=month/day/year.  
      { DMY } DMY=day/month/year.
- DECK={ YES } Specify if language translators are to produce object modules  
      { NO } on SYSPCH.
- DUMP = { YES } Specify if a dump of the registers and virtual storage is to be  
       { NO } written on SYSLST in case of an abnormal program end. PART  
       { PART } specifies that a dump of the supervisor control blocks and the virtual storage of the partition is to be written on SYSLST.
- EDECK={ NO } Specify if the assembler is to create and punch edited macros  
      { YES } on SYSPCH.
- ERRS={ YES } Specify if compilers are to summarize all errors in source  
      { NO } programs on SYSLST. Assembler and PL/I always assume ERRS=YES.
- LINES={ 56 } Specify the number of lines per page on SYSLST. The minimum  
       { nn } is 30; the maximum is 99.
- LIST={ YES } Specify if language translators are to write source module  
      { NO } listings and diagnostics on SYSLST.
- LISTX={ NO } Specify if compilers are to write hexadecimal object module  
       { YES } listings on SYSLST.

LOG= { YES } Specify for a listing of all control statements on SYSLST.  
       { NO } LOG=NO suppresses the listing of all job control statements on  
           SYSLST. Invalid statements and commands will be listed on SYSLST  
           if it is assigned.

RLD= { NO } Specify RLD=YES if the relocation dictionary information is to be  
       { YES } printed.

SPARM= { NO } Specify if the &SYSPARM assembler system variable symbol is to  
         { YES } be supported.

SYM= { NO } SYM=YES may be specified if the PL/I compiler is to produce a  
       { YES } symbol and offset table listing on SYSLST, or if American National  
           Standard COBOL is to produce a data division glossary.

XREF= { YES } Specify if the assembler is to write symbolic cross-reference  
       { NO } lists on SYSLST, or if American National Standard COBOL is to  
           produce a cross-reference listing.

## FOPT

The FOPT (Optional Features) macro and its parameters specify additional optional features that can be included in the supervisor.

### PARAMETERS FOR FOPT

AB= { NO } Specify if the abnormal termination exit function is to be  
       { YES } supported. The abnormal termination exit, invoked via the STXIT AB  
       macro, allows you to exit to a user's routine before an abnormal  
       end-of-job causes a program to be canceled. Specify YES for  
       American National Standard COBOL I/O error recovery. AB=YES is  
       forced if TP=VTAM is specified in the SUPVR macro.

CBF= { NO } Specify the number of I/O requests for the operator console to be  
       { n } buffered. Under the following conditions operator console I/O  
       requests will be buffered:

1. The actual record to be written does not exceed 80 characters.
2. Data or command chaining is not performed.
3. The CCB associated with this operation does not indicate the acceptance of unrecoverable I/O errors, posting at device end, or user error routines.
4. The CCB does not request sense information.

**CBF=NO is forced if MODEL=115, 125, 138, or 148 is specified together with DOC=125D or 3277.**

Console buffering allows overlap of CPU processing with write operations to SYSLOG by satisfying the requestor's WAIT immediately, rather than at I/O completion time. When this option is selected, the number of CHANQ entries should exceed the number of CBF entries so that the buffering process is not bound by the number of CHANQ entries. If the assumed option is taken for CHANQ and CBF is selected, the number of CHANQ entries is assumed to be six more than the CBF entry. Numbers 1 through 50 are valid, and one is assumed if the operand is invalid.

DASDFP= { NO }  
 (n<sup>1</sup>, n<sup>2</sup> [, 2321]) } Specify if supervisor DASD file protection is desired when n<sup>1</sup>, n<sup>2</sup> indicates the range of channels to which DASDs may be attached. Specification of n<sup>1</sup>, n<sup>2</sup> provides file protection for disk devices. For reasons of compatibility with previous releases, specification for all disk devices are accepted, but are treated as documentation (that is, the parameters are ignored). File protection for the 2321 must be specified and provides protection for all DASD devices. DASDFP prevents writing outside the extents of a file in case of program error. Extents are protected to the nearest cylinder except for 2321, where they are protected to the nearest head bank. This feature does not protect the file from being overwritten.

**Notes:**

1. No file protection is provided for the IBM 3540 Diskette Input/Output Unit.
2. The IOTAB parameter JIB=n allocates storage for DASDFP extents.
3. If a disk device type is specified by the third operand and this disagrees with the one as specified by the DISK parameter of the PIOCS macro, the value of this parameter will overrule the one specified by the third operand.

DOC= { NO }  
 { 125D }  
 { 3277 } Specify if supervisor support for a display operator console (DOC) is to be generated. DOC=125D and DOC=3277 generates the supervisor routines that allow SYSLOG assignment to a 125DOC or a 3277.

If DOC support is generated, support for 3210/3215 console printer keyboards is generated as well. If 125D is specified for a Model 138 or 148, console support is provided in 115/125 DOC emulation mode; for details, see DOS/VS Operating Procedures. The 3277 is supported as operator console on all System/370 models to which it is attachable. Support of the 125DOC and the 3277 as operator console communication device is mutually exclusive. The APL feature with 3277 is not supported.

The default taken depends on the CPU model specified by the MODEL parameter of the CONFIG macro. If MODEL=115 or 125, the default is 125D. If MODEL=138 or 148, the default is 3277. For any other MODEL specification, the default is NO.

ECPREAL= { NO }  
 { YES } Specification of this parameter allows use of the VIRTAD macro, the REALAD macro, and of the EXCP macro with the REAL parameter. For good performance of the SORT/VS program, this option (ECPREAL=YES) should be specified. ECPREAL=YES forces PFIY=YES. ECPREAL=YES is forced if POWER=YES or TP=VTAM is specified.

ERRQ= { 5 }  
 { 3 }  
 { n } This parameter is optional. It is intended primarily for tele-processing systems with a large number of communication lines or devices. It specifies the number of entries to be generated for the error queue. The default and minimum number is 5 if the system is generated to support multiprogramming. The default and minimum number is 3 if multiprogramming is not supported. The maximum value of n is 25.

EVA= { NO }  
 { (r, w) } Magnetic tape error volume analysis is supported (may be used with or without TEBV). When the number of temporary read errors that occurred exceeds the value of r, the operator is notified via a message on SYSLOG. The maximum value for r cannot exceed 254. EVA=(r, w) forces TAPE=7.

When the number of temporary write errors that occurred exceeds the value of w, the operator is notified via a message on SYSLOG. The maximum value for w cannot exceed 254.

After the operator message the system resets the temporary error count to zero and continues normal processing.

FASTTR= { NO }  
          { YES }

Specify if fast CCW translation is to be supported.

Past CCW translation attempts to save and reuse any channel programs that have been translated, and to keep the pages containing the I/O areas fixed, providing the paging rate is not seriously affected. Past translation is attempted for all channel programs except:

1. Those containing non-contiguous CCW strings.
2. Those associated with translation requests from BTAM (BTAM makes special use of CCW translation).

Note that the specification of FASTTR=YES affects the default and minimum values for the BUFSIZE=n parameter in the VSTAB macro.

GETVIS= { NO }  
          { YES }

Specify YES if storage management support using the GETVIS and FREEVIS macro instructions is desired. GETVIS=YES is forced if VSAM=YES, RPS=YES, or if TP=VTAM is specified in the SUPVR macro. GETVIS=YES forces RELDR=YES. For 3800 printer support, GETVIS storage management is required.

Specify YES if your system includes the IBM 3344 or 3350 and the Analysis Program-1 (AP-1) will be invoked.

IDRA= { NO }  
       { YES }

Specify IDRA=YES if the IDRA (Independent Directory Read-in Area) is desired. IDRA=YES allows the system to read the directory containing the location of the phase specified in a FETCH or LOAD into the IDRA instead of using the System Error Recovery Procedure transient area. Thus, with the IDRA feature, throughput may increase when an error recovery procedure is in progress. IDRA=YES is valid only if the NPARTS parameter in the SUPVR macro specifies more than one partition.

IT= { NO }  
     { YES }

Specify if the interval timer can be handled by problem programs. IT=YES generates timer support for all tasks in all partitions. It allows use of the STXIT IT and SETIME macros. IT=YES is forced if TP=VTAM is specified in the SUPVR macro.

Specify YES if you will invoke the IBM Analysis Program-1 (AP-1) and your system includes 3344s or 3350s.

Note: For reasons of compatibility with earlier DOS releases, specification of IT=BG, F1, or F2 is accepted by the assembler. Timer support for all tasks in all partitions is generated as if IT=YES had been specified.

JA= { NO }  
     { YES }  
     { (n<sup>1</sup>,n<sup>2</sup>,n<sup>3</sup>,n<sup>4</sup>,n<sup>5</sup>) }

Specify if DOS/VS Job Accounting Interface is to be supported. JA=YES indicates support of each partition.

JA=(n<sup>1</sup>,n<sup>2</sup>,n<sup>3</sup>,n<sup>4</sup>,n<sup>5</sup>) specified additional support of SIO count for I/O devices, and JA=YES is generated. The values substituted for n<sup>1</sup>,n<sup>2</sup>,n<sup>3</sup>,n<sup>4</sup>, and n<sup>5</sup> indicate the number of I/O devices per partition for which SIOs are to be counted. The maximum value for n for any partition is 255; n<sup>1</sup> always specifies the number for the background partition.

The partitions to which n<sup>2</sup> through n<sup>5</sup> refer depend on the number of partitions in the system, as is shown below:

	n <sup>2</sup>	n <sup>3</sup>	n <sup>4</sup>	n <sup>5</sup>
2 partitions	F1			
3 partitions	F2	F1		
4 partitions	F3	F2	F1	
5 partitions	F4	F3	F2	F1

If no SIO count is required for a given partition, no value should be supplied. However, the operand delimiter (comma) must be submitted if other values follow.

For example, if NPARTS=5 and JA=(10,,3) are specified, SIO count is supported for:

```
10 I/O devices for the background partition
 0 I/O devices for the F4 partition
 3 I/O devices for the F3 partition
 0 I/O devices for the F2 partition
 0 I/O devices for the F1 partition
```

If you plan to use the job accounting support of POWER/VS, specify either JA=YES or JA=n ,n ,...

JALIOCS= { NO }  
          { (s,1) }

Specify for support of user-written job accounting routines containing LIOCS, and LIOCS with label processing. If you specify JALIOCS=(s,1), JA=YES or (n<sup>1</sup>,n<sup>2</sup>,n<sup>3</sup>,n<sup>4</sup>,n<sup>5</sup>) must be specified as well.

s and l reserve a user save area and a label area equal to their specifications (that is, if s equals 25, then a 25-byte save area is reserved). s can be any decimal number in the range 0-1024. If s is omitted, or if JALIOCS=NO, a 16 byte user save area is still reserved in the supervisor if JA#NO is specified. l can be any decimal number between 0 and 224.

OC= { NO }  
      { YES }

Specify if operator-initiated communication is to be handled by problem programs. Allows use of the STXIT OC macro. If YES is specified, the facility is available to all partitions generated. YES is required if emulator program operator services are to be requested through the interrupt key. If RETAIN=YES, OLTEP=YES, or TP=VTAM is specified, OC=YES is forced.

OLTEP= { YES }  
          { NO }

Specify OLTEP=YES if the online testing function is desired. CLTEP=YES allows the online test executive program to execute. If OLTEP=YES, then RELDR=YES and OC=YES are forced. Specification of RETAIN=YES forces OLTEP=YES to be generated.

PC= { NO }  
      { YES }

Specify if user programs may use STXIT PC macro. QTAM, RPG II, FORTRAN IV, COBOL-D, and PL/I require PC=YES. If TP=VTAM is specified in the SUPVR macro instruction, PC=YES is forced.

PCIL= { NO }  
          { YES }

Specify if private core image libraries are to be supported. These have the same format as the system core image library on SYSRES. You may assign private core image libraries to any partition. If the linkage editor is to run in a foreground partition, a private core image library must be uniquely assigned to that partition. You may link-edit many IBM-supplied programs to run in a foreground partition and place them in a private core image library to be assigned to that partition. PCIL=NO forces PSLD=NO.

PD= { NO }  
      { YES }

The PD parameter must be specified if the problem determination programs (PDAIDS) are desired. PD=YES specifies that a minimum PDAREA or 1,400 bytes is reserved for this function. Any amount between 1,400 (SDAIDS do not need a generated area) and 10,240 bytes may be specified for n.

PPIX= { NO }  
          { YES }

Specify if the supervisor is to support the fixing and freeing of pages by means of the PPIX and PFREE macro instructions. PPIX=YES is forced if POWER=YES, PHO=YES, or TP=VTAM is specified

in the SUPVR macro or if ECPREAL=YES is specified. PPIX=YES is required if you plan to execute BTAM programs in virtual mode.

PRTY=  
(partition name  
sequence)

Specify, by means of a partition name sequence, the desired dispatching priority for each partition. The partition specified first has the lowest priority, the partition specified last has the highest priority. Specify all the partitions for which support is generated by means of the NPARTS parameter of the SUPVR macro or by default; do not specify PRTY if NPARTS=1.

The partition default priority is as follows:

<u>Number of partitions</u>	<u>Default priority (low to high)</u>
2	BG,F1
3	BG,F2,F1
4	BG,F3,F2,F1
5	BG,F4,F3,F2,F1

PSLD= {NO }  
          {n }

Specify the number of entries in the Private Second Level Directories. A directory is created for each partition, unless PCIL=NO. The minimum value for n is 5. PSLD=NO is assumed if the parameter is omitted or incorrectly specified. For good performance n should be equal to the largest number of actually used directory tracks of a private core image library. PCIL=NO forces PSLD=NO.

RELLDR= {YES }  
          {NO }

Specify if the supervisor is to include the relocating loader. This facility allows programs to be loaded into partitions, independent of their link-edited addresses. RELLDR=YES is forced by RPS=YES, VSAM=YES, GETVIS=YES, OLTEP=YES, RETAIN=YES, or TP=VTAM.

Note: If the supervisor is generated to include the relocating loader, the function can be suppressed at link-edit time by means of an 'ACTION NOREL' statement.

RETAIN= {NO }  
          {YES }

The RETAIN function is available on the Model 145 in the United States of America and Canada only. RETAIN is an OLTEP function that allows the OLTEP programs initiated from a remote location to be executed. RETAIN is a problem determination tool used by IBM. If this function is to be used, specify RETAIN=YES and include the IBM 2955 Retain Communications Device in the PUB table. External interruptions are required for RETAIN operation; therefore, if RETAIN=YES is specified, OC=YES, OLTEP=YES, and RELLDR=YES are forced.

RPS= {NO }  
      {YES }

Specify to include support for the Rotational Position Sensing capability of IBM 3330/3333, 3340, and 3350 Disk Storage devices. RPS support permits the device to disconnect during access repositioning operations, thereby freeing the channel to service requests for other devices on the channel during the latency period. If RPS=YES is specified, GETVIS=YES and RELLDR=YES in the FOPT macro and BLKMPX=YES in the PIOCS macro are forced.

Notes:

1. The RPS support is suppressed if the NPARTS parameter in the SUPVR macro specified support for one partition only (NPARTS=1).



2. Specification of RPS=YES eliminates the need to specify SKSEP=YES for devices that have the RPS feature and block multiplexing support. SKSEP=YES can be specified for DASD devices that do not have the RPS feature or for DASD devices connected to selector channels or IFAs, in order to free the channel during seek operations.
3. Specification of RPS=YES is required if your system includes DASDs of type 3330-11 or 3350 and you intend to use these devices for processing sequential or direct-access files with programs that were written for accessing these files on other IBM DASD types without recompiling or reassembling these programs.

SKSEP= { NO } Specify if SEEKS are to be separated from the remainder of channel  
 { YES } programs. Seek separation allows other devices on the channel to  
 { n } be accessed (including other seeks) during the seek. YES indicates support for all DASD type devices specified by the DVCGEN macro at system generation time. n is the number of DASD devices to be supported and cannot be less than the number of DASD devices specified at system generation. The maximum is 254.

Note: If all DASD devices in your configuration have DCC (Disconnect Chaining) capability and if they are attached to block multiplex channels, channel overlap during SEEKS is more efficiently handled by Block Multiplex Channel Support (specify BLKMPX=YES in the PIOC macro). In a mixed DASD configuration, that is a configuration consisting of DASDs with and without DCC capability, specify either SKSEP, or SKSEP and BLKMPX.

SLD= { 5 } Specify the number of entries in the Second Level Directory. The  
 { n } minimum value for n is 5. This is the default value if the parameter is omitted or incorrectly specified. For good performance n should be equal to the number of actually used directory tracks in the system core image library.

SYNCH= { NO } Specify SYNCH=YES if the use of an IBM-provided program requires  
 { YES } the synchronous exit facility (SVC screening).

SYSFIL= { NO } Specify if system input and system output files (SYSRDR, SYSIPT,  
 { YES } SYSLST, SYSPCH) in any partition may be assigned to a disk device  
 { (YES, n<sub>1</sub>, n<sub>2</sub>) } or an IBM 3540 Diskette I/O Unit, or, if support for the procedure library is desired. Specification of YES gives support for all disk devices and the IBM 3540 Diskette Input/Output Unit. In a configuration without tape, specification of SYSFIL=YES is required for system maintenance purposes. If the emulator program parameter SYSIO is specified with a value ranging from 200 through 233, a value must be specified for SYSFIL.

n<sub>1</sub> = residual capacity for beginning of operator notification when SYSLST assigned to disk. 100 ≤ n<sub>1</sub> ≤ 65535. If n<sub>1</sub> is omitted, 1000 is assumed.

n<sub>2</sub> = residual capacity for beginning of operator notification when SYSPCH assigned to disk. 100 ≤ n<sub>2</sub> ≤ 65535. If n<sub>2</sub> is omitted, 1000 is assumed.

Notes:

1. If neither n<sub>1</sub> nor n<sub>2</sub> is specified, the operand need not be placed between parentheses ().
2. Neither n<sub>1</sub> nor n<sub>2</sub> may be specified if the logical units are assigned to an IBM 3540 Diskette Input/Output Unit.

TEB= { NO } Specify if tape error statistics are to be accumulated and logged  
 { n } for the 2495 Tape Cartridge Reader, where n is the number of tape cartridge readers attached to the system. Choose a value of n that allows for possible future expansion of the system.

TEBV={IR} Specify how tape statistics are to be automatically accumulated in the PUB2 table and logged on the SYSREC file. For all standard labeled tapes, tape statistics are accumulated by volume. For unlabeled or nonstandard labeled tapes two types of error recording are available:

- Combined Recording (CR)
- Individual Recording (IR)

When TEBV=CR is specified, the error statistics for all nonstandard and unlabeled tapes on a specific tape unit are accumulated until a standard labeled tape is mounted and opened on that unit. Then one recording of the statistics for the nonstandard, unlabeled tapes is made and the counters are reset in the PUB2 table.

Specify TEBV=IR to record tape error statistics on the SYSREC file and reset the PUB2 table counters at each OPEN for nonstandard and unlabeled tapes.

TOD={NO} Specify if time-of-day clock support is desired. If YES is specified, GETIME macro support is provided. Every time a GETIME is issued, the date fields in the supervisor communication regions are updated, if necessary. TOD=NO forces ZONE=NO. If TP=VTAM is specified in the SUPVR macro instruction, TOD=YES is forced.

TRKHLD={NO} Specify if the track hold function is to be supported. Specification of TRKHLD generates support for the DASD Track Protection macros. When processing sequential disk work files or updates to direct-access files, specify if a hold is to be placed on the track of the record being read. The hold prevents anyone else that is using track hold from accessing that track. The maximum number of tracks that can be held at one time is 255. The default is 10 if n is an invalid parameter (nonnumeric or outside the range 1-255). The NPARTS parameter in the SUPVR macro must specify more than one partition if TRKHLD=n is specified.

Note: The track hold function is not supported for the IBM 3540 Diskette I/O Unit. The track hold function must be specified if VSAM files with the attribute SHAREOPTIONS(4) are processed. For details refer to DOS/VS Access Method Services User's Guide, GC33-5382.

TTIME={NO} Specify if the task timer support is to be generated in the supervisor. The partition-ID (BG, F1, F2, etc.) designates the partition that owns the task timer.

Support must be generated for the partition that owns the task timer by corresponding specification in the NPARTS parameter of the SUPVR macro. For example, with NPARTS=2 specified, valid partition-ID specifications are BG or F1; if NPARTS=3 is specified, partition-ID, BG, F1, or F2 is valid. If the partition designation does not correspond to the appropriate NPARTS specification, or if the value specified for NPARTS is invalid, an MNOTE is issued.

The task timer requires that the clock comparator (an optional hardware feature) and the CPU timer be installed on the System/370 Models 135 and 145.

USERID=id Specify if you want a supervisor id to be printed as part of the IPL COMPLETE message. id may be up to 16 bytes long. If you specify more than 16 bytes, the id will be truncated on the right. If you specify less than 16 bytes, the id will be padded with blanks on the right (do not place the id within quotes, embedded blanks are not allowed).

The specified id is placed in the 16 byte area that immediately precedes the background communication region. The field contains blanks if the parameter is not specified.

VSAM= { NO } Specify if support of VSAM (Virtual Storage Access Method) or of  
 { YES } the 3800 Printing Subsystem is desired. YES is forced for  
 GETVIS and RELDR if VSAM=YES is specified. If NRES is not, or  
 incorrectly, specified in the IOTAB macro, VSAM=YES forces NRES=10.  
 For 3800 support, VSAM=YES is required so that the CDLOAD routines  
 are included in the supervisor. If VSAM support is not wanted,  
 the VSAM phases can be deleted (see "Link-Edit and Delete  
 Procedures").

WAITM= { NO } Specify if the multiple wait function is to be supported. This  
 { YES } function allows you to use the WAITM macro to wait for one of a  
 number of events to occur. WAITM=YES is forced if AP=YES or if  
 TP=VTAM.

Specify YES if you will invoke the IBM Analysis Program-1 (AP-1)  
 and your system includes 3344s or 3350s.

XECB= { NO } Specify YES or n if support for Cross-Partition Event Control is  
 { YES } desired. If YES is specified, four XECBs (Cross-Partition Event  
 { n } Control Blocks) are generated per partition (as specified in  
 NPARTS).

For n, specify a numeric value; it indicates the number of XECBs  
 for which an entry is to be generated in a supervisor internal  
 table. The minimum number you should specify for n is 4. If you  
 specify less than four, the specification is ignored and XECB=4 is  
 assumed. The maximum number you should specify for n is 8\*NPARTS.  
 If you specify a number greater than 8\*NPARTS, the specification is  
 ignored and 8\*NPARTS is assumed. Cross-Partition Event Control is  
 not supported if NPARTS=1 is specified. XECB support must be  
 specified if SPOOL=YES (in the POWER/VS generation macro POWER) is  
 specified.

Specify YES or n if you plan to utilize the cross-partition  
 support of POWER/VS.

ZONE= { NO } For time-of-day clock support, specify the difference between  
 { (EAST, hh, mm) } GMT (Greenwich Mean Time) and local time in hours (hh) and  
 { (WEST, hh, mm) } minutes (mm). Specify EAST for areas to the east of the meridian  
 of Greenwich, United Kingdom, or for areas whose time is in advance  
 of GMT. Specify WEST for areas to the west of the meridian of  
 Greenwich, United Kingdom, or for areas whose time is behind GMT.  
 The value used in the ZONE parameter is used to obtain the local  
 time of day. If the parameter is not specified, or incorrectly  
 specified, or if TOD=NO is specified, ZONE=NO is forced. If the  
 first operand is incorrectly specified, EAST is assumed.

You can change the zone value (default is GMT) every time you  
 perform the IPL procedure, by specifying any zone value in the ZONE  
 parameter of the SET control statement.

**Notes:**

1. Information on the macro instructions STXIT, EXIT, SETIME, and TTIMER is contained in the DOS/VS Supervisor and I/O Macros.
2. The PTO (Physical Transient Overlap) feature and command chaining support for retry on I/O operations (CCHAIN), optional in earlier releases of DOS, have been made standard. If, however, you erroneously specify either PTO or CCHAIN (whether the operand is YES or NO), the assembler will accept your specification and react only by generating an MNOTE, which you need not resolve.

## PIOCS

The PIOCS (Physical Input/Output Control System) macro instruction and its parameters define the configuration requirements to be supported by physical IOCS. If the assumed options are all satisfactory, the only entry required is the PIOCS macro itself, without any parameters.

### PARAMETERS FOR PIOCS

BLKMPX= { NO } Specify if block multiplexing is to be supported. Block  
          { YES } multiplexing is useful in a configuration with 3330, 3340, and 3350  
Disk Storage devices and the following buffered card and print  
devices: 2540, 1403, 3211.

Note 1: In a DASD configuration that consists of 3330, 3340, and 3350 Disk Storage devices, there is no need to specify SKSEP=YES or n in the FOPT macro as block multiplexing provides channel overlap during SEEKS in a more efficient way. Moreover, the code generated by a specification of SKSEP=YES is then bypassed if BLKMPX=YES is specified.

Note 2: If your CPU is a Model 3115 or 3125, Block Multiplexing must not be specified in conjunction with the use of the 2311-1/3330, 2311-1/3340, and 2314/3340 Series Compatibility Features.

BMPX= { NO } Specify if burst mode devices are supported on a byte-multiplexer  
          { YES } channel. If overrunnable devices are attached to the  
byte-multiplexer channel, BMPX=YES should be specified. However,  
burst mode and MICR devices cannot run concurrently on the same  
byte-multiplexer channel. Specify BMPX=YES if:

- Attached devices operate in burst mode, or
- Overrun problems have been experienced.

Otherwise specify BMPX=NO.

CHANSW= { NO } Specify if channel switching for tape control units is to be  
          { RWTAU } supported. For a 2404 or 2804, enter CHANSW=RWTAU. For a 2816  
          { TSWTCH } (with a 2403 or 2803) or a 3803 enter CHANSW=TSWTCH. If  
CHANSW=RWTAU or TSWTCH is specified and TAPE=NO is specified,  
TAPE=7 is forced. Channel switching allows a device to be  
addressed via two adjacent selector or block-multiplexer channels.

DISK= { 2311 } Support for the IBM 2311, 2314/2319. Specification of DISK=33xx  
       { 2314 } gives support for all attachable DASD devices of the type  
       { 3330 } specified. If support for more than one type of DASD device is  
       { 3340 } required, each type must be specified. For example, to provide  
       { 3350 } support for 3330s and 3340s, specify DISK=(3330,3340). This  
       { (3330,3340) } provides no support for 3350s.  
       { (3330,3350) }  
       { (3340,3350) }  
       { (3330,3340,3350) }  
Note: DISK=3340 is the only valid specification for the Model 115.  
Specification of DISK=2311, 2314, or 3350 is not valid for Model 125.  
If Model=115 and DISK≠3340, DISK=3340 is forced. If MODEL=125 and  
DISK≠3330 or 3340, DISK=3330 is forced.

MRSLCH= { NO } Specify if MICR device is on the selector channel (can only be  
          { YES } specified for the 1419 single address device).

TAPE= { 7 } Specification of TAPE=7 generates support for both 7- and 9-track  
       { 9 } tape. TAPE=7 is forced by a specification of EVA=(r,w) and by  
       { NO } CHANSW=RWTAU or TSWTCH. If MODEL=125 or 115 and TAPE=7, or 9,  
CHAN=YES must also be specified. In a configuration without tape,  
specification of SYSFIL=YES is required for system maintenance  
purposes.

**Note 1:** Selector channel support is standard in DOS/VS. The parameter SELCH=, used in prior DOS releases, is ignored.

**Note 2:** A Display Operator Console (DOC) must not be attached to the same selector or block multiplexer channel as SYSRES.

## VSTAB

The VSTAB (Virtual Storage Table and Buffer Build) macro instruction and its parameters define the size of the real and virtual address areas and of the SVA (Shared Virtual Area), and specify the number of buffers required for channel program translation. Tables, for mapping the real and virtual address areas, and buffers are generated within the supervisor area. The maximum value you can specify for VSIZE is 16,384K (16,777,216 bytes) minus the size specified for the real address area (RSIZE). Specification of this macro is required. The VSTAB macro is discussed in greater detail in the DOS/VS System Management Guide.

## PARAMETERS FOR VSTAB

VSTAB RSIZE={  $\begin{matrix} 96K \\ nK \end{matrix}$  }, VSIZE={  $\begin{matrix} NPARTS*64K+SVA\_size \\ nK \end{matrix}$  } [ , BUFSIZE=n ], SVA={  $\begin{matrix} (64K, 0K) \\ (nK, mK) \end{matrix}$  }

RSIZE=nK

Specify the size of the real address area, where n must be  $\geq 64$  and a multiple of 2. If an odd number is specified, a value of 1 is added to it. If the operand is omitted, a value of 96K is assumed. The value specified is used to build the tables that map the real address area and to define the beginning of the virtual address area. (End of real address area = beginning of virtual address area.)

If you select a value for RSIZE that is larger than the amount of real storage in the CPU model used for system generation (with an eye to also using your system on a CPU with larger real storage), the address area between the end of real storage and the beginning of virtual storage will not be used.

If you select a value for RSIZE that is smaller than the actual amount of real storage in the CPU on which your system is to be used, any real storage beyond your RSIZE cannot be used, and a warning message is issued at IPL time (provided that you IPL from the console keyboard), informing you that a part of real storage is not used. If you IPL from the card reader, however, the message is suppressed.

VSIZE= {  $\begin{matrix} NPARTS*64K \\ +SVA\_size \\ nK \end{matrix}$  }

Specify the size of the virtual address area (which includes the SVA), where n must be at least 64 times the number of partitions specified by the NPARTS parameter and a multiple of 2, plus the size of the SVA. If an odd number is specified, a value of 1 is added to it. If VSAM is to be used, the partition in which it is to run should have 302K bytes plus sufficient space for buffers and control blocks (see book Module 17: VSAM); if the VSAM phases are to be loaded into the SVA, the latter must have 302K bytes.

If Access Method Services is to be used, it requires up to 450K bytes in the partition in which it is to run, depending on the functions that are to be performed (refer to the section 'Storage Requirements' in book Module 17: VSAM). If the operand is omitted, a value of 64 times the number of partitions specified by the NPARTS parameter is assumed. The value specified is used to build the tables that map the virtual address area, to determine the size of the disk extent for the page data set, and to define the end of the virtual address area.

BUFSIZE=n

Specify the number of copy blocks (buffers with a length of 72 bytes) to be used by the Channel Program Translation routine. Specification of this parameter is optional. For further details, refer to DOS/VS System Management Guide, Chapter 3 under 'Defining the Number of CCW Translation Buffers'.

The following table shows the minimum value that can be specified and the default value that is used if the operand is omitted.

FASTTR=	NPARTS=	BUFSIZE=	
		Default	Minimum
NO	n=1	10	10
NO	n>1	30	10
YES	n=1	30	30
YES	n>1	30 + ((n-1)*20)	30

The maximum value that may be specified for BUFSIZE is 450. For FPS add 20% more buffers. For teleprocessing terminals supported under BTAM specify three blocks for each locally-attached 2260 or 3270. For remote devices specify three blocks plus one additional block if the DECB extension facility is used, plus one additional block for each BTAM buffer specified for the device. If VSAM=YES is specified, add 40 blocks. VSAM uses these copy blocks only during actual I/O and immediately frees them after use.

If the terminals are attached to multidrop lines, copy block assignment should be by line, not by device. For large teleprocessing network it is sometimes possible to assign fewer buffers. One way to determine if enough buffers have been specified is to use the DUMP command, specifying the begin and end address of the buffer area in the supervisor. If all blocks have been used then probably too few buffers were specified.

SVA= { (64K,0K) }  
{ (nK,mK) }

nK specifies the size of the SVA; mK specifies the size of the system GETVIS area in the SVA. n must be at least 64 and a multiple of 2. m must be smaller than n and also a multiple of 2. If the operand is omitted or incorrectly specified, the default value is taken. If the SVA is to be used for VSAM phases, specify SVA=(302K,0K).

The system GETVIS area must be large enough to accommodate all RPS logic module phases that will be dynamically loaded, plus at least 2K more for the LDL used by RPS. A specification of SVA=(nK,40K) is adequate for a typical program. If all the RPS logic modules are to be pre-loaded, as for example when using Checkpoint/Restart, a specification of SVA=((n+88)K,6K) will be adequate.

Note 1: This parameter is only valid if the NPARTS parameter of the SUPVR macro specifies more than one partition (NPARTS>1). The size specified can be changed by the SVA parameter of the SET job control command.

Note 2: If TP=VTAM, the value calculated for the VTAM space requirement in the SVA must be included in the specification of the SVA.

## ALLOC

The ALLOC (Allocate) macro instruction defines the partitioning of the virtual address area in a multiprogramming system. Specification of this macro is optional because the operator can also allocate the virtual storage address area. It can only be specified with at least one parameter. Specify the size of the virtual foreground partitions only. The system computes the size of the virtual background partition by subtracting the total amount of virtual storage allocated to the virtual foreground partitions from the virtual address area as specified by the VSIZE parameter. When specifying the ALLOC macro, see to it that the size of the background area does not fall below 64K bytes. If VSAM with Access Method Services is to be used, the partition in which they are to run should have 480K bytes plus enough space for buffers and control blocks. If VSAM phases are loaded into the SVA, the SVA must have 302K bytes and the partition 302K bytes plus enough space for buffers and control blocks. If the macro is omitted, the entire virtual address area is allocated to the virtual background partition and the size of each virtual foreground partition defined is set to zero. The ALLOC macro must not be used if NPARTS=1 is specified.

### PARAMETERS FOR ALLOC

ALLOC Fn=mK[,Fn=mK]...

The operands may be specified in any order. **m** must be a multiple of 2. If an odd number is specified, it is replaced by the next higher even number. The minimum value substituted for **m** may not be less than 64. A zero specification is accepted, however. Any specification from 1 through 63 is reset to zero. **n** is the partition number and can range from 1 to NPARTS-1.

If the sum of the sizes specified for all foreground partitions plus the SVA plus 64K exceeds the size as specified by the VSIZE parameter, the ALLOC macro is ignored by the assembler, which issues an MNOTE to that effect.

#### Areas Used by the System

All partitions contain a partition save area for program name, interrupt status information, and registers, as well as a label save area for label processing if the LBLTYP job control statement is used. Both areas are at the beginning of the partition.

Save area length is 88 bytes, or 120 bytes\* if the floating-point feature (FP=YES) was specified in the CONFIG macro.

\* Please note that no floating-point register save area is created for a one-partition system (NPARTS=1).

Label area length is determined by the system according to the LBLTYP specification:

- TAPE (standard tape labels) = 80 bytes
- NSD (nn) (nonsequential disk) = 84 bytes plus 20 bytes per EXTENT statement
- Omitted = 0 bytes.

The size of each virtual partition must be large enough to contain both the program and the save areas.

## ALLOCR

The ALLOCR (Allocate Real Storage) macro instruction allocates available real storage to your partitions (as defined by the NPARTS= parameter of the SUPVR macro).

In a multiprogramming system, available real storage is the real storage size of your CPU as specified by the RSIZE parameter of the VSTAB macro, less the size of your supervisor. In a single partition system (NPARTS=1) specification of the ALLOCR macro is not accepted. All available real storage is always allocated to the background real partition.

The ALLOCR macro instruction is optional, since available real storage can also be allocated or reallocated by means of the ALLOCR command. ALLOCR must be specified with at least one parameter. Specify the size of each real partition you desire (including the background partition). If a partition is omitted, it is allocated a real partition size of zero. All available real storage not allocated to real partitions is allocated to the main page pool. In order to determine the minimum size required for the main page pool, refer to "Planning the System" in Chapter 3 of DOS/VIS System Management Guide. Programs executing in virtual mode and using the PFIX macro instruction require an allocated real partition whose size is not less than the maximum number of pages concurrently fixed by PFIX.

All of available real storage may be allocated to real partitions except for a minimum page pool requirement as indicated below:

- If PFIX=NO -- 18K minus the size of the smallest real partition of 0-18K.  
If SDL is active, the main page pool must be at least 4K.
- If PFIX=YES and AP=NO -- 18K.
- If PFIX=YES and AP=YES -- 20K.
- If phases from the SVA are to be executed and AP=NO -- 18K.
- If phases from the SVA are to be executed and AP=YES -- 20K.

In a single partition system (NPARTS=1), all available real storage is permanently allocated to the background real partition (BGR).

During IPL, the partition allocations of real storage are checked to assure that sufficient storage for the page pool has been reserved. If the allocation exceeds the maximum allowed, all real partitions are set to zero, and a message is issued. The operator can correct the problem with an ALLOCR command.

### PARAMETERS FOR ALLOCR

ALLOCR BGR=mK[,FnR=mK]...

The operands may be specified in random order. m must be a multiple of 2. If an odd number is specified, it is replaced by the next higher even number. For each real partition allocated, the corresponding virtual partition must be allocated too, because the job control program runs in virtual mode.

n is the partition number and can range from 1 to NPARTS-1.

#### Areas Used by the System

The size of each active real partition must be large enough to contain both the program to be executed and the partition and label save areas (see the description of the ALLOC macro).



## IOTAB

The IOTAB (Input/Output Tables) macro instruction and its parameters define the area for the necessary device tables for the system. If the assumed options are all satisfactory, the only entry required is the IOTAB macro itself without any parameters.

### PARAMETERS FOR IOTAB

BGPGR={ $\frac{10}{n}$ } Specify the number of symbolic programmer logical units (SYS000-SYSnnn) assigned to the background partition. The minimum number is 10. The maximum depends on the number of partitions. See the discussion of parameter PnPGR, below.

BSCSNS={ $\frac{1}{n}$ } If the TP parameter in the SUPVR macro indicates BTAM or QTAM teleprocessing support, or if POWER/VS is used for RJE applications, and the MODEL parameter of the CONFG macro specifies 115 or 125, (Models 115 and 125 only) this parameter specifies the number of BSC lines in the system. The value given must be in the range of 0-4 for the Model 115 and 0-6 for the Model 125. (This parameter is not required for VTAM.)

CHANQ={ $\frac{10}{8}{6}{n}$ } Specify the maximum number of entries to be generated for the channel queue. If the parameter is omitted, a default is taken as follows:

The value specified by the CBF parameter of the FOPT generation macro plus

6 if NPARTS=3 or less  
8 if NPARTS=4  
10 if NPARTS=5

The default value is also taken if the specified value is smaller than the default.

The number of entries specified should exceed the total number of I/O requests you wish to accumulate simultaneously. The requests for I/O commands for all channels are stored in this queue and are not released from the queue until the I/O operation has completed. The maximum value generated is 255. (See the DOS/VS System Management Guide, for a detailed discussion of this parameter.)

D2311=n Specify, for the I/O device types listed at the left and as applicable to the installation configuration, the number of drives (for disk and tape devices) or the number of units installed (for 3540s, 3800s, and 3886s).

D3330=n If the device is not specified, the system assumes that no devices of that type are attached. However, defaults other than zero are taken depending on the CPU Model specified and (for tape devices) whether PIOCS tape support is generated or not (see table below):

Default	PIOCS	CONFG Macro			
		MODEL=115	MODEL=125	MODEL=135, 138, 145, 148, 155-II, or 158	
D2314=2					X
D2400=4	X				X
D3330=2			X		
D3340=2		X			
D3410=2	X	X	X		

The number specified for each device may be more than the actual number attached, but if the total number of devices specified exceeds the number of devices specified in the IODEV parameter, the latter number is upgraded (total number of devices specified by the Dxxxx parameters plus 5 for unit record devices).

$F_nPGR = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5 \\ m \end{array} \right\}$  Specify the number of symbolic programmer units (of the class SYSnnn) for the foreground partition F1. The minimum value for m is 5, and the maximum is 241.

Specify the number of symbolic programmer logical units (of the class SYSnnn) for the remaining foreground partitions. Again, the minimum value for m is 5, while the maximum depends on the number of partitions specified.

The maximum number of programmer logical units is 241 for partition F1; for the remaining partitions, the sum of logical units you can specify is

241 if NPARTS=1  
241-14\*(n-1)-1 if NPARTS=2 or more.

In the formula, n equals the value specified in the NPARTS parameter.

If the number of foreground programmer logical unit exceeds the number of BG LUBs, SYSnnn in the extent statement will fail in the checking routine when running // OPTION STDLABEL. The user can make the BGPGR equal to the FnPGR or use // OPTION PARSTD in the foreground partition.

$IODEV = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 10 \\ n \end{array} \right\}$  Specify the number of I/O devices attached to the system. The maximum is 254. The minimum value is 4. Each unit requiring a DVCGEN or ADD entry must be included in n.

$JIB = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5 \\ n \end{array} \right\}$  Specify the number of JIBs (Job Information Blocks) for the system.

Requirements are:

1. One JIB for each logical unit temporarily reassigned by a // ASSGN statement.
2. One JIB for each alternate logical unit assignment.
3. One JIB for each open 2311, 2314, or 2319 extent with the DASD file-protect feature except for system input/output extents.
4. Two JIBs for each open 2321 or 33xx extent with the DASD file-protect feature.

The minimum value generated is 5. The maximum is 255.

$NRES = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 10 \\ n \end{array} \right\}$  Indicates the number of Resource Usage Records (RURs). This parameter is only valid if VSAM was specified in the FOPT macro. n must be a value between 2 and 255. If NRES is not specified and VSAM=YES, NRES=10 will be assumed. To compute the optimal upper limit for n, apply the formula

$n = (2 * UCAT + NVRLC + 1) * P + NVRLC + NUPGS + 1$

where

UCAT is the number of user catalogs that are open at the same time.

NVRIC is the number of volumes of a recoverable catalog that contain an open VSAM file.

P is the number of partitions.

NUPGS is the number of upgrade sets that are open at the same time.

All these values should reflect the situation that exists at a point in time when NRES assumes its maximum value.

The value for NRES thus calculated will cause sufficient space to be reserved for the variable resources to be used. However, depending on the application, the number of resources actually required most of the time may be much lower.

**Note:** If the value substituted for n is too small and the pool of named resources gets exhausted, the VSAM partition is canceled with message 0S16I displayed, unless there is a possibility of a resource being freed by another partition.

                          {4}  
                          SSLNS={n}  
(Models 115  
and 125 only)

If the TP parameter in the SUPVR macro indicates BTAM or QTAM teleprocessing support and the MODEL parameter of the CONFIG macro specifies 115 or 125. This parameter specifies the number of Start/Stop lines in the system. The value given must be in the range 0-8 for the Model 115 and 0-16 for the Model 125. (This parameter is not required for VTAM.)

## DVCGEN

The DVCGEN (Device Generation) macro instruction and its parameters define the physical input and output units attached to the system. This macro instruction is optional. The DVCGEN macro is further discussed in the DOS/VS System Management Guide.

### PARAMETERS FOR DVCGEN

CHUN=X'cuu', DVCTYP=xxxxxx, CHANSW={NO }, MODE=X'ss'  
  {YES}

CHUN=X'cuu' Specify the hexadecimal number of the channel and unit for the device. If channel switching is supported, c must indicate the lower channel.

DVCTYP=xxxxxx Specify the type of device. Figure 1-4 contains the codes for each IBM-supported device.

                  { NC }  
CHANSW={YES} Specify if the device is attached to more than one channel on one system, that is

- a. Two selector channels
- b. Two block multiplexer channels, or
- c. One selector channel and one block multiplexer channel.

**Note:** DOS/VS requires that the channels have consecutive addresses (for instance channels 1 and 2).

This parameter indicates whether the device can be switched (IBM 2816 (with a 2403 or 2803), 3803, 2804 or 2404 is available).

MODE= { X'ss'  
 X'ssss'  
 X'ssssss' }

1. 2400T9. MODE specifies the tape mode. X'C0' is the default value. For 800 bpi 9-track single density, specifying X'C8' saves time during tape OPEN.
2. 3410T9. MODE specifies the tape mode. X'C0' is the default value.
3. 3420T9. MODE specifies the tape mode. X'D0' is the default value for both single and dual density tape.
4. 2400T7 or 3420T7. MODE specifies the tape mode. X'90' is the default value.
5. 2702. MODE designates the SADxxx command.

X'00' SAD0 (default)  
 X'01' SAD1  
 X'02' SAD2  
 X'03' SAD3

See Figure 1-13 for other values of ss.

6. 2260 (Local) and 3270 (Local). MODE specifies the 1053, 3284, or 3286 printer when CHUN=X'cuu' refers to a 1053 attached to a 2848, a 3284 attached to a 3272, or a 3286 attached to a 3272, respectively. The operand must be entered as MCDE=X'01'. Note: 3270 (local) must be specified as DVCTYP=3277.
7. 1419/1255/1259/1270/1275. MODE designates the external interrupt bit associated with magnetic ink character readers or optical reader/sorters. The mode X'01' - X'20' corresponds to external interrupt PSWs bits 26 - 31, respectively. For dual address adapter 1419, this parameter is needed for both 1419P and 1419S.
  - X'01' Device attached to external line 7.
  - X'02' Device attached to external line 6.
  - X'04' Device attached to external line 5.
  - X'08' Device attached to external line 4.
  - X'10' Device attached to external line 3.
  - X'20' Device attached to external line 2.
8. 1018. MODE specifies whether the error-correction feature is present or not.
  - X'00' feature not present (default value).
  - X'01' feature is present.

9. 2703. For the IBM Models 115 and 125 with the Integrated Communications Adapter, MODE=x'ss', MODE=X'ssss', or MODE=X'ssssss' specifies the line mode setting for a Start/Stop or BSC line if the TP parameter in the SUPVR macro indicates BTAM or QTAM teleprocessing support, or if POWER/VS is used for RJE applications, and the MODEL parameter in the CONFIG macro specifies 115 or 125. If a one or two byte value is specified, the specified value is right-justified and padded with zeros on the left to fill the three bytes. Thus, to specify a single-byte value for a Start/Stop line that requires only one byte, you must supply a three-byte value, the leftmost byte of which contains the requested mode settings. The line mode setting and its default settings are discussed in System/370 Model 125 Functional Characteristics, GA33-1506 and in System/370 Model 115 Functional Characteristics, GA33-1510.

10. 3704/3705. MODE specifies the type of channel adapter. No default is assumed.

X'01' Type 1 or 4 channel adapter  
X'02' Type 2 or 3 channel adapter

If the MODE parameter is omitted or incorrectly specified, the assembler issues an MNOTE.

#### RULES FOR USING DVCGEN

1. A separate DVCGEN macro is required for each device. For a 2314, 2319, 3330, 3340, 3350, or 3540 each individual spindle needs a DVCGEN macro instruction. If one physical spindle contains two or more logical spindles, a DVCGEN macro must be issued for each of these logical spindles.

Specify 2311 if a 3330 is to be used with the 2311-1/3330 Series Compatibility Feature (8040); also specify 2311 if a 3340 is to be used with the 2311-1/3340 Series Compatibility Series (8060); specify 2314 if a 3340 is used with the 2314/3340 Series Compatibility Feature (8070); specify 3330 if a 3350 is used with the 3330/3350 Compatibility Feature; specify 3330B if a 3350 is used in 3330-11 compatibility mode.

A separate DVCGEN macro instruction must be made for each quadrant of the 3344 (in 3340 mode). A separate DVCGEN macro instruction must be made for each half of the 3350 (in 3330-1 compatibility mode).

2. The total number must not exceed the total number of devices specified in the IODEV parameter of the IOTAB macro.
3. DVCGEN macros must be specified in ascending channel address sequence.
4. Switchable units attached to more than one channel, that is
  - a. Two selector channels
  - b. Two block multiplexer channels, or
  - c. One selector channel and one block multiplexer channel,must be defined only once on the lowest channel by which they are addressable. They cannot be redefined as nonswitchable units on the higher channel.
5. The sequence of the DVCGEN macro instructions determines the position of the devices in the PUB table. SYSRES should be the first DVCGEN macro instruction if it is to have the highest software priority for that channel. Switchable units must be the last devices specified for each channel and must be on consecutive channels.
6. The specifications of these macros can be altered at IPL by ADD and DEL statements.
7. IBM 3210/3215 Console Printer-Keyboards that are not online but were defined by DVCGEN macro instructions must be deleted by DEL statements when performing IPL from the card reader.
8. For Models 115 and 125 with Integrated Communication Adapter, lines are reserved as follows:

X'02x' for Start/Stop  
X'03x' for BSC.

#### **ASSGN**

The (ASSGN) Assign macro instruction and its parameters assign symbolic device names (LUBs) to physical I/O devices (PUBs). A separate macro instruction is required for each symbolic device name with a standard system generation assignment. This macro is optional, however, since the assignments can also be made after IPL. If the assignment is made at system generation time, the system uses it as a default assignment.

## PARAMETERS FOR ASSGN

**SYSnnn,X'cuu'** [,BG][,H1]  
[,Fn][,H2] SYSnnn may be any of the following system logical units:

SYSRDR	SYSLST	SYSREC
SYSIPT	SYSLOG	SYSRLB
SYSPCH	SYSLNK	SYSSLB
SYSCAT		

or a programmer logical unit (e.g. SYS000, SYS001).

If SYSnnn specifies a programmer logical unit, the range for nnn can be from 000 through to one less than the number of programmer logical units as specified in the corresponding IOTAB parameter.

X'cuu' is the hexadecimal number of the channel and unit to which the symbolic device is attached. (If channel switching is supported, c must be the lower of two channel numbers.) A separate macro is required for each standard assignment desired.

BG, Fn specifies the partition to which the assignment is being made; n can range from 1 to NPARTS-1. The ASSGN macro is ignored if a specification is entered for a partition not defined by the NPARTS parameter of the SUPVR macro, or not defined by default if the NPARTS parameter was not specified. If the parameter is omitted, while the next parameter is specified, indicate the omission by separating the last and the next parameters by means of two commas.

H1 or H2 specifies the desired input hopper to be used for an IBM 2560 or 5425. If both hoppers are to be used, they must be separately assigned to the same partition by means of two ASSGN macros. If the operand is omitted H1 is assumed.

Note: H2 may only be assigned to SYSRDR, SYSIPT, or SYSPCH. If the device is spooled by POWER/VS, SYSPCH cannot be the same physical device as SYSRDR/SYSIPT. If, in a particular partition, spooling is required from a read/punch device, a unique physical device address must be specified for both the read and the punch function (user dummy for at least one of the functions). For example, from a device with the physical address X'00C', you cannot spool both the punch and the read function.

Making a standard foreground assignment at system generation time is equivalent to making a permanent assignment after IPL. When you unbatch a foreground partition, temporary assignments are released.

System I/O units (SYSRDR, SYSIPT, SYSLST, or SYSPCH) that are assigned to a tape, a 3540 Diskette, or DASD when the system is generated are unassigned by IPL. An unassigned device can cause a job to be canceled.

### Notes:

- During system generation, conflicting assignments (ASSGN macro specifications made in the supervisor assembly) across partitions are not checked.
- The device address for SYSLOG is specified explicitly by means of an attention interrupt during the IPL procedure. This causes DOS/VS to automatically assign the interrupting device to SYSLOG and to override the SYSLOG assignment generated in the supervisor.
- Compile, link-edit, and go in a foreground partition is allowed only if a private core image library is supported and available. Therefore, SYSLNK must be assigned to a foreground partition if PCIL=YES has been specified and NPARTS>1. Note that the assignment can also be made at execution time.
- At IPL time, non-operational DASD devices are indicated as being physically unavailable for system operations (Device Down), thus overriding the permanent assignment.

## DPD

The DPD (Define Page Data Set) macro instruction and its parameters define the page data set (SYSVIS) that is to hold the virtual address area. Specification of this macro is optional, since the data set can also be defined after IPL by means of the DPD command. It provides information about the channel and unit number of the paging device, disk starting address of the SYSVIS extent and the volume serial number.

If the macro is omitted or incorrectly specified, the page data set must be defined at IPL time by means of the DPD command (see the DOS/VS System Management Guide). This command can also be used to override the information supplied by the DPD macro, until the next IPL.

The IPL routines open the page data set, check its extent limits, create label information for inclusion in the VTOC, and assign the symbolic name of SYSVIS to the page data set.

Note: The ASSGN statement or command cannot be used to assign or reassign SYSVIS.

### PARAMETERS FOR DPD

DPD UNIT=X'cuu',CYL=nnn[,VOLID=xxxxxx]

UNIT=X'cuu' Specify (in hexadecimal notation) the channel and unit number of the device that is to contain the page data set. (If UNIT is specified, then CYL must also be specified.)

CYL=nnn Specify the number of the cylinder where the page data set is to begin. The upper limit of the extent is computed by the system on the basis of the information supplied in the VSIZE parameter of the VSTAB macro. The assembler issues an MNOTE indicating the required number of tracks. (If CYL is specified, UNIT must also be specified.)

VOLID=xxxxxx This parameter is optional. It specifies the volume serial number of the disk pack and is used for label checking. If the parameter is not specified in either the DPD macro or the DPD command, the volume serial number is not checked.

## SEND[n]

The SEND (Supervisor End) macro instruction indicates the address of the problem program area (PPBEG). PPBEG is always on a 2K boundary and coincides with the address at the end of the supervisor (EOSSP). Regardless of whether the SEND macro is specified with or without the n parameter, the generated supervisor is always fully storage-protected.

Choose a value for n only if you want to reserve extra space within the supervisor area for future expansion, or for other purposes described below. If a value for n is selected which is larger than the size of the generated code, extra space is reserved. The system will not claim the extra space, not even for additional CCW translation copy buffers. However, if n is not specified, any extra space is used for these buffers. If the space reserved is sufficient for a future expansion of the supervisor, you will thereby avoid having to relink-edit non-relocatable programs, link-edited for the real background partition. In the meantime, you may use the extra space to expand the Problem Program Determination Aids (PDAIDS) area.

If your supervisor includes the relocating loader, no relink-editing is required for programs that were link-edited relocatable for a real partition. Moreover, because the address of the virtual background area is independent of the supervisor end address, expansion of the supervisor never involves relink-editing of programs that are link-edited for a virtual partition.

Note: The DOS/VS assembler requires an END and a /\* statement following the SEND macro.

PARAMETERS FOR SEND

n Specify the desired address (PPBEG) of the real address area for use by programs other than the supervisor. Depending on the value selected for n, the assembler takes the following actions:

n specified?	n=multiple of 2048	n≥size of generated supervisor?	Assembler action taken
YES	YES	YES	Specification is accepted.
YES	NO	YES	Address specified is stepped up to next higher 2K boundary.
YES	YES	NO	Address specified replaced by generated supervisor end address (PPBEG).
YES	NO	NO	Address specified replaced by generated supervisor end address (PPBEG).
NO	-	-	Address of PPBEG established on 2K boundary.

Figure 1-2. Supervisor End Address Computation on the Basis of Different SEND Macro Specifications



The Supervisor Macro options specified below require (R) or force (F) other options as specified on the right.		TP ≠ NO	RMS=YES	CHAN=YES	DISK=3340	DISK=3330	CBF=NO	ECPREAL=YES	PHO=YES	NPARTS=3 if NPARTS omitted or NPARTS=1 was specified	WAITM=YES	n to 2 if TP=QTAMn is specified	TAPE=7 if TAPE=NO was specified	ZONE=NO	PFIIX=YES	AB=YES	GETVIS=YES	RELLDR=YES	OC=YES	OLTEP=YES	PSLD=NO	BLKMPX=YES	JA ≠ NO	NPARTS > 1	TOD=YES	PC=YES	IT=YES	NRES=IO (if NRES not specified)	AP=YES			
MODELS 115 AND 125	BSCSNS	R																														
	SSLNS	R																														
	ERRLOG=RDE		R	R																												
	TP=VTAM			F																												
	TAPE ≠ NO			R																												
	RMS=YES				F																											
	MODEL=115				F																											
	MODEL=125					F																										
DOC=125D						F																										
MODELS 138 AND 148																																
	DOC=3277						F																									
ALL CPU MODELS	TP=VTAM							F		F	F				F	F	F	F	F						F	F	F			R		
	POWER=YES							F	F	F					F																	
	TP=QTAM									F																						
	AP=YES									F	F																					
	AP=NO										F																					
	ECPREAL=YES															F																
	EVA=(r,w)											F																				
	CHANSW ≠ NO											F																				
	TOD=NO												F																			
	PHO=YES													F																		
	VSAM=YES																	F	F												F	
	GETVIS=YES																	F														
	OLTEP=YES																	F	F													
	RETAIN=YES																	F	F	F												
	PCIL=NO																					F										
	RPS=YES																F	F					F								R	
	JALIOCS=(s,l)																															R
	IDRA=YES																															R
	TRKHLD=n																															R
	ALLOCR																															R

Figure 1-3. SUPERVISOR -- Macro Instructions Related Parameters

Code	Actual IBM Device	Device Type X'nn'	Device Type
7770	7770 Audio Response Unit	D3	Audio Response Units
2501 2540R 3505 3504	† 2501 Card Reader 2540 Card Reader 3505 Card Reader 3504 Card Reader	10 11 12 12	Card Readers
2540P 2520B2 1442N2 2520B3 3525P	2540 Card Punch 2520B2 Card Punch 1442N2 Card Punch 2520B3 Card Punch 3525 Card Punch	21 20 22 20 23	Card Punches
1442N1 2520B1 2560 2596 3525RP 5425	† 1442N1 Card Read Punch † 2520B1 Card Read Punch † 2560 Multifunction Card Machine † 2596 Card Read Punch 3525 Card Punch (with optional read feature) 5425 Multifunction Card Unit	30 31 33 30 32 34	Card Read Punches
2311 2314 2314 2321 3330* 3330B* 3340* 3340R* 3340R* 3340R 3340* 3340* 3350*	† 2311 Disk Storage Device † 2314 Direct Access Storage Facility † 2319 Disk Storage Facility † 2321 Data Cell Drive † 3330 Disk Storage Model 1 and 2, or 3333-1 † 3330 Disk Storage Model 11 † 3340 Disk Storage (General) † 3340 Disk Storage with RPS feature (with or without 3340 Data Module, Model 35) † 3340 Disk Storage with RPS feature (with or without 3340 Data Module, Model 70) † 3344 Direct Access Storage † 3340 Disk Storage without RPS feature (with or without 3340 Data Module, Model 35) † 3340 Disk Storage without RPS feature (with or without 3340 Data Module, Model 70) † 3350 Direct Access Storage	60 62 62 61 63 65 6A 69 6A 69 6A 67	DASD
3540	† 3540 Diskette Input/Output Unit	80	Diskette Storage Device
2955	2955 Data Adapter Unit	D7	Data Link for RETAIN
125D 125DP 3277	Model 115 or Model 125 Integrated Display Operator Console Model 138/148 console in 115/125 console display emulation mode Model 115 or Model 125 Integrated Display Operator Console with 5213 Console printer attached 3286-2 in display mode <b>Note:</b> Codes are valid for native Alpha-Numeric Replacement (ANR) mode and for 1052 emulation mode. The 1052 mode is not supported with Indirect Data Addressing (IDA). 3277 Operator Console	B2 B2 B0	Display Operator Console
2260 3277 (Local 3270) 3277B (Local 3270)	2260 Display Station 3277 Display Station; MODE operand need not be entered 3277 Display Station; attached in Burst Mode to a multiplexer channel. MODE operand need not be entered <b>Note:</b> A 3277, in order to be used as a display operator console, must not be assigned to the same selector or multiplexer channel as SYSRES.	C0 B0 B0	Display Stations
2400T9 2400T7	† 9-track Magnetic Tape Units 2400 - series † 7-track Magnetic Tape Units 2400 - series	50 50	Magnetic Tape Devices
Specify 2311 if a 3330-1 is used with the 2311-1/3330 Series Compatibility Feature (8040). Specify 2311 if a 3340 is used with the 2311-1/3340 Series Compatibility Feature (8060). Specify 2314 if a 3340 is used with the 2314/3340 Series Compatibility Feature (8070). Specify 3330 if a 3350 is used in 3330 compatibility mode. Specify 3330B if a 3350 is used in 3330-11 compatibility mode. † indicates burst-mode devices or overrunable devices that require specification of BMPX=YES in the PIO macro.			

Figure 1-4. SUPERVISOR -- Device Code for the DVCGEN Macro Instruction (Part 1 of 2)

Code	Actual IBM Device	Device Type X'nn'	Device Type
3410T9 3410T7 3420T9 3420T7	† 9-track 3410 Magnetic Tape Units † 7-track 3410 Magnetic Tape Units † 9-track 3420 Magnetic Tape Units † 7-track 3420 Magnetic Tape Units	53 53 52 52	Magnetic Tape Devices
1419 1419 1419 1419P 1419S	† 1255 Magnetic Character Reader † 1259 Magnetic Character Reader † 1419 Magnetic Character Reader † 1419 Dual Address Adapter Primary Control Unit † 1419 Dual Address Adapter Secondary Control Unit	72 72 72 73 74	MICR - Magnetic Ink Character Recognition Devices
3895	3895 Document Reader/Inscriber	7D	Reader/Inscriber
1419 1419P 1419S 1287 1288 3881 3886	† 1270 Optical Reader Sorter † 1275 Optical Reader Sorter Primary Control Unit † 1275 Optical Reader Sorter Secondary Control Unit † 1287 Optical Reader † 1288 Optical Page Reader 3881 Optical Mark Reader 3886 Optical Character Reader	72 73 74 77 77 11 7C	Optical Readers
1018	1018 Paper Tape Punch with 2826 Control Unit Model 1	79	Paper Tape Punches
1017 2671	1017 Paper Tape Reader with 2826 Control Unit Model 1 2671 Paper Tape Reader	78 70	Paper Tape Readers
PRT1 1403 1403U 1443 2245 2260 (Local) 3203 3211 3277 (Local 3270) 3277B (Local 3270) † 3800 3800B 3800C 3800BC 5203 5203U	3211 or 3203-4 Printer 1403 Printer 1403 Printer with UCS feature 1443 Printer 2245 Kanji Printer 1053 Printer with 2848 Control Unit, MODE operand must be entered as X'01' 3203 Printer Model 1 and 2 3211 or 3203-4 Printer 3284 or 3286 Printer with 3272 Control Unit, MODE operand must be entered as X'01' 3284 or 3286 Printer with 3272 Control Unit, attached in Burst Mode to a multiplexer channel. MODE operand must be entered as X'01' 3800 Printing Subsystem 3800 Printing Subsystem with optional Burster-Trimmer-Stacker 3800 Printing Subsystem with additional character generation storage 3800 Printing Subsystem with Burster-Trimmer-Stacker and additional character generation storage 5203 Printer 5203 Printer with UCS feature	43 40 42 41 44 C0 4A 43 80 80 45 45 45 45 4C 4D	Printers
1050A*	3210, 3215 Console Printer Keyboards 3286-2 in printer keyboard mode	00	Printer Keyboard
2495TC	2495 Tape Cartridge Reader	51	Tape Cartridge Reader
2701 2701 2701 { A B C D 2703 3705 3791L	2701/2715 Data Adapter Unit Model 135 Integrated Communication Adapter (ICA) 2702 Transmission Control Unit Model 115 or 125 Integrated Communication Adapter 3704/3705 Communications Controller 3791 Local Communications Controller	D0 D0 D1 D2 DC DE	Teleprocessing lines A=SAD0 command when enabling the line B=SAD1 command when enabling the line C=SAD2 command when enabling the line D=SAD3 command when enabling the line
2703 2703	3704/3705 Communications Controller in Emulation Mode 2703 Transmission Control Unit	D2 D2	
UNSP UNSPB	Unsupported Device † Unsupported Device	FF FF	Unsupported no-burst mode on multiplexer channel Unsupported with burst mode on multiplexer channel

\*Note: Specify code of 125D or 125DP for a Model 115 or Model 125 Integrated Display Operator Console in 1052 emulation mode.

Figure 1-4. SUPERVISOR -- Device Code for the DVCGEN Macro Instruction (Part 2 of 2)

## Supervisor Real Storage Requirements

This section contains the data for estimating the size of the supervisor required for a generated system, that is, the amount of real storage needed at object time for the supervisor macro instructions.

The supervisor varies in size from system to system depending on the user-selected options and the machine configuration. All supervisor generation options are described earlier in this module under "The Supervisor Generation Macros".

The size of the supervisor is a determining factor for the amount of real storage available for problem program use. All real storage not allocated to the supervisor is available for use by programs running in virtual mode (the main page pool) and in real mode via specification of real partitions. For more details on the allocation of real partitions refer to the description of the ALLOCR macro instruction.

Figure 1-5 gives the real storage requirements for your supervisor, the size of which is determined by the options you specify (including default specifications) in the supervisor generation macro instructions. The basic supervisor (see sizes on the first line of data of Figure 1-5) is dependent on the number of partitions you require (SUPVR macro NPARTS=); however, it is independent of any other supervisor generation options.

To this basic size you must add the storage requirements for each selected option (see column "Generation Operand" in Figure 1-5). You must be careful to include the values for any options you have selected by default.

You must also include the storage requirements for any option you did not specify but which is forced by another option you did specify (see Figure 1-3 showing which options are forced or required). Thus, for example, the SUPVR macro operand for Page Exception Handling Overlap (PHO=YES) forces the FOPT macro operand PFIX=YES for page fixing. Therefore, if you specify PHO=YES, you must include the storage requirements of both PHO=YES and PFIX=YES.

The comments column of Figure 1-5 indicates when one option forces another option or is forced by another option. Certain options share common code and thus the mixture rather than the individual values must be considered in obtaining the total storage requirement. Thus, for example, the FOPT macro options IT=YES, PC=YES, and OC=YES share common code. Figure 1-5 provides for this by stating storage requirements for each option separately and in all combinations. If you have selected more than one of these options, select the combined requirement from the row which includes your combination.

The SEND macro instruction allows you to reserve additional storage for your supervisor. Refer to the description of the SEND macro instruction for further details.

Because of storage protection, the supervisor must always end on a 2K storage boundary. Supervisor generation always causes the total generated supervisor size to be rounded up to the nearest 2K boundary. Thus, a calculated supervisor end address of, say, 31,120 bytes, is rounded to 32K (32,768 bytes).

Some supervisor macro instructions do not affect your storage requirements because they merely supply information to be placed in storage occupied by other macro instructions. These macro instructions are not included in Figure 1-5. They are:

```
STDJC (all operands except SPARM=YES)
ALLOC
ALLOCR
DVCGEN
ASSGN
DPD
```

In summary, to calculate the size of your supervisor, add the values as indicated in Figure 1-5 for:

- Your base (determined by NPARTS=)
- The storage requirements for all options you specifically selected
- The storage requirements for those options you did not specify but that default to YES
- Storage requirements for all options you selected indirectly, that is options that were forced by other, specified, options
- Any additional storage you reserved via the SEND macro instruction.
- For any combination of options not explicitly shown in Figure 1-5, you should add up the individual values.

Supervisor Element	Generation Operand	NPARTS=1	Multiprogramming				Comments
			NPARTS=2	NPARTS=3	NPARTS=4	NPARTS=5	
SUPVR (Required Routines -- Basic Size) SVC Interruption Handling System Loader (FETCH and LOAD) Minimum I/O Units Control Tables (LUBs, PUBs, and JIBs) General Entry and Exit Routines System Communication Region Partition Communication Regions Transient Areas End of Job Step Byte Multiplexer and Selector Channel Support Storage Protection CCW Translation Page Management 2311/2314 Disk Error Recovery		23960	29944	30488	31064	31672	Based on MODEL=115 or MODEL=125
<u>Optional Routines</u>							
Multitasking	AP=YES	NA	4680	4442	4216	4000	1. Forces WAITM=YES 2. Forces NPARTS=3 if NPARTS omitted or specified as 1
ASCII/EBCDIC Translation Tables	ASCII=YES	512	512	512	512	512	
RMSR support for Channel-attached devices, tape units, or TP devices used with a Model 115 or 125	CHAN=YES	960	1024	1024	1024	1024	If RMS=YES or MCH=YES is also specified, add the value given for RMS instead.
Reliability Data Extractor Error Recording (IPL, EOD)	ERRLOG=RDE	0	0	0	0	0	For Model 115 or 125, CHAN=YES or RMS=YES is required
14xx Emulators	EU=YES	216	216	216	216	216	
Supervisor Select	ID=c	0	0	0	0	0	
Model 115/125 MCAR/CCH support	MCH=YES	3968	3968	3968	3968	3968	If RMS=YES or CHAN=YES is also specified, add the value given for RMS instead.
Magnetic Ink Character Reader Page Exception handling	MICR = 1419 ( for 1255/ 1259 / 1270 / 1275s see Note 1 )	1208	1208	1208	1208	1208	
	MICR = 1419D ( Dual Address Adapter 1419 / 1275 s )	1080	1080	1080	1080	1080	
Page Handling	PAGE IN=n (n must be ≥1)	1408 + 8n	1592 + 8n	1592 + 8n	1592 + 8n	1592 + 8n	
Page Exception Handling Overlap	PHO=YES	592	640	666	680	696	Forces PFX=YES; Forced by POWER=YES
POWER/VS	POWER=YES	NA	546	546	546	546	Forces NPARTS=3, if NPARTS omitted or specified as 1; also forces PHO=YES, PFX=YES, and ECPREAL=YES
RMS support ( RMSR plus MCA/CCH ) for Model 115 and 125	RMS=YES or CHAN=YES and MCH=YES	4864	4928	4928	4928	4928	Do not include any values for CHAN=YES and for MCH=YES
Teleprocessing (see Note 2)	TP=BTAM TP=QTAM TP=QTAMn TP=VTAM TP=(BTAM,VTAM) TP=(QTAM,VTAM) TP=(QTAMn,VTAM)	544 NA NA NA NA NA NA	872 1400 1352 3020 3020 3580 3532	872 1400 1352 3012 3012 3572 3524	872 1400 1352 3004 3004 3564 3516	872 1400 1352 2996 2996 3556 3508	TP=QTAM or VTAM forces NPARTS=3 if NPARTS is omitted or specified as 1 TP=VTAM forces AB=YES, ECPREAL=YES, GETVIS=YES, IT=YES, OC=YES, PC=YES, PFX=YES, RELDR=YES, RMS=YES in the case of Models 115 and 125, and TOD=YES. AP=YES is required.

Figure 1-5. Supervisor Real Storage Requirements -- Bytes (Part 1 of 6)

Supervisor Element	Generation Operand	Multiprogramming						
		NPARTS=1	NPARTS=2	NPARTS=3	NPARTS=4	NPARTS=5		
<b>CONFG</b> (Configuration Options)								
Floating Point Feature	FP=YES	0	72	72	72	72	Forces RMS support (see RMS=YES in SUPVR macro)	
Model 115	MODEL=115	} Log out area = 0						
Model 125	MODEL=125							
Model 135	MODEL=135	} Log out area = 120						
Model 138	MODEL=138							
Model 145	MODEL=145	} Log out area = 672						
Model 148	MODEL=148							
Model 155-II	MODEL=155-II	} Log out area = 992						
Model 158	MODEL=158							
<b>STDJC</b> (Standard Job Control Settings)							other STDJC options require no storage	
Support of &SYSPARM Assembler System Variable Symbol	SPARM=YES	8	16	24	32	40		
<b>FOPT</b> (Functional Supervisor Options)							Forced by VSAM=YES  Does not apply to Models 115 and 125, 138, 148	
Abnormal Termination	AB=YES without AP=YES with AP=YES	288 NA	296 384	304 384	312 384	320 384		
Console Buffering	CBF=n (see Note 5)		240 + 104n					
DASD File Protection	DASDFP=(n1,n2) for 2311/2314		336 + 24(n2-n1)					
	DASDFP=(n1,n2) for 2311/2314, 33xx		400 + 24(n2-n1)					
	DASDFP=(n1,n2,2321) for 2311/2314, 33xx, 2321		464 + 24(n2-n1)					
Display Operator Console	DOC=125D DOC=3277	3392 4864	3392 4864	3392 4864	3392 4864	3392 4864		
Error Queuing	ERRQ=n	44(n-3)	44(n-5)	44(n-5)	44(n-5)	44(n-5)		0 if default used
Error Volume Analysis	EVA=(r,w)	0	0	0	0	0		Forces TAPE=7
Fast CCW translation	FASTTR=YES FASTTR=YES when AP=YES	2120 NA	1992 2296	2024 2296	2048 2296	2080 2296		Does not include buffer space (see BUFSIZE)
Virtual Storage Management Support	GETVIS=YES	1126	1318	1318	1318	1318		Forced by VSAM=YES, and RPS=YES Forces RELDR=YES
Independent Directory Read/In Area	IDRA=YES	NA	200	200	200	200		Valid only if NPARTS>1 (Add 768 byte if RELDR=YES)
Interval Timer	IT=YES	432	880	888	912	920		If OC=YES, refer to OC, if PC=YES, refer to PC
Job Accounting Interface	JA=YES JA=(n1,n2,n3,n4,n5)	488 576 + 8(n1)	672 760 + 8(n1+n2)	808 896 + 8(n1+n2+n3)	944 1032 + 8(n1+n2+n3+n4)	1080 1168 + 8(n1+n2+n3+n4+n5)		
	JALIOCS=(s,l) (see Note 3)		Value from JA plus (s + l) - 16					

Figure 1-5. Supervisor Real Storage Requirements -- Bytes (Part 2 of 6)

Supervisor Element	Generation Operand	NPARTS=1	Multiprogramming				Comments
			NPARTS=2	NPARTS=3	NPARTS=4	NPARTS=5	
FOPT (continued)							
User Channel Program Translation	ECPREAL=YES	320	320	320	320	320	Forces PFIx=YES; Forced by POWER=YES
Problem Program Handling of External Interruptions	OC=YES	280	288	296	304	312	Forced by RETAIN=YES and OLTEP=YES
	Including IT=YES	572	968	984	1016	1032	
	Including IT=YES when AP=YES	NA	1232	1240	1248	1256	Does not include any AP storage requirements
	Including IT=YES and PC=YES	560	1016	1040	1064	1088	
	Including IT=YES and PC=YES when AP=YES	NA	1408	1416	1424	1432	Does not include any AP storage requirements
Online Testing	OLTEP=YES (default)	248	256	256	256	256	Forces RELDR=YES and OC=YES Forced by RETAIN=YES
Support of User Program Check Routines	PC=YES	248	264	272	280	288	
	when AP=YES	NA	384	384	384	384	Does not include any AP storage requirements
	Including IT=YES	480	944	952	992	1008	
	Including OC=YES	328	352	368	384	400	
	Including IT=YES when AP=YES	NA	1312	1312	1312	1312	Does not include any AP storage requirements
	Including IT=YES and OC=YES when AP=YES	NA	1408	1416	1424	1432	Does not include any AP storage requirements
Private Core Image Library Support	PCIL=YES	192	224	240	264	280	
Problem Determination Program (PDAIDS)	PD=n	n + 160	n + 200	n + 200	n + 200	n + 200	
	PD=YES	1560	1600	1600	1600	1600	
Page fixing	PFIx=YES	1776	1928	1928	1928	1928	Forced by PHO=YES, ECPREAL=YES and POWER=YES
	PFIx=YES and FASTTR=YES	1984	2136	2136	2136	2136	
Partition Dispatching Priority	PRTY=partition name and sequence	NA	0	0	0	0	
Private Second Level Directories	PSLD=n	8n	16n	24n	32n	40n	
Relocating Loader	RELLDR=YES	448	448	448	448	448	Forced by GETVIS=YES, OLTEP=YES, VSAM=YES, and RPS=YES Forces OC=YES and OLTEP=YES
RETAIN-Remote Initiation of OLTEP programs	RETAIN=YES	112	112	112	112	112	
Rotational Position Sensing	RPS=YES	NA	600	600	600	600	Forces GETVIS=YES, RELDR=YES, and BLKMPX=YES
Seek Separation	SKSEP=YES, or n (see Note 4)	150 + 5n	150 + 5n	150 + 5n	150 + 5n	150 + 5n	
Second Level Directory	SLD=n	8n	8n	8n	8n	8n	
Disk System Input and Output Files	SYSFIL=YES or YES(n1,n2) and DASDFP=NO	704	720	876	962	1048	
	and DASDFP=(k1,k2,2321)		1088 + 24(k2-k1) + 86(NPARTS-1)				
	and DASDFP=(k1,k2) and DISK=(2311,2314)		960 + 24(k2-k1) + 86(NPARTS-1)				
	and DASDFP=(k1,k2) and DISK=(2311,2314,33xx)		1040 + 24(k2-k1) + 86(NPARTS-1)				

Figure 1-5. Supervisor Real Storage Requirements -- Bytes (Part 3 of 6)

Supervisor Element	Generation Operand	Multiprogramming					Comments
		NPARTS=1	NPARTS=2	NPARTS=3	NPARTS=4	NPARTS=5	
FOPT (Cont.)							
Tape Error Statistics--- 2495 Tape Cartridge Reader	TEB=n	36+6n	36+6n	36+6n	36+6n	36+6n	
Tape Error Statistics by Volume	TEBV=IR, or CR	0	0	0	0	0	
Time-of-Day Clock Support	TOD=YES	640	640	640	640	640	
Track Hold	TRKHLD=n (see Note 6)	NA	464+ 12n	464+ 12n	464+ 12n	464+ 12n	Valid only if NPARTS>1
Supervisor identification	USERID=id	0	0	0	0	0	Included in basic size whether id is specified or not.
VSAM	VSAM=YES (incl.NRES=10)	1752	984	984	984	984	Forces AB=YES, GETVIS=YES, NRES=10, and RELDDR=YES
Multiple Wait	WAITM=YES	56	56	56	56	56	Forced by AP=YES
Cross-partition Communication	XECB=YES XECB=n	NA NA	884 756+16n	948 756+16n	1012 756+16n	1076 756+16n	
Time Zone for Time of Day Clock Support	ZONE=NO (EAST,hh,mm) (WEST,hh,mm)	0	0	0	0	0	
Task Timer	TTIME=YES and AP=NO	390	390	390	390	390	
	TTIME=YES and AP=YES	400	400	400	400	400	
Synchronous Exit	SYNCH=YES	252	252	252	252	252	
PIOCS (Physical IOCS Support)	BLKMPX=YES	32	32	32	32	32	Forced by RPS=YES
Burst Mode on Byte Multiplexer Channel	BMPX=YES	80	80	80	80	80	
Channel Switching Tape Control	CHANSW=RWTAU or TSWTCH	224	224	224	224	224	Forces TAPE=7
	DISK=2311,or2314	0	0	0	0	0	Not valid if MODEL=115 or 125
	DISK=3330	768	768	768	768	768	Forced for Model 125
	DISK=3340	1344	1344	1344	1344	1344	Forced for Model 115
	DISK=3350	832	832	832	832	832	Not valid if MODEL=115 or 125
	DISK=(3330, 3340)	1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	
	DISK=(3330, 3350)	896	896	896	896	896	
	DISK=(3340, 3350)	1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	
	DISK=(3330, 3340, 3350)	1664	1664	1664	1664	1664	
MICR Device on Selector Channel (1419 Single Address,Device only)	MRSLCH=YES	32	32	32	32	32	
Tape Support	TAPE=7, or 9 (default)	584	584	584	584	584	TAPE=7 is forced by EVA=(r,w) and by CHANSW=RWTAU or TSWTCH. For Model 115 or 125 CHAN=YES is required.
VSTAB (Size of Real and Virtual Address Areas and CCW Translation space)	RSIZE=n <sub>1</sub> K VSIZE=n <sub>2</sub> K (See Note 8) BUFSIZE=n (Required) SVA=(nk,mk)	72(n-10) 0	72(n-30) 0	72(n-30) 0	72(n-30) 0	72(n-30) 0	Obtain value from table -- Part 5 of this Figure, When PHO=YES or PFIX=YES, add $\frac{n_1}{2}$ , and subtract the number of bytes included in basic supervisor.  This is for: NPARTS=1 652 2 788 3 856 4 924 5 992  0 if default used (for FASTTR=NO). If FASTTR=YES, substitute for 'n' the specified or default value.

Figure 1-5. Supervisor Real Storage Requirements -- Bytes (Part 4 of 6)



VSIZE (K bytes)	RSIZE (K bytes)												
	64	96	128	144	160	192	208	240	256	384	512	768	1024
64	456	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
96	524	652	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
128	524	720	848	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
192	592	788	916	1048	1112	1240	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
256	660	856	984	1116	1180	1308	1440	1568	1632	—	—	—	—
320	728	924	1052	1184	1248	1376	1508	1636	1700	—	—	—	—
384	796	992	1120	1252	1316	1444	1576	1704	1768	2416	—	—	—
448	864	1060	1188	1320	1384	1512	1644	1772	1836	2484	—	—	—
512	932	1128	1256	1388	1452	1580	1712	1840	1904	2552	3348	—	—
640	1068	1264	1392	1524	1576	1716	1848	1976	2040	2688	3548	—	—
704	1136	1332	1460	1592	1656	1784	1916	2044	2108	2820	3616	—	—
768	1204	1400	1528	1660	1724	1852	1984	2112	2176	2888	3684	4980	—
832	1272	1468	1596	1728	1792	1920	2116	2244	2308	2956	3752	5048	—
896	1340	1536	1664	1860	1924	2052	2184	2312	2376	3024	3820	5116	—
960	1408	1668	1796	1928	1992	2120	2252	2380	2444	3092	3888	5184	—
1024	1540	1736	1864	1996	2060	2188	2320	2448	2512	3160	3956	5252	6548
1280	1812	2008	2136	2268	2332	2460	2592	2720	2784	3432	4228	5524	6884
1536	2084	2280	2408	2540	2604	2732	2864	2992	3056	3704	4500	5860	7156
1792	2356	2552	2680	2812	2876	3004	3136	3264	3328	4040	4836	6132	7428
2048	2692	2888	3016	3148	3212	3340	3472	3600	3664	4312	5108	6404	7700
2304	2964	3160	3288	3420	3484	3612	3744	3872	3936	4584	5380	6676	8036
2560	3236	3432	3560	3692	3756	3884	4016	4144	4208	4856	5652	7012	8308
2816	3508	3704	3832	3964	4028	4156	4288	4416	4480	5192	5988	7284	8580
3072	3844	4040	4168	4300	4364	4492	4624	4752	4816	5464	6260	7556	8852
4096	4996	5192	5320	5452	5516	5644	5776	5904	5968	6616	7412	8708	10004
5120	6148	6344	6472	6604	6668	6796	6928	7056	7120	7768	8564	9860	11156
6144	7300	7496	7624	7756	7820	7948	8080	8208	8272	8920	9716	11012	12308
7178	8520	8648	8844	8908	8972	9168	9232	9360	9492	10140	10936	12232	13592
8192	9604	9800	9928	10060	10124	10252	10384	10512	10576	11224	12020	13316	14612
9216	10756	10952	11080	11212	11276	11404	11536	11664	11728	12376	13172	14468	15764
10240	11908	12104	12232	12364	12428	12556	12688	12816	12880	13528	15620	15620	16916
11264	13060	13256	13384	13516	13580	13708	13840	13968	14032	14680	15476	16772	18068
12288	14212	14408	14536	14668	14732	14860	14992	15120	15184	15832	16628	17924	19220
13312	15364	15560	15688	15820	15884	16012	16144	16272	16336	16984	17780	19076	20372
14336	16516	16712	16840	16972	17036	17164	17296	17424	17488	18136	18932	20228	21524
15360	17668	17864	17992	18124	18188	18316	18448	18576	18640	19288	20084	21380	22676
16384	18820	19016	19144	19276	19340	19468	19600	19728	19792	20440	21236	22532	23828

Figure 1-5. Supervisor Real Storage Requirements -- Bytes (Part 5 of 6)

Supervisor Element	Generation Operand	NPARTS=1	Multiprogramming				Comments
			NPARTS=2	NPARTS=3	NPARTS=4	NPARTS=5	
IOTAB (Input/Output Tables)							
Number of programmer logical units	BGPGR=n F4PGR=n F3PGR=n F2PGR=n F1PGR=n	2(n-10)	2(n-10)	2(n-10)	2(n-10)	2(n-10) 2(n-5) 2(n-5) 2(n-5) 2(n-5)	} 0 if default used
Number of Channel Queue Entries	CHANQ=n (see Note 5)	8(n-6)	8(n-6)	8(n-6)	8(n-8)	8(n-10)	
Amount of Extra Space reserved for the PUB Table (required for RMSR recording)	D2311=n <sub>1</sub> D2314=n <sub>2</sub> D2321=n <sub>3</sub> D3330=n <sub>4</sub> D3340=n <sub>5</sub> D3350=n <sub>6</sub> D3400=n <sub>7</sub> D3410=n <sub>8</sub> D3420=n <sub>9</sub> D3540=n <sub>10</sub> D3800=n <sub>11</sub> D3836=n <sub>12</sub> (see Note 7)					24n <sub>1</sub> 24n <sub>2</sub> 24n <sub>3</sub> 32n <sub>4</sub> 16n <sub>5</sub> 32n <sub>6</sub> 76n <sub>7</sub> 84n <sub>8</sub> 84n <sub>9</sub> 16n <sub>10</sub> 96n <sub>11</sub> 26n <sub>12</sub>	} For Models 115 or 125, these parameters are ignored if both CHAN=NO and RMS=NO in the SUPVR macro, or if both these parameters are omitted and, therefore, default to NO.
Number of I/O devices on system			10(n-10)				
Number of Job Information Blocks	JIB=N	4(n-5)	4(n-5)	4(n-5)	4(n-5)	4(n-5)	
Number of Start/Stop Lines and Number of BSC Lines (Model 115 and Model 125 ICA Only)	SSLNS=n <sub>1</sub> BSCLNS = n <sub>2</sub> (when TP = BTAM, or QTAM)			4 + 4(n <sub>1</sub> -4) + 4(n <sub>2</sub> -1)			
Number of Named Resources in the System	NRES = n			12n			NRES=10 is included in VSAM if VSAM=YES, but NRES is not specified.

Figure 1-5. Supervisor Real Storage Requirements -- Bytes (Part 6 of 6)

**Notes:**

1. A 1255/1259/1270 is addressed as a single address adapter machine, that is, MICR=1419.
2. NPARTS>1 is required for TP=QTAMn. TP=QTAMn includes BTAM supervisor support. If AP=YES when TP=QTAMn, then the quantity A must be added to the basic storage requirement for TP=QTAMn. A=44+(n-2) 12, where n is the value elected for TP=QTAMn. (For multitasking, AP must equal YES.)
3. If s is omitted or if its specification is invalid, then 16 bytes are reserved. If 1 is omitted or if it is invalid, 0 is assumed.
4. When SKSEP=YES, n (in the formula) equals the number of DASD devices specified at system generation time. When SKSEP=n, n (in the formula) is the number of DASD devices supported as specified, but cannot be less than the number specified at system generation time.

- The selection of the CBF option results in extra channel queue usage. Consider this when requesting the number of CHANQ entries. Thus, specification of the CBF option and selection of the CHANQ default, results in the number of buffers specified being added to the CHANQ default, for which see below.

CHANQ default = 6 if NPARTS=3  
 CHANQ default = 8 if NPARTS=4  
 CHANQ default = 10 if NPARTS=5

Only if the number of queue entries as specified by the CBF parameter plus the CHANQ default is larger than the number of entries actually specified by the CHANQ parameter, add  $8n_2$ , where  $n_2 = \text{CHANQ default} + \text{CBF specification} - \text{CHANQ specification}$  (zero for negative).

Example 1: CHANQ=30  
 CBF=4  
 NPARTS=4 (CHANQ default is 8)

Number of bytes reserved for CBF:  $240 + 104 \times 4 + 8 \times 0$  ( $n_2=0$  because  $\text{CBF}(4) + \text{CHANQ default}(8)$  is less than 30 (CHANQ specification)).

Example 2: CHANQ=10  
 CBF=4  
 NPARTS=4 (CHANQ default is 8)

Number of bytes reserved for CBF:  $240 + 104 \times 4 + 8 \times 2$  ( $n_2=2$  because  $\text{CBF}(4) + \text{CHANQ default}(8)$  minus CHANQ (10)=2).

- Where n equals the maximum number of tracks (1-255) to be held at any given time by the entire system. The default is 10 if n is an invalid parameter (non-numeric or outside the range, 1-255).
- In addition to the total number of bytes reserved for the devices specified, an extra amount is reserved of 12B bytes, where B equals the number of devices specified by the IODEV parameter minus the total number of devices specified by the Dxxxx parameters. ( $B = n - (n_1 + n_2 + n_3 + n_4 + n_5 + n_6 + n_7 + n_8 + n_9 + n_{10} + n_{11} + n_{12})$ .)

The minimum value of B is 5, because of the fact that if the total number of devices specified by the Dxxxx parameters exceeds the number of devices specified by the IODEV parameter, the latter number is upgraded to 5 more (for unit record devices) than the number of devices specified by the Dxxxx parameters.

- Since the table (Part 5 of this figure) does not contain all possible VSIZE values, you may use the nearest larger value without significant error. The exact formula for calculating real storage requirements is as follows, where  $n_1 = \text{RSIZE specification}$  and  $n_2 = \text{VSIZE specification}$ , both in K bytes.

$$4 \times n_1 + 68 \times \text{CEIL} + 64 \times \frac{\text{CEIL}}{16} + \text{value}$$

If  $n_1 > 384$ , "value" equals 148, otherwise "value" equals 0.

For CEIL substitute the quotient of

$$\frac{n_1 + n_2}{64}; \text{ fractions are to be rounded off to the next higher integer.}$$

## Computing the Size of a Supervisor

As an example, assume a supervisor is generated using the macros shown in Figure 1-6. The size of this supervisor is determined as follows:

GENERATION OPERAND	REAL STORAGE REQUIREMENT (bytes)
SUPVR	
NPARTS=4.....	29,056
POWER=YES.....	462
PHO=YES.....	680
TP=BTAM.....	872
CONFIG	
MODEL=135.....	5,072
FP=YES.....	72
STDJC.....	0
FOPT	
RELLDR=YES.....	448
VSAM=YES.....	984
IT=YES	
OC=YES.....	1,096
PC=YES	
SKSEP=YES.....	160
PCIL=YES.....	264
PFIX=YES.....	1,928
CBF=10.....	1,280
TRKHLD=10.....	584
SYSFIL=YES	
DASDFP=(1,1,3330).....	1,296
TOD=YES.....	640
ZONE=(WEST,5).....	0
GETVIS=YES.....	1,144
OLTEP=YES.....	256
AB=YES.....	448
ECPREAL=YES.....	320
PIOCS	
DISK=3330.....	760
TAPE=7.....	584
VSTAB	
RSIZE=240K.....	1,240
VSIZE=702K	
BUFSIZE=48.....	1,296
SVA=(302K,0K).....	0
ALLOC.....	0
ALLOCR.....	0
IOTAB	
BGPGR=20.....	20
F1PGR=10.....	10
F2PGR=10.....	10
F3PGR=10.....	10
IODEV=15.....	158
JIB=45.....	160
D3330=2.....	64
D3410=4.....	336
CHANQ=32.....	192
NRES=10.....	0 (included in VSAM)
-----	
Total Number of Bytes.....	51,902

**Note:** If entry for BGPGR is below minimum requirement, n=10 is assumed. The following MNOTE is obtained for an entry of less than 10.

BGPGR SPECIFICATION BELOW MINIMUM - "10" ASSUMED

```

// JOB SUPVR
// OPTION DECK
// EXEC ASSEMBLY } see Note, below
MACRO }
GENSUPVR
SUPVR NPARTS=4,POWER=YES,PHO=YES,TP=BTAM
CONFG MODEL=135,FP=YES
STDJC LISTX=YES,LINES=46,EDECK=YES
FOPT RELDDR=YES,IT=YES,VSAM=YES,OC=YES,PC=YES,           X
      SKSEP=YES,PCIL=YES,CBF=10,TRKHL=10,SYSFIL=YES,       X
      DASDFP=(1,3,3330),TOD=YES,ZONE=(WEST,5),PFX=YES,     X
      AB=YES,OLTEP=YES,ECPREAL=YES
PIOCS DISK=3330,TAPE=7
VSTAB RSIZE=240K,VSIZE=702K,BUFSIZE=48,SVA=(302K,0K)
ALLOC F1=128K,F2=64K,F3=128K
ALLOCR BGR=60K,F1R=30K,F2R=30K
IOTAB BGPGR=20,F1PGR=10,F2PGR=10,F3PGR=10,IODEV=15,JIB=45, X
      CHANQ=32,D3330=2,D3410=4,NRES=10
DVCGEN CHUN=X'00C',DVCTYP=2540R
DVCGEN CHUN=X'00D',DVCTYP=2540P
DVCGEN CHUN=X'00E',DVCTYP=3211
DVCGEN CHUN=X'01F',DVCTYP=1050A
DVCGEN CHUN=X'020',DVCTYP=2703
DVCGEN CHUN=X'021',DVCTYP=2703
DVCGEN CHUN=X'022',DVCTYP=2703
DVCGEN CHUN=X'023',DVCTYP=2703
DVCGEN CHUN=X'024',DVCTYP=2703
DVCGEN CHUN=X'160',DVCTYP=3330
DVCGEN CHUN=X'161',DVCTYP=3330
DVCGEN CHUN=X'280',DVCTYP=3410T7
DVCGEN CHUN=X'281',DVCTYP=3410T7
DVCGEN CHUN=X'282',DVCTYP=3410T9
DVCGEN CHUN=X'283',DVCTYP=3410T9
ASSGN SYSRDR,X'00C'
ASSGN SYSIPT,X'00C'
ASSGN SYSPCH,X'00D'
ASSGN SYSLST,X'00E'
ASSGN SYSLOG,X'01F'
ASSGN SYSLNK,X'160'
ASSGN SYS001,X'160'
ASSGN SYS002,X'160'
ASSGN SYS003,X'160'
ASSGN SYSREC,X'160'
ASSGN SYSCAT,X'161'
DPD CYL=200,UNIT=X'160',VOLID=SYSRES
SEND
MEND } see Note, below
GENSUPVR }
END
/*
/8

```

Note: For MACRO, GENSUPVR, and MEND, refer to "Automatic Documentation of Supervisor Generation Macros".

Figure 1-6. SUPERVISOR -- Example for Computing the Size of a Supervisor

**Planning an Operational Pack**

An operational system is one used in day-to-day operations and contains one or more tailored supervisors, and libraries appropriate to each customer's particular combination of system programs and application programs. A system maintenance volume is one used primarily to facilitate changes to programs supplied by IBM. Application programs can also be added to a maintenance volume for ease of program maintenance. Change Distributions are those changes supplied by IBM to the IBM-shipped volume.

Proper planning is the key to successful system generations. The time spent in planning can save you frustration and valuable time. Planning should reflect the initial, intermediate and ultimate capacity of the core image, relocatable, source statement, and procedure libraries. Enough work file capacity must be available throughout system generation for assemblies and link-edit steps.

The module for each component should be used to determine its storage requirements. Figure 1-18 contains a summary of the library and partition requirements for all components shipped with DOS/VSE. Adjust the requirements you derived from this figure for any program products (separately purchased components) you are including. Please also note that any licensed programs supplied in A-macro format must be edited.

The IBM-supplied system contains seven preassembled and cataloged supervisors for the 2314/2319, 3330, 3340, and 3350 resident systems. The supervisor \$A\$SUP1 is described in "Supervisor Nucleus -- 5745-SC-SUP".

STORAGE REQUIREMENTS FOR IBM-SUPPLIED DOS/VSE PROGRAMS

Note that the partition save area is located at the beginning of each partition, thus reducing the partition size by the length of the save area.

**Organization of a DOS/VSE System Pack**

The organization of the system pack is as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Start of Location</u>
IPL Program	Track 0 of cylinder 0.
System Volume Label	Track 0 of cylinder 0.
System Directory	Track 1 of cylinder 0.
Core Image Directory	Track 2 of cylinder 0.
Core Image Library	Beginning of the first available track following the core image directory.
Relocatable Directory, Optional	Track 0 of the first available cylinder following the core image library.
Relocatable Library, Optional	Beginning of the first available track following the relocatable directory.
Source Statement Directory, Optional	Track 0 of the first available cylinder following the previous library.
Source Statement Library, Optional	Beginning of the first available track following the source statement directory.
Procedure Directory, Optional	Track 0 of the first available cylinder following the previous library.
Procedure Library, Optional	Beginning of the first available track following the procedure directory.
Label Information Cylinder(s)	First full cylinder (plus a second cylinder for the 3340) after the last system library. <b>Figure 1-7 shows the DOS/VSE concept of label track allocation, using the 2314/2319 as an example.</b>
Volume Table of Contents	Location assigned by the user.

**Note:** The IPL procedure cannot be performed if part of the Supervisor Nucleus in the core image library is located on an alternate track.

Track

0	Background User Labels	Background User Labels	Background User Labels	Background User Labels	
1	Background Partition Standard (PARSTD) Labels	Background Partition Standard (PARSTD) Labels	Background Partition Standard (PARSTD) Labels	Background Partition Standard (PARSTD) Labels	
2	Foreground 1 User Labels	Foreground 2 User Labels	Foreground 3 User Labels	Foreground 4 User Labels	
3	Foreground 1 Partition Standard Labels	Foreground 2 Partition Standard Labels	Foreground 3 Partition Standard Labels	Foreground 4 Partition Standard Labels	
4	Standard Labels	Foreground 1 User Labels	Foreground 2 User Labels	Foreground 3 User Labels	
5		Foreground 1 Partition Standard Labels	Foreground 2 Partition Standard Labels	Foreground 3 Partition Standard Labels	
6			Foreground 1 User Labels	Foreground 2 User Labels	
7			Foreground 1 Partition Standard Labels	Foreground 2 Partition Standard Labels	
8				Foreground 1 User Labels	
9				Foreground 1 Partition Standard Labels	
10			Standard Labels	Standard Labels	
19				Standard Labels	
		2-Partition System	3-Partition System	4-Partition System	5-Partition System

Figure 1-7. Label Cylinder Track Allocations for 2314/2319 Disk-Resident Systems

**Allocating Library Sizes**

When the size of an existing library is reduced, it may be important to know the minimum size library that can be allocated. Once the minimum size library is calculated, it should be increased to accommodate any problem programs to be included in the library. The size of IBM components can be determined by referring to the storage requirements given in Figure 1-18 and to appropriate documentation for any licensed programs to be included.

The following explanation illustrates how to calculate the number of tracks required for a core image, relocatable, source statement, or procedure library. The formula for computing the size of a library is:

$$\text{Library (size in tracks)} = \text{LBA}/\text{nn}$$

where:

library = either core image, relocatable, source statement, or procedure  
 LBA = the number of LIBRARY BLOCKS ACTIVE for the library of interest and is obtained from a DIRECTORY (SYSTEM or PRIVATE)  
 nn = LIBRARY LAST AVAILABLE ENTRY in the R (record) column.

Using the sample STATUS REPORT that follows, an example of how to compute a library size is:

$$\text{Relocatable Library} = \text{IBA}/\text{nn}$$

where:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LBA} &= 11,957 \\ \text{nn} &= 16, \text{ thus Relocatable Library} = \frac{11,957}{16} = 747.5 \text{ tracks} \end{aligned}$$

The relocatable library size computed does not include the tracks allocated for the directory. The directory size must be added to the relocatable library size computed. Thus,

$$\text{Relocatable Library Allocation} = \text{Relocatable Library} + \text{Directory Allocated Tracks}$$

Therefore,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Relocatable Library Allocation} &= 747.5 + 10 \\ &= 757.5 \text{ Tracks} \end{aligned}$$

To find the number of required cylinders, divide the number of required tracks by the number of tracks per cylinder.

For this example,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{the Relocatable Library Allocation for a 3330} &= \frac{757.5 \text{ Tracks}}{19} \\ &= 39.9 \text{ or } 40 \text{ cylinders, rounded high} \end{aligned}$$

STATUS REPORT

DATE: 10/28/76

TIME: 14.44

	STARTING ADDRESS C H R	NEXT ENTRY C H R E	LAST ENTRY C H R E	DIRECTORY ENTRIES ACTIVE	LIBRARY BLOCKS			COND. LIMIT BLOCKS	DIR. TRACKS OR LIBRARY CYLINDERS	
					ALLOCTD	ACTIVE	DELETD			AVAIL
SYSRES VOL.SER.R29RES CORE IMAGE	000 02 01	000 10 04	000 11 17	1402					10	
DIRECTORY LIBRARY	000 12 01	043 18 06	054 19 06		6528	5201	0	1327	0	55
SYSRES VOL.SER.R29RES RELOCATABLE	055 00 01	055 04 07 02	055 09 17 19	1477					10	
DIRECTORY LIBRARY	055 10 01	092 17 06	096 19 16		13280	11957	0	1323	0	42
SYSRES VOL.SER.R29RES SOURCE-STMT	097 00 01	097 01 24 05	097 09 27 09	500					10	
DIRECTORY LIBRARY	097 10 01	195 07 19	196 19 27		53730	52857	0	873	0	100
SYSRES VOL.SER.R29RES PROCEDURE	197 00 01	197 00 03 09	197 04 27 09	24					5	
DIRECTORY LIBRARY	197 05 01	197 11 38	197 19 40		595	272	0	323	0	1



SYSTEM DIRECTORY AND LIBRARY TRACK CAPACITIES

Figures 1-8 and 1-9 illustrate the DOS/VS system library directory and track capacities.

Directory Entries Per Track				
Device	Core Image Library (Phases)	Relocatable Library (Modules)	Source Statement Library (Books)	Procedure Library (Procedures)
2311	variable (maximum length 30 bytes per entry)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
2314/ 2319		340	270	270
3330		560	440	440
3340		340	260	260
3350		760	550	550

Figure 1-8. LIBRARIES -- System Library Directory Capacities (Entries per Track)

Library	Library Block Size (bytes)	Device	Blocks per Track	Blocks per Cylinder
CORE IMAGE	1024	2311	3	30
		2314/2319	6	120
		3330	11	209
		3340	7	84
		3350	15	150
RELOCATABLE	322	2314/2319	16	310
		3330	28	532
		3340	17	204
		3350	37	1110
SOURCE STATEMENT	160	2314/2319	27	540
		3330	44	836
		3340	26	312
		3350	55	1650
PROCEDURE	80	2314/2319	40	800
		3330	61	1159
		3340	34	408
		3350	72	2160

Figure 1-9. LIBRARIES -- System Library Track Capacities

**Creating System Files**

THE PAGE DATA SET

SYSVIS is the logical unit name of the data set that holds the virtual address area. It is created at IPL time from information provided by the system generation macro DPD

and/or the IPL DPD command. The user specifies the beginning cylinder address and the system calculates the size of the disk extent which is a function of the VSIZE specification and the disk device type, as follows:

$$\frac{VSIZE}{2} = \text{number of pages (blocks of 2K bytes)}$$

Disk Device Type	Blocks per Cylinder
2314	60
3330	114
3340	36
3350	240

The allocation requires full cylinders.

RECORDER FILE (SYSREC)

IJSYSRC is the filename of the recorder file that is used exclusively for output from the RMSR (Recovery Management Support Recorder) function. The data contained on IJSYSRC is edited and printed by the EREP program. The recorder file must be defined, using appropriate DLBL and EXTENT statements, after the first IPL procedure has been performed following supervisor replacement and before the first JOB statement is read.

The RMSR function makes several types of recordings on the recorder file, in chronological order. The file is made up of records that contain information relating to:

- MCAR and CCH
- Unit Check
- Counter Overflow
- Tape Volume Statistics
- IPL/EOD
- Miscellaneous Data Recorder (2715 error records, PRT1 buffer error records, 3330/3340/3350 non unit-check records, 3800 internal log buffer)
- POWER/VS RJE logging.

The IJSYSRC file is defined as a disk extent for any DASD supported as SYSRES, and the extent cannot be a split cylinder file. The file should not be defined on an extent which includes a defective or alternate track, because data may be lost. The DLBL and EXTENT statements should be included in the standard label area by specifying STDLABEL to allow recording to proceed at the beginning of each day without operator intervention.

CREATING AND USING THE RECORDER FILE

A minimum of ten tracks is required for the recorder file (SYSREC). The following job stream creates the recorder file and stores the pertinent label information permanently in the standard label area.

```
// OPTION STDLABEL
// DLBL IJSYSRC,'DOS/VS RECORDER FILE'
// EXTENT SYSREC,,,,,nnnnn,nnnnn
.
.
/*
  ASSGN SYSREC,X'cuu'
  SET RF=CREATE
.
.
// JOB FIRST
.
.
```

## HARD-COPY FILE

(Applicable to all systems that have a display operator console installed and DOC support generated)

IJSYSCN is the filename of the recorder file that is used exclusively for output of information from the message area of the Display Operator Console. The symbolic device address of the hard-copy file is SYSREC.

The IJSYSCN file must be defined as a disk extent for any of the DOS/VS supported disk devices, and cannot be a split-cylinder file. It is to be created after the supervisor has been link-edited and cataloged. The following file definition statements create the hard-copy file:

```
        ASSGN SYSREC,X'cuu'  
        SET HC=CREATE  
// OPTION STDLABEL  
// DLBL IJSYSCN,'DOS/VS HARD COPY FILE'  
// EXTENT SYSREC,,,,nnnnn,nnnnn  
        .  
        .  
/*  
// JOB FLRST  
        .  
        .
```

The IPL commands that precede the first // JOB statement are not copied. After the file has been opened, the next available and last available records are determined and the standard IPL message 0I20I IPL COMPLETE FOR DOS/VS REL xx.x ECLEVEL=nn is written to the hard-copy file.

When a new hard-copy file is created at IPL time, the records of the existing file are destroyed.

## **Distribution of DOS/VS**

Figure 1-10 shows how DOS/VS is distributed. The system is shipped as a SYSRES file. This file contains the core image library, the relocatable library, the source statement library, and the procedure library.

### DISTRIBUTION OF THE SYSTEM FOR DASD USERS

DASD users receive the system on one or more disk packs. The packs are ready for your system generation procedure. It is recommended that the pack(s) be copied and retained for backup. For label and extent information, refer to the "Memorandum to Users".

### DISTRIBUTION OF THE SYSTEM FOR TAPE USERS

Tape users receive the system on a reel of magnetic tape. This distribution tape contains the system as SYSRES file; it must be restored to one or more disk volumes. Refer to "Restoring the Distribution Tape to Disk" later in this chapter. After the tape has been restored, retain it for backup.

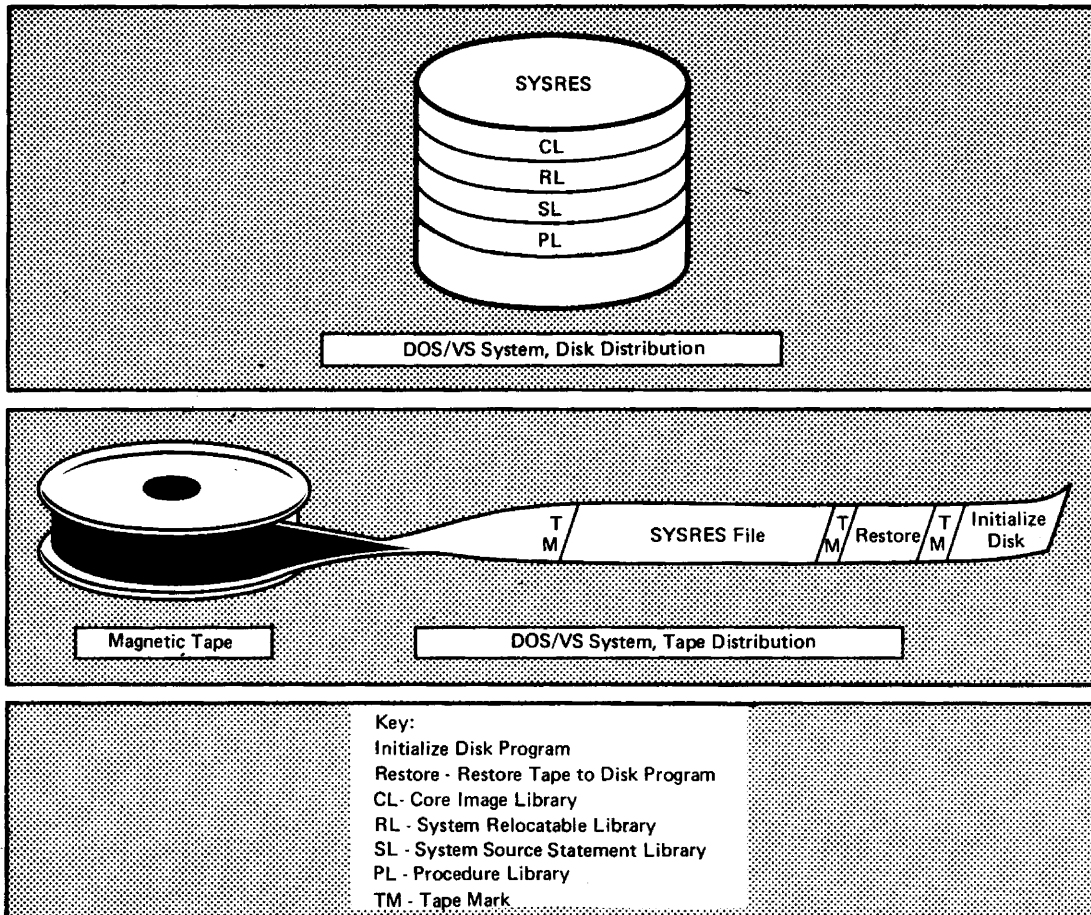


Figure 1-10. How DOS/VS is Distributed

Guidance on how to perform a system generation is given under "System Generation and Maintenance".

## System Generation and Maintenance

Each system generation job, that is, tailoring an IBM-supplied system to your individual needs, consists of a number of job steps. The job steps actually necessary and the sequence of their execution depends on the existing installation configuration and the operational packs to be built. Nevertheless, certain activities and their sequence are common to all situations so that a generalized system generation procedure can be followed. This general procedure is shown in Figure 1-11 for online and offline system generation. The various job steps shown are supported by programs which are listed and briefly described in Figure 1-12.

For a more specific application of the generalized procedure, refer to "System Generation Example (Online)" where the job steps are explained in detail.

The procedure that must be followed for processing the distribution tape (generalized in the frame part of Figure 1-11) depends on the availability of an operational DOS/VS.

- Users without an operational DOS/VS must restore the distribution in correspondence with the procedure described under "Processing the Distribution Tape (Standalone)".
- If an operational DOS/VS is available, the above mentioned standalone procedure may be used. However, it is recommended to follow the online procedure shown in the "System Generation Example", because it requires no standalone machine time.

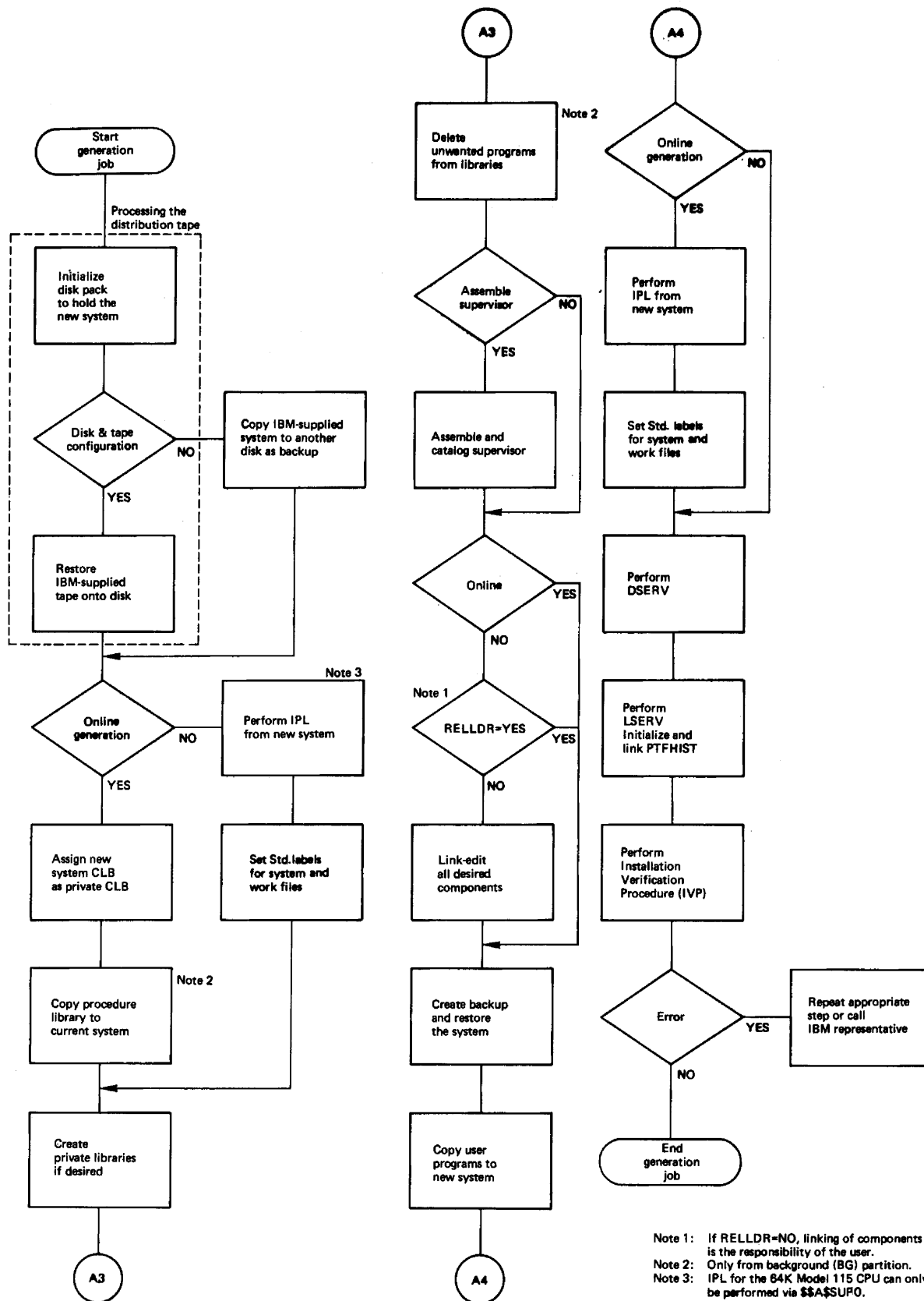


Figure 1-11. General Procedure for System Generation (Online and Offline)

Name	Program Description/Function
CSERV	(core image library service) to punch out (or write on magnetic tape, disk, or diskette) programs from the core image library.
SSERV	(source statement library service) to punch out (or write on magnetic tape, disk, or diskette) macro definitions from the source statement library.
RSERV	(relocatable library service) to punch out (or write on magnetic tape, disk, or diskette) the relocatable modules used to build IBM-supplied processor programs.
PSERV	(procedure library service) to display on SYSLSST or to punch out (or write on magnetic tape, disk, or diskette) procedures from the procedure library.
DSERV	(directory service) to display on SYSLSST the current contents of one or more library directories and their remaining library capacities. The directory display may be either an alphabetically sorted listing or a listing of the entries in the order they appear in the directory.
LSERV	(label cylinder display) to display on SYSLSST the label cylinders located on SYSRES. SYSLSST may be assigned to disk, tape, printer, or diskette.
ESERV	(de-editor program) to de-edit pre-edited macros from the E-sublibrary. It provides SYSLSST and SYSPCH output of the original macros. It also provides an update facility for one macro per job step.
MAINT	(library maintenance) to delete and/or catalog library elements, and also to condense and reallocate library extents.
BACKUP	to create a backup of the system on tape and/or to create a backup of private libraries on tape. The tape is suitable as input for the Restore program. See Note below.
RESTORE	to restore the DOS/VS Distribution Tape in a partition of a current release of DOS/VS. The program may be executed by statements from SYSIPT or SYSLOG.
CORGZ	(copy or merge) to copy all or to copy selectively and merge elements from one library to another. CORGZ allows larger or smaller allocations for each library of the SYSRES that is being created.
<b>Note:</b> Backup and Restore programs can be used efficiently to condense libraries and also to migrate libraries from one DASD type to another.	

Figure 1-12. Overview of Programs for System Generation and Maintenance

For more details on these programs, refer to DOS/VS System Control Statements and DOS/VS System Utilities.

## Processing the Distribution Tape (Standalone)

The following processing steps to initialize the disk pack to which the distribution tape is to be restored and to restore the distribution tape to the disk apply to installations that are without an operational DOS/VS. Machine configurations with and without card reader availability are covered.

If your disk pack has not been initialized, follow the processing steps given under "Initializing the Disk".

If your disk pack is already initialized, commence with the processing steps given under "Bypassing Disk Initialization".

### INITIALIZING THE DISK

- Initialize the disk pack with a volume label and a volume table of contents (VTOC). For the recommended addresses, refer to "Planning Summary" earlier in this manual.
- Mount the distribution tape.
- Ensure that the disk pack or data module is set for read and write operations:
  - For the 3330 or 3350, set the write protection switch to R/W
  - For the 3340, use a read/write data module
- IPL from the tape unit that contains the distribution tape volume.
- When the wait state is entered:
  - For machine configurations that include a card reader, place "Job Stream A" in the card reader and press START and EOF on the card reader.
  - For machine configurations that do not include a card reader, press ENTER on the DOC keyboard and when the signal sounds, type in "Job Stream A" via the DOC keyboard. Press ENTER key at the end of each statement; lowercase is converted to uppercase.

Applicable to both types of machine configurations (with or without card reader availability):

If messages S328I and S328A appear on SYSLOG, type DELETE, hit END or ENTER depending on device type, and press INTERRUPT to delete unexpired files, one by one. To delete all unexpired files at once, type in DELETE ALL.

The message S371I INITIALIZE DISK FUNCTIONS COMPLETED appears on SYSLOG when initialization is completed.

On completion of initialization, the system automatically initiates the restore function. You can now continue with the steps given under "Restoring the Tape to Disk".

## BYPASSING DISK INITIALIZATION

If the disk pack to which the tape is to be restored is already initialized, proceed as follows:

- Mount the distribution tape.
- Ensure that the disk pack or data module is set for read and write operations:  
  
For the 3330 or 3350, set the write protection switch to R/W  
for the 3340, use a read/write data module
- IPL from the tape unit that contains the distribution tape volume.
- When the wait state is entered:
  - For machine configurations that include a card reader, place "Job Stream B" in the card reader and press START and EOF on the card reader.
  - For machine configurations that do not include a card reader, press ENTER on the DOC keyboard and when the signal sounds, type in "Job Stream B" via the DOC keyboard. Press ENTER at the end of each statement; lowercase is converted to uppercase.

On completion of these steps, the system automatically initiates the restore function and you can now continue with the steps given under "Restoring the Tape to Disk".

### Job Stream A

```
// JOB INTDSK
// ASSGN SYSLOG,X'cuu',dc
// DATE mm/dd/yy
// ASSGN SYSOPT,X'cuu',dc          disk, see Note 1
// ASSGN SYS00n,X'cuu',dc        disk, see Note 2
// LOG
// ASSGN SYSLST,X'cuu',dc        optional, see Note 6
// EXEC
// UID nn                        see Note 3
// VTOC STRTADR=(cccchhh),EXTENT=(yy) see Note 4
VOL1nnnnnnn                      see Note 5
// END
// JOB DISRST
// ASSGN SYS005,X'cuu',dc        system residence file to be created
// ASSGN SYS006,X'cuu',dc,X'ss'  distribution tape
// ASSGN SYS007,X'cuu',dc        if PVTCLB is to be built
// ASSGN SYS008,X'cuu',dc        if PVTRLB is to be built
// ASSGN SYS009,X'cuu',dc        if PVTSLB is to be built
// EXEC
```

### Job Stream B

```
// JOB INTDSK
// ASSGN SYSLOG,X'cuu',dc
// LOG
// DATE mm/dd/yy
// FILES SYSIPT,1
// JOB DISRST
// ASSGN SYS005,X'cuu',dc        system residence file to be created
// ASSGN SYS006,X'cuu',dc,X'ss'  distribution tape
// ASSGN SYS007,X'cuu',dc        if PVTCLB is to be built
// ASSGN SYS008,X'cuu',dc        if PVTRLB is to be built
// ASSGN SYS009,X'cuu',dc        if PVTSLB is to be built
// ASSGN SYSLST,X'cuu',dc        optional, see Note 6
// EXEC
```

In Job Stream A and B, the job names INTDSK and DISRST must be used as shown. For a description of the cuu, mm, dc, yy, and ss fields see Figure 1-13.



```
// DATE mm/dd/yy      mm = 01-12
                        dd = 01-31
                        yy = 00-99

// ASSGN SYSxxx,X'cuu',dc[,X'ss']
xxx = logical unit
cuu = channel and unit of device

• The channels used by the distribution program supervisor are:

Multiplexer (channel 0)
Selector (1 through 6)

dc = one of the following device type codes:

C1-3210/3215 Console Printer-Keyboard
CR-Display Operator Console

D3-2314/2319 Disk Drive
D4-3330 Disk Storage Models 1 and 2, or 3333 Disk Storage, or 3350 Direct
    Access Storage in 3330-1 compatibility mode
D5-3340 Disk Storage (35 megabyte data module)
D6-3340 Disk Storage (70 megabyte data module), or 3344 Direct Access
    Storage
D7-3330 Disk Storage Model 11
D8-3350 Disk Storage

L1-1403/1404 Printer*
L2-1443/1445 Printer*
L3-3203, 3211, or 5203 Printer*
L4-3800 Printing Subsystem

R1-2540 Card Read-Punch (reading only)
R2-2540 Using Punch-Read-Feed feature
R3-1442 Card Read-Punch
R4-2501 Card Reader
R5-2520 Card Read-Punch
R6-3505/3504 Card Reader
R7-2560 MFCM or 5425 MFCU (read hopper 1)

T1-2400 or 3400 7-track Tape
T2-2400 or 3400 9-track Tape

The Restore program does not use this dd specification. Instead, the
program determines the device type from the Format-4 label of the disk
volume on the specified physical device.

ss = 90 for 7-track tape unit
    C0 for 9-track tape 1600 bpi
    C8 for 9-track tape 800 bpi
*For printers 1403, 3203, 3211, and 5203:

ss = 7E - sense data checks
    = 73 - (default) block data checks (ignore)

// VTOC STRTADR=(cccchhh),EXTENT=(yy)
cccchhh = cylinder and head number of starting address
yy      = number of tracks allotted to VTOC in decimal (1-30)

VOLInnnnnn      nnnnnn = Volume Serial Number
```

Figure 1-13. Coding Specifications for // ASSGN Statements within the Distribution Program Job Control

(Refer to the preceding text "Processing the Distribution Tape".)

Notes to Job Streams A and B

1. Assign SYSOPT to the disk that is to be initialized.
2. n = 2, 3, 4, or 5. SYS002 through SYS005 are optional to specify additional disk devices to be initialized. These disk devices must be of the same device type as SYSOPT.
3. Refer to DOS/VS System Utilities, for a complete description of the UID control statement.

For 2314/2319, nn=

- IR Previously flagged tracks are to retain their flags without surface analysis, or
- IA Denctes surface analysis on all tracks. Generation of home address (HA) and R0 records, preformatting of IPL records, writing of volume label and VTOC, or
- IS For packs that have already been initialized this entry can be used to change the volume label(s) and the VTOC location.

For the 3330, 3340, or 3350 Disk Storage, nn=

- IQ Quick initialization. No surface analysis. No home address generation, only standard R0 generation. IPL records are preformatted, volume labels and VTOC are written, or
- IS Same as IS for 2314/2319.

4. For 2314/2319:   cccchhh = 0199000   yy = 20  
For 3330:       cccchhh = 0403000   yy = 19  
For 3330-11:     cccchhh = 0807000   yy = 19  
For 3348/35ME:   cccchhh = 0347000   yy = 12  
For 3348/70ME:   cccchhh = 0695000   yy = 12  
For 3350:       cccchhh = 0554000   yy = 30

For each output disk specified (maximum 5) a set of

```
// VTOC STRTADR=(cccchhh),EXTENT=(yy)  
VOL1nnnnnn
```

statements are to be added.

5. nnnnnn = Volume serial number (trailing blanks only should be used).

The IBM-supplied supervisors and standard label procedures assume nnnnnn=SYSRES for the system residence volume.

Columns 42-51 are reserved for user's identification. A label control set consisting of a VTOC control statement and a VOL1 control statement is required for each pack assigned. The label control sets apply to the assignments in the order as specified in the job stream and not in strict numerical sequence.

6. If SYSLS1 is assigned, all messages and other output from the initialize disk phases to the communications device are also printed on SYSLS1.

RESTORING THE TAPE TO DISK

After completing the processing steps given under 'Initializing the Disk', or 'Bypassing Disk Initialization', the restore distribution tape to disk procedure is performed immediately.

The system issues the following two-part message:

```
SR01D ***GIVE SYSTEM LIBRARY ALLOCATIONS***
CL=
```

Type in the required allocation for the system core image library, using the format shown under 'Allocations', below, and press the END or ENTER key depending on device type in use.

The system will now prompt you for your allocations for the system relocatable library, the system source statement library, and the procedure library, using the message RL=, SL=, and PL=, respectively.

After these allocations have been entered, the two-part message:

```
SR32D TYPE DESIRED LABEL FOR LIBRARY
LABEL=
```

is issued. Type in the desired label to be entered in the VTOC for the system residence file (44 characters maximum) and press the END or ENTER key. If you do not type in a label, but respond with END or ENTER, the label will be DOS.SYSRES.FILE. The system now issues the message:

```
SR09D TYPE GO IF ALLOCATIONS IS CORRECT
```

Type in GO and press the END or ENTER key. If you want to change the allocations, just press the key without typing in GO, whereupon the system issues again the message SR01D. If you type in GO and press the END or ENTER key, the system successively issues the following procedural messages, provided no faults are encountered:

```
SR10I FILE ID=xxx...xx (44x)
SR11I EXTENT=CYL xxxTRKxx-CYLxxx TRKxx
SR12I RESTORE OF SYSTEM CORE IMAGE LIBRARY IN PROGRESS
SR17I RESTORE HAS BEEN SUCCESSFUL
SR12I RESTORE OF SYSTEM RELOCATABLE LIBRARY IN PROGRESS
SR17I RESTORE HAS BEEN SUCCESSFUL
SR12I RESTORE OF SYSTEM SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY IN PROGRESS
SR17I RESTORE HAS BEEN SUCCESSFUL
SR12I RESTORE OF SYSTEM PROCEDURE LIBRARY IN PROGRESS
SR17I RESTORE HAS BEEN SUCCESSFUL
SR14I *** RESTORE COMPLETE ***
```

Besides procedural messages, error messages may be issued in the course of the library allocation procedure, refer to DOS/VS Messages.

Allocations:

The basic allocation format is ccc(tt), where ccc is the number of cylinders to be allocated to the library and tt is the number of tracks within these cylinders which are to be reserved for the directory.

If an allocation of 0(0) is specified for any library, this library will not be restored. If you reply with EOB when prompted for the allocation, the default allocations from the distribution tape are used.

Note that these default values are the minimum library and directory space required. Therefore, you should always specify the values you actually need. The default values cannot be used when restoring the system to a 2314 or 3340 Model 35 because the storage capacity of these devices is too small for all system libraries. In such cases, one or more of the system libraries must be restored as private libraries. Further details on this procedure and default values are contained in the 'Memorandum to Users'.

If Eccc(tt) is specified (this is only possible for RL, PL, and SL), the requested amount of space will be allocated, but no entries will be made. This results in generation of an empty library.

It is possible to restore system libraries (CL, RL, SL), as private libraries if you wish, by specifying CL=PVT when prompted for the system library allocations. In this case, the allocations must be given for the corresponding private libraries, and the system will prompt you accordingly. For details refer to 'Backup and Restore' in DOS/VS System Utilities.

#### Link-Edit and Delete Procedures

The IBM-supplied system includes cataloged procedure to perform system generation link-edit and delete functions for IBM-supplied system programs; the system components are pre-linked in the distributed system.

The full name of the procedure to be link-edited or deleted must be formed by concatenating:

Prefix+Keyword+[Suffix]

The prefix is always LINK for link-edit functions, and is always DELE for delete functions. Select the keyword and the suffix from Figure 1-14 according to the function desired; do not use the suffix for link-edit functions.

Example 1: To link-edit assembler and ESERV programs to the core image library, the necessary statement is

```
// EXEC PROC=LINKASM
```

Example 2: To delete BTAM from the core image library, the necessary statement is

```
// EXEC PROC=DELEBTMC
```

To delete a given component contained in different libraries, a separate procedure must be executed for each library. The suffix CRS (to cover all three libraries) is not valid. The statement // EXEC PROC=DELEBTMCRS, for example, would be invalid and not result in a deletion of BTAM from the libraries (core image, relocatable, source statement) designated by the suffix.

Users who specifies RELDR=NO must re-link all desired components after IPLing a new supervisor.

It is recommended to retain the link-edit and delete procedures for use after system generation time. The procedures can be useful for linking specific system programs to a private library, or for deleting programs no longer required from a private library.

Keyword of Procedure	Suffix				Link	Description of Component that is to be Linked or Deleted
	CLB	RLB	SLB	PLB		
ADC	C	R			X	Assign Alternate Track Data Cell Utility
APC	C	R			X	Analysis Program-1
ASM	C	R			X	Assembler and ESERV Programs
ATD	C	R			X	ASSGN Alternate Track Disk Utility
BTM	C	R	S			BTAM
CDC	C	R			X	Clear Data Cell Utility
CDD	C	R			X	Restore Card to Disk Utility
CDK	C	R			X	Clear Disk Utility
CD1		R				IOCS Modules for IBM 1442
CD2		R				IOCS Modules for IBM 2501
CD3		R				IOCS Modules for IBM 2520
CD4		R				IOCS Modules for IBM 2540
CD5		R				IOCS Modules for IBM 2560
CD6		R				IOCS Modules for IBM 3505
CD7		R				IOCS Modules for IBM 3525
CD8		R				IOCS Modules for IBM 5425
CRD	C	R			X	Copy and Restore Diskette Utility
DAM	C	R	S			Direct Access IOCS
DDC	C	R			X	Copy Disk or Data Cell to Tape Utility
DEL				P		Delete all Delete Procedures
DGN	C	R			X	Dump Generator
DIO	C	R	S			Diskette IOCS
DKC	C	R			X	Copy Disk to Card Utility
DKD	C	R			X	Copy Disk to Disk Utility
DOC	C		S			Display Operator Console Support
DSK			S			Sequential Disk IOCS Macros
DST	C	R			X	Deblock Utility
ERP	C	R			X	EREP
E20	C	R	S			Model 20 Emulator Program and Data Interchange Function
FCY	C	R	S		X	Fast Copy Disk Volume Utility
HSD	C	R			X	Highspeed Standalone Dump
IDC	C	R			X	Initialize Data Cell Utility
IJB		R				System Control Modules
IND	C	R			X	Initialize Disk Utility
INT	C	R			X	Initialize Tape Utility
ISM	C	R	S			Index Sequential Disk IOCS
IVP			S			Installation Verification Procedures
JBA		R			X	Job Accounting
JCL					X	Job Control
KJI	C					Kanji Printer Support
LBR	C				X	Librarian Programs
LNK				P		Delete all Link Procedures
MCR	C		S			Magnetic Character Reader Support
OBJ	C	R			X	Copy File and Maintain Object Module Utility
OCR	C		S			Optical Character Reader Support
OLT	C	R			X	OLTEP
PDA	C	R			X	Problem Determination Aids
PDS	C	R			X	Page Data Set Dump Utility
PLG	C	R			X	Print the Hard-Copy File
PLI		R				PL/I Optimizing Compiler IOCS Modules
PRT	C				X	Buffer Load for 3203, 3211, and 5203 Printer (optional print patterns must be link-edited later)
PTP	C		S			Paper Tape IOCS

Figure 1-14. Keywords and Suffixes for Link-Edit and Delete Functions (Part 1 of 2)

Keyword of Procedure	Suffix				Link	Description of Component that is to be Linked or Deleted
	CLB	RLB	SLB	PLB		
PWR			S			POWER/VS
QTM	C	R	S			QTAM
RPG		R				RPG II Compiler IOCS Modules
RPS	C					Rotational Position Sensing
RST	C	R			X	Backup and Restore Utility
SAP			S			Sample Programs
SDA	C	R			X	SDAIDs
STD	C	R			X	Standard System Dump
SUP			S			Supervisor Generation Macros
TAP	C	R	S			Magnetic Tape IOCS
TDC	C	R			X	Restore Tape to Disk or Data Cell Utility
TP1	C					Transients for Type 1 Programs
TRD	C	R			X	Translating System Dump
UTS					X	Maintain System History Utility Program
VSM	C	R	S		X	VSAM and Access Method Services
VTC	C	R			X	VTOC Display Utility
VTM	C	R	S		X	VTAM and TOLTEP
VTS			S			VSAM and VTAM Common Macros
ZAP	C	R			X	CIL Patch Program (PDZAP)

Note: The procedures DELEDELP and DELELNKP are for documentation, they cannot be executed via the procedure library. For execution, these two procedures have to be punched out and entered via SYSIN.

Figure 1-14. Keywords and Suffixes for Link-Edit and Delete Functions (Part 2 of 2)

## Generation and Maintenance Considerations

### VOLUME SERIAL NUMBERS AND LABELS

If the IBM-supplied system is on disk, the serial number of that disk pack is SYSRES. If the system is shipped on tape, the disk pack to which the tape will be restored is assigned a volume serial number during the initialize disk run.

For both types of IBM-shipped systems (tape and disk), the standard labels defined by the DLBL and EXTENT statements are adequate for system generation, but the EXTENT statements must be adjusted to reflect the volume serial number chosen for the disk volume to which the tape is to be restored. To use the standard labels for configurations with two disks, SYSLNK, SYS001, SYS002, and SYS003 can be assigned to the second disk. IBM supplies procedures LABELS30, LABELS40, and LABELS50. These procedures load standard labels for the 3330, the 3340 Model 70, and the 3350, respectively if default sizes for the libraries are used when the system is restored.

Standard labels (OPTION STDLABEL) are not defined for any file on the system distributed by IBM. A reply of "delete" to the message

4444A OVERLAP ON UNEXPIRED FILE

destroys the system residence file unless it is encountered during a MAINT reallocation run.

### COMPILATION OF IOCS MODULES

To use some compilers, a number of IOCS modules must be cataloged in the relocatable library of each operational pack. IBM supplies these modules preassembled in the relocatable library for the compilers that use them. These IOCS modules are link-edited into compiler generated object programs as required. These modules are generated using the following macro definitions supplied by IBM:

CDMOD	Card Reader/Punch - 3881 Optical Mark Reader
PRMOD	Printer
MTMOD	Magnetic Tape
SDMODxx	Sequential DASD. SDMOD consists of ten similar macro definitions: SDMODFI for sequential disk with fixed input, SDMODFO for sequential disk with fixed output, and so on. A complete description of SDMODxx is contained in <u>DOS/VS Supervisor and I/O Macros</u> .
ISMOD	Index Sequential Access Method, DASD
DAMOD	Direct Access Method, DASD
DIMOD	Device Independent Module

With assembler language you can, if you wish, assemble these IOCS functions separately and catalog them into the relocatable library. Separate assembly of IOCS modules requires no additional real storage or additional execution overhead. Those modules, shipped preassembled for IBM components, can also be used by any other program, if applicable. A separate assembly is preferable because:

- Program assembly and reassembly time is minimized.
- IBM-supplied IOCS modules used by compilers may also be used by your application programs. Use of these modules reduces the assembly time of your application programs.

- Use of preassembled IOCS modules facilitates program maintenance and standardization.
- The xxMOD macro definitions just cited require a substantial number of cylinders in the source statement library.

The corresponding generated modules ordinarily require fewer cylinders in the relocatable library. Thus, you may prefer to retain xxMOD macro definitions only on the system backup volume, cataloging a selection of generated modules onto each operational volume.

Support of the RPS feature of IBM 33xx disk storage devices is provided in SAM and DAM, and Device Independent Access Method by preassembled and link-edited versions of the logic modules that reside in the core image library and are subsequently loaded into the SVA. This support is also provided in ISAM for IBM 3330 Model 1 or 2, 3333, or 3340. The modules are linked to the problem program during execution of problem programs and process the DTF requests. RPS modules are usable by DASD DTFs in your system. Only one copy is in the SVA if pre-loaded during IPL, otherwise multiple copies in the system GETVIS area can occur. If RPS support is not used, these modules can be deleted from the core image library.

#### AVOIDING LOSS OF SYSTEM LIBRARIES

During each system generation and maintenance procedure, system libraries should be copied periodically on magnetic-tape reels or disks to provide backup in case of subsequent specification errors or machine errors.

The programs Backup or FASTCOPY can be used for copying from disk to tape; the CORGZ or FASTCOPY programs can be used for copying from disk to disk. Using Backup and Restore together, or the program CORGZ, your libraries will be condensed. For details of these programs refer to DOS/VS System Control Statements and DOS/VS System Utilities.

#### OBTAINING LIBRARY STATUS INFORMATION

Perform a DSERV, or check a system directory printout to determine the contents and sizes of the system libraries during system generation to determine that enough blocks remain for link-edit and catalog procedures. A DSERV run requires the following control statements:

```
// JOB DSERV
// EXEC DSERV
   DSPLYS ALL
/*
/6
```

A printout of the library status is provided automatically following a linkage edit with an OPTION CATAL specified or any // EXEC MAINT.

#### USING SYSRES LIBRARIES AS PRIVATE LIBRARIES

Before changes can be made to one of the system core image, system relocatable, and system source statement libraries of a non-IPLed system, the respective library must be declared as private. To do so, it is required that DLBL and EXTENT statements defining the exact library size are included into any job stream making use of the libraries. The following examples show the required job control statements:

For a system core image library:

```
// DLBL IJSYSCL,'DOS.SYSRES.FILE'
// EXTENT SYSCLB,SYSRES,1,0,2,1978
ASSGN SYSCLB,X'161'
```



For a system relocatable library:

```
// DLBL IJSYSRL,'DOS,SYSRES.FILE'  
// EXTENT SYSRLB,SYSRES,1,0,1980,2040  
// ASSGN SYSRLB,X'161'
```

For a system source statement library:

```
// DLBL IJSYSSL,'DOS.SYSRES.FILE'  
// EXTENT SYSSLB,SYSRES,1,0,4020,2820  
// ASSGN SYSSLB,X'161'
```

#### AUTOMATIC DOCUMENTATION OF SUPERVISOR GENERATION MACROS

Normally, when examining a supervisor listing, it is difficult to determine which supervisor generation macros were used for the assembly. If, however, the supervisor generation macros are invoked by means of an outer user macro (which in turn calls the required generation macros) then the assembler will list the outer macro before assembling the supervisor, and thus all the generation macros used are listed together. All that is required to use this technique is the insertion of the four macro instructions labeled ① through ④ below (refer also to Figure 1-6):

```
// EXEC ASSEMBLY
```

```
MACRO                                ①  
GENSUPVR                              ②  
  .                                    normal supervisor generation job  
  .                                    stream without the END statement  
MEND                                  ③  
  
GENSUPVR                              ④  
  
END
```

```
/*
```

#### UTILIZATION OF THE MAINTAIN SYSTEM HISTORY (PTFHIST) PROGRAM

To have a history of system updates available is a prerequisite for efficient system service, it helps to reduce system down-time. Therefore, whenever a new release of DOS/VS is installed, the PTFHIST program should be initialized and linked to the core image library of your DOS/VS.

When a system update (by APAR fix or by installation of one or more PTFs) is performed, this should be done only with the PTFHIST program.

Linking the program and using PTFHIST for system update are the prerequisites for automatic maintenance of the system update by DOS/VS.

The system generation example given later in this module shows how to initialize the program and link it to your system core image library. Refer to DOS/VS System Utilities for information on how to use the program.

Another important tool for efficient system service is the IBM-provided List System History (HISTLIST) utility program. This program produces system history listings that are helpful when the system service level needs to be established. Refer to DOS/VS System Utilities for information on how to use the program.

## **Library Maintenance**

DOS/VS libraries can be maintained by using the MERGE function of the CORGZ librarian program. The MERGE function allows to merge complete libraries or selective library entries into existing libraries. Before using the MERGE function, ensure that the library to which new entries are to be merged contains sufficient space for the new entries. The following discussions apply to all libraries. For further information refer to DOS/VS System Control Statements.

### **REPLACING IDENTICAL ENTRIES USING THE MERGE FUNCTION**

When transferring entries that have names identical to those of existing library entries, the old entry (name of phase, module, book, or procedure) is deleted from the library's directory, and the new entry is added to the end of the library's directory. The phase, module, book, or procedure is added to the end of the library.

### **ADDING UNIQUE ENTRIES USING THE MERGE FUNCTION**

When uniquely named phases are transferred to an existing core image library, the names of the entries are inserted in the directory in alphabetical sequence for modules, books, or procedures, the entries are inserted at the end of the directory. The actual phase, module, book, or procedure is added to the end of the library.

### **COPYING SELECTIVELY TO MERGE LIBRARIES**

If two libraries are to be merged, it is faster to selectively copy (MERGE) to the library containing the greatest number of desired entries because the number of entries transferred and directory searches made are kept to a minimum. If there is insufficient space in a library to accommodate additional entries, unwanted entries can be deleted, the library can be condensed, and the new entries can then be added to the library.

### **DELETING UNWANTED ENTRIES AND MERGING AN ENTIRE LIBRARY WITH ANOTHER LIBRARY**

A second technique is to use the IBM-supplied delete procedures to delete all unwanted entries from a library and copy the entire library to another library, thus merging the two libraries. Using this technique requires that the receiving library contains enough space to accommodate the entire library being copied. If there is insufficient space, the receiving library must be condensed or reallocated.

### **COPYING SELECTIVELY FROM TWO LIBRARIES TO CREATE A THIRD LIBRARY**

If there is insufficient space to accommodate a merge of two libraries, a third library can be created to contain selected entries from the two libraries that are to be contained in the merged library. This technique eliminates the need for condensing or reallocating an existing library. Note that this technique can be applied by using only two disk drives.

### **DELETING UNWANTED ENTRIES FROM TWO LIBRARIES AND MERGING BOTH LIBRARIES TO CREATE A THIRD LIBRARY**

Another technique for merging two libraries is to delete unwanted entries from the two existing libraries, and merge the two libraries, in their entirety, by copying them to create a third library. Note that this technique can be applied by using only two disk drives.

## System Generation Example (Online)

The following illustrates an online system generation job with a system and I/O device configuration as shown in Figure 1-15. The job steps required for this generation are illustrated in Figure 1-16 with accompanying text explaining the steps in detail.

The example applies to both the tape and the disk distributed systems. Prerequisite is an operational DOS/VSE. Users without an operational DOS/VSE are referred to "Processing the Distribution Tape" in the preceding text, before commencing with the generation job.

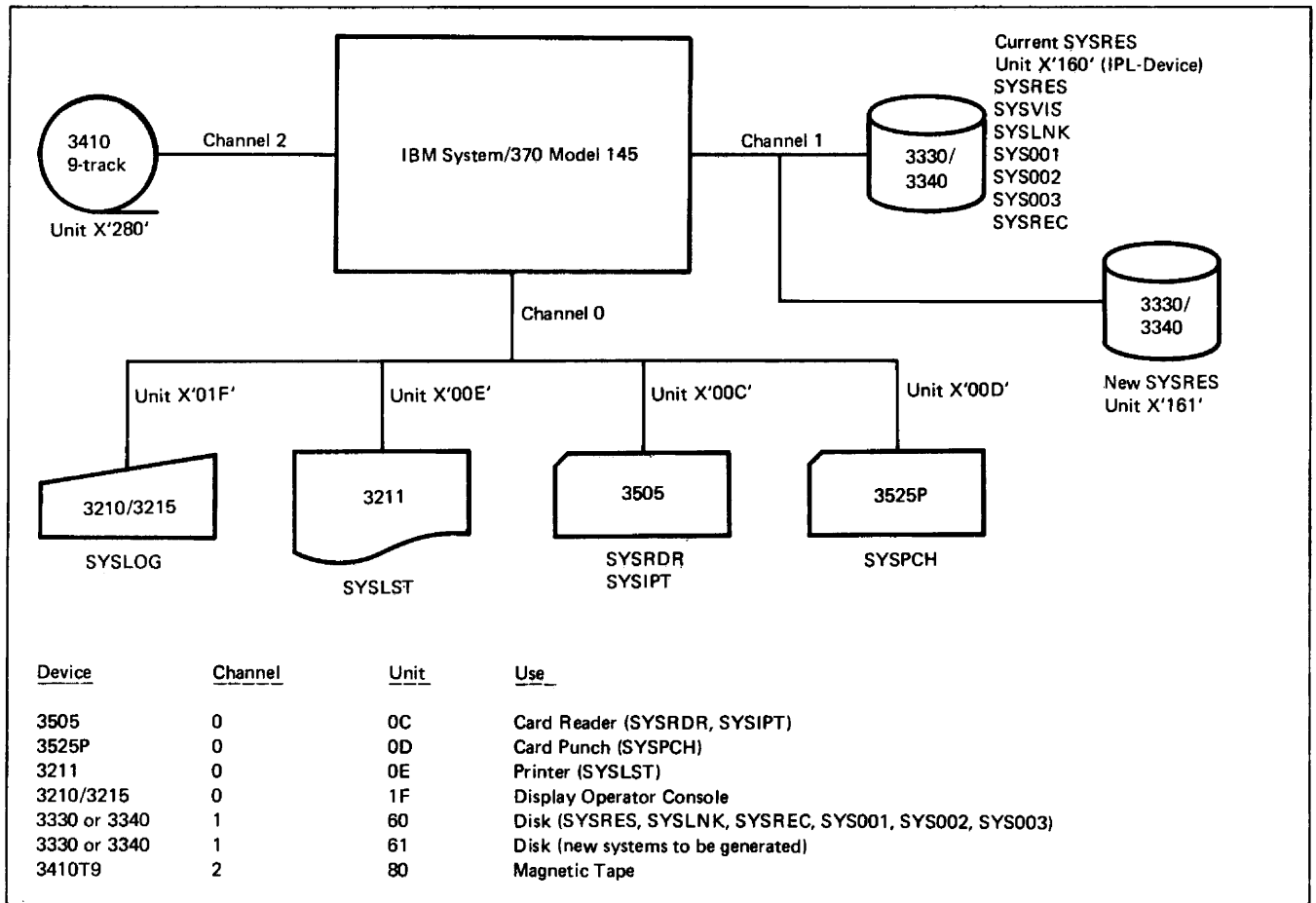


Figure 1-15. Example of System and I/O Device Configuration

### Results of System Generation

When system generation is completed, the operational system pack of the installation contains user selected components and programs in its core image library, together with an IBM-supplied or the installation's tailored supervisor and the job control, linkage editor, and librarian programs. The core image, relocatable, and source statement and procedure libraries are condensed, and IOCS modules are assembled and cataloged to the relocatable library.

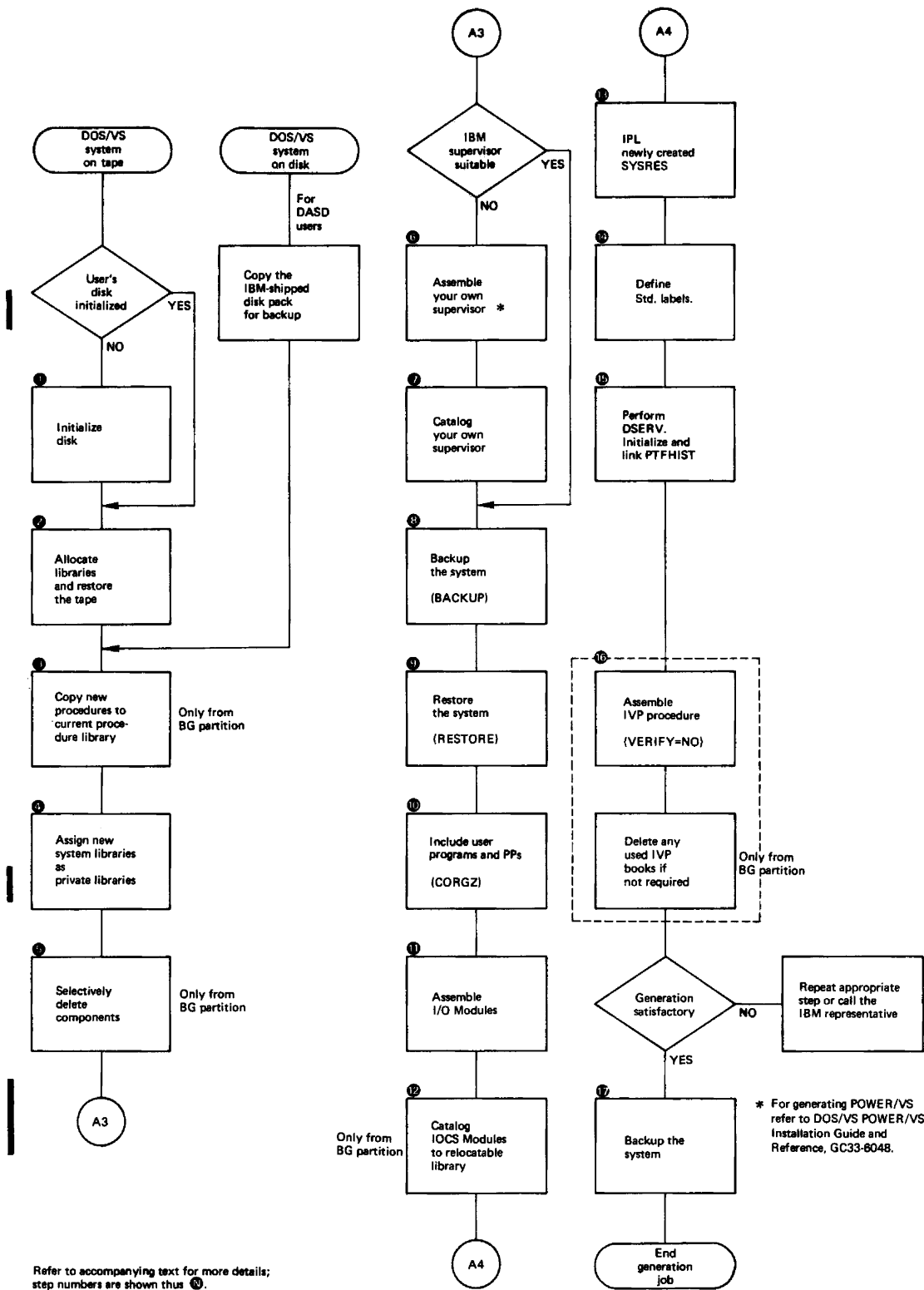


Figure 1-16. Job Steps of Online System Generation

DESCRIPTION OF JOB STEPS

Users receive the IBM-shipped system according to their installation's device configuration.

Tape users receive DOS/VS on a self-loading reel of magnetic tape which is capable of being restored onto disk. The tape contains the entire SYSRES file. The generation example assumes an operational DOS/VS. To commence the generation job, mount the IBM-supplied tape and proceed to Step 1 of the example.

Users without an operational DOS/VS must first complete the procedures described previously under 'Processing the Distribution Tape (Standalone)' and only then can they commence the generation job, starting with Step 13 and continuing in the following step sequence: 14, 5 through 12 followed by Steps 15, 16, and 17.

DASD users receive DOS/VS on a disk (data module) containing a core image, relocatable, source statement, and a procedure library. To commence system generation, mount the IBM-supplied volume and proceed to Step 3 of the example.

As indicated in Figure 1-16, some of the steps may be performed only from the background (BG) partition.

Step 1 Initialize the Disk

Users of VM/370 restoring DOS/VS to minidisk(s) must initialize such disk(s) by means of the initialize disk utility IBCDASD (available with VM/370) and specify the number of cylinders required. Then, the OS work pack must be converted into a work pack suitable for DOS/VS. To do so, specify // UID IS in the utility modifier statement of the DOS/VS Initialize Disk Utility (see DOS/VS System Utilities).

Mount the distribution tape, if you plan to use a removable disk pack for system residence, and the disk that is to contain the system. For details refer to DOS/VS System Utilities. If the disk is not yet initialized, run the Initialize Disk Utility.

Given below is a sample job stream for system residence on a 3348 data module, model 70:

```
// JOB      INIT 3348 MOD 70
// ASSGN    SYS000,X'161'
// EXEC     INTDK
// UID      IQ
// VTOC     STRTADR=(0695000),EXTENT=(12)
VOL1SYSRES
// END
/ &
```

For other disk volumes, the values to be specified for parameters STRTADR and EXTENT are as follows:

```
STRTADR=(0403000) for a 3336 disk pack; (0807000) for a model 11 disk pack
STRTADR=(0199000) for a 2316 disk pack
STRTADR=(0347000) for a 3348 data module, model 35
STRTADR=(0695000) for a 3348 data module, model 70
STRTADR=(0554000) for a 3350
```

```
EXTENT=(19) for a 3336 disk pack, all models
EXTENT=(20) for a 2316 disk pack
EXTENT=(12) for a 3348 data module, model 35
EXTENT=(12) for a 3348 data module, model 70
EXTENT=(30) for a 3350
```

## Step 2 Restore the Disk

For details see 'Backup and Restore System' in DOS/VS System Utilities.

For 3348 data module, model 70

```
// JOB RESTORE TO DISK
// ASSGN SYS005,X'161'                new system residence pack
// DLBL IJSYSRS,'DOS.SYSRES.FILE',99/365
// EXTENT SYS005,,1,0,1,2887          (see Note 1)
// ASSGN SYS006,X'280'                distribution tape
// EXEC RESTORE
// ALLOC CL=25(6),RL=36(6),SL=87(4),PL=3(3) (see Note 1)
/*
MTC RUN,SYS006
/6
```

Note 1: Extents and allocations are a sample for a 3348 data module. For further details on extents, refer to the 'Memorandum to Users.'

For 3348 data module, model 35 and 2316 disk pack, the system as distributed is too large for a single pack. The following job stream should be used for restore:

```
// JOB RESTORE DISTRIBUTION TAPE TO TWO PACKS 3348-35
// ASSGN SYS005,X'161'                new system residence pack
// DLBL IJSYSRS,'DOS.SYSRES.FILE',99/365
// EXTENT SYS005,,1,0,2051          (see Note 2)
// ASSGN SYS006,X'280'                distribution tape
// EXEC RESTORE
// ALLOC CL=59(9),RL=94(8),SL=E8(2),PL=8(3) (see Note 2)
/*
MTC FEW,SYS006
// PAUSE
// ASSGN SYS009,X'161'                private library on X'161'
// DLBL IJSYSSL,'DOS.SYSSLB.FILE',99/365 private source statement library
// EXTENT SYS009,,1,0,12,2784
// EXEC RESTORE
// ALLOC CL=PVT,PS=23(4)             (see Note 2)
/*
MTC RUN,SYS006
/6
```

Note 2: Extents and allocations are a sample for 3348-35. For further details on extents, refer to the 'Memorandum to Users'.

The Restore program can be used online under control of a previous DOS/VS release. However, the program must be cataloged to the current system before it can be executed. To catalog the program, invoke the job stream contained on the fourth file of the distributed tape from the console as follows:

### 1. Enter commands

```
ASSGN SYSIN,X'280'                (distribution tape)
MTC FSP,SYSIN,3                    (for a 1600 bpi tape; for an 800 bpi
                                   tape enter MTC FSP,SYSIN,1 for the second
                                   volume)
```

### 2. Press END/ENTER (causes the Restore program to be cataloged)

### 3. Enter commands

```
MTC REW,SYSIN
ASSGN SYSIN,X'cuu'                (input reader)
```

Note: If a phase with the name RESTORE is already present in the current system, ensure that it is not overwritten. This can be done by either of the following:

- Catalog the new RESTORE phase into a private core image library, or
- Rename the current phase before executing the above job stream.

### Step 3 Copy the New Procedure Library to the Current System

This step can only be executed in the background partition of the system.

To copy the new system procedure library to the current system procedure library, use the following job stream.

```
// JOB COPY
// ASSGN SYS002,X'161'
// DLBL IJSYSRS,'DOS.SYSRES.FILE'
// EXTENT SYS002,SYSRES
// EXEC CORGZ
  MERGE NRS,RES
  COPYP ALL
/*
/6
```

Note: When copying the new library to the current system procedure library, procedures having the same name will be overwritten. Also, ensure that the current procedure library has sufficient space to accommodate the new procedure library.

### Step 4 Use System Libraries as Private Libraries

System libraries supplied by IBM can be used as private libraries of an existing DOS/VS if that system's supervisor was assembled with PCIL=YES specified in the FOPT generation macro. This approach requires that DLBL and EXTENT statements as shown are included in the pertinent job stream for each of the three system libraries:

```
// DLBL IJSYSxL,'DOS.SYSRES.FILE'
// EXTENT SYSxLB,SYSRES,1,0,trackaddress,no. of tracks
```

where x = C for core image library  
R for relocatable library  
S for source statement library

trackaddress = 2 for private core image library; for the remaining two libraries, this address has to be computed by adding the length of the preceding library (including its directory) to the address of that library.

no. of tracks= length of the library in number of tracks.

### Step 5 Delete Unwanted Components

This step can only be executed in the background partition of the system.

Delete unwanted components by executing the appropriate procedures. Declare new libraries as private libraries. Example for a core image library:

```
// DLBL IJSYSCL,'DOS.SYSRES.FILE'
// EXTENT SYSCLB,SYSRES,1,0,2,1978 system core image library portion
ASSGN SYSCLB,X'161'
```

### Step 6 Assemble Your Own Supervisor

To access the new system release while under control of the current system, the new libraries must be defined as private libraries; refer to "Use System Libraries as Private Libraries", above.

In this step, decide whether to use one of the IBM-supplied supervisors or to assemble your own supervisor. Display the source (contained in the source statement library) of the IBM-supplied supervisors (contained in the core image library) by executing:

```
// JOB DSPLY
// DLBL IJSYSSL,'DOS.SYSRES.FILE'
// EXTENT SYSSLB,SYSRES,1,0,4020,2880
// ASSGN SYSSLB,X'161'
// EXEC SSERV
  DSPLY A.SUP0,A.SUP1,....,A.SUP6
/*
/£
```

If one of the IBM-supplied supervisors suits your requirements, continue with Step 8. Otherwise, assemble your own supervisor using DLBL and EXTENT statements as in the following example for a new source statement library (see also Figure 1-6):

```
// DLBL IJSYSSL,'DOS.SYSRES.FILE'
// EXTENT SYSSLB,SYSRES,1,0,4020,2880
// ASSGN SYSSLB,X'161'
```

For 64K Model 115 CPU configurations, either select \$\$\$SUP0 or assemble a supervisor whose storage requirements do not exceed 44K bytes. \$\$\$SUP0 provides for a single partition, includes RELDR=YES, but does not support POWER/VS. Device assignments are identical to those for \$\$\$SUP1 (see Figure 1-24).

### Step 7 Catalog Your Supervisor

Catalog the assembled supervisor (object module from Step 6) to the core image library. Also catalog printer form-control buffer and the universal character buffer images as required (see "Buffer Load" later in this module).

```
// JOB CATALSUP
// DLBL IJSYSCL,'DOS.SYSRES.FILE'
// EXTENT SYSCLB,SYSRES,1,0,2,1978
ASSGN SYSCLB,X'161'
// OPTION CATAL
  ACTION CLEAR
  INCLUDE
  Supervisor object deck here
/*
// EXEC LNKEDT
/£
```

### Step 8 Backup Libraries

The following job stream may be used to create a backup of your system and/or private libraries on tape. The backup is suitable as input to the Restore program. For the Restore JCL, refer to Step 2.

```
// JOB BACKUP SYSTEM AND/OR PRIVATE LIBRARIES
// ASSGN SYS005,X'cuu' system library disk, if system backup desired
// ASSGN SYS006,X'cuu' tape where backup is to be written to
// ASSGN SYS007,X'cuu' private CLB, if backup is desired
// ASSGN SYS008,X'cuu' private RLB, if backup is desired
// ASSGN SYS009,X'cuu' private SLB, if backup is desired
* Unassign any library that is not to be backed up
// ASSGN SYS004,UA if standalone tape is not to be produced (see Note)
// DLBL IJSYSRS,'DOS.SYSRES.FILE'
// EXTENT SYS005
// DLBL IJSYSCL,'DOS.PVT.CIB.FILE'
// EXTENT SYS007
// DLBL IJSYSRL,'DOS.PVT.RLB.FILE'
// EXTENT SYS008
// DLBL IJSYSSL,'DOS.PVT.SLB.FILE'
// EXTENT SYS009
  MTC REW,SYS006 backup does not rewind at OPEN or CLOSE
// EXEC BACKUP
/£
```



**Note:** For the description of the standalone backup and restore, refer to DOS/VS System Utilities.

If several private libraries are to be backed up, you may execute BACKUP several times to place these libraries on the same tape. These libraries may be restored with RESTORE which must be executed the same number of times as BACKUP was executed. If you use the standalone Restore program, you must forward space the tape two files to bypass one execution of BACKUP.

Figure 1-17 shows (1) the library identifiers to be used in the ALLOC statements for a later restore run and (2) the associated logical units and file names.

Identifier	Library	Logical Unit	File Name
CL	System Core Image Library	SYS005	IJSYSRS
RL	System Relocatable Library	SYS005	IJSYSRS
SL	System Source Statement Library	SYS005	IJSYSRS
PL	System Procedure Library	SYS005	IJSYSRS
PC	Private Core Image Library	SYS007	IJSYSCL
PR	Private Relocatable Library	SYS008	IJSYSRL
PS	Private Source Statement Library	SYS009	IJSYSSL

Figure 1-17. Library Identifiers, File Names, and Logical Units for the BACKUP and RESTORE Utility

#### Step 9 Restore the System

To restore the system and also your private libraries, use the job stream given in Step 2. On completion of the job, all libraries are condensed.

#### Step 10 Merging User Programs

Use the CORGZ program to merge the contents of an existing system residence disk pack with the contents of a new system residence disk pack, retaining the existing members of the destination library if duplicates occur. The control statements needed for this operation are:

```
// JOB MERGE
// DLBL IJSYSRS,'DOS.SYSRES.FILE'          new SYSRES
// EXTENT SYS002
// ASSGN SYS002,X'161'                    device for new SYSRES
// EXEC CORGZ
MERGE RES,NRS
COPYC NEW
COPYS NEW
COPYR NEW
COPYP NEW
```

} Provide COPYx statements as required.  
At least one COPYx statement must be given.

For further information on the CORGZ program, refer to DOS/VS System Control Statements.

**Note:** Phases \$\$A\$SUPx, if contained in the current CIL directory, will not be merged to the new CIL directory. Such phases are assumed to be supervisors and must be compiled again on the new system. Phases \$\$BFCBxx, \$\$BUCBxx, \$JOBACCT, and \$\$SYSOPEN, if found in the current directory, are merged to the new CIL directory even if they are present already.

#### Step 11 Assemble I/O Modules

Perform all other necessary assemblies. A-library macros such as, for instance, licensed programs supplied in A-macro format, must be edited before they can be assembled. The component assemblies should be performed as separate jobs.

For the information required to assemble Emulator Programs, refer to the Emulator Program manual listed in the Preface.

Assemble all your required IOCS modules. By assigning SYSPCH to a tape unit, disk extent, or diskette extent, the IOCS modules can be cataloged to the relocatable library without punching them in cards. The IOCS modules required by compilers, as defined in "Module 7: Compiler IOCS Modules", are contained in the IBM-supplied relocatable library.

Close the tape assigned to SYSPCH and reassign SYSPCH to its permanent assignment by using the CLOSE command. The assembly listings should be checked for errors before proceeding.

Note: Do not include a START statement in your assembly.

Given below is a sample job stream for the assembly of a CDMOD and MTMOD I/O module.

```
-----  
|// JOB ASSEM  
|// OPTION DECK,LIST,LOG,NOXREF  
|// ASSGN SYSPCH,X'280'  
|// EXEC ASSEMBLY  
|   PRINT NOGEN  
|   CDMOD RECFORM=FIXUNB,CTLCHR=ASA,TYPEFLE=OUTPUT,IOAREA2=YES,      X  
|           DEVICE=3525,SEPASMB=YES  
| END  
|/*  
|// EXEC ASSEMBLY  
|   PRINT NOGEN  
|   MTMOD RECFORM=FIXBLK,READ=FORWARD,SEPASMB=YES  
| END  
|/*  
|CLOSE SYSPCH,X'00D'  
|/ε  
|*Check assembly listings for errors.  Reload 280 with same tape.  
|// PAUSE      if correct press end to continue  
|-----
```

The multipart forms of the linkage editor maps and the supervisor listing will be required by your IBM customer engineer for maintenance purposes.

Before the next step is performed, check the linkage editor listings, and make all necessary corrections.

### Step 12 Catalog IOCS Modules

This step can only be executed in the background partition of the system.

Reload the tape that was assigned to SYSPCH in Step 11 and assign it to SYSIPT. With this tape the MAINT program catalogs the IOCS modules to the relocatable library.

```
-----  
|// JOB CATALRLB  
|// ASSGN SYSIPT,X'280'  
|* CATALOG MODULES TO RELOCATABLE LIBRARY  
|// EXEC MAINT  
|/ε  
|-----
```

The basic SYSGEN is complete. You may set new standard labels, reallocate library sizes by using the copy function (CORGZ), condense the libraries, and set condense limits if required. Copy the operational pack for backup.

### Step 13 IPL New SYSRES

Perform IPL and format your new page data set using the IPL DPD command including TYPE=F. To improve system performance, set up an SVA and build an SDL. You may use one of the IBM-provided procedures for this purpose (see "Introduction" in this module), or specify the phases whose names are to be included in the SDL by submitting a SET SDL=CREATE command (see the example below). If you do not wish to retain a procedure library, you should punch out the procedure, using the PSERV program, and include it in your set of IPL commands.

Example:

```
ADD commands      (optional)
SET DATE etc.
DPD options
SET SDL=CREATE
phase name
.
/*
ASSGN commands
SET RF=CREATE
```

The IBM-provided procedure (or the command SET SDL=CREATE) must precede job control commands such as ASSGN. These procedures can be executed only in a multiprogramming environment (NPARTS>1).

When IPL is complete, enter the SET job control command to create the recorder file. If your CPU is equipped with a display operator console, include HC=CREATE in the command to cause the creation of a hard copy file. For more information on these procedures, refer to DOS/VS System Management Guide.

### Step 14 Standard Labels and Hardcopy File

Define label information for SYSRES, SYSLNK, SYSREC, SYS001, SYS002, and SYS003. In addition you may include any label information required for your installation. If your system resides on a 3330, 3340 Model 70, or 3350 you may use the provided procedure LABELS30, LABELS40, or LABELS50 respectively, to load the default standard labels, or you may define your own standard labels as follows:

```
// OPTION STDLABEL
// DLBL IJSYSRS,'DOS SYSRES.FILE',99/365,SD
// EXTENT SYSRES,nnnnnn,1,n,0001,nnnn
// DLBL IJSYSLN,'SYSTEM WORK FILE NO. 0',99/365,SD
// EXTENT SYSLNK,nnnnnn,1,n,nnnn,nnnn
// DLBL IJSYS01,'SYSTEM WORK FILE NO. 1',99/365,SD
// EXTENT SYS001,nnnnnn,1,n,nnnn,nnnn
// DLBL IJSYS02,'SYSTEM WORK FILE NO. 2',99/365,SD
// EXTENT SYS002,nnnnnn,1,n,nnnn,nnnn
// DLBL IJSYS03,'SYSTEM WORK FILE NO. 3',99/365,SD
// EXTENT SYS003,nnnnnn,1,n,nnnn,nnnn
// DLBL IJSYSRC,'DOS RECORDER FILE',99/365,SD recorder file
// EXTENT SYSREC,nnnnnn,1,n,nnnn,nnnn
// DLBL IJSYSCN,'HARDCOPY FILE',99/365,SD hard copy file
// EXTENT SYSREC,nnnnnn,1,n,nnnn,nnnn
// DLBL IJSYSIN,'DTTEPTF',,DU {SYSIN labels for
// EXTENT SYSIN {diskette PTF for
// EXTENT SYSIN {cardless systems
// EXTENT SYSIN {only
//&
```

In addition, you may now perform an LSERV and an LVTOC to obtain a listing of the labels stored on the label cylinder(s) and in the VTOC.

```
// JOB DISPLY
// EXEC LSERV
// ASSGN SYS004,X'160'    for your system residence pack
// ASSGN SYS005,X'00E'    for the printer
// EXEC LVTOC
/£
```

#### Step 15 DSERV and Link PTFHIST

Perform a sorted DSERV to display the directories for later reference using the following statements:

```
// JOB DSERV
// EXEC DSERV
  DSPLYS ALL
/£
```

Initialize and link the Maintain System History (PTFHIST) Utility (see also section "Utilization of the Maintain System History (PTFHIST) Program" earlier in this module) using the following statements:

```
// JOB PTFHIST
// OPTION DECK
// EXEC ASSEMBLY
  HIST          for parameters, see "HIST Macro Description"
  END           in "Module 24: System Utilities".
/*
/£
```

Execute the job stream generated on SYSPCH.

#### Step 16 Assemble IVP

Perform an assembly of the Installation Verification Procedure. The output consists of a job stream to execute the selected IVP functions. Output is on SYSPCH which can be a card punch, a tape drive, a disk drive, or a diskette. You can also generate a job that deletes the IVP books that were used in the assembly. If you choose to do this, however, bear in mind that it will be impossible to do a reassembly of the IVPGEN macro during this system generation.

Refer to "Module 3: Installation Verification Procedure" for a comprehensive description of the operating instructions for IVP.

```
-----
// JOB IVP GENERATION
// EXEC ASSEMBLY
  IVPGEN VERIFY=NO,[DELUED=YES,]    selected IVPGEN parameters
  END
/*
// PAUSE      the output on SYSPCH must now be read on SYSIN
/£
-----
```

#### Step 17 Backup Libraries

Now you should take a backup by using the Backup or FASTCOPY programs as shown in Step 8 of this example.

#### Unsuccessful Generation

If the generation proved unsuccessful, repeat the appropriate job step or call your IBM representative.

**DOS/VS System Program Sizes and Component Storage Requirements**

Component	IBM Program Number 5745-SC	Core Image Library		Relocatable Library			Source Statement Library	
		Phases	Blocks	Prefix Modules	Blocks	Books	Blocks	
<u>Attention Routines, Initiators, Terminators &amp; Dumps</u>	AIT (Note 1)							
Standard System Dump		11*	13	IJB	12	70		
Translating System Dump		11*	13	IJB	12	71		
Attention Routines, Initiators, Terminators		33*	38					
<u>Assembler &amp; ESERV Programs</u>	ASM						2	44
Assembler	(Note 2)	19	122	IPKA	38	609	(IVP)	
ESERV		7	41	IPKV	10	218		
BTAM	BTM (Note 2)	52	52	IJL	65	179	66	8620
		29*	37					
Checkpoint/Restart	CKR (Note 1)	14*	22				1	26
Direct Access (Disk) IOCS	DAM** (Note 2)	11*	12	IJI	28	246	3	1273
Diskette I/O Unit	DIO	19*	19				3	503
Disk ERP	DKE (Note 1)	6*	6				1	411
Display Operator Console Support (PRINTLOG)	DOC (Note 1)	31*	31	IJB	1	20	6	407
		1	5					
Sequential Disk IOCS	DSK** (Note 2)	30*	30	IJG	55	344	11	6848
<u>Emulators</u>								
1401/1440/1460 Emulator	5747-CC3							
1410/7010 Emulator	(Note 2)							
Model 20 Emulator	E20 (Note 2)	25*	40	IIS	73	506	23	2471
		7	7					
Environmental Recording, Editing, and Printing (EREP)	ERP (Note 2)	1*	1	IJB	127	1632		
		131	344					

Figure 1-18. Library Requirements (Part 1 of 4)



Component	IBM Program Number 5745-SC	Core Image Library		Relocatable Library		Source Statement Library	
		Phases	Blocks	Prefix Modules	Blocks	Books	Blocks
<u>Optical Character Reader IOCS</u>	OCR**						
1287		2*	2			5	722
3886	(Note 2)	2*	2			6	382
OLTEP	OLT (Note 2)	2* 48	2 91	IJZ	50	410	
Configuration Data Sets			(Note 3)				
Online Tests (OLTs)			(Note 4)				
<u>Problem Deter- mination Aids</u>	PDA						
PDAID		15 6*	21 8	IJB	2	45	
DUMPGEN		1	24	IJB	1	93	
LSERV	(Note 1)	1	9	IJB	1	20	
SDAID		4 2*	25 4	IJB	4	64	
Page Data Set Dump (PDSDM)		1	12	IJB	1	41	
DOSVSDMP		1	32	IJB	3	138	
PDZAP		1* 1	1 2	IJB	1	28	
Paper Tape IOCS	PTP** (Note 2)	3*	4				2 593
POWER/VS	PWR (Note 2)	45 1*	231 1				13 753
QTAM	QTM (Note 2)	22*	34	IJL	109	393	79 2013
<u>Recovery Management Support</u>	RMS						
MCAR/CCH	(Note 1)	23	23				
<u>Supervisor Macros</u>	SUP (Note 1)	1*	34				
<u>Communication Macros</u>							50 525
<u>Generation Macros</u>							
Basic							35 11,608
TP							2 290
DOC							2 146
Magnetic Tape IOCS	TAP** (Note 2)	19*	34	IJF	18	77	2 994
Tape ERP	TPE (Note 1)	1 10*	4 10	IJB	1	17	

Figure 1-18. Library Requirements (Part 3 of 4)

Component	IBM Program Number 5745-SC	Core Image Library		Relocatable Library			Source Statement Library	
		Phases	Blocks	Prefix Modules	Blocks	Books	Blocks	
VSAM	VSM (Note 2)	15* 31	17 321	\$\$B 15 IGG 57 IKQ 92 IDC 104	53 754 949 2275	26	1602	
Access Method Services		81	496					
VTAM (incl. TOLTEP)	VTM	181 15*	796 16	IJB 491 IST	4552	44	4680	
<u>System Utility Programs</u>	UTL (Note 2)	42	302	IJW 60	1122			
Assign Alternate Track Disk		5	41	IJW 6	90			
Assign Alternate Track Data Cell		5	26	IJW 6	69			
BACKUP		1	7	IJW 1	29	1	482	
Clear Disk		3	8	IJW 4	35			
Clear Data Cell		3	7	IJW 4	32			
Copy Disk to Card		2	11	IJW 3	53			
Copy Disk to Disk		2	13	IJW 3	61			
Copy Disk or Data Cell to Tape		2	11	IJW 3	54			
Copy and Restore Diskette		1	19	IJW 1	72			
Copy File and Maintain Object Module		1	48	IJW 1	120			
Deblock Utility		1	17	IJW 2	67			
Fast Copy Disk Vol.		3	18	IJW 5	59	2	522	
Initialize Disk		4	28	IJW 5	122			
Initialize Data Cell		4	15	IJW 5	69			
Initialize Tape		1	5	IJW 2	23			
RESTORE		1	16	IJW 1	63			
Restore Card to Disk		1	7	IJW 2	33			
Restore Tape to Disk or Data Cell		1	8	IJW 2	35			
VTOC Display		1	6	IJW 4	34			
Transients		1	1					
Distribution Program Supervisor (8K)	(Note 1)							
Maintain System History	UTS	2	56	IKR 3	128	3	85	
List System History		1	12	IKR 1	63			
<u>3800 Printer Support</u>								
IEBIMAGE	5748-C1-IMP	1	29	IEB 4	111			
CRF1xxxx		15	35	GRF1 15	131			
XTB1xxxx		47	47	XTB1 47	188			
SETPRT	5748-C1-PRT	1	14	IJV 6	70	3	275	
Analysis Program-1	APC	1	19	IAQ 4	94			

\* Transients  
 \*\* See "Compiler IOCS Modules" for the preassembled module names and usage.  
 \*\*\* American National Standard

Figure 1-18. Library Requirements (Part 4 of 4)



Notes:

1. See subsequent sections for further information on this component.
2. See the relevant separate book module for further information on this component.
3. This is the formula to calculate the number of core image library blocks needed for the configuration data sets:

$$\frac{\text{number of devices on system} + 1}{6} = \text{number of blocks}$$

4. The number of core image library blocks required for the Online Tests (OLTs) depends on the number of device types on the system and the number and size of the tests needed for these devices. This information is in the description that accompanies the tests.

# Component Requirements

## IOCS Routines

### SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

The following macros are shipped in the source statement library.

Note: "Module 7: Compiler IOCS Modules", contains a list of preassembled modules required by system programs.

### File Definition Macros

E.CDMOD	E.DTFCN	E.DTFPR
E.DIMOD	E.DTFDI	E.DTFPT
E.DTFBG	E.DTFEN	E.DTFSR
E.DTFCD	E.DTFPH	E.PRMOD

### Imperative Macros

Storage Bytes			
	Basic	For Literals (Note 1)	For Variables
E.CCB	16-24		
E.CHECK	8	+4	Note 2.
E.CLOSE	10	+8	Note 3.
E.CLOSER	14+10 if any register is specified	+8	Note 4.
E.CNTRL	10-18	+4	
E.ERET			
E.EXCP	2-6	+0-4	
E.FEOV	8-12	+4	
E.FEOVD			
E.FREE	8-12	+0-4	
E.GET	8	+4 per symbolic name	Note 2.
E.LBRET	2		+2
E.NOTE	12	+4	
E.OPEN	10	+8	Note 3.
E.OPENR	14+10 if any register is specified	+8	Note 4.
E.POINTR	8	+4 per symbolic name	Note 2.
E.POINTS	8-12	+4	
E.POINTW	8	+4 per symbolic name	Note 2.
E.PRTOV	8	+4 per symbolic name	Note 2.
E.PUT	8-12	+4	Note 2.
E.READ	8-36 Note 5.	+4 per symbolic name	Note 6.
E.RELEASE			
E.RELSE	8	+4 per symbolic name	
E.SECTVAL	10	+4 per symbolic	
E.SEOV	10	+8	+3
E.TRUNC	8-12	+0-4	
E.WAITF	8-12	+0-4	Note 3.
E.WRITE	8-26 Note 5.	+0-4	

### Notes:

1. Include the storage requirement for literals only once if the literal is used by more than one macro instruction.
2. +4 per symbolic name, +2 per ordinary register notation, or +0 per special register notation.
3. +4 per filename or +8 per register.
4. +14 per filename or +8 per register.
5. 20 bytes are required for BTAM.
6. +38 No operands coded in register notation.

IOCS Macro Storage Requirements

The storage required by the imperative macros may be determined by using the preceding figures with Figures 1-19 through 1-23.

Note: Read-only modules are recommended for virtual programs (RDONLY=YES).

CDMOD (CARD MODULE)

RECFORM	IOAREA2	WORKA	TYPEFLE								CMBND	
			INPUT		OUTPUT							
			1442	2560*	1442	2520	2540	2560* or 5425	1442	2520		
			2520	5425	2596		3525				2540	
			2501					For	For			
			2596					Punch	Punch			
			3505					File	Inter-			
			3525						pret			
			3881						File			
FIXUNB	-	-	104	154	74	80	40	104	96	126	198	
FIXUNB	-	YES	106	160	116	122	84	134	122	154	226	
FIXUNB	YES	-	136	176	118	124	82	140	-	126	198	
FIXUNB	YES	YES	138	186	132	138	96	150	-	154	226	
UNDEF	-	-	-	-	112	110	73	125	-	-	-	
UNDEF	-	YES	-	-	124	132	92	142	-	-	-	
UNDEF	YES	-	-	-	128	130	90	148	-	-	-	
UNDEF	YES	YES	-	-	140	146	104	154	-	-	-	
VARUNB	-	-	-	-	126	132	94	142	-	-	-	
VARUNB	-	YES	-	-	140	146	108	164	-	-	-	
VARUNB	YES	-	-	-	154	160	118	166	-	-	-	
VARUNB	YES	YES	-	-	156	162	120	176	-	-	-	

\*Additional space required for associated files:

FUNC=	TYPFLE	
	INPUT	OUTPUT
RP	48	56
RW	56	-
PW	-	48
RPW	92	64

Figure 1-19. CONTROL -- CDMOD Storage Requirements (Part 1 of 3)

Notes:

1. CTLCHR=YES or ASA; depending upon record format, number of I/O areas, and/or work area specifications:  
 For YES, a minimum of 8 to a maximum of 36 additional bytes are required.  
 For ASA, a minimum of 28 to a maximum of 65 additional bytes are required.
2. RDNLY=YES changes the size of the modules -50 to +50 bytes. In addition, the user's program must provide a 72-byte save area each time the module is reentered.
3. Parts 2 and 3 of Figure 1-19 show the requirements for the other CDMOD options. The values selected must be added to the TYPEFLE value to determine the amount of storage needed.

CRDERR=RETRY	2520	2540
without IOAREA2 or WORKA	+73	+123
with either or both	+69	+119

Figure 1-19. CONTROL -- CDMOD Storage Requirements (Part 2 of 3)

CONTROL=YES	1442	2540	2520	2560* or 5425	3505/3525**
INPUT	+26	+82	+30	+44	+94
OUTPUT without WORKA	+24	+20	+12	+36	+26
OUTPUT with WORKA	+24	+32	+12	+20	+38
CMBND without WORKA	+24	+20	+12	--	--
CMBND with WORKA	+32	+32	+12	--	--
*CONTROL may not be specified for input files associated with punch files on the 2560 or 5425.					
**CONTROL may not be specified for input files used as associated files on the 3525.					

Figure 1-19. CONTROL -- CDMOD Storage Requirements (Part 3 of 3)

DTFCD (DEFINE THE FILE CARD)

TYPEFLE=INPUT requires 50 bytes. (72 bytes for single file for a 2560 or 5425, 56 bytes if ERROPT is specified for a 3505 or 3525, 82 bytes plus the length of the card buffer if ASOCFLE is specified for a 2560 or 5425, 60 bytes if ASOCFLE is specified for a 3525.)

TYPEFLE=CMBND requires 84 bytes.

TYPEFLE=OUTPUT requires 48 bytes (64 bytes for single file for a 2560 or 5425, 69 bytes plus the length of the card buffer if ASOCFLE is specified for a 2560 or 5425, 52 bytes if ASOCFLE is specified for a 3525, 152 bytes if FUNC=I is specified for a 2560 or 5425, 128 bytes if FUNC=I is specified for a 3525).

CRDERR=RETRY (2540 only) requires an additional 88 bytes.

DEVICE=2520 requires 8 additional bytes.

DIMOD (DEVICE INDEPENDENT SYSTEM UNITS MODULES)

TYPEFLE=	Basic Module	IOAREA2=YES	RPS Version of Logic Module
INPUT	454	+112	534
OUTPUT	903	+152	1021

RDONLY=YES changes the size of the module -70 to +70 bytes. In addition, the user's program must provide a 72-byte save area each time the module is reentered. RPS versions of the logic models support all other options for each TYPEFLE. Specifying TRC=YES adds another 256 bytes to the size of the module.

Figure 1-20. DIMOD Storage Requirements

DTFDI (DEFINE THE FILE DEVICE INDEPENDENT SYSTEM UNITS)

The table requirement is 240 bytes.

PRMOD (PRINTER MODULE)

RECFORM=	BASIC MODULE (2)	WORKA=YES	IOAREA2=YES	PRINTOV (3)	CTLCHR=		CONTROL=YES (4)	ERROPT=YES (1)
					ASA	YES		
FIXUNB	72	+6	+24	+34	+128		+40	+68
UNDEF	102	+22	+12	+34	+132	+4	+40	+68
VARUNB	136	+14	+12	+34	+124	-4	+40	+68

Note: RDONLY=YES changes the size of the module -50 to +50 bytes. In addition, the user's program must provide a 72-byte save area each time the module is reentered. Specifying TRC=YES increases the size of the module by an additional 102 to 158 bytes, depending on the options chosen.

- (1) If ERROPT=YES is specified, then DEVICE=3211 must also be specified. For a 3525 add 22 bytes, instead of 68, for ERROPT.
- (2) For the 2560 and 5425, the sizes are 166 bytes for FIXUNB, 190 bytes for UNDEF, 206 bytes for VARUNB. For the 3525, add from 52 to 72 bytes to the size of the basic module, depending on the type of associated file specified.
- (3) For the 3525 add from 34 to 58 bytes.
- (4) For the 3525 add from 40 to 160 bytes.

Figure 1-21. CONTROL -- PRMOD Storage Requirements

DTFPR (DEFINE THE FILE PRINTER)

The table requirement is 48 bytes or 52 bytes if ERROPT is specified for the 3211 printer or, if ASOCFLE is specified, for the 3525 card punch. For the 2560 the requirement is 72 bytes for a single file or 64 bytes for an associated file; for the 5425 the requirement is 56 bytes for either a single or an associated file.

DTFPH (DEFINE THE PHYSICAL IOCS)

Device	Size
Tape	104
DASD MOUNTED=ALL	40
DASD MOUNTED=SINGLE	84
3540 MOUNTED=SINGLE	84
No module is required for this macro instruction.	

Figure 1-22. CONTROL -- DTFPH Storage Requirements

DTFCN (DEFINE THE FILE CONSOLE)

		TYPEFLE=		
RECFORM=	WORKA=	INPUT/ OUTPUT	OUTPUT only	CMBND
FIXUNB	-	94	60	144
FIXUNB	YES	150	90	252
UNDEF	-	156	114	-
UNDEF	YES	262	168	-
No module is required for this macro instruction.				

Figure 1-23. CONTROL -- DTFCN Storage Requirements

DTFSR (DEFINE THE FILE SERIAL DEVICE)

When a DTFSR is assembled, it generates both a table and a module. For example, if DTFSR is used for a printer, a table and a module are generated just as though DTFPR and PRMOD were used. To determine the storage requirements for DTFSR, add the table and the module requirements for the appropriate device type, such as 48 bytes (DTFPR) and n bytes (PRMOD) for a printer.

**System Directory List and SVA Loading**

The system procedure library contains the procedures SDL, RPS, VSAMSV, and VSAMRPS to build system directory lists and to load IBM-supplied phases into the SVA.

- SDL loads a set of selected system phases, but no RPS or VSAM phases.
- RPS loads the same phases as procedure SDL plus RPS phases.
- VSAMSV loads the same phases as procedure SDL plus VSAM phases.
- VSAMRPS loads the same phases as procedure SDL plus RPS and VSAM.

The statements that make up procedures SDL and RPS are listed under "SDL Considerations" and "RPS Considerations", respectively, below. Those of VSAMSV and VSAMRPS are listed in Module 17 of this manual, under "Loading VSAM phases into the SVA".

If a 3800 Printing Subsystem is to be used, names IJVSPRDV and IJDPR3 must be added to the SDL. They are not in any of the IBM-supplied lists.

**SDL Considerations**

Procedure SDL builds a system directory list for systems generated without VSAM and RPS support. It consists of the following transients, phases, and statements:

```

SET SDL=CREATE          $$BOSDO2
$$BCLOSE                $$BOSDO3
$$BCLOS2                $$BOSDO4
$$BCLOS3                $$BOSDO8
$$BCLOS4                $$BOSDO9
$$BEOJ                  $$BOSDW1
$$BEOJS1                $$BOSDW2
$$BEOJ4                 $$BOSD00
$$BEOJ7                 $$BOSD01
$$BOCP01                $$BOSD02
$$BOCP03                $$BOSD03
$$BOFLPT                $$BOSD04
$$BOPEN                 $$BOSD05
$$BOPEND                $$BOSD06
$$BOPENR                $$BOSIGN
$$BOPEN0                $$BSETL
$$BOPEN1                $$BSETL1
$$BOPEN3                $$BSETL2
$$BOPEN4                $JOBCTLA
$$BOPEN5                $JOBCTLE
$$BOPEN6                $JOBCTLN
$$BOPIGN                $JOBACCT,SVA
$$BOSDC1                $JOBEXIT,SVA
$$BOSDC3                $LIBSTAT,SVA
$$BOSDI1                $MAINDIR,SVA
$$BOSDI2                /*
$$BOSDI4                /*
$$BOSD01
    
```

## RPS Considerations

Procedure RPS builds a system directory list for systems generated with RPS support. This procedure consists of the statements given under "SDL Considerations" (excluding the /\* and /\*) plus the following:

```
IJGCYCMB,SVA
IJGCYCWB,SVA
IJGFWCMB,SVA
IJGFXCMB,SVA
IJGFXCWB,SVA
IJGPYCWB,SVA
IJGQWCMB,SVA
IJGQXCWB,SVA
IJGRYCWB,SVA
IJGSYCWB,SVA
IJGTWNCT,SVA
IJGUWCWB,SVA
IJGUXCWB,SVA
IJGVWCWB,SVA
IJGVXCWB,SVA
IJHAVBBF,SVA
IJHAVBBS,SVA
IJHAVBCF,SVA
IJHAVBCS,SVA
IJHAVGBF,SVA
IJHAVGBS,SVA
IJHAVGCF,SVA
IJHAVGCS,SVA
IJHZXGZS,SVA
IJIBWEHW,SVA
IJIPWEHW,SVA
IJISWEHW,SVA
IJIVWEHW,SVA
IJJCVA1N,SVA
IJJCVDV,SVA
IJJCVD0,SVA
IJJFVBIC,SVA
IJJFVIIC,SVA
/*
/*
```

## DELETION OF RPS SUPPORT

If RPS support will never be used in any supervisor, the following core image library phases may be deleted:

```
IJGCYCMB
IJGCYCWB
IJGFWCMB
IJGFXCWB
IJGFXCMB
IJGFXCWB
IJGPYCWB
IJGQWCWB
IJGVXCWB
IJGRYCWB
IJGSYCWB
IJGTWNCT
IJGUWCWB
IJGUXCWB
IJGVWCWB
IJGQXCWB
IJHAVEBF
IJHAVBBS
IJHAVBCF
IJHAVBCS
IJHAVGBF
IJHAVGBS
IJHAVGCF
IJHAVGCS
IJHZXGZS
IJIBWEHW
IJIPWEHW
IJISWEHW
IJIVWEHW
IJJCVA1N
IJJCVDV
IJJCVD0
IJJFVBIC
IJJFVIIC
```

## PRE-LOADING MODULES IN THE SVA

Any or all of the following modules may be pre-loaded into the SVA to improve performance. When checkpointing with RPS in the system it is a requirement that any RPS logic module phases that will be used by the program be pre-loaded. Any access method may be used when all of the following phases are pre-loaded. For information on reserving storage for RPS, refer to the DOS/VS System Management Guide.

Phase Name	Access Method	Function	Number of Bytes
IJGCYCMB	Sequential Disk	Fixed length, update, TRUNCs	1550
IJGCYCWB		Fixed length, update	1406
IJGFWCMB		Fixed length, input, TRUNCs	1078
IJGFWCWB		Fixed length, input	904
IJGFXCMB		Fixed length, output, TRUNCs	1252
IJGFXCWB		Fixed length, output	1032
IJGPYCWB		Spanned record, update	3302
IJGQWCWB		Spanned record, input	1428
IJGQXCWB		Spanned record, output	2790
IJGRYCWB		Undefined, update	1518
IJGSYCWB		Variable length, update, hold	1778
IJGTWNCT		Work file	1992
IJGUWCWB		Undefined, input	928
IJGUXCWB		Undefined, output	1090
IJGVWCWB		Variable length, input	998
IJGVXCWB		Variable length, output	1568
IJHAVBBF	ISAM	HOLD, CORDATA	7744
IJHAVBBS		HOLD, no CORDATA	7234
IJHAVBCF		No HOLD, CORDATA	7330
IJHAVBCS		No HOLD, no CORDATA	6812
IJHAGBF		Two I/O areas, HOLD, CORDATA	7336
IJHAGBS		Two I/O areas, HOLD, no CORDATA	6822
IJHAGCF		Two I/O areas, no HOLD, CORDATA	6976
IJHAGCS		Two I/O areas, no HOLD, no CORDATA	6462
IJHZXGZS		Load	1556
IJIBWEHW	Direct Accesss	Undefined record	2202
IJIPWEHW		Fixed length	1994
IJISWEHW		Spanned record	5110
IJIVWEHW		Variable length	2140
IJJCVA1N	Device Independent	ASCII	887
IJJCVDV	(System)	I/O pointer	751
IJJCVD0		Fixed area I/O	847
IJJFVBIC	Device Independent	Output	1029
IJJFVIIC	(User)	Input	550

Phases that are not used by the checkpointing program do not have to be pre-loaded into the SVA.

### Examples:

1. If the program does not use ISAM, none of the nine ISAM phases needs to be pre-loaded.
2. If ASCII=YES is not specified in the SUPVR macro at system generation time, IJJCVA1N need not be pre-loaded.



## IPL and Buffer Load

### IPL

#### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

##### Transients

```
$$$CDL0 (optinal provided by the user)
$$$IPL1
$$$IPL2
```

##### Phases

```
$IPLRT2
$IPLRT3
$IPLRT4
$IPLRT5
```

#### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

##### Module

```
IJBIPL
```

##### Link-Edit Statements

```
INCLUDE IJBIPL
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

### Buffer Load (1403U Printer)

#### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

It is your responsibility to link-edit into the core image library the modules required for later use in LUCB and UCB job control statements.

#### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

##### Modules

```
IJBTRAN
IJBTRGN
IJBTRONA
IJBTRPAN
IJBTRPHN
IJBTRPN
IJBTRQNC
IJBTRQN
IJBTRRN
IJBTRSN
IJBTRTN
IJBTRYN
IJBTRALA
```

#### Link-Edit Statements

```
PHASE phasename,+0
INCLUDE IJBTRxxx
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

where xxx is a two or three character identifier of the train type on your 1403U.

### Buffer Load (3203 Printer Model 1 and 2)

#### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

##### Transients (Required for IPL)

```
$$BFCB3
$$BUCB3
$$BUFLDR
$$BUFLD1
$$BUFLD2
```

##### Phases

```
SYSBUFLD
SYSBUFF1
```

#### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

##### Modules

```
IJBSEUFF
IJBSEUF1
IJBTRAN
IJBTRGN
IJBTRONA
IJBTRPAN
IJBTRPHN
IJBTRPN
IJBTRQNC
IJBTRQN
IJBTRRN
IJBTRSN
IJBTRTN
IJBTRYN
IJBTRALA
```

##### Link-Edit Statements

```
PHASE $$BUCB3,+0
INCLUDE IJBTRxxx
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

where xxx is a two or three character identifier of the train type on your 3203 printer other than the AN supplied in the core image library.

```
PHASE SYSBUFLD,+0
INCLUDE IJBSEUFF
PHASE SYSBUFF1,+0
INCLUDE IJBSEUF1
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

## Buffer Load (3203-4 Printer)

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Transients (Required for IPL)

\$\$BFCB00  
\$\$BUCB00  
\$\$BUFLDR  
\$\$BUFLD1  
\$\$BUFLD2

#### Phases

SYSBUFLD  
SYSBUFF1

### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

#### Modules

IJBSPATH  
IJBSPATH1  
IJBTVAN  
IJBTVGN  
IJBTVQAA  
IJBTVQAB  
IJBTVQDA  
IJBTVQNA  
IJBTVPAN  
IJBTVPHN  
IJBTVPN  
IJBTVQNC  
IJBTVQN  
IJBTVRN  
IJBTVSN  
IJBTVTN  
IJBTVYN  
IJBTVALA

#### Link-Edit Statements

```
PHASE $$BUCB00,+0  
INCLUDE IJBTVxxx  
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

where xxx is a two or three character identifier of the train type on your 3203-4 printer other than the AN supplied in the core image library.

```
PHASE SYSBUFLD,+0  
INCLUDE IJBSPATH  
PHASE SYSBUFF1,+0  
INCLUDE IJBSPATH1  
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

## Buffer Load (3211 Printer)

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Transients (Required for IPL if 3211 is present)

\$\$BFCB  
\$\$BUCB  
\$\$BUFLDR  
\$\$BUFLD1  
\$\$BUFLD2

### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

#### Modules

IJBSPATH  
IJBSPATH1  
IJBTRA11  
IJBTRG11  
IJBTRH11  
IJBTRP11  
IJBTRT11

#### Link-Edit Statements

```
PHASE $$BUCB,+0  
INCLUDE IJBTRxnn  
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

where xnn is the train on your 3211 printer other than the A11 supplied in the core image library (transient \$\$BUCB).

```
PHASE SYSBUFLD,+0  
INCLUDE IJBSPATH  
PHASE SYSBUFF1,+0  
INCLUDE IJBSPATH1  
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

## Buffer Load (5203 Printer)

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Transients (Required for IPL)

\$\$BFCB5  
\$\$BUCB5 (see Note)  
\$\$BUFLDR  
\$\$BUFLD1  
\$\$BUFLD2

Note: This transient is not required for IPL when the UCS feature is not present.

#### Phases

SYSBUFLD  
SYSBUFF1

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

IJBSBUFF  
 IJBSBUF1  
 IJBTRAN  
 IJBTRGN  
 IJBTRPN

Link-Edit Statements

```

    PHASE $$BUCB5,+0
    INCLUDE IJBTRxx
    // EXEC LNKEDT
    
```

where xx is the train type on your 5203U printer other than the AN supplied in the core image library.

```

    PHASE SYSBUFLD,+0
    INCLUDE IJBSBUFF
    PHASE SYSBUFF1,+0
    INCLUDE IJBSBUF1
    // EXEC LNKEDT
    
```

**3800 Printing Subsystem Support**

SETPRT (SET 3800 PRINTING SUBSYSTEM

PARAMETERS)

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Transients

\$\$BUFLDR  
 \$\$BUFLD1  
 \$\$BUFLD2

Phase (Required if 3800 is present)

IJVSPRDV

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

IJVSPRCM  
 IJVSPRDV  
 IJVSPRIO  
 IJVSPR01  
 IJVSPR02  
 IJVSPR03

Source Statement Library

E.QSETPRT  
 E.SETPRT  
 E.SPLIST

Link-Edit Statements

For a list of the link-edit statements that are a part of the DOS/VS IBM 3800 Printing Subsystem Independent Component Release (ICR), see the link book in the "Program Directory" that comes with the ICR.

IEBIMAGE (UTILITY FOR THE 3800)

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phase

IEBIMAGE

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

IEBIMAGE  
 IEBIMSGS  
 IEBIOBJT  
 IEBISCAN

GRF1xxxx (IBM-SUPPLIED GRAPHIC CHARACTER MODIFICATION PHASES)

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phases

GRF1IGSC  
 GRF1IGS0  
 GRF1IGS2  
 GRF1IGS5  
 GRF1IGUC  
 GRF1IGU0  
 GRF1IGU2  
 GRF1IGU5  
 GRF1IOSA  
 GRF1IOSB  
 GRF1ISP1  
 GRF1ITS1  
 GRF1ITS2  
 GRF1ITU1  
 GRF1ITU2

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

The module names of the GRF1xxxx modules are identical to the 15 phase names shown.

XTB1xxxx (IBM-SUPPLIED CHARACTER ARRANGEMENT TABLES)

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phases

XTB1AN  
 XTB1AOA  
 XTB1AOD  
 XTB1AON  
 XTB1A11  
 XTB1BOA  
 XTB1BON  
 XTB1FM10  
 XTB1FM12

XTB1FM15  
 XTB1GFC  
 XTB1GF10  
 XTB1GF12  
 XTB1GF15  
 XTB1GN  
 XTB1GSC  
 XTB1GS10  
 XTB1GS12  
 XTB1GS15  
 XTB1GUC  
 XTB1GU10  
 XTB1GU12  
 XTB1GU15  
 XTB1G11  
 XTB1HN  
 XTB1H11  
 XTB1KN1  
 XTB1OAA  
 XTB1OAB  
 XTB1ODA  
 XTB1ONA  
 XTB1ONB  
 XTB1PCAN  
 XTB1PCHN  
 XTB1PN  
 XTB1P11  
 XTB1QN  
 XTB1QNC  
 XTB1RN  
 XTB1SN  
 XTB1TN  
 XTB1TU10  
 XTB1T11  
 XTB1XN  
 XTB1YN  
 XTB12773  
 XTB12774

\$JOBCTLG  
 \$JOBCTLJ  
 \$JOBCTLK  
 \$JOBCTLM  
 \$JOBCTLN \*  
 \$JOBEXIT  
 \$SYSOPEN \*\*

\* Required for Job Accounting Interface  
 \*\*Only present in core image library. Not part of JCL proper.

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

\$JOBACCT  
 IBJC  
 IBJCB  
 IBJC1  
 IBJC2  
 IBJC3  
 IBJC4  
 IBJC5  
 IBJC6  
 IBJC7  
 IBJC8 (Job Accounting Interface)  
 IBJC9

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IBJC  
 // EXEC LNKEDT  
 INCLUDE \$JOBACCT  
 // EXEC LNKEDT

**Linkage Editor**

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phases

\$LNKEDT

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

IJBLE1

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJBLE1  
 // EXEC LNKEDT

WORK FILE REQUIREMENTS FOR LINKAGE EDITOR

This section contains information for determining the work file requirements for the linkage editor and assembler when the work file is on an IBM DASD other than 2311.

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

The module names of the XTB1xxxx modules are identical to the 47 phase names shown.

**Job Control**

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Transients

\$\$BJCOPT  
 \$\$BJCOP1  
 \$\$BLSTIO

Phases

\$JOBACCT \*  
 \$JOBCTLA  
 \$JOBCTLB  
 \$JOBCTLD  
 \$JOBCTLE  
 \$JOBCTLF

IJBMS  
IJBMDU  
IJBMIN  
IJBMI0  
IJBNU  
IJBLS2

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJBLS2  
// EXEC LNKEDT  
INCLUDE IJBLBIO  
// EXEC LNKEDT  
INCLUDE IJBLBI1  
// EXEC LNKEDT

CSERV

Core Image Library

Phase

CSERV

Relocatable Library

Module

IJBLBP

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJBLBP  
// EXEC LNKEDT

DSERV

Core Image Library

Phases

DSERV  
DSERV1  
DSERV2  
DSERV3  
DSERV4  
DSERV5  
DSERV6

Relocatable Library

Modules

IJBLS1

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJBLS1  
// EXEC LNKEDT

PSERV

Core Image Library

Phase

PSERV

Relocatable Library

Module

IJBLS6

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJBLS6  
// EXEC LNKEDT

RSERV

Core Image Library

Phase

RSERV

Relocatable Library

Modules

IJBLBC  
IJBLS3

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJBLS3  
// EXEC LNKEDT

SSERV

Core Image Library

Phase

SSERV

Relocatable Library

Modules

IJBLBC  
IJBLS4

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJBLS4  
// EXEC LNKEDT

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phase Name	Number of Phases	Number of Library Blocks	Remarks
\$\$\$\$SUP0	1	34	Required for system generation 64K Model 115 CPU Standard Supervisor
\$\$\$\$SUP1	1	48	
\$\$\$\$SUP2	1	52	
\$\$\$\$SUP3	1	70	
\$\$\$\$SUP4	1	70	
\$\$\$\$SUP5	1	82	
\$\$\$\$SUP6	1	96	

CONFIGURATION OF SUPERVISOR \$\$A\$SUP1

Figure 1-24 represents the parameters and their specification of the standard default supervisor for the 3330 resident system (generated devices can be adjusted at IPL-time using ADD and DELETE commands).

```
MACRO
GENSUPVR
  $$A$SUP1 = POWER/V$ SUPERVISOR, WITH RELDR, VSIZE=512

  TITLE 'DOS/V$ SUPERVISOR 1, SYSRES=3330, MOD=125, NPARTS=2'
  SUPVR NPARTS=2, POWER=YES, CHAN=YES, RMS=YES, PHO=YES, ID=1
  CONFG MODEL=125
  STDJC
  FOPT OLTEP=NO, SYSFIL=YES, RELDR=YES, ECPREAL=YES,          *
      PFIX=YES
  PIOC$ BMPX=YES, TAPE=7, DISK=(3330,3340,3350)
  VSTAB $SIZE=256K, VSIZE=512K, SVA=(64K,0K)
  ALLOC F1=152K
  ALLOCR F1R=16K
  IOTAB JIB=20, BGPGR=40, F1PGR=10, D3420=2, D2314=2, D3330=2,    *
      D3340=2, D3410=2, D3520=2, IODEV=20
  DVCGEN CHUN=X'00D', DVCTYP=2560
  DVCGEN CHUN=X'00E', DVCTYP=3203
  DVCGEN CHUN=X'01F', DVCTYP=125D
  DVCGEN CHUN=X'04C', DVCTYP=3505
  DVCGEN CHUN=X'04D', DVCTYP=3525P
  DVCGEN CHUN=X'160', DVCTYP=3340
  DVCGEN CHUN=X'161', DVCTYP=3340
  DVCGEN CHUN=X'162', DVCTYP=3340
  DVCGEN CHUN=X'163', DVCTYP=3340
  DVCGEN CHUN=X'280', DVCTYP=3410T9
  DVCGEN CHUN=X'281', DVCTYP=3410T9
  ASSGN SYSLOG, X'01F'
  ASSGN SYSREC, X'160'
  ASSGN SYSRDR, X'04C'
  ASSGN SYSIPT, X'04C'
  ASSGN SYSPCH, X'04D'
  ASSGN SYSLST, X'00E'
  ASSGN SYSLNK, X'161', BG
  ASSGN SYS001, X'161', BG
  ASSGN SYS002, X'161', BG
  ASSGN SYS003, X'161', BG
  ASSGN SYS004, X'161', BG
  DPD UNIT=X'160', VOLID=SYSRES, CYL=605
  SEND
MEND
GENSUPVR
END
/*
/ε
```

Figure 1-24. Supervisor \$\$A\$SUP1--Supplied by IBM as Standard Default Supervisor for DOS/V\$

## HOW TO DISPLAY AND COMPILE SUPERVISORS

All source coding of the IBM-supplied supervisors is contained in the A.Sublibrary of the system source statement library under the names SUP0 through SUP6. To obtain a printout, execute:

```
// JOB SSERV
// EXEC SSERV
  DSPLY A.SUP0,A.SUP1,.....,A.SUP6
/*
/ε
```

To change the contents (in order to tailor a given supervisor) use the program MAINT. To compile the tailored supervisor, use:

```
// JOB ASSEMELE
// OPTION DECK
// EXEC ASSEMBLY
  COPY SUPx
  END
/*
/ε
```

## Supervisor Generation Macros (Basic)

```
E.ALLOC
E.ALLOCR
E.ASSGN
E.BDYBOX
E.CONFG
E.DISP
E.DPD
E.DVCGEN
E.FOPT
E.IOINTER
E.IOTAB
E.ISTAVT
E.MAPCOMR
E.MAPERPIB
E.MCRAS
E.MAPLOWC
E.MAPPUB2
E.PIOCS
E.SEND
E.SGAM
E.SGCCWT
E.SGDFCH
E.SGDSK
E.SGEND
E.SGPMAIN
E.SGPOPT
E.SGPSUB
E.SGSCVRT
E.SGSVC
E.SGSVCX
E.SMICR
E.STDJC
E.SUPVR
E.SYSIO
E.VSTAB
```

For a detailed description of storage requirements, refer to "Supervisor Storage Requirements".



## Teleprocessing

E.IJLQDSCT  
E.IJLQTSVC

Note: These macros are part of the QTAM program but are required to generate a QTAM supervisor.

## Display Operator Console Support

E.CRTGEN  
E.CRTSAV

Note: These macros are required to generate a supervisor with Display Operator Console support.

## **POWER/VS**

### Macros

E.IPW\$DPA  
E.IPW\$DPD  
E.IPW\$DDE

These macros are part of the POWER/VS program. They are required to generate a supervisor with support of POWER/VS (POWER=YES specified in the SUPVR macro instruction).

## **MCAR/CCH (RMS)**

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Transients

\$\$ABERA1	}	RMSR
\$\$ABERA2		
\$\$ABERA3		
\$\$ABERA4		
\$\$ABERA5		
\$\$ABERA6		
\$\$ABERA7		
\$\$ABERRJ		Statistical counter update (non-tape)
\$\$ABERRP		3211 RMSR
\$\$ABERRQ		3211 RMSR
\$\$BCCHHR		t scans CI-directory for all \$\$RASTnn phases
\$\$RAST00		CCH and Initial MCAR analysis
\$\$RAST01		Channel and machine check record builder and recorder
\$\$RAST02		Channel check analysis
\$\$RAST03		EFL and MCAR analysis
\$\$RAST04		Unit record channel check ERP
\$\$RAST05		Unit record channel check ERP
\$\$RAST06		3505 and 3525 channel check handler ERP
\$\$RAST08		Machine check and channel check record writer
\$\$RAST09		Partition reallocation
\$\$RAST10		ERP message writer
\$\$RAST11		Message writer
\$\$RAST13		Partition reallocation

**Transients****DEVICE ERROR ROUTINES AND OPEN/CLOSE PHASES FOR DOS/VS**

The following is a list of required system control and common IOCS transients. Type A transient routines (device error routines) have the prefix \$\$A. (\$ is an alphabetic character in System/370.) Type B transient routines (OPEN, CLOSE, CHKPT, and so on) have the prefix \$\$B.

\$\$ASUPL	Supervisor
\$\$ABERAA	Statistical counter update (tape)
\$\$ABERAB	Tape ERP
\$\$ABERAC	Tape ERP
\$\$ABERAD	Tape ERP
\$\$ABERAE	Tape ERP
\$\$ABERAF	Tape ERP
\$\$ABERAG	Tape ERP
\$\$ABERAH	Tape ERP
\$\$ABERAI	Tape ERP
\$\$ABERAN	3886 OCR ERP
\$\$ABERAO	3895 ERP Phase 1
\$\$ABERAP	3895 ERP Phase 2
\$\$ABERAQ	3895 OBR record builder
\$\$ABERAR	3895 MDR record builder
\$\$ABERA1-\$\$ABERA7	RMSR
\$\$ABERBA	3800 error recovery
\$\$ABERBC	3800 MDR record writer
\$\$ABERBD	3800 OBR record writer
\$\$ABERP1-\$\$ABERP9	BTAM ERP
\$\$ABERRA	Error recovery monitor
\$\$ABERRB	Disk ERP
\$\$ABERRC	Setup 2560 restart information
\$\$ABERRD	2560/5425 ERP repositioning
\$\$ABERRE	Setup 5425 restart information
\$\$ABERRF	PRT1 ERP
\$\$ABERRG	3504/3505 Card reader and 3525 card punch ERP
\$\$ABERRH	2245 ERP (Kanji printer support)
\$\$ABERRI	2495 tape cartridge reader ERP
\$\$ABERRJ	Statistical counter update (non-tape)
\$\$ABERRK	RMSR message writer
\$\$ABERRL	ERP message writer
\$\$ABERRM	ERP message writer
\$\$ABERRN	ERP message writer
\$\$ABERRO	ERP message writer
\$\$ABERRP	PRT1 RMSR
\$\$ABERRQ	PRT1 RMSR
\$\$ABERRR	2560 ERP
\$\$ABERRS	MICR ERP
\$\$ABERRT	1287/1288 OCR ERP
\$\$ABERRU	1017/1018 Paper tape ERP
\$\$ABERRV	2671 Paper tape ERP
\$\$ABERRW	1052 Console printer keyboard ERP
\$\$ABERRX	Unit record error recovery
\$\$ABERRY	Unit record ERP
\$\$ABERRZ	Physical attention routine
\$\$ABERR1	2311 Data cell ERP
\$\$ABERR2	2321 Data cell ERP
\$\$ABERR3	2321 Data cell ERP
\$\$ABERR4	2321 Data cell ERP
\$\$ABERR5	2321 Data cell ERP
\$\$ABERR7	3540 Diskette ERP
\$\$ABERZ1	Physical attention routine
\$\$ABERZ2	Physical attention routine
\$\$BATTF0	FCB load initiation (macro invoked)
\$\$BATTF1	LFCB Command processor 2
\$\$BATTF2	LFCB Macro execution (PRT1)
\$\$BATTF3	LFCB Macro execution (non-PRT1 printers with FCB, excluding the 3800)
\$\$BATTF4	FCB Load execution (non-PRT1 printers with FCB, excluding the 3800)
\$\$BATTF5	FCB Load execution (PRT1)

\$\$BATTNA	Supervisor, program terminator
\$\$BATTNB	Supervisor, program terminator
\$\$BATTNC	Supervisor, initiator
\$\$BATTND	Supervisor, nonresident attention routine
\$\$BATTNE	Supervisor, nonresident attention routine
\$\$BATTNF	Supervisor, nonresident attention routine
\$\$BATTNG	Supervisor, nonresident attention routine
\$\$BATTNH	Supervisor, nonresident attention routine
\$\$BATTNQ	Supervisor, nonresident attention routine
\$\$BATTNR	Supervisor, nonresident attention routine
\$\$BATTNS	Supervisor, nonresident attention routine
\$\$BATTNT	Process ALTER statement
\$\$BATTNU	Process DSNLY statement
\$\$BATTNV	DUMP command processor
\$\$BATTNW	DUMP command processor
\$\$BATTNX	DUMP command print routine
\$\$BATTNY	Supervisor, nonresident attention routine
\$\$BATTNZ	Supervisor, nonresident attention routine
\$\$BATTN2	Display and change dispatching priority
\$\$BATTN3	SDAID termination routine
\$\$BATTN5	Storage dump of part of storage specified by two addresses
\$\$BATTN8	LFCB Command processor 1
\$\$BATTN9	LUCB Command processor 1
\$\$BATTU1	LUCB Command processor 2
\$\$BATTU2	UCB Load execution
\$\$BCCPT1	System required tape open
\$\$BCEOV1	Monitor-EOV/EOF
\$\$BCHKPD	Disk-checkpoint
\$\$BCHKPE	Disk-checkpoint
\$\$BCHKPF	Disk-checkpoint
!\$\$BCHKPG	Disk-checkpoint, 3800 record processing
\$\$BCHKPT	Tape-checkpoint
\$\$BCHKP2	Tape-checkpoint
!\$\$BCHKP3	Tape-checkpoint, 3800 record processing
\$\$BCHK3G	Erase gap for logical files
\$\$BCISOA	ISAM - CLOSE
\$\$BCLOSE	Close monitor
\$\$BCLOSP	Punch file close
\$\$BCLOS2	Close
\$\$BCLOS3	Close monitor
\$\$BCLOS4	Close monitor
\$\$BCLRPS	Close RPS
\$\$BCMT01	Tape EOF/EOV input-forward
\$\$BCMT02	Tape CLOSE-alternate switching
\$\$BCMT03	Tape CLOSE input-backward
\$\$BCMT04	Tape EOV output-forward
\$\$BCMT05	Tape CLOSE
\$\$BCMT06	Tape CLOSE - work files
\$\$BCMT07	Tape-alternate switching
\$\$BCMT08	Tape CLOSE - without work files
\$\$BDMPBC	Supervisor, program termination and system dump on tape/printer (part 2)
\$\$BDMPDC	Supervisor, program terminator, and system dump on disk (part 2)
\$\$BDMPPD	Format supervisor block, disk output
\$\$BDMPPT	Format supervisor block, tape/printer output
\$\$BDMFVA	Supervisor, program terminator, and SVA dump
\$\$BDUMP	Supervisor, program terminator, and system dump monitor
\$\$BDUMPB	Supervisor, program terminator, and system dump on tape/printer (part 1)
\$\$BDUMPD	Supervisor, program terminator, and system dump on disk (part 1)
\$\$BENDFF	ISAM - ENDFL (Load phase 2)
\$\$BENDFL	ISAM - ENDFL (Load phase 1)
\$\$BENDQB	Blocks B-transient area for ENQB/DEQB function
\$\$BEOJ	Supervisor, program terminator
\$\$BEOJ1	Supervisor, program terminator
\$\$BEOJ2	Supervisor, program terminator
\$\$BEOJ2A	Supervisor, program terminator
\$\$BEOJ3	Supervisor, program terminator
\$\$BEOJ3A	Supervisor, program terminator
\$\$BEOJ4	Supervisor, program terminator
\$\$BEOJ5	Supervisor, program terminator

```

$$BEOJ7      Supervisor, program terminator
$$BERRTN     System required error recovery
$$BFCB       3211 FCB standard load
$$BFCB00     3203-4 FCB standard load
$$BFCB3      3203 FCB standard load
$$BFCB5      5203 FCB standard load
$$BILSVC     Supervisor, program terminator
$$BINDEX     Cylinder index in core (ISAM)
$$BJCOPT     Job Control, OPEN Tape routine
$$BJCOP1     Job Control, OPEN Tape routine
$$BJDUMP     JDUMP indicator
$$BLVTOC     List VTOC (2311, 2314/19, 3330, and 3340)
$$BLSTIO     System control
$$BMSGWR     Tape open/close
$$BMSGW1     Tape open/close
$$BMVKEY     Printlog utility status modifier
$$BOCPM1     System required message writer
$$BOCPM2     System required message writer
$$BOCPRP     System required OPEN for RPS DASD
$$BOCPT1     System required OPEN for input tape (Phase 1)
$$BOCPT2     System required OPEN for unlabeled output tape
$$BOCPT3     System required OPEN for labeled output tape
$$BOCPT4     System required OPEN for input tape (Phase 2)
$$BOCP01     System required table, disk DTFs, OPEN Version II
$$BOCP02     System required table, nondisk DTFs, OPEN Version II
$$BOCP03     System required table, unit record, OPEN Version II
$$BOCP11     System required table, tape or disk system DTFs, OPEN Version I
$$BOCP12     System required table, tape system DTFs
$$BOCRTA     CRT task initialization, activation, and deactivation
$$BOCRTB     Hard-copy disk ERP
$$BOCRTC     Message analysis and message transfer to screen buffer
$$BOCRTD     Multiline message transfer to screen buffer
$$BOCRTE     CRT ERP, part 1
$$BOCRTF     CRT ERP, part 2
$$BOCRTG     Redefine message status; output from buffer to screen
$$BOCRTH     Message writer screen to hard-copy file
$$BOCRTK     CRT task activator and operator input check routine
$$BOCRTL     Message deletion by means of K command
$$BOCRTM     Message deletion by means of cursor
$$BOCRTN     K-command handler status definition
$$BOCRTO     Screen line-number handler
$$BOCRTP     Restore function for release
$$BOCRTQ     Screen update
$$BOCRTR     Initialize read
$$BOCRTS     Read/command
$$BOCRTT     Move data
$$BOCRTU     Updating of wraparound pointer in hard-copy file
$$BOCRTV     Cursor positioning in case of error
$$BOCRTW     Message writer
$$BOCRTX     Conversation handler
$$BOCRTY     Multiline message handler
$$BOCRTZ     CRT root phase
$$BOCRT1     Redisplay - supervisor interface
$$BOCRT2     Redisplay - command analysis
$$BOCRT3     Redisplay - read messages from hard-copy file
$$BOCRT4     Redisplay - write to screen
$$BOCRT5     Redisplay - save/restore screen image
$$BOCRT6     Redisplay - command checking

```

Note: The DOC-support transients (\$\$BOCRTn) are automatically generated if MODEL=115 or 125 is specified in the CONFIG macro. If DOC support is not desired, a DELET statement is required for each transient. If DOC support is required but one or more of the DOC-support transients have been deleted, the system enters a hard wait state.

```

$$BODACL     Close Routine-DA
$$BODAIM     Overlay phase for ODAIN
$$BODAIN     Direct access input-OPEN (Input)
$$BODAI1     Open input-DA

```

\$\$BODAO1	Direct access-OPEN output Phase 1
\$\$BODAO2	Direct access-OPEN output Phase 2
\$\$BODAO3	Direct access OPEN-output Phase 3
\$\$BODAO4	Direct access OPEN-output Phase 4
\$\$BODARP	Direct access-OPEN RPS Phase 1
\$\$BODARS	Direct access-OPEN RPS Phase 2
\$\$BODAU1	Direct access-OPEN
\$\$BODIO1	Diskette OPEN-input Phase 1
\$\$BODIO2	Diskette OPEN-output Phase 3
\$\$BODIO3	Diskette OPEN-output Phase 4
\$\$BODIO4	Diskette CLCSE-input/output
\$\$BODIO5	Diskette OPEN-input Phase 3
\$\$BODIO6	Diskette OPEN-input Phase 4
\$\$BODIO7	Diskette OPEN-output Phase 5
\$\$BODIO8	Diskette OPEN-output Phase 6
\$\$BODMSG	Diskette Message Writer Phase 1
\$\$BODMS2	Diskette Message Writer Phase 2
\$\$BODQUE	Dequeue JIBs
\$\$BODSMO	Diskette security message writer
\$\$BODSMW	Message writer
\$\$BODSPQ	Diskette VTOC Display Phase 2
\$\$BODSPV	Disk VTOC display routine
\$\$BODSPW	Disk VTOC display routine
\$\$BODUCP	Diskette DTFCP/DTFDI OPEN
\$\$BOFLPT	DASD file protect
\$\$BOISRP	ISAM - OPEN RPS phase
\$\$BOIS01	ISAM - OPEN I/O Phase 1
\$\$BOIS02	ISAM - OPEN I/O Phase 2
\$\$BOIS03	ISAM - OPEN I/O Phase 3
\$\$BOIS04	ISAM - OPEN I/O Phase 4
\$\$BOIS05	ISAM - OPEN I/O Phase 5
\$\$BOIS06	ISAM - OPEN I/O Phase 6
\$\$BOIS07	ISAM - OPEN I/O Phase 7
\$\$BOIS08	ISAM - OPEN I/O Phase 8
\$\$BOIS09	Indexed sequential independent overflow area integrity
\$\$BOIS10	ISFMS - OPEN
\$\$BOIS11	ISAM - OPEN
\$\$BOMRCE	OPEN for OMR and RCE
\$\$BOMSG1	Message writer - non-abort types
\$\$BOMSG2	Message writer - abort types
\$\$BOMSG3-\$\$BOMSG8	Message writer
\$\$BOMT0M	Tape OPEN message
\$\$BOMT0W	Tape OPEN message
\$\$BOMT01	Tape OPEN input-forward-standard labels (Phase 1)
\$\$BOMT02	Tape OPEN input-backward-standard labels
\$\$BOMT03	Tape OPEN output forward-standard label
\$\$BOMT04	Tape OPEN output-standard labels
\$\$BOMT05	Tape OPEN I/O-forward/backward nonstandard/unlabeled
\$\$BOMT06	Tape OPEN work files
\$\$BOMT07	Tape OPEN input-forward-standard labels (Phase 2)
\$\$BONVOL	Tape rewriting
\$\$BOPEN	RMSR tape processor
\$\$BOPENC	OPENC
\$\$BOPEND	Disk OPEN volume ID handler
\$\$BOPENR	Relocation Phase 1
\$\$BOPENS	Common RPS OPEN initialization routine
\$\$BOPEN0	3340 DTF device type update phase
\$\$BOPEN1	Open monitor
\$\$BOPEN2	Open monitor
\$\$BOPEN3	Open monitor
\$\$BOPEN4	Open monitor
\$\$BOPIGN	Open monitor
\$\$BOPNLB	Locates system source statement library (for assembler, COBOL, MAINT, and SSERV) or procedure library (for PSERV)
\$\$BOPNR2	Relocation Phase 2
\$\$BOPNR3	Relocation Phase 3
\$\$BOPR3	Open processing for 3800 printer
\$\$BORTV1	ISAM Open
\$\$BORTV2	ISAM Open
\$\$BOSDB1	Support for DLBL blocksize

```

$$BOSDC1      Sequential disk I/O - CLOSE
$$BOSDC2      Sequential disk-close
$$BOSDC3      Sequential disk-close Part 2
$$BOSDEV      DTFDA and DTFSD Forced End of Volume
$$BOSDI1      Sequential disk input - OPEN
$$BOSDI2      Sequential disk input - OPEN
$$BOSDI3      Sequential disk input - OPEN
$$BOSDI4      Sequential disk input - OPEN
$$BOSDI5      Sequential disk OPEN - update phase
$$BOSDO1      Sequential disk output Phase 1 - OPEN
$$BOSDO2      Sequential disk output Phase 2 - OPEN
$$BOSDO3      Sequential disk output Phase 3 - OPEN
$$BOSDO4      Sequential disk output Phase 4 - OPEN
$$BOSDO5      Sequential disk output Phase 5 - OPEN
$$BOSDO6      Sequential disk open - Phase 6
$$BOSDO7      Sequential disk output - OPEN
$$BOSDO8      Sequential disk output - OPEN
$$BOSDO9      Sequential disk output - OPEN
$$BOSDRP      Sequential disk OPEN-RPS Phase 1
$$BOSDRR      Sequential disk OPEN-RPS Phase 2
$$BOSDRS      Sequential disk OPEN-RPS Phase 3
$$BOSDW1      Sequential disk work files Phase 1 - OPEN
$$BOSDW2      Sequential disk work files Phase 2 - OPEN
$$BOSDW3      Sequential disk work file Phase 3 - OPEN
$$BOSD00      Sequential disk OPEN - output Phase 0
$$BOSD01      Sequential disk OPEN - output Phase 1
$$BOSD02      Sequential disk OPEN - DLBL extents for 3340
$$BOSD03      Sequential disk OPEN - Output Phase 1
$$BOSIGN      System open
$$BOUR01      Unit record-OPEN routine
$$BOVDMP      Disk VTOC dump
$$BOWDMP      Disk VTOC dump
$$BO2321      OPEN data cell
$$BPCHK       Supervisor - program terminator
| $$BPCLOS     Automatic Close for 3800 printer
$$BPDAID      Problem Determination
$$BPDUMP      PDUMP on SYSLST (part 1)
$$BPDMP      PDUMP on SYSLST (part 2)
$$BPSW        Supervisor - program terminator
$$BRELS      Device release
$$BRMSG1      Message writer CHKPT-RSTRT
$$BRMSG2      CHECKPOINT-RESTART message writer
$$BRSTRB      Tape Restart
$$BRSTRT      RESTART message writer - Phase 2
$$BRSTR2      Tape and DASD verify for restart
$$BRSTR3      DASD verify for restart
$$BRSTR4      Tape Reposition
$$BSDRUP      Suppress writing on recorder file
$$BSETFF      ISAM load Phase 2 of SETFL
$$BSETFG      ISAM load Phase 3 of SETFL
$$BSETFH      ISAM load Phase 4 of SETFL
$$BSETFI      ISAM Phase of SETFL
$$BSETFL      ISAM load Phase 1 of SETFL
$$BSETL       ISMOD - SETL
$$BSETL1      ISMOD - SETL
$$BSETL2      ISMOD - SETL
$$BSYSWR      Supervisor, nonresident attention
$$BTERM       Supervisor, program terminator
$$BUCB        3211 UCSB standard load
$$BUCB00      3203-4 UCSB standard load
$$BUCB3       3203 UCSB standard load
$$BUCB5       5203 UCSB standard load
| $$BUFLDR     3203, PRT1, 5203, and 3800 FCB and UCSB IPL loader
$$BUFLD1      3203, PRT1, 5203, and 3800 FCB IPL loader
$$BUFLD2      FCB and UCSB IPL loader error routine
$$BVSDMP      Highspeed dump
$$B3540I      Diskette OPEN-input Phase 1
$$B3540O      Diskette OPEN-output Phase 1
$$B35400      Diskette OPEN-Phase 0
$$BPDZAP      I/O for PDZAP
$$VOPENT      Common RPS OPEN SVA loading routine

```

## Attention Routines, Initiators, Terminators, and Dumps (AIT)

### Standard System Dump

#### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

##### Transients

\$\$BDMPBC  
\$\$BDMPDC  
\$\$BDMPPD  
\$\$BDMPPT  
\$\$BDMPVA  
\$\$BDUMP  
\$\$EDUMPB  
\$\$BDUMPD  
\$\$BJDUMP  
\$\$BPDMP  
\$\$BPDUMP

#### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

##### Modules

IJBDMB \*  
IJBDMBST  
IJBDMD \*  
IJBDMDST  
IJBDMPMO \*  
IJBDMPPD \*  
IJBDMPPT \*  
IJBDMPVA \*  
IJBDMPS  
IJBJDMP \*  
IJBPDPMO \*  
IJBPD PST

\*Modules common to Standard System Dump and  
Translating System Dump.

##### Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJEDUMPS  
// EXEC LNKEDT

### Translating System Dump

#### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

##### Transients

\$\$BDMPBC  
\$\$BDMPDC  
\$\$BDMPPD  
\$\$BDMPPT  
\$\$BDMPVA  
\$\$BDUMP  
\$\$EDUMPB  
\$\$BDUMPD  
\$\$BJDUMP  
\$\$BPDMP  
\$\$BPDUMP

#### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

##### Modules

IJBDMB \*  
IJBDMBTR  
IJBDMD \*  
IJBDMDTR  
IJBDMPMO \*  
IJBDMPPD \*  
IJBDMPPT \*  
IJBMPVA \*  
IJBDMPT  
IJBJDMP \*  
IJBPDPMO \*  
IJBPD PTR

\*Modules common to Standard System Dump and  
Translating System Dump.

##### Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJBDMPT  
// EXEC LNKEDT

## Attention Routines, Initiators, Terminators

#### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

##### Transients

\$\$ABERRZ  
\$\$ABERZ1  
\$\$APERZ2  
\$\$BATNA  
\$\$BATTNE  
\$\$BATTNC  
\$\$BATTND  
\$\$BATTNE  
\$\$BATTNF  
\$\$BATTNG  
\$\$BATTNH  
\$\$BATTNQ  
\$\$BATTNR  
\$\$BATTNS  
\$\$BATTNY  
\$\$BATTNZ  
\$\$BATTN2  
\$\$BATTN3  
\$\$BEOJ  
\$\$BEOJS1  
\$\$BEOJS2  
\$\$BEOJ1  
\$\$BEOJ2  
\$\$BEOJ2A  
\$\$BEOJ3  
\$\$BEOJ3A  
\$\$BEOJ4  
\$\$BEOJ5  
\$\$BEOJ7  
\$\$BILSVC  
\$\$EPCHK  
\$\$BPSW  
\$\$BSYSWR  
\$\$BTERM

## Checkpoint/Restart

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Transients

\$\$BCHKPD  
\$\$BCHKPE  
\$\$BCHKPF  
\$\$BCHKPT  
\$\$BCHKP2  
\$\$BCHK3G  
\$\$BRMSG1  
\$\$BRMSG2  
\$\$BRSTR1  
\$\$BRSTR2  
\$\$BRSTR3  
\$\$BRSTR4

### SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

#### Macro

CHKPT

If RPS is supported see section "RPS Considerations".

## Disk Error Recovery Procedures (DKE)

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Transients

\$\$ABERRB  
\$\$ABERR1  
\$\$ABERR2  
\$\$ABERR3  
\$\$ABERR4  
\$\$ABERR5

### SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

#### Macro

SGDSK

## Display Operator Console Support (DOC)

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Transients

\$\$BMVKEY  
\$\$BOCRTA  
\$\$BOCRTB  
\$\$BOCRTC  
\$\$BOCRTD  
\$\$BOCRTE  
\$\$BOCRTF  
\$\$BOCRTG

\$\$BOCRTH  
\$\$BOCRTK  
\$\$BOCRTL  
\$\$BOCRTM  
\$\$BOCRTN  
\$\$BOCRTO  
\$\$BOCRTP  
\$\$BOCRTQ  
\$\$BOCRTR  
\$\$BOCRTS  
\$\$BOCRTT  
\$\$BOCRTU  
\$\$BOCRTV  
\$\$BOCRTW  
\$\$BOCRTX  
\$\$BOCRTY  
\$\$BOCRTZ  
\$\$BOCRT1  
\$\$BOCRT2  
\$\$BOCRT3  
\$\$BOCRT4  
\$\$BOCRT5  
\$\$BOCRT6

### SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

#### Macros

CRTAEX  
CRTAWT  
CRTGEN  
CRTIO  
CRTSAV  
PUTR

## PRINTLOG (Print the Hard-Copy File)

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phases	1
Blocks	5

#### Phase

PRINTLOG

### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules	1
Blocks	20

#### Module

IJBPT

#### Link-Edit Statements

```
INCLUDE IJBPT  
// EXEC LNKEDT
```



## Tape Error Recovery Procedures (TPE)

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Transients

\$\$ABERAB  
\$\$ABERAC  
\$\$ABERAD  
\$\$ABERAE  
\$\$ABERAF  
\$\$ABERAG  
\$\$ABERAH  
\$\$ABERAI  
\$\$RAST07  
\$\$RAST12

#### Phase

ESTVUT

### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

#### Module

IJBTESUT

#### Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJBTESUT  
// EXEC LNKEDT

## Problem Determination Aids (PDA)

### PDAID

#### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Phases

PDAIDFTT\*  
PDAIDFTP\*  
PDAIDFTW\*  
PDAIDGTT\*  
PDAIDGTP\*  
PDAIDGTW\*  
PDAIDITT\*  
PDAIDITP\*  
PDAIDITW\*  
PDAIDQTT\*  
PDAIDQTW\*  
PDAIDTDP\*  
PDAIDTDT\*  
PDAIDVTT\*  
PDAIDVTW\*

\*Only present in core-image library.

#### Transients

\$\$BATTNT  
\$\$BATTNU

\$\$BATTNV  
\$\$BATTNW  
\$\$BATTNX  
\$\$BPDAID

### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

#### Modules

IJBPDPAID  
IJBPDPLST

#### Link-Edit Statements

// JOB  
// OPTION CATAL  
INCLUDE IJBPDPAID  
// EXEC LNKEDT  
INCLUDE IJBPDPLST  
// EXEC LNKEDT  
/E

### DUMPGEN

#### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Phase

DUMPGEN

### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

#### Module

IJBDMPGN

#### Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJBDMPGN  
/\*  
// EXEC LNKEDT

### SDAID

#### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Phases

SDAID  
SDAID2  
SDPAR  
ENDSD

#### Transients

\$\$BSDAID  
\$\$BATTN5

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

IJBSDAD1  
IJBSDAD2  
IJBSDEND  
IJBSDPAR

Link-Edit Statements

// JOB  
// OPTION CATAL  
INCLUDE IJESDLNK  
/\*  
// EXEC LNKEDT  
/ε

**LSERV**

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phase

LSERV

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Module

IJBLSERV

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJBLSERV  
/\*  
// EXEC LNKEDT

**CIL Patch Program (PDZAP)**

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phase

PDZAP

Transient

\$\$BPDZAP

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Module

IJBPDZAP

Link-Edit Statements

// JOB  
// OPTION CATAL  
INCLUDE IJBPDZAP  
/\*  
// EXEC LNKEDT  
/ε

**Highspeed Standalone Dump**

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phase

DOSVSDMP

Transient

\$\$BVSDMP

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

IJBDMPER  
IJBDMPHS  
IJBDMPMS

Link-Edit Statements

// JOB  
// OPTION CATAL  
INCLUDE IJBDMPHS  
// EXEC LNKEDT  
/ε

**Page Data Set Dump**

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phase

PCSDM

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Module

IJBPDSDM

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJBPDSDM  
/\*  
// LBLTYP TAPE (see Note)  
// EXEC LNKEDT

**Note:** Required only if tape is to be used for intermediate storage of the page data set dump.

## Module 2: POWER/VS -- 5745-SC-PWR

2

The information previously provided in this module of the manual has been removed and is now contained in DOS/VS POWER/VS Installation Guide and Reference, GC33-6048.

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## Introduction

DOS/VS provides Installation Verification Procedures to enable you to verify the generation of system components. IVP verifies components such as the emulators, which are user-assembled, and system utilities.

The IVP consists of a set of macros (containing the verification procedures) which are distributed, along with the DOS/VS system, on the IBM-supplied distribution medium. Towards the end of system generation, after having deleted any unwanted DOS/VS system components and having generated the components you require for verification, you should perform the installation verification procedure.

The verification procedures are generated by assembling the IVPGEN macro. A number of parameters specify the optional SCP functions selected for verification, in addition to the standard functions which are included automatically. The standard functions are not included if you are running the program again to verify one or more functions only (indicated by the parameter RERUN=YES in the IVPGEN macro). For a complete description of the parameters of the IVPGEN macro refer to the section entitled "IVPGEN Parameters".

### The Standard SCP Functions

ABD - The ABEND Dump (part of program 5745-SC-AIT)  
ASL - The assembler librarian Edit/De-Edit routines (part of the assembler program 5745-SC-ASM)  
UTL - The system utilities Disk-Only functions. Card, tape, and data cell functions are configuration dependent and optional (part of program 5745-SC-UTL).

### The Optional SCP Functions

CAP - Cataloged procedures  
EMA - System/370 Emulator for IBM 1401/1440/1460 } Available only as  
EMB - System/370 Emulator for IBM 1410/7010 } independent release  
E20 - System/360 Model 20 Emulator  
OLT - OLTEP  
PWR -- POWER/VS

### IVP Books

The separate parts that make up each verification procedure are contained in one or more pre-edited source statement library macro books.

### IVPGEN-Stage I -- Assembly

IVPGEN is a two-stage process. In stage I, the IVPGEN macro calls in the control books of the standard and selected SCP functions. The generated job stream (input for stage II) is SYSPCH output. You may assign SYSPCH to a card punch, a magnetic tape unit, a disk extent, or a diskette. If, however, parameters UTL=YES and PCHADDR are both specified, you may assign SYSPCH to a card punch only. For cardless systems, do not specify PCHADDR if you specify UTL=YES.

If SYSPCH is assigned to a card punch, you must remove the punched deck (output of stage I) from the stacker and put it in a card reader as input to stage II (IVP execution). The last card (an object END card) of the deck must be removed.

If SYSPCH is assigned to either tape, disk, or diskette there is an automatic transition from stage I to stage II provided that the required job control statements are punched (see Figure 3-1).

At the very beginning of system generation, you can assemble the IVPGEN macro with the option VERIFY=YES, under control of the IBM-supplied supervisor. This will provide you with a diagnostic of the specified parameters. It also provides you (if specified in the IVPGEN assembly) with a job stream to delete the unused IVP books.

This job can be run to free up space in the source statement library. The advantage of specifying VERIFY=YES is that you have ample time to correct any specification errors before the IVP procedure is actually performed at the end of system generation.

## IVPGEN-Stage II -- Execution

Before it actually starts executing the verification, stage II successively performs

- LISTIO ALL to display (on SYSLST) all the devices that are supported
- MAP to display (on SYSLOG) the sizes of the partitions assigned
- DSERV of all the assigned libraries to display in alphabetical order (on SYSLST) the names of all the transients, phases, modules, macros, and (optionally) procedures, that the system comprises.

### IVPGEN Parameters

#### A. Component Dependent

ABD={ YES } { NO }	The ABEND dump IVP is always automatically generated (YES is forced) unless RERUN=YES is specified in which case ABD=NO is the default
ASI={ YES } { NO }	The display, verify, replace, and delete capabilities of the DSERV program are automatically verified (YES is forced) unless RERUN=YES is specified, in which case the default for ASI is NO.
CAF={ NO } { YES }	Specify if Cataloged Procedures Support is to be verified.
EMA={ NO } { YES }	Specify if the DOS/VS 1401/1440/1460 Emulator program is to be verified.
EMANAME=name	Specify the phase name of the user-generated 1401/1440/1460 emulator program.
EMATA=cuu	Device address of the tape unit assigned to 1400 tape unit 1. Specify only if tape functions are to be verified.
EMATSN=SYSnnn	Name of the logical unit assigned to 1400 tape unit 1. Specify only if tape functions are to be verified.
EMATYPE={ 1401 } { 1401G } { 1440 }	Specify the type of verification procedure to be selected. Refer to the section entitled "EMA-1401/1440/1460 Emulator" for a detailed description of the EMATYPE operands.
EMACCS={ NO } { YES }	Specify if CS control cards support is required in the user-generated 1401/1440/1460 emulator program (CTLCARD=CS in the emulator EMSUP macro instruction).
EMF={ NO } { YES }	Specify if the DOS/VS 1410/7010 Emulator program is to be verified.
EMENAME=name	Specify the phase name of the user-generated 1410/7010 emulator program.
EMETA=cuu	Device address of the tape unit assigned to 1400 tape unit 1, channel 1. Specify only if tape functions are to be verified.
EMBTSN=SYSnnn	Name of the logical unit assigned to 1400 tape unit 1, channel 1. Specify only if tape functions are to be verified.
E20={ NO } { YES }	Specify if the System/360 Model 20 Emulator program generation is to be verified.
E20NAME=name	Specify the phase name of the user-generated System/360 Model 20 Emulator program.
OLT={ NO } { YES }	Specify if the IVP job for OLTEP is to be generated.

A. Component Dependent (continued)

PWR={ NO } { YES }	Specify if the IVP job for POWER/VS is to be generated.
UTL={ YES } { NO }	The disk functions of the system utilities are automatically verified (YES is forced) unless RERUN=YES is specified in which case the default for UTL is NO.
UTLDA=(cuu,cuu)	Specify the disk device addresses of two work disks for use by the disk functions of the system utilities.
UTLDRT=nnnn	Disk extent relative track number of a one-track work space on the disk work volumes.
UTLDT={ 3330 } { nnnn }	Specify the device type of the two work disks.
UTLDV=(nnnnnn,nnnnnn)	Specify the volume serial numbers of the two work disks in the same order as specified by the UTLDA parameter.
UTLT={ NO } { YES }	Specify if the tape functions of the system utilities are to be verified.
UTLTA=cuu	Specify the device address of the tape drive on which a work tape is to be mounted.
UTLTM={ C0 } { mm }	Specify the tape device mode. If this parameter is omitted, a 9-track, 1,600 BPI tape is assumed.
UTLZ={ NO } { YES }	Specify if the data cell functions of the system utilities are to be verified.
UTLZA=cuu	Specify the device address of the data cell drive that contains a work cell to be used by the Installation Verification Program.
UTLZCN=n	Specify the number of the work data cell.
UTLZRT=nnnn	Specify the data cell extent relative track number of a one-track work space on the data cell work volume.



B. Component Independent

DELUNSD= { YES } { NO }	Specify if a delete job is to be generated for those IVP books that are not used in this assembly of the IVPGEN macro.
DELUSED= { NO } { YES }	Specify if a delete job is to be generated for all the IVP books that <u>are</u> used in this assembly of the IVPGEN macro.
IPTADDR= { 00C } { cuu }	Device address of the system input device. SYSRDR and SYSIPT will be reset to this address after completion of IVP stage II.
LSTADDR= { 00E } { cuu }	Device address of the system printer during the execution of IVP stage II.
PCHADDR=cuu	Device address of the system card punch during the execution of IVP stage II. If no verification of disk-to-card functions of the system utilities is desired, this parameter should not be specified. For cardless systems, PCHADDR must be omitted.
RERUN= { NO } { YES }	Specify YES if this IVP is a rerun. A rerun can be performed if one or more SCP functions are to be verified again. If RERUN=YES is specified, a default of NO is taken for ABD, ASL, and UTL.
VERIFY= { NO } { YES }	Specification of YES causes a diagnostic to be made without generation of an IVP stage II job stream. In this case, the only job that is generated is the delete job for the unused IVP books (if DELUNSD=YES).

IVP STAGE I INPUT -- CREATION OF IVP STAGE II JOBSTREAM

In cards

```
// JOB IVPSTG1
LOG
// OPTION DECK
// EXEC ASSEMBLY
  IVPGEN selected parameters
END
/*
/6
```

On tape

```
// JOB IVPSTG1
LOG
// PAUSE "OPERATOR PLEASE MOUNT A SCRATCH TAPE ON UNIT X'cuu'"
MTC REW,X'cuu'
ASSGN SYSPCH,X'cuu' Assign SYSPCH to tape
// OPTION DECK
// EXEC ASSEMBLY
  IVPGEN selected parameters
END
/*
CLOSE SYSPCH,X'00D' Close SYSPCH and reset to standard assignment
// PAUSE OPERATOR PLEASE MOUNT TAPE ON UNIT X'cuu' AGAIN
ASSGN SYSIN,X'cuu' Set to address of tape unit
/6
```

On disk or diskette

```
// JOB IVPSTG1
LOG
// DLBL IJSYSPH,'IVP STAGE II JOBSTREAM'      Stage 1 output
// EXTENT SYSPCH,nnnnnn,,nnnn,nnnn          (see Note)
// DLBL IJSYSIN,'IVP STAGE II JOBSTREAM'     Stage 2 input
// EXTENT SYSIN,nnnnnn,,nnnn,nnnn          (see Note)
ASSGN SYSPCH,X'cuu' Assign SYSPCH to disk
// OPTION DECK
// EXEC ASSEMBLY
  IVPGEN selected parameters
END
/*
CLOSE SYSPCH,X'00D' Close SYSPCH and reset to standard assignment
ASSGN SYSIN,X'cuu' Set to disk address
/6
```

Note: The extent information and volume sequence numbers in the two EXTENT statements must be identical.

Figure 3-1. Example of IVP Stage I Job Control Statements

## PREPARING THE IVP JOB STREAM

### Setup Requirements

SYS001, SYS002, SYS003, and SYSLNK must be assigned to disk work extents.

If SYSPCH is assigned to a disk device, the allocated extent must be at least 4 cylinders on a 2316 disk pack, 3 cylinders on a 3336 disk pack, 7 cylinders on a 3348 data module, or 2 cylinders on the disk pack of a 3350 direct access storage.

A minimum of 14K bytes of real storage must be allocated to the partition in which the IVP jobs are to be executed. If POWER/VS functions are to be verified at the same time, add the storage requirements for POWER/VS to the allocated real and virtual storage. These requirements are given in DOS/VS POWER/VS Installation Guide and Reference GC33-6048.

### Operating Instructions

Prepare the following job control statements:

#### Step 1

```
// JOB ASSEMBLE IVPGEN
// ASSGN SYSPCH,X'cuu' (can be card, tape, disk, or diskette)
// ASSGN SYS001,X'cuu' work file
// ASSGN SYS002,X'cuu' work file
// ASSGN SYS003,X'cuu' work file
// EXEC ASSEMBLY
   IVPGEN (selected parameters)
   END
/*
/6
```

#### Step 2

If SYSPCH is assigned to a card punch, remove the last card from the deck. This is the (object) END statement, which cannot be processed by Job Control. Put the remaining cards in the hopper of the reader, assigned to SYSIN. Press START and EOF. IVP stage II will now be executed.

#### Step 3

If SYSPCH is assigned to tape, disk, or diskette, close SYSPCH (if SYSPCH was assigned to tape, ready the tape device again) and assign SYSIN to the same tape, disk or diskette device. This will start the execution of IVP stage II.

Stage II successively executes a:

```
LISTIO ALL      to display (on SYSLST) all the devices supported.
MAP             to display (on SYSLOG) the partition sizes assigned.
DSERV DSPLYS ALL to provide a sorted printout of the library directories.
```

Furthermore, stage II performs the standard IVP functions that is verification of the ABEND dump, of the Assembler and Utility Programs, and of all optional functions selected. It also produces the delete jobs for used and/or unused IVP books (if specified).

## ABD - The ABEND Dump

The ABD function forces an abnormal end-of-job condition. A real storage dump is printed on SYSLST.

## ASL

This IVP function verifies the display and update capabilities of the ESERV program.

### Example of SYSLOG Output

```
BG // JOB IVPASL TEST ESERV
  DATE 11/04/73, CLOCK 07/22/56
BG * *****
BG * IDENTIFICATION : ESERV PROGRAM
BG * PURPOSE : TO SHOW THE DISPLAY AND UPDATE CAPABILITIES OF ESERV
BG * FUNCTIONS TESTED : DISPLAY, VERIFY, REPLACE, DELETE
BG * SET UP REQUIREMENTS : SYS002 MUST BE ASSIGNED
BG * TO DISK, SYSLST MUST BE ASSIGNED
BG * NORMAL COMPLETION MESSAGES : * IVPASL COMPLETED ++++++
BG * LISTING CONTAINS INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO
BG * CHECK FOR SUCCESSFUL EXECUTION
BG * MODULES TESTED/USED : IPKAD, IPKVA, IPKVD, IPKVE, IPKVF,
BG * IPKVG, IPKVI, IPKVK, IPKVM
BG * INPUT DESCRIPTION : TWO DSPLY CONTROL CARDS, THE SECOND
BG * FOLLOWED BY ) COL, ) VER, ) REP, ) DEL
BG * AND ) END CARDS, AN EDITED MACRO
BG * ( IVPASLS ) IN THE E SUBLIBRARY
BG * OUTPUT DESCRIPTION : A DISPLAY OF IVPASLS, A DISPLAY OF IVPASLS,
BG * UPDATED BY THE ) REP CARDS, AN UPDATE SURVEY
BG * *****
BG * IVPASL COMPLETED ++++++
BG EQJ IVPASL
  DATE 11/04/73, CLOCK 07/24/59, DURATION 00/02/02
BG IC00A ATTN. 0 0C.
BG
```

### Example of SYSLST Output

```
// JOB IVPASL TEST ESERV DATE 11/04/73,CLOCK 07/22/56
* *****
* IDENTIFICATION: ESERV PROGRAM
* PURPOSE: TO SHOW THE DISPLAY AND UPDATE CAPABILITIES OF ESERV
* FUNCTIONS TESTED: DISPLAY, VERIFY, REPLACE, DELETE
* SET UP REQUIREMENTS: .SYS001, SYS002 MUST BE ASSIGNED
* TO DISK, SYSLST MUST BE ASSIGNED
* NORMAL COMPLETION MESSAGES: * IVPASL COMPLETED ++++++
* LISTING CONTAINS INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO
* CHECK FOR SUCCESSFUL EXECUTION
* MODULES TESTED/USED: IPKAD,IPKVA,IPKVD,IPKVE,IPKVF,
* IPKVG,IPKVI,IPKVK,IPKVM
* INPUT DESCRIPTION: TWO DSPLY CONTROL CARDS, THE SECOND
* FOLLOWED BY ) COL, ) VER, ) REP, ) DEL
* AND ) END CARDS, AN EDITED MACRO
* (IVPASLS) IN THE E SUBLIBRARY
* OUTPUT DESCRIPTION: A DISPLAY OF IVPASLS, A DISPLAY OF IVPASLS,
* UPDATED BY THE ) REP CARDS, AN UPDATE SURVEY
* *****
// EXEC ESERV
```

DSPLY F.IVPASLS

E.IVPASLS

75/01/06

```

CATALS A.IVPASLS
1 MACRO 00000000
2 IVPASLS &PP1,&PP2,&PP3,&PP4,&PP5,&PP6, X
3 &KW1=,&KW2=,&KW3=
4 * DISK OPERATING SYSTEM 00250000
5 * IVPASLS - 5745-SC-ASM - RELEASE 28.0 00300000
6 * /* START OF SPECIFICATIONS ***** 00310000
7 * 00320000
8 *01* MODULE-NAME = IVPASLS 00330000
9 * 00340000
10 *01* DESCRIPTIVE NAME = INSTALLATION VERIFICATION PROCEDURE 00342000
11 * TEST PROGRAM FOR ESERV PROGRAM 00344000
12 * -SOURCE BOOK- 00346000
13 * 00348000
14 *01* FUNCTION = AS FOLLOWS. 00348100
15 * THIS MACRO IS USED AS INPUT TO THE ESERV PROGRAM IN THE 00348200
16 * INSTALLATION VERIFICATION PROCEDURE (IVP). TO CHECK THAT 00348600
17 * THE IVP WAS SUCCESSFUL, COMPARE THE TWO DISPLAYS OF THIS 00349000
18 * MACRO THE IVP PRINTS. THEY OUGHT TO BE EQUAL, EXCEPT 00349100
19 * FOR TWO STATEMENTS. THE STATEMENT NUMBER 037500 00349200
20 * AIF (T'&PP2 EQ '0').TWO 00350900
21 * IN THE FIRST DISPLAY WILL BE CHANGED TO - 00352900
22 * AIF (T'&PP2 EQ '0').THREE 00355000
23 * IN THE SECOND DISPLAY. THE STATEMENT NUMBER 014000 00356800
24 * MNOTE ' VALUE OF &PP5 IS &PP6' 00357200
25 * IN THE FIRST DISPLAY WILL BE DELETED IN THE SECOND DISPLAY 00357600
26 * 00360900
27 *01* NOTES = CHANGE ACTIVITY 00361500
28 * @ DENOTES CHANGE ACTIVITY FLAGS. D IS SYSTEM IDENTIFIER 00361900
29 * FOR DOS. MEANING OF THE THIRD CHARACTER IS: A = APAR, 00364000
30 * M = PTM, L = NEW DEVELOPMENT. ALL OTHER CHARACTERS ARE 00366100
31 * FOR IBM INTERNAL USE. 00368200
32 * 00370300
33 *01* CHANGE ACTIVITY = AS FOLLOWS. 00372400
34 * CHANGE DESCRIPTIONS. 00374500
35 * NEW MODULE - FIRST RELEASE 28. @DL28301 00376600
36 * 00378600
37 * /* END OF SPECIFICATIONS ***** 00380600
38 GBLA &GBLA
39 GBLB &GBLB
40 GBLC &GBLC
41 LCLA &LCLA
42 LCLB &LCLB
43 LCLC &LCLC
44 .ONE ANOP
45 AIF (T'&PP1 EQ '0').TWO 00650000
46 &GBLA SETA &PP1 00700000
47 .TWO ANOP
48 AIF (T'&PP2 EQ '0').TWO 00750000
49 &GBLB SETB (1) 00800000
50 .THREE ANOP
51 AIF (T'&PP3 EQ '0').FOUR 00850000
52 &GBLC SETC '&PP3' 00900000

```

E.IVPASLS

75/01/06

```

53 .FOUR ANOP
54 AIF (T'&KW1 EQ '0').FIVE 00950000
55 &LCLA SETA &KW1 01000000
56 .FIVE ANOP
57 AIF (T'&KW2 EQ '0').SIX 01050000
58 &LCLB SETB (1) 01100000
59 .SIX ANOP
60 AIF (T'&KW3 EQ '0').SEVEN 01150000
61 &LCLC SETC '&KW3' 01200000
62 .SEVEN ANOP
63 AIF (T'&PP4 EQ '0').EIGHT 01250000
64 MNOTE ' VALUE OF &PP4 IS &PP4' 01300000
65 .EIGHT ANOP
66 AIF (T'&PP5 EQ '0').NINE 01350000
67 MNOTE ' VALUE OF &PP5 IS &PP5' 01360000
68 .NINE ANOP
69 AIF (T'&PP6 EQ '0').TEN 01370000
70 MNOTE ' VALUE OF &PP5 IS &PP6' THIS STATEMENT WILL BE DELETED 01400000
71 MNOTE ' VALUE OF &PP6 IS &PP6' 01450000
72 .TEN ANOP
73 AIF (NOT &GBLB AND NOT &LCLB).ELEVEN 01500000
74 MNOTE ' VALUE OF &PP2+&KW2 IS &PP2+&KW2' 01550000
75 .ELEVEN ANOP
76 MNOTE ' &PP2 AND/OR &KW2 NOT SPECIFIED' 01600000
77 MEND 01750000

```

E. IVPASLS

75/01/06

```

CATALS A.IVPASLS
1 MACRO 0000000
2 IVPASLS &PP1,&PP2,&PP3,&PP4,&PP5,&PP6, X
3 &KW1=,&KW2=,&KW3=
4 * DISK OPERATING SYSTEM 00250000
5 * IVPASLS - 5745-SC-ASM - RELEASE 28.0 00300000
6 * /* START OF SPECIFICATIONS ***** 00310000
7 * 00320000
8 *01* MODULE-NAME = IVPASLS 00330000
9 * 00340000
10 *01* DESCRIPTIVE NAME = INSTALLATION VERIFICATION PROCEDURE 00342000
11 * TEST PROGRAM FOR ESERV PROGRAM 00344000
12 * -SOURCE BOOK- 00346000
13 * 00348000
14 *01* FUNCTION = AS FOLLOWS. 00348100
15 * THIS MACRO IS USED AS INPUT TO THE ESERV PROGRAM IN THE 00348200
16 * INSTALLATION VERIFICATION PROCEDURE (IVP). TO CHECK THAT 00348600
17 * THE IVP WAS SUCCESSFUL, COMPARE THE TWO DISPLAYS OF THIS 00349000
18 * MACRO THE IVP PRINTS. THEY OUGHT TO BE EQUAL, EXCEPT 00349100
19 * FOR TWO STATEMENTS. THE STATEMENT NUMRER 007500 00349200
20 * AIF (T'&PP2 EQ '0').TWO 00350900
21 * IN THE FIRST DISPLAY WILL BE CHANGED TO - 00352900
22 * AIF (T'&PP2 EQ '0').THREE 00355000
23 * IN THE SECOND DISPLAY. THE STATEMENT NUMBER 014000 00356800
24 * MNOTE ' VALUE OF &PP5 IS &PP6' 00357200
25 * IN THE FIRST DISPLAY WILL BE DELETED IN THE SECOND DISPLAY 00357600
26 * 00360900
27 *01* NOTES = CHANGE ACTIVITY 00361500
28 * @ DENOTES CHANGE ACTIVITY FLAGS. D IS SYSTEM IDENTIFIER 00361900
29 * FOR DOS. MEANING OF THE THIRD CHARACTER IS: A = APAR, 00364000
30 * M = PTM, L = NEW DEVELOPMENT. ALL OTHER CHARACTERS ARE 00366100
31 * FOR IBM INTERNAL USE. 00368200
32 * 00373300
33 *01* CHANGE ACTIVITY = AS FOLLOWS. 00372400
34 * CHANGE DESCRIPTIONS. 00374500
35 * NFW MODULE - FIRST RELEASE 28. 00376600
36 * 00378600
37 * /* END OF SPECIFICATIONS ***** 00380600
38 &BLA &GBLA
39 &BLB &GBLB
40 &BLC &GBLC
41 &LCLA &GLCLA
42 &LCLB &GLCLB
43 &LCLC &GLCLC
44 .ONE ANOP
45 AIF (T'&PP1 EQ '0').TWO 00650000
46 &GBLA SETA &PP1 00700000
47 .TWO ANOP
48 AIF (T'&PP2 EQ '0').THREE
49 &GBLB SETB (1) 00800000
50 .THREE ANOP
51 AIF (T'&PP3 EQ '0').FOUR 00850000
52 &GBLC SETC ' &PP3' 00900000

```

E. IVPASLS

75/01/06

```

53 .FOUR ANOP
54 AIF (T'&KW1 EQ '0').FIVE 00950000
55 &LCLA SETA &KW1 01000000
56 .FIVE ANOP
57 AIF (T'&KW2 EQ '0').SIX 01050000
58 &LCLB SETB (1) 01100000
59 .SIX ANOP
60 AIF (T'&KW3 EQ '0').SEVEN 01150000
61 &LCLC SETC ' &KW3' 01200000
62 .SEVEN ANOP
63 AIF (T'&PP4 EQ '0').EIGHT 01250000
64 MNOTE ' VALUE OF &PP4 IS &PP4' 01300000
65 .EIGHT ANOP
66 AIF (T'&PP5 EQ '0').NINE 01350000
67 MNOTE ' VALUE OF &PP5 IS &PP5' 01360000
68 .NINE ANOP
69 AIF (T'&PP6 EQ '0').TEN 01370000
70 MNOTE ' VALUE OF &PP6 IS &PP6' 01450000
71 .TEN ANOP
72 AIF (NOT &GBLB AND NOT &LCLB).ELEVEN 01500000
73 MNOTE ' VALUE OF &PP2+&KW2 IS &PP2+&KW2' 01550000
74 .ELEVEN ANOP
75 MNOTE ' &PP2 AND/OR &KW2 NOT SPECIFIED' 01600000
76 MEND 01750000

```

E.IVPASLS

75/01/36

UPDATE SURVEY

) COL 73,6

) VER 003000

\* IVPASLS - 5745-SC-ASM - RELEASE 28.0

\* IVPASLS - 5745-SC-ASM - RELEASE 28.0

) VER 007000+1,8

.TWO

.TWO ANDP

) REP 007500

AIF (T\*&PP2 EQ '0').TWO

AIF (T\*&PP2 EQ '0').THREE

) DEL 014000

MNOTE ' VALUE OF &&PP5 IS &&PP6' THIS STATEMENT WILL BE DELETED 01400000

) END

END OF UPDATE SURVEY

00300000

....VERIFY CARD  
....ACTUAL STMT

00750000

....VERIFY CARD  
....ACTUAL STMT

....DELETED  
....ADDFD

....DELETED

/\*

THIS TERMINATES THE ESERV PROCESSING

\* IVPASL COMPLETED ++++++  
EOJ IVPASL

DATE 11/04/73,CLOCK 07/24/59,DURATION 00/02/02

STOP

## CAP - Cataloged Procedures

This function verifies the cataloging of a procedure into the procedure library and its subsequent execution.

### Setup Requirements

A procedure library must be allocated. Eight or more unused blocks must be available in the member space.

### Example of SYSLOG Output

```
BG // JOB IVPCAP1
  DATE 11/04/73, CLOCK 07/14/36
BG * *****
BG * IDENTIFICATION : IVPCAP1
BG * PURPOSE : CATALOGING OF A PROCEDURE
BG * FUNCTIONS TESTED : CATALP
BG * SET UP REQUIREMENTS : SYSTEM WITH PROCEDURE
BG * LIBRARY WITH MORE THEN SIX UNUSED BLOCKS IN MEMBER SPACE
BG * MODULES TESTED : MAINT
BG * OUTPUT DESCRIPTION : SYSTEM STATUS REPORT PRODUCED
BG * BY $LIBSTAT
BG * *****
BG EOJ IVPCAP1
  DATE 11/04/73, CLOCK 07/16/20, DURATION 00/01/43
BG // JOB IVPCAP2
  DATE 11/04/73, CLOCK 07/16/28
BG * *****
BG * IDENTIFICATION : IVPCAP2
BG * PURPOSE : EXECUTION OF A CATALOGUED PROCEDURE
BG * FUNCTIONS TESTED : EXECUTION OF CATALOGUED PROCEDURE IVPCAP1
BG * WHEREBY AN ASSEMBLED PROGRAM IS ASSEMBLED,
BG * LINK EDITED, TEMPORARILY CATALOGUED INTO
BG * THE CORE IMAGE LIBRARY AND EXECUTED
BG * SET UP REQUIREMENTS : SYSLNK, SYS001, SYS002, SYS003 MUST BE
BG * ASSIGNED
BG * MODULES TESTED : JOB CONTROL
BG * OUTPUT DESCRIPTION : PRINTING OF DATA LIST
BG * *****
BG * BEGIN OF PROCEDURE
BG * END OF PROCEDURE
BG EOP IVPCAP1
BG IVPCAP1 STARTED ++++++
BG IVPCAP1 COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY ++++++
BG EOJ IVPCAP2
  DATE 11/04/73, CLOCK 07/20/29, DURATION 00/03/59
BG // JOB IVPCAP3
  DATE 11/04/73, CLOCK 07/20/36
BG * DELETE IVPCAP1 FROM PROCEDURE LIBRARY
BG EOJ IVPCAP3
  DATE 11/04/73, CLOCK 07/21/17, DURATION 00/00/41
BG IC00A ATTN. 0 0C.
BG
```



Example of SYSLIST Output

```
// JOB IVPCAP1
* *****
* IDENTIFICATION: IVPCAP1
* PURPOSE: CATALOGING OF A PROCEDURE
* FUNCTIONS TESTED: CATALP
* SET UP REQUIREMENTS: SYSTEM WITH PROCEDURE
* LIBRARY WITH MORE THAN SIX UNUSED BLOCKS IN MEMBER SPACE
* MODULES TESTED: MAINT
* OUTPUT DESCRIPTION: SYSTEM STATUS REPORT PRODUCED
* BY $LIBSTAT
* *****
// EXEC MAINT
```

DATE 04/19/74,CLOCK 09/28/22

CATALP IVPCAP1

STATUS REPORT

DATE: 10/28/76

TIME: 14.44

	STARTING ADDRESS			NEXT ENTRY			LAST ENTRY			DIRECTORY ENTRIES		LIBRARY BLOCKS			COND. DIR.TRACKS			
	C	H	R	C	H	R	C	H	R	E	ACTIVE	ALLOCTD	ACTIVE	DELETD	AVAIL	LIMIT OR LIBRARY	BLOCKS	CYLINDERS
SYSRES VOL.SER.111111																		
PROCEDURE DIRECTORY	194	00	01	194	00	11 08	194	04	44	09	103							5
LIBRARY	194	05	01	195	01	20	197	18	61		4326	929	0	3397		0		4

// EXEC PSERV

```
IVPCAP1 VERSION 0.0 7 BLOCKS PROCEDURE LIBRARY
* BEGIN OF PROCEDURE
// OPTION LINK
// EXEC ASSEMBLY
ENTRY
// EXEC LNKEDT
* END OF PROCEDURE
/+
```

EDJ IVPCAP1

DATE 04/19/74,CLOCK 09/28/35,DURATION 00/00/13

```
// JOB IVPCAP2
* *****
* IDENTIFICATION: IVPCAP2
* PURPOSE: EXECUTION OF A CATALOGUED PROCEDURE
* FUNCTIONS TESTED: EXECUTION OF CATALOGUED PROCEDURE IVPCAP1
* WHEREBY AN ASSEMBLER PROGRAM IS ASSEMBLED,
* LINK EDITED, TEMPORARILY CATALOGUED INTO
* THE CORE IMAGE LIBRARY AND EXECUTED
* SET UP REQUIREMENTS: SYSLNK, SYS001, SYS002, SYS003 MUST BE
* ASSIGNED
* MODULES TESTED: JOB CONTROL
* OUTPUT DESCRIPTION: PRINTING OF DATA LIST
* *****
// EXEC PROC=IVPCAP1
* BEGIN OF PROCEDURE
// OPTION LINK
// EXEC ASSEMBLY
```

DATE 04/19/74,CLOCK 09/28/37

EXTERNAL SYMBOL DICTIONARY

SYMBOL	TYPE	ID	ADDR	LENGTH	LD-ID
TEST	SD (CSECT)	01	007D00	0001C0	
IJDFZZZZ	ER (EXTRN)	02			
IJDFZZZZ	SC (CSECT)	03	000000	000028	
IJCZIZO	ER (EXTRN)	04			

DUMMY SECTION DICTIONARY

SYMBOL	ID	LENGTH
IJDPO12	FF	000030

LOC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	DOS/VS ASSEMBLER REL 30.0 09.29 74-04-15
007D00				1	TEST START 32000	
				2	IVPCAPS	
				3**	IVPCAPS - 5754-SC-LBR - RELEASE 28.0	04000028
				4**		05000028
				5**	/* START OF SPECIFICATIONS *****	06000028
				6**		07000028
				7**01*	MODULE-NAME=IVPCAPS	08000028
				8**		09000028
				9**01*	DESCRIPTIVE-NAME=INSTALLATION VERIFICATION PROCEDURE	10000028
				10**	TEST FOR CATALOGUED PROCEDURES	11000028
				11**		12000028
				12**01*	NOTES = CHANGE ACTIVITY	13000028
				13**	@ DENOTES CHANGE ACTIVITY FLAG. D IS SYSTEM IDENTIFIER FOR DOS.	14000028
				14**	MEANING OF THE THIRD CHARACTER IS - A=APAR,M=PTM,I=NEW	15000028
				15**	DEVELOPMENT. OTHER CHARACTERS ARE FOR IBM INTERNAL USE.	16000028
				16**		17000028
				17**01*	CHANGE ACTIVITY = AS FOLLOWS	18000028
				18**	CHANGE DESCRIPTIONS	19000028
				19**	NEW MODULE - FIRST RELEASE 28	20000028
				20**	WRONG SEARCH IN PCIL	21000028
				21**		22000028
				22****	END OF SPECIFICATIONS *****/	23000028
007D00	05A0			23+START	BALR 10,0	24000028
		07D02		24+	USING *,10	25000028
007D02	41B0 A0DB		07DDA	25+	LA REG,TYPECCB	26000028
				26**	SUPVR COMMN MACDS - EXCP - 5745-SC-SUP - REL. 28.0	15050028
007D06	181B			27+	LR 1,REG	50000028
007D08	0A0C			28+	SVC 0	EM 55010028
				29**	SUPERVISOR - WAIT - 5745-SC-SUP - REL. 28.0	12000028
007D0A	181B			30+	LR 1,REG	39000028
007D0C	9180 1002	00002		31+	TM 2(1),X'80'	54000028
007D10	4710 A014		07D16	32+	ED **6	57000028
007D14	0A07			33+	SVC 7	60000028
				34**	IDCS - OPEN - 5745-SC-IOX - REL 28.0	12000028
007D16	0700			35+	CNOP 0,4	20000028
007D18				36+	DC 0F'0'	22000028
007D18	4110 A1A6		07EAB	37+	LA 1,C'\$\$BOPEN '	46000028
007D1C	4500 A026		07D28	38+IJJ00004	BAL 0,**+4+4*(3-1)	54000028
007D20	00007CA8			39+	DC A(INPUT)	64000028
007D24	00007D78			40+	DC A(OUTPUT)	64000028
007D28	0A02			41+	SVC 2	74000028
				43**	IDCS - GET - 5745-SC-IOX - REL 29.0	12000029
007D2A	5810 A1B6		07EB8	44+LABEL	L 1,=A(INPUT)	GET DTF TABLE ADDRESS 42000025
007D2E	58F1 0010		00010	45+	L 15,16(1)	GET LOGIC MODULE ADDRESS 75000025
007D32	45EF 0008		00008	46+	BAL 14,8(15)	BRANCH TO GET ROUTINE 78000025
				47**	IDCS AND DEVICE INDEPENDENT I/O - PUT - 5745-SC-IOX - REL. 29.0	05000029
007D36	5810 A1EA		07EBC	48+	L 1,=A(OUTPUT)	GET DTF TABLE ADDRESS 15000025
007D3A	58F1 0010		00010	49+	L 15,16(1)	GET LOGIC MODULE ADDRESS 3-5 54000025
007D3E	45EF 000C		0000C	50+	BAL 14,12(15)	BRANCH TO PUT ROUTINE 3-5 55000025

LOC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	DOS/VS ASSEMBLER REL 30.0 09.29 74-04-19
007D42	47F0 A028	07D2A		51+	B LABEL	33000028
				52+*	IOCS AND DEVICE INDEPENDANT I/O - CLOSE - 5745-SC-IOX - REL. 28.0	08100028
007D46	0700			53+	CNOP 0.4	20000025
007D48	411C A1AE	07EB0		54+END	DC OF*0'	22000025
007D4C	4500 A056	07D58		55+	LA 1,C*\$\$BCLOSE'	46000025
007D50	00007DAB			56+IJJC0007	BAL 0,***+*(3-1)	54000025
007D54	00007D78			57+	DC A(INPUT)	64000025
007D58	0A02			58+	DC A(OUTPUT)	64000025
007D5A	41B0 A0F6	07DF8		59+	SVC 2	74000025
007D5E	50B0 A0E0	07DE2		60+	LA REG.TYPNCCW	35000028
	*** EFROR ***			61+	ST REG,TYPECCB+8	36000028
007D62	41B0 A0D8	07DDA		62+	LA REG,TYPECCB	36050028
				63+*	SUPVR COMMN MACOS - EXCP - 5745-SC-SUP - REL. 28.0	15050028
007D66	181B			64+	LR 1,REG	50000025
007D68	0A0C			65+	SVC 0	55010028 EM
				66+*	SUPERVISOR - WAIT - 5745-SC-SUP - REL. 28.0	12000028
007D6A	181B			67+	LR 1,REG	39000025
007D6C	9180 1002	00002		68+	TM 2(1),X'80'	54000025
007D70	4710 AC74	07D76		69+	BO *+6	57000025
007D74	0A07			70+	SVC 7	60000025
				71+*	SUPVR COMMN MACROS - EOJ - 5745-SC-SUP - REL. 28.0	40000028
007D76	0A0E			72+	SVC 14	50000025
				74+*	IOCS AND DEVICE INDEPENDANT I/O - DTFPR - 5745-SC-IOX - REL. 30.0	02870030
007D78				75+	DC 0D*0'	60000025
007D7B	000080C00000			76+OUTPLT	DC X'000080000000'	RES. CCUNT, COM. BYTES BTS JJ 61510028
007D7E	00			77+	DC AL1(0)	LOGICAL UNIT CLASS 70000025
007D7F	03			78+	DC AL1(3)	LOGICAL UNIT 70200028
007D80	00007DA0			79+	DC A(**+32)	CCW ADDR. JJ 71000028
007D84	00000000			80+	DC 4X*00'	CCB-ST BYTE,CSW CCW ADDRESS JJ 71200028
007D88	00			81+	DC AL1(0)	SWITCH 3 4-0 71750027
007D89	000000			82+	DC VL3(IJDFZZZZ)	ADDR OF LOGIC MODUL3-8 76800025
007D8C	08			83+	DC X'08'	DTF TYPE (PRINTER) JJ 77580028
007D8D	10			84+	DC AL1(16)	SWITCHES 77600025
007D8E	09			85+	DC AL1(9)	NORMAL COMM. CCDE 4-0 78000027
007D8F	09			86+	DC AL1(9)	CONTROL COMM. CODE 4-0 78400027
007D90	00007E58			87+	DC A(IN+0)	ADDRESS OF DATA IN IOAREA1 78800025
007D9A	0000C000			88+	DC 4X*00'	BUCKET 3-5 84000025
007D9B	0700			89+	NOPR 0	PUT LENGTH IN REG12 (ONLY UNDEF. 84800025
007D9A	470C 0000	00000		90+	NOP 0	LOAD USER POINTER REG 86400025
007D9E	000C			91+	CC 2X*00'	NOT USED 3-5 89600025
007DA0	09007E5820000050			92+	CCW 9,IN+0,X'20',80-0	4-0 91200027
		07DAB		93+IJJZ0011	EQU *	92000025
				94+*	IOCS AND DEVICE INDEPENDANT I/O - PRMOD - 5745-SC-IOX - REL. 29.0	01290029
00000C				95+IJDPO012	DSECT	16200025
C00000				96+IJDPO012	DS CL2	RESIDUAL COUNT 16400025
C000C2				97+IJDPO1012	DS CL1	COMMUNICATION BYTE 1 16600025
000003				98+IJDPO1012	DS CL1	COMMUNICATION BYTE 2 16800025
C00004				99+IJDPO012	DS CL2	CSW STATUS BYTES 17000025

LOC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	DOS/V5 ASSEMBLER REL 30.0 09.29 74-04-19
00000E				100+IJDPA012	DS CL2	LOGICAL UNIT ADDRESS 17200025
000008				101+	DS CL1	NOT USED 17400025
000009				102+IJDPA012	DS CL3	ADDRESS CF CCW 17600025
00000C				103+	DS CL1	STATUS BYTE 17800025
00000D				104+	DS CL3	CSW CCW ADDR. 18000025
00001C				105+IJDPA012	DS CL4	ADDRESS OF LOGIC MODULE 4-0 18050027
000014				106+IJDPA012	DS CL1	DTF TYPE 18400025
000015				107+IJDPA012	DS CL1	SWITCHES 18600025
000016				108+IJDPA012	DS CL1	NORMAL COMMAND CODE 18800025
000017				109+IJDPA012	DS CL1	CONTROL COMMAND CCDE 19000025
000018				110+IJDPA012	DS CL4	ADDRESS OF IOAREA 1 19200025
00001C				111+IJDPA012	DS CL4	BUCKET 19400025
000020				112+IJDPA012	DS CL2	L 12, &RECSIZE 19600025
000022				113+IJDPA012	DS CL4	LA &IOREG,0(14) 19800025
000026				114+IJDPA012	DS CL1	BUCKET FOR PRTOV IF ASA CH 9 20000025
000027				115+IJDPA012	DS CL1	BUCKET FOR PRTOV IF ASA CH 12 20200025
000028				116+IJDPA012	DS CL1	COMMAND CODE 21000025
000029				117+IJDPA012	DS CL3	ADDRESS IOAREA 2 21200025
00002C				118+IJDPA012	DS CL1	FLAGS =X'20' 21400025
00002D				119+	DS CL1	NOT USED 21600025
00002E				120+IJDPA012	DS CL2	COUNT 21800025
00000C				121+IJDPA012	C SECT	22000025
		00000		122+	USING IJDPA012,1	24800025
		00000		123+	USING *,15	25000025
000000 CA32				124+	SVC IJDL6012	CONTROL ERROR 26000025
000002 0000				125+	DC 1H'0'	26200025
000004 0A32				126+	SVC IJDL6012	PRTOV ERROR 27000025
000006 0000				127+	DC 1H'0'	27200025
000008 0A32				128+	SVC IJDL6012	GET ERROR 27400025
00000A 000C				129+	DC 1H'0'	27600025
00000C 47F0 F01A 0001A				130+	B IJDPA012	BRANCH TO PUT 27800025
000010 C9D1C4C6E9E9E9E9				131+	DC CL8'IJDFZZZZ'	MODULE NAME 4-0 28000027
000018 2800				132+	DC X'2800'	MODULE CHANGE LEVEL ADM01457 28050028
		0001A		133+IJDPA012	EQU *	28400025
00001A 0A00				134+	SVC IJDL7012	EXCP 58800025
00001C 9180 1C02		00002		135+	TM IJDPA012,IJDL8012	WAIT CHANNEL END 4-0 59400027
000020 4710 F026 00026				136+	BO **6	59600025
000024 0A07				137+	SVC 7	59800025
000026 07FE				138+	BR IJDL4012	BACK TO USER 3-9 60250026
		0000B		139+IJDL1012	EQU 11	REG 11 3-3 69600025
		0000C		140+IJDL2012	EQU 12	REG 12 70000025
		0000D		141+IJDL3012	EQU 13	REG 13 70200025
		0000E		142+IJDL4012	EQU 14	REG 14 70400025
		0000F		143+IJDL5012	EQU 15	REG 15 70600025
		00032		144+IJDL6012	EQU 50	ABEOJ 70800025
		00000		145+IJDL7012	EQU 0	EXCP 71000025
		00080		146+IJDL8012	EQU X'80'	71200025
		00040		147+IJDL9012	EQU X'40'	71400025
		00020		148+IJDLA012	EQU X'20'	71600025
		00008		149+IJDLE012	EQU X'08'	71800025
		00010		150+IJDLC012	EQU X'10'	72000025

LOC	OBJECT	CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE	STATEMENT	DOS/VS ASSEMBLER REL 30.0 09.29 74-04-19
					00004	151+IJCLC012	EQU X'04'	72200025
					00006	152+IJDLE012	EQU X'06'	72400025
					00001	153+IJDLF012	EQU X'01'	72600025
					00002	154+IJDLG012	EQU X'02'	72800025
					0008B	155+IJD LH012	EQU X'8B'	73000025
					000FE	156+IJD LIO12	EQU X'FE'	73200025
					0000B	157+IJD LJ012	EQU X'0B'	73400025
					000BF	158+IJD LK012	EQU X'BF'	73600025
					000F8	159+IJD LL012	EQU X'F8'	73650026
					00040	160+IJD LM012	EQU X'40'	73700026
					00001	161+IJD LN012	EQU 1	73750026
					00015	162+IJD M012	EQU X'15'	73750527
					0003E	163+IJD M€012	EQU 56	73751027
					00023	164+IJD JM012	EQU X'23'	73751527
					00005	165+IJD O5012	EQU X'05'	73752027
					0008D	166+IJD 8D012	EQU X'8D'	73752527
					000BD	167+IJD BC012	EQU X'BD'	73753027
					0001D	168+IJD 1D012	EQU X'1D'	73753527
					0000D	169+IJD 0D012	EQU X'0D'	73754027
					000CD	170+IJD CD012	EQU X'CD'	73754527
					00030	171+IJD V2012	EQU 4B	73755027
007DA8					172+TEST	CSECT		75800025
007DA8					173+*	IOCS AND DEVICE INDEPENDANT I/O - DTFCO - 574E-SC-IDX - REL. 30.0		01220030
007DA8					174+	DC 00'0'		44800025
007DA8	000080000000				175+INPUT	DC X'000080000000'	RES. COUNT. COM. BYTES STATUJJ	45200028
007DAE	00				176+	DC AL1(0)	LOGICAL UNIT CLASS	49800025
007DAF	01				177+	DC AL1(1)	LOGICAL UNIT	50000025
007DB0	00007DCB				178+	DC A(IJCX0013)	CCW ADDRESS @DL2994J	50400029
007DB4	00000000				179+	DC 4X'00'	CCB-ST BYTE,CSW CCW ADDR.	51000025
007DB8	00				180+	DC AL1(0)	SWITCH 3	51200027
007DB9	000000				181+	DC VL3(IJCFZ1Z0)	ADDRESS OF LOGIC MODULE	53600025
007DBC	02				182+	DC X'02'	DTF TYPE (READER)	53940028
007DBD	00				183+	DC AL1(0)	SWITCHES	55200025
007DBE	02				184+	DC AL1(2)	NORMAL COMM.CODE	55400025
007DBF	02				185+	DC AL1(2)	CTRL COMM.CODE	59600025
007DC0	00007E58				186+	DC A(IN)	ADDR. OF IOAREA1	60000025
007DC4	00				187+	DC AL1(0)		60600028
007DC5	007D48				188+	DC AL3(END)	EOF ADDRESS	60800028
007DC8	02007E582C000050				189+IJCX0013	CCW 2,IN,X'20',80		62600025
007DD0	4700 0000	C0000			190+	NOP 0	LOAD USER POINTER REG.	63000025
007DD4	4700 0000	00000			191+	NOP 0	MOVE IOAREA TO WCRKA	63800025
007DD8	0000				192+	DC X'0000'		64000025
007DDA	0000				193+IJJZ0013	EQU *		85800025
007DDC	0000				194+*	SUPVR COMMN MACROS - CCB - 574E-SC-SUP - REL. 28.0		07100028
007DDE	0000				195+TYPECCB	DC XL2'0' .	RESIDUAL COUNT	49000028
007DE0	00				196+	DC XL2'0' .	COMMUNICATIONS BYTES	50000028
007DE1	04				197+	DC XL2'0' .	CSW STATUS BYTES	51000028
007DE2	00				198+	DC AL1(0)	LOGICAL UNIT CLASS	52000028
007DE3	007DF0				199+	DC AL1(4)	LOGICAL UNIT	53000028
					200+	DC XL1'0'		54000028
					201+	DC AL3(TYPECCW)	CCW ADDRESS	55000028

LOC	OBJECT CODE	ADDR1	ADDR2	STMT	SOURCE STATEMENT	DDS/V5 ASSEMBLER REL 30.0 09.29 74-04-19
007DE6	00			202+	DC B'00000000'	STATUS BYTE 56000028
007DE7	000000			203+	CC AL3(0)	CSW CCW ADDRESS 57000028
007DEA	0000C00C0000					
007DF0	09007E0C00000025			204+TYPECCW	CCW 9,MSGST,0,L'MSGST	45000028
007DF8	09007E2500000033			205+TYFNCCW	CCW 9,MSGEN,0,L'MSGEN	46000028
007E00	C9E5D7C3C1D74040			206+MSGST	DC C'IVPCAP STARTED +++++'	47000028
007E25	C9E5D7C3C1D74040			207+MSGEN	DC C'IVPCAP COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY +++++'	48000028
007E58		0000B		208+REG	EQU 11	49000028
				209+IN	DS CL80	50000028
		07D00		210	END START	
007EAB	5B5BC2D6D7C5D540			211	=C'\$\$BOPEN'	
007EB0	5B5BC2C3D3D6E2C5			212	=C'\$\$BCLOSE'	
007EB8	00007DA8			213	=A(INPUT)	
007EBC	00007D78			214	=A(OUTPUT)	

RELOCATION DICTIONARY

ESDID FOR ADDR CON	ESDID FOR REF SYMBOL	TYPE	LENGTH	ADDRESS	74-04-19
01	+01	A	4	007D20	
01	+01	A	4	007D24	
01	+01	A	4	007D50	
01	+01	A	4	007D54	
01	+01	A	4	007D80	
01	+02	V	3	007D89	
01	+01	A	4	007D90	
01	+01	CCW	3	007DA1	
01	+01	A	4	007DB0	
01	+04	V	3	007DE9	
01	+01	A	4	007DC0	
01	+01	A	3	007DC5	
01	+01	CCW	3	007DC9	
01	+01	A	3	007DE3	
01	+01	CCW	3	007DF1	
01	+01	CCW	3	007DF9	
01	+01	A	4	007EB8	
01	+01	A	4	007EEC	

CROSS-REFERENCE

SYMBOL	LEN	ID	VALUE	DEFN	REFERENCES
END	00004	01	007D48	00054	0188
IJCX0013	00008	C1	007DC8	00189	017E
IJDBD012	00001		0000BD	00167	
IJDCD012	00001		0000CD	00170	
IJDFZZZ	00001	03	0000C0	00121	
IJDJM012	00001		000023	00164	
IJDLA012	00001		0C0020	00148	
IJDLE012	00001		000008	00149	
IJDL012	00001		000010	00150	
IJDL0012	00001		000004	00151	
IJDLE012	00001		000006	00152	
IJDLF012	00001		000001	00153	
IJDLG012	00001		000002	00154	
IJDLH012	00001		00008E	00155	
IJDLI012	00001		0000FE	00156	
IJDLJ012	00001		00000B	00157	
IJDLK012	00001		0000BF	00158	
IJDLL012	00001		0000F8	00159	
IJMLM012	00001		000040	00160	
IJDLN012	00001		000001	00161	
IJDL1012	00001		00000B	00139	
IJDL2012	00001		00000C	00140	
IJDL3012	00001		00000D	00141	
IJDL4012	00001		00000E	00142	013E
IJDL5012	00001		00000F	00143	
IJDL6012	00001		000C32	00144	0124 0126 0128
IJDL7012	00001		000000	00145	0134
IJDL8012	00001		0C0080	00146	0135
IJDL9012	00001		000040	00147	
IJDM1012	00004	FF	000010	00105	
IJDM6012	00001		000015	00162	
IJDM8012	00001		000038	00163	
IJDPA012	00001	FF	000017	00109	
IJDPC012	00002	FF	000020	00112	
IJDPC012	00004	FF	000022	00113	
IJDPO012	00001	FF	0000C0	00095	
IJDPE012	00001	FF	000026	00114	
IJDPF012	00001	FF	000027	00115	
IJDPG012	00001	FF	000028	00116	
IJDPH012	00003	FF	000029	00117	
IJDP1012	00001	FF	00002C	00118	
IJDPJ012	00002	FF	00002E	00120	
IJDPO012	00002	FF	000004	00099	
IJDPR012	00001	03	00001A	00133	0130
IJDPO012	00002	FF	000000	00096	0122
IJDP1012	00001	FF	000002	00097	013E
IJDPP012	00001	FF	000003	00098	
IJDP3012	00002	FF	0000C6	00100	
IJDP4012	00003	FF	0000C9	00102	
IJDP5012	00001	FF	000014	00106	
IJDP6012	00001	FF	000015	00107	

CROSS-REFERENCE

SYMBOL	LEN	ID	VALUE	DEFN	REFERENCES
IJDP7012	00004	FF	000018	00110	
IJDP8012	00004	FF	00001C	00111	
IJDP9012	00001	FF	000016	00108	
IJDV2012	00001		000030	00171	
IJDD0012	00001		00000D	00169	
IJD05012	00001		000005	00165	
IJD1D012	00001		00001D	00168	
IJD8D012	00001		00008D	00166	
IJJC0007	00004	01	007D4C	00056	
IJJC0004	00C04	C1	007D1C	00038	
IJJZ0011	00001	01	007DA8	00093	
IJJZ0013	00001	01	007DDA	00193	
IN	00C80	01	007E5E	00209	0087 0092 0186 0189
INPUT	0C006	01	007DA8	00175	0039 0057 C213
LABEL	00004	01	007D2A	00044	0051
MSGEN	00051	01	007E25	00207	0205 0205
MSGST	00037	01	007E00	00206	0204 0204
OUTPUT	00C06	C1	007D78	00076	0040 0058 0214
REG	00001		00000B	00208	0025 0027 0030 0060 0061 0062 0064 0067
START	00002	01	007DC0	00023	0210
TEST	00001	01	007DC0	00001	0172
TYPECCB	00002	01	007DDA	00195	0025 0061 C062
TYPECCW	00008	01	007DF0	00204	0201
TYPNCCW	00008	01	007DFE	00205	0060
=A(INPUT)					
	00004	C1	007EB8	00213	0044
=A(OUTPUT)					
	00004	01	007EBC	00214	0048
=C*\$\$BOPEN*					
	00008	01	007EA8	00211	0037
=C*\$\$BCLOSE*					
	00C08	01	007EBC	00212	0055



STMT ERROR NO. MESSAGE

74-04-15

61 IPK182 ALIGNMENT ERROR IN OPERAND 2

THE FOLLOWING MACRO NAMES HAVE BEEN FOUND IN MACRO INSTRUCTIONS  
 IVPCAPS EXCP WAIT OPEN GET PUT CLOSE EOJ DTFPR PRMOD DTFCO CCB BTWAIT

OPTIONS FOR THIS ASSEMBLY - ALIGN, LIST, XREF, LINK, DECK, EDECK

THE ASSEMBLER WAS RUN IN 135048 BYTES  
 END OF ASSEMBLY

ENTRY  
 // EXEC LNKEDT

JOB IVPCAP2 04/19/74 DOS LINKAGE EDITOR DIAGNOSTIC OF INPUT

ACTION TAKEN MAP REL  
 LIST AUTOLINK IJCFZIZO  
 LIST ENTRY

04/19/74	PHASE	XFR-AD	LOCORE	HICORE	DSK-AD	ESD TYPE	LABEL	LOADED	REL-FR
	PHASE***	040078	040078	0402CB	019 0D 09	CSECT	TEST	040078	038378 RELOCATABLE
						CSECT	IJDFZZZ	040238	040238
						CSECT	IJCFZIZO	040260	040260

\* END OF PROCEDURE  
 EOP IVPCAP1  
 // EXEC  
 1  
 12  
 123  
 1234  
 12345  
 123456  
 1234567  
 12345678  
 123456789

EOJ IVPCAP2

DATE 04/19/74,CLOCK 09/30/28,DURATION 00/01/51

// JOB IVPCAP3  
 \* DELETE IVPCAP1 FROM PROCEDURE LIBRARY  
 // EXEC MAINT

DATE 04/19/74,CLOCK 09/30/30

DELETP IVPCAP1

STATUS REPORT

DATE: 10/28/76

TIME: 14.44

	STARTING ADDRESS			NEXT ENTRY			LAST ENTRY			DIRECTORY ENTRIES ACTIVE	LIBRARY BLOCKS			COND. LIMIT BLOCKS	DIR. TRACKS OR LIBRARY CYLINDERS
	C	H	R	C	H	R	C	H	R		ALLOCTD	ACTIVE	DELETD		
SYSRES VOL.SER.111111															
PROCEDURE DIRECTORY	194	00	01	194	00	11	08	194	04	44	09	102			
LIBRARY	194	05	01	195	01	20		197	18	61		4326	922	7	3397

EOJ IVPCAP3

DATE 04/19/74,CLOCK 09/30/35,DURATION 00/00/05

## EMA - 1401/1440/1460 Emulator

### Functions Tested

Three verification procedures are provided with the emulator:

- One to be used with an emulator generated for a 1401 or a 1460, with the following options: advanced programming, sense switches, and 1400 console.
- One to be used with an emulator generated for a 1401 or a 1401G or a 1460 without the above options.
- One to be used with an emulator generated for a 1440 with the options advanced programming and sense switches.

### IVPGEN MACRO OPTIONS

EMA={ NO } Specify if the DOS/VS 1401/1440/1460 Emulator program is to be  
{ YES } verified.

### Required Parameters

EMATYPE={ 1401 } Specify the required verification procedure.  
          { 1440 }  
          { 1401G }

1401 : Verification procedure for a 1401/1460 emulator with options.

1440 : Verification procedure for a 1440 emulator.

1401G: Verification procedure for a 1410/1460 emulator without options,  
or verification procedure for a 1401G emulator.

EMANAME=X Specify the phasename under which the emulator is cataloged in the core  
image library.

### Optional Parameters

EMACCS={ NO } Specify if CS control cards support is required in the user-generated  
          { YES } 1401/1440/1460 emulator program (CTLCARD=CS specified in the EMSUP macro  
instruction).

Specify the following two parameters only if you want to verify the tape functions.

EMATSN=SYSnnn Specify the logical name of the tape device assigned to the 1400 tape  
unit 1. This unit must have been defined in an EMTAPE emulator macro  
instruction. Do not specify this parameter if spanned tape format has  
been specified (TPSUP=SPANNED in the EMSUP emulator macro instruction),  
or if the emulator does not emulate the tapes (TPSUP=NCNE in the EMSUP  
macro instruction).

EMATA=cuu Device address of the tape drive. Specify only if EMATSN=SYSnnn is also  
specified.

Note that only one emulator program can be executed during one IVP run and that,  
conversely, this emulator can execute only one of the verification procedures.

In addition to testing the 1400 CPU functions and the operator communication  
functions, the verification procedures:

- Read data from the System/370 device assigned as 1400 card reader.
- Punch data on the System/370 device assigned as 1400 card punch.
- Print the data read from the 1400 card reader on the System/370 device assigned as  
1400 printer.

If the System/370 configuration includes a tape unit, the verification procedures (except those for the 1401G or the 1401/1460 without options) optionally write on and read from tape in 1400 format (TPSUP=ORIGINAL or MIXED in the EMSUP emulator macro instruction).

The verification procedures contain 1400 object programs and data as well as the DOS/VS control cards required to execute the emulator. You can perform the verification procedures with the emulator generated in accordance with your specifications and cataloged to the core image library.

However, the verification procedures cannot be used with an emulator generated to handle:

- column binary data
- card image data
- 51-column cards.

A 1401/1440/1460 emulator must emulate real storage of a size of at least 4,000 bytes.

A 1401G emulator must emulate real storage of a size of at least 4,000 bytes.

## SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

### Emulator Macro Options

The following emulator instructions generate a minimum emulator to execute the verification procedures (does not apply to the 1401G emulator):

```
EMULATOR    CPU=xxxx,CORE=4,ADVPROG=YES,SENSESW=YES,MODEL=145
EMSUP        EMNAME=EMSPL01,CCRDR=SYSRDR,                X
              TPSUP=ORIGINAL,CONSOLE=YES
EMRDR        TODEV=2540
EMPUNCH      FROMDEV=1402,TODEV=2540
EMPTR        FROMDEV=1403,TODEV=1403
EMTAPE       DEVADDR=SYS001,UNIT=1,                    X
              TYPEFLE=OUTPUT,RECFM=ORIGINAL,BLKSIZE=80
EMEND
END
```

### Notes

1. xxxx in the EMULATOR macro can be either 1401,1440, or 1460.
2. The EMTAPE macro specification is not required if no tape functions are to be verified.

For a 1401G the minimum emulator is generated as follows:

```
EMULATOR    CPU=1401G,CORE=4,ADVPROG=YES,SENSESW=YES,MODEL=145
EMSUP        EMNAME=EMSPL01,CCRDR=SYSRDR
EMRDR        TODEV=2540
EMPUNCH      FROMDEV=1402,TODEV=2540
EMPTR        FROMDEV=1403,TODEV=1403
EMEND
END
```

The logical names of the System/370 devices assigned as 1400 reader, punch, and printer are by default SYSIPT, SYSPCH, and SYSLST. If you specified logical names in the form DEVADDR=SYSnnn, be sure that these devices relate to the same devices as SYSIPT, SYSPCH, and SYSLST.

## HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

A Central Processing Unit equipped with:

- The IBM Compatibility Feature 4457 for Models 125 and 135
- The IBM Compatibility Feature 4457 or 4458 for Model 145
- Standard instruction set
- One tape drive, if the tape functions are to be verified

## STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

The amount of storage required depends on what you specify when generating your emulator. The emulator described in the section "Software Requirements" takes up approximately 27,500 bytes of storage.

## OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

### 1. Setup Requirements

None, if tape functions are not to be verified. Otherwise, mount a scratch tape on the tape unit assigned to 1400 tape unit 1.

### 2. Operating Instructions

Type in START in response to message

```
EN021D IVPEMA HALT IAR=nnnnnn  
AAR=00001/2 BAR=00001/2
```

## EMB - 1410/7010 Emulator

### Functions Tested

- 1410/7010 CPU functions
- Operator communication functions
- Console operations
- Tape functions - 1400 format (optional)

### IVPGEN MACRO OPTIONS

EMB={ NO } Specify if the DOS/VS 1410/7010 Emulator program is to be  
{ YES } verified.

### Required Parameter

EMBNAME=x Specify the phase name under which the emulator is cataloged in the core image library.

### Optional Parameters

EMBTSN=SYSnnn Specify the logical name of the System/370 tape device assigned to 1400 tape unit 1, channel 1.

EMBTA=cuu Device address of the tape drive. Specify only if EMATSN=SYSnnn is also specified.

In addition to testing the 1410/7010 CPU functions and the operator communication functions, the verification procedures:

- Read data from the System/370 device assigned as 1400 card reader.
- Punch data on the System/370 device assigned as 1400 card punch.
- Print the data read from the 1400 card reader on the System/370 device assigned as 1400 printer.

If the System/370 configuration includes a tape unit the verification procedures optionally write on and read from tape in 1400 format (TPSUP=ORIGINAL or MIXED in the EMSUP emulator macro instruction).

The verification procedure comprises a 1400 object program and data as well as the DOS/VS control cards required to execute the emulator program. You can perform the verification procedures with an emulator generated in accordance with your specifications and cataloged to the core image library.

The minimum amount of storage that can be handled by a 1410/7010 emulator is 40,000 bytes.

For a 1410 emulator the EMULATOR macro instruction must specify URCAN=1 and OVERLAP=YES, in addition to the selected parameters.

#### SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

The following instructions will generate a minimum size emulator to execute the verification procedures:

```
EMULATOR CPU=xxxx,CORE=40,CHAN=1,URCAN=1,OVERLAP=YES,MODEL=145
EMSUP      EMNAME=EMSPL10,CCRDR=SYSRDR, X
           TPSUP=ORIGINAL
EMRDR      TODEV=2540
EMPUNCH    TODEV=2540
EMPTR      TODEV=1403
EMTAPE     DEVADDR=SYS001,UNIT=11, X
           TYPEFLE=OUTPUT,RECFM=ORIGINAL,BLKSIZE=80
EMCNLSL
EMEND
           END
```

#### Notes:

1. xxxx in the EMULATOR macro can be either 1410 or 7010.
2. Do not specify OVERLAP=YES if CPU=7010 is specified,

The logical names of the System/370 devices assigned as 1400 reader, punch, and printer are by default SYSIPT, SYSPCH and SYSLST. If you specified logical names in the form DEVADDR=SYSnnn, be sure that these devices relate to the same devices as SYSIPT, SYSPCH, and SYSLST.

#### HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

A Central Processing Unit equipped with:

- The IBM Compatibility Feature 4458 for Models 145
- Standard instruction set
- One tape drive, if tape functions are to be verified.

## STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

The amount of storage required is dependent on what you specify when generating your emulator. The emulator described in the section "Software Requirements" takes up approximately 27,500 bytes of storage.

## OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

### 1. Setup Requirements

None, if tape functions are not to be verified. Otherwise, mount a scratch tape on the tape unit assigned to 1400 unit 1, channel 1.

### 2. Operating Instructions

On display of message

EP022D IVPEME HALT/BRANCH IAR=nnnnn AAR=xxxxx BAR=xxxxx DMOD=1

- Type in START if nnnnn=06106.
- Type in ECJ if nnnnn is not 06106.

## **E20 - System/370 Model 20 Emulator**

### Functions Tested

The Installation Verification Procedure for the System/360 Model 20 emulator tests the following Model 20 functions:

- CPU instructions.
- Interrupt capability.
- CPU data and address checking.
- Operator communications.
- I/O operations for each type of device the emulator program supports.

Note: If the E20 verification procedure makes use of a read/punch device (2520 or 2560) it can be used for only one run. For a following run it is necessary to assemble the IVPGEN macro again.

### IVPGEN MACRO OPTIONS

E20={ NO } Specify if the DOS/VS System/360 Model 20 Emulator program generation  
{ YES } is to be verified.

### Required Parameter

E20NAME=xxxx Specify the phase name under which the emulator is cataloged in the core image library. Length of the phase name may be from four to seven characters.

## HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

- A Central Processing Unit equipped with the IBM Compatibility Feature 7520 for Models 125 and 135 and a standard instruction set.
- One physical device for each Model 20 device emulated.

If the System/360 configuration comprises an MFCM, note that the emulation can either be performed on a System/370 MFCM or on the combination of a 3504/3505 and a 3525. The MFCM is emulated at DOS/VS level by two physical devices, therefore, enter two ASSGN commands.

## OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

### 1. Setup Requirements

The system printer must be provided with a carriage control tape with punches in (at least) channels 1, 9, and 12.

### 2. Operating Instructions

In response to message

```
E201D 01 STOP UL=99,PSW=0100062C,ESTR=OFFF
```

type in EOJ to pass control to DOS/VS job control.

Example of SYSLOG Output

```
BG // JOB IVPE20
DATE 11/04/73, CLOCK 23/33/07
BG * INSTALLATION VERIFICATION PROCEDURE FOR MODEL 20 EMULATOR ON S/370
BG * YOU MUST ASSIGN EACH LOGICAL UNIT USED IN THE EMULATOR GENERATION TO
BG * A VALID S/370 PHYSICAL DEVICE
BG * FOR EXAMPLE M20 2501 CARD READER HAS BEEN GENERATED ON SYS004
BG * YOU MUST ENTER THE FOLLOWING DOS COMMAND
BG * // ASSGN SYS004,X'00C'
BG * ASSUMING THAT 00C IS A VALID CARD READER TYPE FOR EMULATION
BG * YOU MUST DO THAT FOR M20 2501 2520/2560 1442 1403/2203 AND TAPES
BG // PAUSE PLEASE ENTER YOUR ASSGN COMMANDS NOW
BG // ASSGN SYS004,X'00C'
BG // ASSGN SYS010,X'080'
BG // ASSGN SYS011,X'081'
BG
BG // PAUSE IT IS YOUR LAST CHANGE FOR ENTERING ASSGN COMMANDS
BG
BG // EXEC EMUL3
BG E220D ENTER 'DI ON' COMMAND FOR DEVICE INDEPENDENCE, IF NOT 'DI OFF'
BG DI OFF
BG E201D 01 STOP UL=99,PSW=000001F8,ESTR=0000
BG S
BG E201D 01 STOP UL=99,PSW=1000047E,ESTR=0001
BG CF.S
BG TAPES 081=SYS011 080=SYS010
BG DISKS 002=AAAAAA 002=BBBBBB
BG UR 2501=SYS004 1442=SYSPCH 1403/2203=SYSLST
BG E201D 01 STOP UL=99,PSW=10000482,ESTR=0386
BG S
BG E201D 01 STOP UL=99,PSW:010004A6,ESTR=2501
BG S
BG E201D 01 STOP UL=99,PSW=010004EE,ESTR=1442
BG S
BG E201D 01 STOP UL=99,PSW=0100050E,ESTR=1403
BG S
BG E201D 01 STOP UL=99,PSW=0100051E,ESTR=0070
BG S
BG E201D 01 STOP UL=99,PSW=31000542,ESTR=0002
BG S
BG E202D MOD20 PROGRAMMING ERROR UL=FA,I=07,PSW=010005F2
BG CS SD=X'5F2'
BG 5F2 FA440B820B82488006204A80068C4B80
BG CS SD=X'B82'
BG B82 00000000000000000000000000000000
BG CS SA=(X'B82',X'000000001C').S
BG E202D MOD20 PROGRAMMING ERROR UL=4A,I=08,PSW=11000612
BG HELP
BG E2121 CONSULT 'UL' AND 'PSW' WHICH SPECIFY ERROR TYPE AND ADDRESS --
BG E2121 -- OF INSTRUCTION IN ERROR
BG E2121 USE 'CS' COMMAND, FOLLOWED BY 'S' TO CORRECT THE ERROR
BG E2121 IF THE ERROR PERSISTS, ENTER 'DF ED,TD,EDJ' TO CANCEL EMULATOR RUN
BG CS RA=(8,X'0').S
BG E202D MOD20 PROGRAMMING ERROR UL=1A,I=08,PSW=1100061A
BG CS RA=(8,X'0').S
BG E201D 01 STOP UL=99,PSW=01000628,ESTR=0003
BG S
BG E201D 01 STOP UL=99,PSW=0100062C,ESTR=OFFF
BG S
BG E201D 01 STOP UL=99,PSW=0100062C,ESTR=OFFF
BG EOJ
BG * IVPE20 IS FINISHED
BG EOJ IVPE20
DATE 11/04/73,CLOCK 23'40'08,DURATION 00'07'00
```



Example of SYSLST Output

```
// JOB IVPE20                                DATE 11/04/73,CLOCK 23/33/07
* INSTALLATION VERIFICATION PROCEDURE FOR MODEL 20 EMULATOR ON S/370
* YOU MUST ASSIGN EACH LOGICAL UNIT USED IN THE EMULATOR GENERATION TO
* A VALID S/370 PHYSICAL DEVICE
* FOR EXAMPLE M20 2501 CARD READER HAS BEEN GENERATED ON SYS004
* YOU MUST ENTER THE FOLLOWING CCS COMMAND
*      // ASSIGN SYS004,X'CCC'
* ASSUMING THAT CCC IS A VALID CARD READER TYPE FOR EMULATION
* YOU MUST DO THAT FOR M20 2501 252C/2560 1442 1403/2203 AND TAPES
// PAUSE PLEASE ENTER YOUR ASSIGN COMMANDS NOW
// ASSIGN SYSCC4,X'CCC'
// ASSIGN SYS010,X'080'
// ASSIGN SYS011,X'081'
// PAUSE IT IS YOUR LAST CHANCE FOR ENTERING ASSIGN COMMANDS
// EXEC EMUL3
DI OFF
EC DC=***LC*
LD
```

SAMPLE OUTPUT DATA  
SAMPLE OUTPUT DATA

THE 18 FIRST CHARACTERS OF THIS LINE ARE THE  
SAME AS THOSE OF THE PREVIOUS LINE

SAMPLE OUTPUT DATA  
NOW SKIP TO CHANNEL 1

NOW SKIP TO CHANNEL 12

NOW SKIP TO CHANNEL 09

YOU HAVE GENERATED THE FOLLOWING MODEL 20 CONFIGURATION

2501 CARD READER  
1442 CARD PUNCH  
1403/2203 PRINTER

YOUR TAPE UNIT ADDRESSES ARE = 80 81

YOU HAVE GENERATED STORAGE CONTROL FEATURE

\* IVPE20 IS FINISHED  
EOJ IVPE20

DATE 11/04/73,CLOCK 23/40/08,DURATION 00/07/00

## OLT - OLTEP

### Function Tested

- The possibility of initializing online testing.

### OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

#### Action Messages

O1E1O5D ENTER-DEV/TEST/OPT/

Reply by typing in

R 01, 'CANCEL'

to terminate the execution of the OLTEP verification procedure.

## PWR - POWER/VS

### Function Tested

The test checks that the generated version of POWER/VS functions in accordance with the specifications.

### SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

POWER=YES must have been specified as a SUPVR macro parameter when assembling the supervisor. POWER/VS must be running while the test is being performed.

Make sure that only POWER/VS jobs are in the input stream. When a reader task is started, all reader input is read in and put into the POWER/VS files.

## UTL - System Utilities

### Functions Tested

#### Standard

CLRDK	Clear Disk
CDKCD	Copy disk to card
CDKDK	Copy disk to disk
RCDDK	Restore card to disk
LVTOC	VTOC display

Note: If the PCHADDR parameter is not specified, CDKCD and RCDDK will not be verified. For cardless systems, PCHADDR must be omitted.

## Optional

- If UTLT=YES is specified in the IVPGEN macro:

INTTP	Initialize tape
CDKTP	Copy disk to tape
RTPDK	Restore tape to disk

- If UTLZ=YES is specified in the IVPGEN macro:

CLRDC	Clear data cell
CDKTP	Copy data cell to tape (only if UTLT=YES is specified)
RTPDK	Restore tape to data cell

## HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

Required: 2 direct-access devices  
1 printer.

Optional: 1 tape drive  
1 data cell drive  
1 card reader  
1 card punch  
1 diskette I/O unit.

**Module 4: 1401/1440/1460 DOS/VS Emulator on  
System/370 -- 5747-CC3**

The 1401/1440/1460 Emulator Program for the IBM System/370, available as separate programming package, consists of a group of macro instructions and object and load modules that are shipped in source statement, relocatable, and core image libraries. Two sample programs that test the working of a 1401/1460 program, of a 1440 program, and of a 1401G program under the emulator are contained in the source statement library under the name Z.EMSPL01. The source cards of this program are cataloged under the name Z.EMSPL01S.

For detailed installation procedures, refer to 1401/1440/1460 DOS/VS Emulator on System/370 Reference, GC33-5384.

**Module 5: 1410/7010 DOS/VS Emulator on System/370 -- 5747-CC3**

The 1410/7010 Emulator Program, available as separate programming package, consists of a group of macro instructions and object and load modules that are shipped in source statement, relocatable, and core image libraries. A sample program that tests the working of a 1410 and 7010 program under the emulator is contained in the source statement library under the name Z.EMSPL10. The source cards of this program are cataloged under the name Z.EMSPL10S.

For detailed installation procedures, refer to 1410/7010 DOS/VS Emulator on System/370 Reference, GC33-5385.

**Module 6: Emulating the /360 Model 20 on Models 115, 125, 135,  
and 138--5745-SC-E20**

**6**



MODEL 20 EMULATOR UNDER DOS/VS

The Model 20 Emulator Program consists of a group of macro instructions and object and load modules that are shipped in the source statement, relocatable, and core image libraries. An installation verification program for postgeneration use is contained in the source statement library under the name Z.IISIVP20. In addition to the emulator, a data interchange function is supplied with the generation macro E.EMUDI.

PARTITION SIZE

For further information, refer to the Model 20 emulator publication.

SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

Number of Macros	Number of Library Blocks (Physical Records)
22	2,284

Macros

E.EM1403  
E.EM1442  
E.EM20CHK  
E.EM20CONV  
E.EM20CPU  
E.EM20DI  
E.EM20END  
E.EM20MESS  
E.EM20PRHD  
E.EM20SYS  
E.EM20VRIF  
E.EM2152  
E.EM2203  
E.EM2311  
E.EM2400  
E.EM2501  
E.EM2520  
E.EM2560  
E.IISCR  
E.IISDC  
E.IISEDB  
E.IVPE20C

Delete Statements

DELETS E.EM1403  
DELETS E.EM1442  
DELETS E.EM20CHK  
.  
.  
DELETS E.IISEDB

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Number of Modules	Number of Library Blocks (Physical Records)
28	206

Module Name      Bytes of Storage

IISCM            1165  
IISCMS          1117  
IISCP            936  
IISCPS          254  
IISDB            928  
IISDD            1168  
IISDE            340  
IISDF            3328  
IISDFED         1771  
IISDI            1334  
IISDK            3072  
IISD1            342  
IISD2            466  
IISD3            470  
IISD4            622  
IISED            5896  
IISHC            424  
IISHF1          2804  
IISHF2          3204  
IISID            284  
IISIN            1304  
IISMD2          1487  
IISMF            1060  
IISPD2          348  
IISTD            752  
IISTP            1848  
IISTPH          1161  
IISTR            432

Link-Edit Statements

The ACTION CLEAR, PHASE, and INCLUDE statements are generated automatically, in accordance with your specifications, when the E.EM20END macro is assembled. For more detailed information on the link-edit statements, refer to the Model 20 emulator publication.

Delete Statements

IIS is the identifier for both the basic Model 20 Emulator and the associated data interchange function. The statement DELETR IIS.ALL causes both the emulator and its data interchange function to be deleted. Unless this is desired, delete the modules one by one:

DELETR IISCM  
DELETR IISCMS  
.  
.  
DELETR IISTR

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Number of Transients	Number of Library Blocks (Physical Records)
19	32

Transients

\$\$BIISAL  
 \$\$BIISAS  
 \$\$BIISA2  
 \$\$BIISCC  
 \$\$BIISCD  
 \$\$BIISCF  
 \$\$BIISCS  
 \$\$BIISDI  
 \$\$BIISDP  
 \$\$BIISLE  
 \$\$BIISM1  
 \$\$BIISM2  
 \$\$BIISM3  
 \$\$BIISM4  
 \$\$BIISPR  
 \$\$BIISRL  
 \$\$BIISTD  
 \$\$BIISTS  
 \$\$BIISUR

Delete Statements

DELETC \$\$BIISAL  
 DELETC \$\$BIISAS  
 .  
 .  
 .  
 DELETC \$\$BIISUR

DATA INTERCHANGE FUNCTION

The Model 20 Data Interchange Function is generated as part of the Model 20 Emulator, under macro E.EMUDI.

PARTITION SIZE

For further information, refer to the Model 20 emulator publication.

SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

Number of Macros	Number of Library Blocks (Physical Records)
1	187

Macro

E.EMUDI

Delete Statement

DELETS E.EMUDI

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Number of Modules	Number of Library Blocks (Physical Records)
45	300

Modules

IISCA  
 IISDA  
 IISDS  
 IISEQ  
 IISF1  
 IISF2  
 IISF3  
 IISF4  
 IISIB  
 IISIF  
 IISIL1  
 IISIL2  
 IISIL3  
 IISIL4  
 IISIR1  
 IISIR2  
 IISIR3  
 IISIR4  
 IISMD  
 IISMI  
 IISML  
 IISMO  
 IISMR  
 IISMS  
 IISMSG  
 IISSC  
 IISSCI  
 IISSCV  
 IISSQ  
 IISS1  
 IISS2  
 IISS3  
 IISS4  
 IISTK  
 IISTKC  
 IISTKE  
 IISTKI  
 IIST1  
 IIST2  
 IIST3  
 IIST4  
 IISV1  
 IISV2  
 IISV3  
 IISV4

Link-Edit Statements

The link-edit statements are generated automatically, in accordance with your specifications, when the E.EMUDI macro is assembled. For more detailed information, refer to the Model 20 emulator publication.

Delete Statements

IIS is the module identifier for both the Model 20 Emulator and the associated data interchange function. The statement DELETR IIS.ALL causes both the emulator and the data interchange function to be deleted. Data interchange modules must therefore be deleted individually:

DELETR IISCA  
DELETR IISDA  
.  
.  
DELETR IISV4

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

		Number of Library Blocks (Physical Records)
Transients	6	8
Phases	7	7

Transients

\$\$BIISUC  
\$\$BIISUM  
\$\$BIISBI  
\$\$BIISBS  
\$\$BIISEX  
\$\$BIISFM

Phases

IISMTA  
IISMTB  
IISMTC  
IISMTD  
IISMTE  
IISMTF  
IISMTG

Delete Statements

DELETC \$\$BIISUC  
DELETC \$\$BIISUM  
.  
.  
DELETC \$\$BIISFM  
  
DELETC IISMTA  
DELETC IISMTB  
.  
.  
DELETC IISMTG

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20	22

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Transients

```

$$BCBLIS }
$$BCBLOP } COBCL D
$$BCBODA }
$$BCBUSR }
$$BCBUSW }
$$BCOBER }
$$BCOBR1 } ANS/COBOL
$$BFCMUL }
$$BPLOSE }
$IJKS00 }
$IJKS10 }
$IJKS20 }
$IJKS30 } PL/I
$IJKS40 }
$IJKS50 }
$IJKS60 }
$IJKS70 }
$$BMU100 }
$$BMU200 } MPS Utilities
$$BMU300 }

```

Module 7 lists the names of the preassembled modules shipped by IBM in the relocatable library, their external storage requirements in library blocks, and the compilers that create linkage for their use. The size of these modules, if this should be needed to determine virtual storage requirements, may be calculated based on the module names (which give an indication of the specified parameters) and the values given under "Component Requirements - IOCS Routines" in Module 1 of this manual.

No IOCS modules are required for FORTRAN.

An x in a column headed by a compiler indicates that the particular module may be linked by that compiler to the problem program. For example, an x in the columns headed by COBOL and PL/I indicates that COBOL and PL/I link the module so identified. For assembler language programs, the user can preassemble IOCS modules as described in DOS/VSE Supervisor and I/O Macros. Note that separate modules are not assembled for DTFCN or DTFSR.

The preassembled modules named in this module can be used by any other problem program whenever applicable.

	<u>Modules</u>	<u>Blocks</u>
American National Standard COBOL	223	1247
American National Standard COBOL and COBOL	148	991
American National Standard COBOL and PL/I	163	1100
American National Standard COBOL, COBOL and PL/I	169	1181
COBOL	341	1272
COBOL and PL/I	77	578
PL/I	107	698
PL/I Optimizing Compiler	70	412
RPG II	161	876
Required IOCS Modules	32	108

Note: Certain preassembled IOCS modules are required when cataloging IBM components to the core image library. Do not delete these modules from the relocatable library until after all the IBM components you desire have been cataloged to the core image library. The modules are found in "Required IOCS Modules".

## Relocatable Module Naming Conventions

Each module name begins with a 3-character prefix and consists of a 5-character field corresponding to the option permitted in generation of the module. The following 3-character prefixes identify the preassembled IOCS modules shipped by IBM:

IJC I/O Card (CDMOD) and 3881 Optical Mark Reader  
IJD I/O Printer (PRMOD)  
IJF I/O Magnetic Tape (MTMOD)  
IJG Sequential Direct Access (SDMOD)  
IJH Index Sequential Direct Access (ISMOD)  
IJI Direct Access Method (DAMOD)  
IJJ Device Independent Access Method (DIMOD)  
IJN I/O Diskette (DUMOD)

### CDMOD

CDMOD name = IJCabdcde

a = F RECFORM=FIXUNB (always for INPUT and CMEND files)  
= U RECFORM=UNDEF  
= V RECFORM=VARUNB

b = A CTLCHR=ASA (not specified CMEND)  
= C CONTROL=YES  
= Y CTLCHR=YES  
= Z neither CTLCHR nor CONTROL is specified

c = B RONLY=YES and TYPEFLE=CMBND  
= C TYPEFLE=CMBND  
= H RONLY=YES and TYPEFLE=INPUT  
= I TYPEFLE=INPUT  
= N RONLY=YES and TYPEFLE=CUTPUT  
= O TYPEFLE=OUTPUT

d = B WORKA=YES and IOAREA2=YES  
= I IOAREA2=YES  
= W WORKA=YES  
= Z neither WORKA nor IOAREA2 is specified  
(for CMBND files: WORKA is not specified)

e = 0 DEVICE=2540 or DEVICE=3881  
= 1 DEVICE=1442 or DEVICE=2596  
= 2 DEVICE=2520  
= 3 DEVICE=2501  
= 4 DEVICE=2540 and CRDERR is specified  
= 5 DEVICE=2520 and CRDERR is specified  
= 6 DEVICE=3505  
= 7 DEVICE=3525 and FUNC omitted, FUNC=R or FUNC=P  
= 8 DEVICE=2560 and FUNC omitted, FUNC=R or FUNC=P  
= 9 DEVICE=5425 and FUNC omitted, FUNC=R or FUNC=P  
= A DEVICE=3525 and FUNC=RP  
= B DEVICE=3525 and FUNC=RW  
= C DEVICE=3525 and FUNC=PW  
= D DEVICE=3525 and FUNC=I  
= E DEVICE=3525 and FUNC=RPW  
= F DEVICE=2560 and FUNC=RP  
= G DEVICE=2560 and FUNC=RW  
= H DEVICE=2560 and FUNC=PW  
= I DEVICE=2560 and FUNC=I  
= J DEVICE=2560 and FUNC=RPW  
= K DEVICE=5425 and FUNC=RP  
= L DEVICE=5425 and FUNC=RW  
= M DEVICE=5425 and FUNC=PW  
= N DEVICE=5425 and FUNC=I  
= O DEVICE=5425 and FUNC=RPW

CDMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJCFAOID				x	
IJCFAOI0					
IJCFAOI1	x	x		x	x
IJCFAOI2	x	x			
IJCFAOI4	x	x		x	x
IJCFAOI5	x			x	x
IJCFAOI7	x			x	
IJCFAOI8	x			x	
IJCFAOI9				x	
IJCFAOZA	x			x	
IJCFAOZC	x			x	
IJCFAOZD				x	
IJCFAOZE	x			x	
IJCFAOZ0					
IJCFAOZ1	x	x		x	x
IJCFAOZ2		x			
IJCFAOZ4	x	x		x	x
IJCFAOZ5	x			x	x
IJCFAOZ7	x			x	
IJCFAOZ8	x			x	
IJCFAOZ9				x	
IJCFCCZ0			x		
IJCFCCZ1			x		
IJCFCCZ2			x		
IJCFCIWB			x		
IJCFCIWG			x		
IJCFCIWL			x		
IJCFCIZ0	x		x		
IJCFCIZ1	x		x		
IJCFCIZ2	x		x		
IJCFCIZ6	x		x	x	



CDMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJCFCIZ7			x		
IJCFCIZ8			x		
IJCFCIZ9			x		
IJCFCOI1			x		
IJCFCOI4			x		
IJCFCOI5			x		
IJCFCOWA			x		
IJCFCOWC			x		
IJCFCOWE			x		
IJCFCOWF			x		
IJCFCOWH			x		
IJCFCOWJ			x		
IJCFCOWK			x		
IJCFCOWM			x		
IJCFCOWO			x		
IJCFCOZ1			x		
IJCFCOZ4			x		
IJCFCOZ5			x		
IJCFCOZ7			x		
IJCFCOZ8			x		
IJCFCOZ9			x		
IJCFYOID				x	
IJCFYOI0	x				
IJCFYOI1		x	x	x	
IJCFYOI2		x			
IJCFYOI4		x	x	x	
IJCFYOI5			x	x	
IJCFYOI7	x			x	
IJCFYOI8				x	
IJCFYOI9				x	
IJCFYOZA				x	

CDMOD Names	CCEOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJCFYOZC				x	
IJCFYOZD				x	
IJCFYOZE				x	
IJCFYOZ0					
IJCFYOZ1		x	x	x	
IJCFYOZ2		x			
IJCFYOZ4		x	x	x	
IJCFYOZ5			x	x	
IJCFYOZ7				x	
IJCFYOZ8				x	
IJCFYOZ9				x	
IJCFZII0	x	x	x	x	x
IJCFZII1	x	x	x	x	x
IJCFZII2	x	x	x	x	x
IJCFZII3	x	x	x	x	x
IJCFZII6	x		x	x	
IJCFZII7	x		x	x	
IJCFZII8	x		x	x	
IJCFZII9			x	x	
IJCFZIWA			x		
IJCFZIWB			x		
IJCFZIWE			x		
IJCFZIWF			x		
IJCFZIWG			x		
IJCFZIWJ			x		
IJCFZIWK			x		
IJCFZIWL			x		
IJCFZIWO			x		
IJCFZIZA	x			x	
IJCFZIZB	x			x	
IJCFZIZE	x			x	

CDMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJCFZIZ0	x	x	x	x	x
IJCFZIZ1	x	x	x	x	x
IJCFZIZ2	x	x	x	x	x
IJCFZIZ3	x	x	x	x	x
IJCFZIZ6	x		x	x	
IJCFZIZ7	x		x	x	
IJCFZIZ8	x		x	x	
IJCFZIZ9			x	x	
IJCFZOID	x			x	
IJCFZOI1	x	x		x	x
IJCFZOI2		x			
IJCFZOI4	x	x	x	x	x
IJCFZOI5	x			x	x
IJCFZOI7	x		x	x	
IJCFZOI8	x		x	x	
IJCFZOI9			x	x	
IJCFZOWA			x		
IJCFZOWC			x		
IJCFZOWE			x		
IJCFZOWF			x		
IJCFZOWH			x		
IJCFZOWJ			x		
IJCFZOWK			x		
IJCFZOWM			x		
IJCFZOWO			x		
IJCFZOZA	x			x	
IJCFZOZC	x			x	
IJCFZOZD	x			x	
IJCFZOZE	x			x	
IJCFZOZ1	x	x		x	x
IJCFZOZ2		x			

CDMOD Names	COEOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJCFZOZ4	x	x	x	x	x
IJCFZOZ5	x			x	x
IJCFZOZ7	x		x	x	
IJCFZOZ8	x		x	x	
IJCFZOZ9			x	x	
IJCUAOI1				x	x
IJCUAOI4	x			x	x
IJCUAOI5	x			x	x
IJCUAOI7				x	
IJCUAOI8	x			x	
IJCUAOI9				x	
IJCUAOZA				x	
IJCUAOZC				x	
IJCUAOZE				x	
IJCUAOZ1	x			x	x
IJCUAOZ4	x			x	x
IJCUAOZ5	x			x	x
IJCUAOZ7				x	
IJCUAOZ8	x			x	
IJCUAOZ9				x	
IJCUYOI1				x	
IJCUYOI4				x	
IJCUYOI5				x	
IJCUYOI7				x	
IJCUYOI8				x	
IJCUYOI9				x	
IJCUYOZA				x	
IJCUYOZC				x	
IJCUYOZE				x	
IJCUYOZ1				x	
IJCUYOZ4				x	

CDMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJCUYOZ5				x	
IJCUYOZ7				x	
IJCUYOZ8				x	
IJCUYOZ9				x	
IJCUZOI1	x			x	x
IJCUZOI4	x			x	x
IJCUZOI5	x			x	x
IJCUZOI7	x			x	
IJCUZOI8	x			x	
IJCUZOI9				x	
IJCUZOZA				x	
IJCUZOZC				x	
IJCUZOZE				x	
IJCUZOZ1	x			x	x
IJCUZOZ4	x			x	x
IJCUZOZ5	x			x	x
IJCUZOZ7	x			x	
IJCUZOZ8	x			x	
IJCUZOZ9				x	
IJCVAOI1	x			x	x
IJCVAOI4	x			x	x
IJCVAOI5	x			x	x
IJCVAOI7				x	
IJCVAOI8	x			x	
IJCVAOI9				x	
IJCVAOZA				x	
IJCVAOZC				x	
IJCVAOZE				x	
IJCVAOZ1	x			x	x
IJCVAOZ4	x			x	x
IJCVAOZ5	x			x	x

CDMOD Names	CCPOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJCVAOZ7				x	
IJCVAOZ8	x			x	
IJCVAOZ9				x	
IJCVYOI1				x	
IJCVYOI4				x	
IJCVYOI5				x	
IJCVYOI7				x	
IJCVYOI8				x	
IJCVYOI9				x	
IJCVYOZA				x	
IJCVYOZC				x	
IJCVYOZE				x	
IJCVYOZ1				x	
IJCVYOZ4				x	
IJCVYOZ5				x	
IJCVYOZ7				x	
IJCVYOZ8				x	
IJCVYOZ9				x	
IJCVZOI1	x			x	x
IJCVZOI4	x			x	x
IJCVZOI5	x			x	x
IJCVZOI7	x			x	
IJCVZOI8	x			x	
IJCVZOI9				x	
IJCVZOZA				x	
IJCVZOZC				x	
IJCVZOZE				x	

CDMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJCVZOZ1	x			x	x
IJCVZOZ4	x			x	x
IJCVZOZ5	x			x	x
IJCVZOZ7	x			x	
IJCVZOZ8	x			x	
IJCVZOZ9				x	

# DAMOD

DAMOD name = IJIabcde

a = B RECFORM=UNDEF (handles both UNDEF and FIXUNB)  
 = F RECFORM=FIXUNB  
 = S RECFORM=SPNUNB  
 = V RECFORM=VARUNE

b = A AFTER=YES  
 = W RPS version of module  
 = Z AFTER is not specified

c = E IDLOC=YES and FEOVD=YES  
 = I IDLOC=YES  
 = R FEOVD=YES  
 = Z neither is specified

d = H ERREXT=YES and RELTRK=YES  
 = P ERREXT=YES  
 = R RELTRK=YES  
 = Z neither is specified

e = W HOLD=YES and RDONLY=YES  
 = X HOLD=YES  
 = Y RDONLY=YES  
 = Z neither is specified

DAMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJIBAIRZ	x				x
IJIBAIZZ	x				x
IJIBAZHZ				x	
IJIBAZRZ	x				x
IJIBAZZZ	x				x
IJIBWEHW					
IJIBZIRZ	x				x
IJIBZIZZ	x				x
IJIBZZHZ				x	
IJIBZZRZ	x				x
IJIBZZZZ	x		x		x
IJIFAIRZ	x				x
IJIFAIZZ	x				x
IJIFAZHZ				x	
IJIFAZRZ	x				x
IJIFAZZZ	x	x			x



DAMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJIFWEHW					
IJIFZIRZ	x				x
IJIFZIZZ	x				x
IJIFZZHZ				x	
IJIFZZRZ	x				x
IJIFZZZZ	x	x	x		x
IJISAIRZ	x				x
IJISAIZZ	x				x
IJISAZRZ	x				x
IJISAZZZ	x				x
IJISWEHW					
IJISZIRZ	x				x
IJISZIZZ	x				x
IJISZZRZ	x				x
IJISZZZZ	x				x
IJIVWEHW					

## DIMOD

DIMOD name = IJJabcde

Note: See "Required IOCS Modules" before deleting modules with the IJJ prefix.

a = F      RECFORM=FIXUNB  
 b = C      non-RPS version of module  
           = V      RPS data set  
 c = B      TYPEFLE=OUTPUT (processes both input and output)  
           = I      TYPEFLE=INPUT  
 d = I      IOAREA2=YES  
           = Z      IOAREA2 is not specified  
 e = C      RONLY=YES  
           = D      RONLY is not specified

DIMOD Names	PL/I	RPG II	PL/I Optimizing Compiler
IJJFCBID*	x	x	x
IJJFCBZD*	x		x
IJJFCIID	x		x
IJJFCIZD	x		x
IJJFVBIC*			
IJJFVIIC			

\*Note: To obtain support for the TRC parameter for the 3800 printer when extended printer buffering is not being used, reassemble the modules that include B in the module name (that is, those for which TYPEFLE=OUTPUT has been specified). Specify TRC=YES on the DIMOD macro when reassembling.

# ISMOD

ISMOD name = IJHabcde

- a = A RECFORM=BOTH and IOROUT=ADD or ADDRTR
- = B RECFORM=FIXBLK and IOROUT=ADD or ADDRTR
- = U RECFORM=FIXUNB and IOROUT=ADD or ADDRTR
- = Z RECFORM is not specified and IOROUT=LOAD or RETRVE

- b = A IOROUT=ADDRTR (non-RPS version of module)
- = I IOROUT=ADD
- = L IOROUT=LOAD (non-RPS version of module)
- = R IOROUT=RETRVE
- = V IOROUT=ADDRTR (RPS version of module)
- = X IOROUT=LOAD (RPS version of module)

- c = B TYPEFLE=RANSEQ
- = G IOAREA2=YES and TYPEFLE=SEQNTL or IOROUT=LOAD
- = R TYPEFLE=RANDOM
- = S TYPEFLE=SEQNTL
- = Z neither is specified and IOROUT=LOAD or ADD

- d = B CORINDX=YES and HOLD=YES
- = C CORINDX=YES
- = O HOLD=YES
- = Z neither specified

- e = F CORDATA=YES, ERREXT=YES, and RDONLY=YES
- = G CORDATA=YES and ERREXT=YES
- = O CORDATA=YES and RDONLY=YES
- = P CORDATA=YES
- = S ERREXT=YES and RDONLY=YES
- = T ERREXT=YES
- = Y RDONLY=YES
- = Z nothing is specified

ISMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJHAABCP					x
IJHAABCZ			x		x
IJHAABZP					x
IJHAABZZ	x		x		
IJHAARCG				x	
IJHAARCP	x	x			x
IJHAARCT				x	
IJHAARCZ	x	x	x		x
IJHAARZG				x	
IJHAARZP	x	x			x
IJHAARZT				x	
IJHAARZZ	x	x	x		x

ISMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJHAASZZ	x			x	
IJHAIZCZ			x		
IJHAIZZZ	x		x		
IJHAVBBF					
IJHAVBBS					
IJHAVBCF					
IJHAVBCS					
IJHAVGBF					
IJHAVGBS					
IJHAVGCF					
IJHAVGCS					
IJHEABCP	x				x
IJHBABCZ	x		x		x
IJHEABZP	x				x
IJHBABZZ	x		x		x
IJHEARCP	x	x			x
IJHBARCZ	x	x	x		x
IJHEARZP	x	x			x
IJHBARZZ	x	x	x		x
IJHBASZZ	x		x		
IJBIZCZ			x		
IJHBIZZZ	x		x		
IJHUABCP	x				x
IJHUABCZ	x		x		x
IJHUABZP	x				x
IJHUABZZ	x		x		x
IJHUARCP	x	x			x
IJHUARCZ	x	x	x		x
IJHUARZP	x	x			x

ISMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJHUARZZ	x	x	x		x
IJHUASZZ	x		x		
IJHUIZCZ			x		
IJHUIZZZ	x		x		
IJHZLGZT				x	
IJHZLGZZ	x		x		
IJHZLZZT				x	
IJHZLZZZ	x	x	x		x
IJHZRBCZ	x		x		x
IJHZRBZZ	x		x		x
IJHZRGZT				x	
IJHZRGZZ	x		x		
IJHZRRCT				x	
IJHZRRCZ	x	x	x		x
IJHZRRZT				x	
IJHZRRZZ	x	x	x	x	x
IJHZRSZT				x	
IJHZRSZZ	x	x	x	x	x
IJHZXGZS					

# MTMOD

MTMOD name = IJFabcde

- a = F RECFORM=FIXUNB or FIXBLK
- = S RECFORM=SPNUNB or SPNBLK
- = U RECFORM=UNDEF
- = V RECFORM=VARUNB or VARBLK
  
- = N RECFORM=UNDEF and ASCII=YES
- = R RECFORM=VARUNB or VARBLK, and ASCII=YES
- = X RECFORM=FIXUNB or FIXBLK, and ASCII=YES
  
- b = B READ=BACK
- = Z READ=FORWARD, or READ is not specified
  
- c = C CKPTREC=YES
- = Z CKPTREC is not specified
  
- d = W WORKA=YES is specified
- = Z WORKA is not specified
  
- e = M ERREXT=YES and RDONLY=YES
- = N ERREXT=YES
- = Y RDONLY=YES
- = Z neither is specified

MTMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJFFBCZN				x	
IJFFBCZZ	x				
IJFFBZZN	x			x	x
IJFFBZZZ		x			
IJFFZCZN			x	x	
IJFFZCZZ	x		x		x
IJFFZZZN			x	x	
IJFFZZZZ	x	x	x		x
IJFNBZZN				x	
IJFNZZZN				x	
IJFRZZWN			x		
IJFRZZWZ			x		
IJFRZZZN				x	
IJFRZZZZ			x		
IJFSZCWN			x		
IJFSZCWZ			x		
IJFSZZWN	x		x		x

MTMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJFSZZWZ			x		
IJFUBCZN				x	
IJFUBCZZ	x				
IJFUBZZN				x	
IJFUBZZZ		x			
IJFUZCZN				x	
IJFUZZZN	x			x	x
IJFUZZZZ	x	x			x
IJFVBCWZ	x				
IJFVBCZZ	x				
IJFVZCWN			x		
IJFVZCWZ			x		
IJFVZCZN				x	
IJFVZZWZ			x		
IJFVZZZN	x			x	x
IJFVZZZZ	x	x			x
IJFWEZZN				x	
IJFXBZZN				x	
IJFXZZZN			x	x	
IJFXZZZZ			x		

Name list for work file type modules (TYPEFLE=WORK):

MTMOD name = IJFabcde

a = W always

b = E ERROPT=YES  
= Z ERROPT is not specified

c = N NOTEPNT=YES  
= S NOTEPNT=POINTS  
= Z NOTEPNT is not specified

d = Z always

e = M ERREXT=YES and RDONLY=YES  
= N ERREXT=YES  
= Y RDONLY=YES  
= Z neither is specified

System I/O Modules

IJFWEZZZ

IJFWZNZZ

IJFWZZZZ

Note: See "Required IOCS Modules" before deleting modules with the IJF prefix.



## PRMOD

PRMOD name = IJDabcde

- a = F RECFORM=FIXUNB
- = V RECFORM=VARUNB
- = U RECFORM=UNDEF
  
- b = A CTLCHR=ASA
- = Y CTLCHR=YES
- = C CONTROL=YES
- = S STLIST=YES
- = Z neither CTLCHR nor CONTROL nor STLIST is specified
- = U DEVICE=2560
- = V DEVICE=5425
- = T DEVICE=3525 with 2-line printer, and FUNC=XXT
  
- c = B ERROPT=YES (ERROPT=name in DTFPR) and PRINTOV=YES
- = P PRINTOV=YES, DEVICE is not a 3525, and ERROPT is not specified (ERROPT=RETRY or omitted in DTFPR)
- = I PRINTOV=YES, DEVICE=3525, and FUNC=WT or omitted
- = F PRINTOV=YES, DEVICE=3525, and FUNC=RWT
- = C PRINTOV=YES, DEVICE=3525, and FUNC=PWT
- = D PRINTOV=YES, DEVICE=3525, and FUNC=RPWT
- = Z neither ERROPT (ERROPT=RETRY or omitted in DTFPR) nor PRINTOV is specified, and DEVICE is not a 3525
- = O PRINTOV=YES is not specified, DEVICE=3525 and FUNC=WT or omitted
- = R PRINTOV=YES is not specified, DEVICE=3525 and FUNC=RWT
- = S PRINTOV=YES is not specified, DEVICE=3525 and FUNC=PWT
- = T PRINTOV=YES is not specified, DEVICE=3525 and FUNC=RPWT
- = E ERROPT=YES (ERROPT=name in DTFPR) and PRINTOV=YES is not specified
- = U DEVICE=2560 or 5425 and FUNC=W or omitted
- = V DEVICE=2560 or 5425 and FUNC=RW
- = W DEVICE=2560 or 5425 and FUNC=PW
- = X DEVICE=2560 or 5425 and FUNC=RPW
  
- d = I IOAREA2=YES
- = Z IOAREA2 is not specified
  
- e = V RDONLY=YES and WORKA=YES
- = W WORKA=YES
- = Y RDONLY=YES
- = Z neither is specified

**Note:** To obtain support for the TRC parameter for the 3800 printer when extended printer buffering is not being used, reassemble the required logic modules with TRC=YES specified.

PRMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJDFAOIZ	x			x	
IJDFAOZZ	x			x	
IJDFAPIZ	x				x
IJDFAPZZ	x				x
IJDFARIZ	x			x	
IJDFARZZ	x			x	
IJDFASIZ	x			x	
IJDFASZZ	x			x	
IJDFATIZ	x			x	
IJDFATZZ	x			x	
IJDFAZIZ		x		x	
IJDFAZZZ		x		x	
IJDFTOIZ				x	
IJDFTOZZ				x	
IJDFTRIZ				x	
IJDFTRZZ				x	
IJDFTSIZ				x	
IJDFTSZZ				x	
IJDFTTIZ				x	
IJDFTTZZ				x	
IJDFUUIZ	x			x	
IJDFUUIZ			x		
IJDFUOZZ	x			x	
IJDFUVZW			x		
IJDFUWZW			x		
IJDFUXZW			x		
IJDFVUIZ				x	
IJDFVUZW			x		
IJDFVUZZ				x	
IJDFVVZW			x		

PRMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJDFVWZW			x		
IJDFVXZW			x		
IJDFYQIZ				x	
IJDFYOZW			x		
IJDFYQZZ				x	
IJDFYFPZW					
IJDFYRIZ				x	
IJDFYRZW			x		
IJDFYRZZ				x	
IJDFYSIZ				x	
IJDFYSZW			x		
IJDFYSZZ				x	
IJDFYTIIZ				x	
IJDFYITZW			x		
IJDFYITZZ				x	
IJDFYPIIZ					x
IJDFYFPZZ	x				x
IJDFYZIZ		x		x	
IJDFYZZZ		x		x	
IJDFZQIZ	x			x	
IJDFZOZZ	x			x	
IJDFZPIIZ	x	x			x
IJDFZPZZ	x	x			x
IJDFZRIZ	x			x	
IJDFZRZZ	x			x	
IJDFZSIZ	x			x	
IJDFZSZZ	x			x	
IJDFZTIIZ	x			x	
IJDFZITZZ	x			x	
IJDFZZIZ				x	
IJDFZZZZ				x	

PRMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJDUAOIZ	x			x	
IJDUAOZZ	x			x	
IJDUAPIZ	x				x
IJDUAPZZ	x				x
IJDUARIZ	x			x	
IJDUARZZ	x			x	
IJDUASIZ	x			x	
IJDUASZZ	x			x	
IJDUATIZ	x			x	
IJDUATZZ	x			x	
IJDUAZIZ				x	
IJDUAZZZ				x	
IJDUTOIZ				x	
IJDUTOZZ				x	
IJDUTRIZ				x	
IJDUTRZZ				x	
IJDUTSIZ				x	
IJDUTSZZ				x	
IJDUTPIZ				x	
IJDUTPZZ				x	
IJDUUUIZ	x			x	
IJDUUUIZZ	x			x	
IJDUVUIZ				x	
IJDUVUIZZ				x	
IJDUYOIZ				x	
IJDUYOZZ				x	
IJDUYPIZ	x				x
IJDUYPZZ	x				x
IJDUYRIZ				x	
IJDUYRZZ				x	
IJDUYSIZ				x	

PRMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJDUYSZZ				x	
IJDUYFIZ				x	
IJDUYFZZ				x	
IJDUYZIZ				x	
IJDUYZZZ				x	
IJDUZOIZ	x			x	
IJDUZOZZ	x			x	
IJDUZPIZ	x				x
IJDUZPZZ	x				x
IJDUZRIZ	x			x	
IJDUZRZZ	x			x	
IJDUZSIZ	x			x	
IJDUZSZZ	x			x	
IJDUZTIZ	x			x	
IJDUZTZZ	x			x	
IJDUZZIZ				x	
IJDUZZZZ				x	
IJDVAOIZ	x			x	
IJDVAOZZ	x			x	
IJDVAPIZ	x				x
IJDVAPZZ	x				x
IJDVARIZ	x			x	
IJDVARZZ	x			x	
IJDVASIZ	x			x	
IJDVASZZ	x			x	
IJDVAFIZ	x			x	
IJDVAFZZ	x			x	
IJDVAZIZ				x	
IJDVAZZZ				x	
IJDVTOIZ				x	

PRMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJDVTOZZ				x	
IJDVTRIZ				x	
IJDVTRZZ				x	
IJDVTSIZ				x	
IJDVTSZZ				x	
IJDVTTIZ				x	
IJDVTTZZ				x	
IJDVUUIZ				x	
IJDVUUZZ	x			x	
IJDVVUIZ	x			x	
IJDVVUZZ				x	
IJDVYOIZ				x	
IJDVYOZZ				x	
IJDVYPIZ	x				x
IJDVYPZZ	x				x
IJDVYRIZ				x	
IJDVYRZZ				x	
IJDVYSIZ				x	
IJDVYSZZ				x	
IJDVYTIZ				x	
IJDVYTZZ				x	
IJDVYZIZ				x	
IJDVYZZZ				x	
IJDVZOIZ	x			x	
IJDVZOZZ	x			x	
IJDVZPIZ	x				x
IJDVZPZZ	x				x
IJDVZRIZ	x			x	
IJDVZRZZ	x			x	
IJDVZSIZ	x			x	

PRMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJDVZSZZ	x			x	
IJDVZTIZ	x			x	
IJDVZTZZ	x			x	
IJDVZZIZ				x	
IJDVZZZZ				x	

## SDMOD

SDMODxx name = IJGabcde

a = C RECFORM=FIXUNB or FIXBLK and HOLD=YES  
 = F RECFORM=FIXUNB or FIXBLK and HOLD is not specified  
 = P RECFORM=SPNUNB or SPNBLK and HOLD=YES  
 = Q RECFORM=SPNUNB or SPNBLK and HOLD is not specified  
 = R RECFORM=UNDEF and HOLD=YES  
 = S RECFORM=VARUNB or VARBLK and HOLD=YES  
 = U RECFORM=UNDEF and HOLD is not specified  
 = V RECFORM=VARUNB or VARBLK and HOLD is not specified

b = I SDMODxI (non-RPS version of module)  
 = O SDMODxO (non-RPS version of module)  
 = U SDMODxU (non-RPS version of module)  
 = W SDMODxI (RPS input data set)  
 = X SDMODxO (RPS output data set)  
 = Y SDMODxU (RPS update data set)

c = C ERROPT=YES and ERREXT=YES  
 = E ERROPT=YES  
 = Z neither is specified

d = M TRUNCS=YES and FEOVD=YES  
 = T TRUNCS=YES  
 = W FEOVD=YES  
 = Z neither is specified

e = B CONTROL=YES and RDONLY=YES  
 = C CONTROL=YES  
 = Y RDONLY=YES  
 = Z neither is specified

SDMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJGCYCMB					
IJGCYCWB					
IJGFICZZ			x	x	
IJGFIEPZ	x	x			
IJGFIEWZ	x				x
IJGFIEZZ	x	x			
IJGFIZZZ	x		x		
IJGFOCZZ			x	x	
IJGFOEWZ	x				x
IJGFOEZZ		x			
IJGFOZZZ	x		x		
IJGFUCZZ			x	x	
IJGFUETZ		x			
IJGFUEWZ	x				x
IJGFUEZZ		x			
IJGFUZZZ	x		x		
IJGFWCMB					
IJGFWCWB					
IJGFXCMB					
IJGFXCWB					
IJGPYCWB					
IJGQICZZ			x		
IJGQIEWZ	x				x
IJGQIEZZ					x
IJGQIZZZ			x		
IJGQOCZZ			x		
IJGQOEWZ	x				x
IJGQOEZZ					x
IJGQOZZZ			x		
IJGQUCZZ			x		
IJGQUEWZ	x				x



SDMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJGQUCZZ			x		
IJGQUEZZ					x
IJGQUZZZ			x		
IJGQWCWB					
IJGQXCWB					
IJGRYCWB					
IJGSYCWB					
IJGUICZZ				x	
IJGUIENZ	x				x
IJGUIEZZ	x	x			
IJGUIZZZ	x				
IJGUOCZZ				x	
IJGUOENZ	x				x
IJGUOEZZ		x			
IJGUOZZZ	x				
IJGUUCZZ				x	
IJGUUEWZ	x				x
IJGUUEZZ		x			
IJGUUZZZ	x				
IJGUWCWB					
IJGUXCWB					
IJGVIEWZ	x				x
IJGVICZZ			x	x	
IJGVIEZZ	x	x			
IJGVIZZZ	x		x		
IJGVOCZZ			x	x	
IJGVOENZ	x				x
IJGVOEZZ		x			
IJGVOZZZ	x		x		
IJGVUCZZ			x	x	
IJGVUEWZ	x				x

SDMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJGVUEZZ		x			
IJGVUZZZ	x		x		
IJGVWCWB					
IJGVXCWB					
IJGWCZZU				x	
IJGWCZZZ				x	

NAME LIST FOR WORK FILE TYPE MODULES (TYPEFLE=WORK)

SDMODxx name = IJGabcde

a = T SDMODW specifies HOLD=YES  
= W SDMODW does not specify HOLD=YES

b = C ERROPT=YES and ERREXT=YES  
= E ERROPT=YES  
= W RPS version of module  
= Z neither is specified

c = N NOTEPNT=YES  
= R NOTEPNT=POINTRW  
= Z NOTEPNT is not specified

d = C CONTROL=YES  
= Z CONTROL is not specified

e = T RONLY=YES and UPDATE=YES  
= U UPDATE=YES  
= Y RONLY=YES  
= Z neither is specified

System I/O Modules

IJGIWNCT  
IJGWEZZU  
IJGWEZZZ  
IJGWZNZZ  
IJGWZRZZ

Note: See "Required IOCS Modules" before deleting modules with the IJG prefix.

## DUMOD

DUMODfx name = IJNabcde

a = D

b = I DUMODFI  
= O DUMODFO

c = C ERROPT=YES and ERREXT=YES  
= E ERROPT=YES  
= Z neither is specified

d = Z

e = Y RDONLY=YES  
= Z RDONLY not specified

DUMOD Names	COBOL	PL/I	RPGII	PL/I Optimizing Compiler	American National Standard COBOL
IJNDICZZ			x	x	
IJNDIZZZ			x		
IJNDOCZZ			x	x	
IJNDOZZZ			x		

## Required IOCS Modules

The following preassembled IOCS modules are required when cataloging and/or link-editing IBM components to the core image library.

<u>Module Names</u>	<u>Bytes_of_Storage</u>
IJFFZZWN	960
IJFWEZZZ	280
IJFWZNZZ	424
IJFWZZZZ	232
IJGFIETZ	746
IJGWEZZU	868
IJGWEZZZ	796
IJGWZNZZ	902
IJGWZRZZ	840
IJJCPA1N	838
IJJCPDV	750
IJJCPDV1	694
IJJCPDV2	358
IJJCPD0	854
IJJCPD0N	798
IJJCPD1	718
IJJCPD1N	762
IJJCPD2	478
IJJCPD3	350
IJJCPV	343
IJJCPV1	271
IJJCPV2	68
IJJCP0	389
IJJCP0N	317
IJJCP1	311
IJJCP1N	239
IJJCP2	128
IJJCP3	58
IJNDIEZZ	868

# Module 8: Direct Access -- 5745-SC-DAM

8

Number of Transients	Core Image Library Blocks
11	12

### Transients

```

$$BODACL
$$BODAIM
$$BODAIN
$$BODAI1
$$BODAO1
$$BODAO2
$$BODAO3
$$BODAO4
$$BODARP
$$BODARS
$$BODAU1

```

Number of Macros	Source Statement Library Blocks
3	1,268

### SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

#### File Definition Macros

```

E.DAMOD
E.DAMODV
E.DTFDA

```

#### Storage Requirements

Figure 8-1 defines the storage requirements for DAMOD. The following are the storage requirements for DTFDA.

#### DTFDA (Define The File: Direct-Access Device) Table Requirements

RECFORM=FIXUNB requires 205-225 bytes, depending upon imperative macros used in the DTF.

VERIFY=YES requires 40-80 bytes, depending upon imperative macros used in the DTF.

AFTER=YES requires 80 additional bytes.

Support for RPS requires 512 bytes for each open DTFDA to be available in the GETVIS area of the partition. This area is allocated during open; it is used to generate RPS channel programs.

RECFORM=SPNUNB requires 282-378 bytes, depending upon the imperative macros used in the DTF.

VERIFY=YES requires 64-72 additional bytes, depending upon the imperative macros used in the DTF.

AFTER=YES requires 88 additional bytes.

RECFORM=UNDEF requires 265-285 bytes, depending upon the imperative macro used in the DTF.

VERIFY=YES requires 40-80 additional bytes, depending upon the imperative macros used in the DTF.

AFTER=YES requires 16 additional bytes.

RECFORM=VARUNB requires 216-330 bytes, depending upon the imperative macros used in the DTF.

VERIFY=YES requires 64-72 additional bytes, depending upon the imperative macros used in the DTF.

AFTER=YES requires 88 additional bytes.

Relative addressing increases the size of the DTF 60-80 bytes plus 8 bytes per extent. (See DOS/VS Supervisor and I/O Macros listed on the front cover of this manual.)

DAMOD (Direct-Access Device Module)

	Basic Module		Formatting Module					RPS Version of Logic Module
RECFORM=	IDLOC	AFTER	AFTER and IDLOC	RELTRK	HOLD	ERREXT		
FIXUNB	636	+180	+304	+484	+212	+84	+28	1948
UNDEF	796	+208	+216	+426	+208	+88	+28	2152
VARUNB	686	+210	+298	+508	+226	+84	+34	2084
SPNUNB	2320	+316	+1004	+1320	---	+104	+32	4096

Figure 8-1. DAMOD -- Storage Requirements

Notes:

1. Basic Module includes coding to handle either FIXUNB or UNDEF records and the WRITEKY, READKEY, READID, WRITEID, SRCHM, VERIFY, and CONTROL functions.
2. AFTER includes coding to create the file and to handle the RZERO option.
3. IDLOC includes coding to return the record identifier to the user in a location ne specifies.
4. Specification of trailer label processing in the DTF increases the size of each module by 50 ± 20 bytes.
5. RDONLY=YES changes the size of the module -50 to +50 bytes. In addition, the user's program must provide a 72-byte save area each time the module is reentered.
6. RELTRK may be specified for SPNUNB records. This specification requires no additional bytes.
7. RPS versions of the logic modules include support for all other valid options for each record format.

**Module 9: 3540 Diskette I/O Unit IOCS -- 5745-SC-DIO**



Libraries			
Core Image		Source Statement	
Transients	Blocks	Macros	Blocks
19	19	3	503

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Transients

\$\$ABERR7  
 \$\$BODIO1  
 \$\$BODIO2  
 \$\$BODIO3  
 \$\$BODIO4  
 \$\$BODIO5  
 \$\$BODIO6  
 \$\$BODIO7  
 \$\$BODIO8  
 \$\$BODMSG  
 \$\$BODMS2  
 \$\$BODSMO  
 \$\$BODSPO  
 \$\$BODUCP  
 \$\$BOVDMO  
 \$\$BOWDMO  
 \$\$B3540I  
 \$\$B3540O  
 \$\$B35400

SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

File Definition Macros

E.DTFDU  
 E.DUMODFI  
 E.DUMODFO

Storage Requirements

Figures 9-1 and 9-2 specify the storage required by DTFDU and DUMOD.

DTFDU (Define The File Diskette Unit)

TYPEFLE	CMDCHN			
	1	2	13	26
INPUT	152	160	248	352
OUTPUT	160	168	256	360

Figure 9-1. DTFDU -- Storage Requirements

DUMOD (Diskette Unit Module)

Module Name	Basic Module	RONLY	ERROPT	ERROPT RONLY	ERROPT ERREXT	ERROPT ERREXT RONLY <sup>1</sup>
DUMODFI	788	776	868	848	924	902
DUMODFO	632	594	696	642	1078	1024

<sup>1</sup>For RONLY=YES, the user's program must provide a 72-byte save area each time the module is reentered.

Figure 9-2. DUMOD -- Storage Requirements

# Module 10: Indexed Sequential Access Method -- 5745-SC-ISM

Number of Transients	Core Image Library Blocks
26	34

Transients

\$\$BCIS0A  
 \$\$BENDFF  
 \$\$BENDFL  
 \$\$BINDEX  
 \$\$BOISRP  
 \$\$BOIS01  
 \$\$BOIS02  
 \$\$BOIS03  
 \$\$BOIS04  
 \$\$BOIS05  
 \$\$BOIS06  
 \$\$BOIS07  
 \$\$BOIS08  
 \$\$BOIS09  
 \$\$BOIS10  
 \$\$BOIS11  
 \$\$BORTV1  
 \$\$BORTV2  
 \$\$BSETFF  
 \$\$BSETFG  
 \$\$BSETFH  
 \$\$BSETFI  
 \$\$BSETFL  
 \$\$BSETL  
 \$\$BSETL1  
 \$\$BSETL2

Number of Macros	Source Statement Library Blocks
6	2,717

SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

Macros

FILE DEFINITION

E.DIFIS  
 E.ISMOD

IMPERATIVE

E.ENDFL  
 E.ESETL  
 E.SETFL  
 E.SETL

Storage Requirements

Figure 10-1 defines the storage requirements for ISMOD. The storage requirements for DIFIS are:

DIFIS (Define the File Indexed Sequential) Table Requirements:

1. IOROUT=LOAD requires 248 bytes plus 4 bytes per disk extent specified, plus 8 bytes for IOAREA2.
2. IOROUT=ADD requires 530 bytes plus 4 bytes per disk extent specified plus KL (the length of the key).
3. IOROUT=RETRVE requires 276 bytes plus 4 bytes per disk extent specified, when TYPEFLE=SEQNTL.
4. IOROUT=RETRVE requires 292 bytes plus 4 bytes per disk extent specified when TYPEFLE=RANDOM or RANSEQ.
5. IOROUT=ADDRTR requires 548 bytes plus 4 bytes per disk extent specified plus KL (the length of the key).
6. IOROUT=ADDRTR, TYPEFLE=RANDOM, INDARLA=name, and INDSIZE=n require 572 bytes plus 4 bytes per disk extent.
7. Support for RPS requires 384 bytes for each open DIFIS to be available in the GETVIS area of the partition. This area is allocated during open; it is used to generate RPS channel programs.

ISMOD (Indexed Sequential Module)

	IOROUT=									
	LOAD					ADD				
	ERREXT	IOAREA2	ERREXT	IOAREA2	CORDATA	ERREXT	HOLD	CORDATA	ERREXT	HOLD
RECFORM=										
FIXUNB					2608	+184	+476	+194	+660	+854
FIXBLK					2822	+272	+498	+186	+770	+956
BOTH	823	+224	+212	+436	3068	+246	+428	+210	+674	+884

Figure 10-1. ISMOD Storage Requirements (Part 1 of 5)

IOROUT=RETRVE										
TYPEFLE=										
	RANDOM			SEQNTL				RANSEQ		
		ERREXT	HOLD		ERREXT	IOAREA2	HOLD		ERREXT	HOLD
RECFORM=										
FIXUNB										
FIXBLK										
BOTH	1304	+302	+156	1326	+246	+836	+104	2186	+332	+236

Figure 10-1. ISMOD Storage Requirements (Part 2 of 5)

IOROUT=ADDRTR										
TYPEFLE=										
	RANDOM					SEQNTL				
		CORDATA	ERREXT	CORDATA	HOLD		CORDATA	IOAREA2	HOLD	ERREXT
				ERREXT						
RECFORM=										
FIXUNB	3252	+320	+534	+718	+304	3502	+94	+386	+278	+510
FIXBLK	3468	+376	+554	+826	+304	3716	+272	+386	+278	+528
BOTH	3712	+372	+588	+834	+320	3962	+274	+386	+294	+558

Figure 10-1. ISMOD Storage Requirements (Part 3 of 5)

IOROUT=ADDRTR					
TYPEFLE=RANSEQ					
		CORDATA	ERREXT	CORDATA	HOLD
				ERREXT	
RECFORM=					
FIXUMB	4266	+316	+556	+750	+384
FIXBLK	4494	+372	+584	+856	+384
BOTH	4726	+248	+616	+864	+400

Figure 10-1. ISMOD Storage Requirements (Part 4 of 5)

RPS Version of Module									
IOROUT=									
LOAD	ADDRTR								
IOAREA2=									
NO				YES					
				HOLD					HOLD
HOLD		CORDATA	CORDATA			HOLD	CORDATA	CORDATA	
1540	6828	+428	+428	+852	6478	+340	+426	+766	

Figure 10-1. ISMOD Storage Requirements (Part 5 of 5)

Notes:

1. When RECFORM=BOTH is specified, the module processes FIXUNB and FIXBLK records.
2. For CORINDX=YES, add 212 bytes.
3. RDNLY=YES changes the module size by ±50 bytes with the following exceptions. when IOROUT=ADD or IOROUT=ADDRTR, the module changes in size +60 to +100 bytes. in addition, the user's program must provide a 72-byte save area each time the module is reentered, regardless of function.
4. RPS versions of the ISAM modules include support for all other valid options.

# Module 11: Magnetic Character Reader IOCS -- 5745-SC-MCR



Libraries			
Core Image		Source Statement	
Transients	Blocks	Macros	Blocks
8	8	6	278

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Transients

```

$$ABERAO 3895 ERP Phase 1
$$ABERAP 3895 ERP Phase 2
$$ABERAQ 3895 OBR record builder
$$ABERAR 3895 MDR record builder
$$ABERRS Error Recovery Procedure
$$BCMR01 CLOSE
$$BMMR20 Message Writer
$$BOMR01 OPEN

```

SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

Macros

FILE DEFINITION

```

E.DIFMR
E.MRMOD

```

IMPERATIVE

```

E.DISEN
E.LITE

```

SAMPLE PROBLEMS

```

Z.MCR1
Z.MCR2

```

STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

DIFMR (Define The File Magnetic Character Reader) Table Requirements:

If ADDRESS=DUAL is specified, the table requires 264 bytes.

If ADDRESS=DUAL is not specified, the table requires 250 bytes.

MRMOD (Magnetic Character Reader Module)

If ADDRESS=DUAL is specified, the module requires 1,050 bytes.

If ADDRESS=DUAL is not specified, the module requires 946 bytes.

Sample Problems

Phase	Disk Extent Number			
	1	2	3	4
ASSEMBLE	SYSLNK	SYS001	SYS002	SYS003
LINKEDIT	SYSLNK	SYS001	-	-
EXECUTE	-	-	-	-

Figure 11-1. MICR -- Sample Problem File Requirements

Cards Retrieved	Card Cols. 73-76	Card Cols. 77-80
CATALS Z.MCR1		
BKEND Z.MCR1	\$477	0001-0071
MCR1 Source Deck (71 Cards)		
BKEND		
CATALS Z.MCR2		
BKEND Z.MCR2	\$477	0001-0115
MCR2 Source Deck (115 Cards)		
BKEND		

Figure 11-2. MICR -- Sample Problem Card Decks

SAMPLE PROBLEM SUMMARY

Figure 11-1 defines the files required for the MICR sample problems. Figure 11-2 shows the sample problem card decks retrieved from the source statement library.

The first 1419 Magnetic Character Reader sample problem processes 500 documents from one magnetic character reader using GET logic. The documents are read into pocket 3 in groups of approximately 50. After each group is read, the 1419 Magnetic Character Reader is disengaged, the batch number is updated, and the pocket light is turned on. All documents are listed on the printer. If the Selective Tape List feature is present on the printer, the documents are listed on the leftmost tape. The controls on the magnetic character reader that must be pressed, if present, are: BATCH NUMBER ON, PROG SORT, and at least one field for the VALIDITY CHECK AND READ OUT control.

The second 1419 Magnetic Character Reader sample problem processes 250 documents from each of two magnetic character readers (both of the same type: both with a single address adapter or both with a dual address adapter), using READ, CHECK and WAITF logic. The only controls that must be pressed are PROG SORT and at least one field for the VALIDITY CHECK AND READ OUT control. Documents from one reader are selected into pockets one or zero depending on whether or not the selected field is present. Documents read in error are rejected, and all data is listed on a printer. If the Selective Tape List feature is present on the printer, data is printed on the leftmost tape.

Documents from the second reader are selected according to a digit in the field read and printed on SYSLST. If manual intervention is required on the second reader, a message is printed on SYSLOG. This message is:

```
INTERVENTION REQUIRED ON FILE2
```

The program names are Z.MCR1 and Z.MCR2. The 1419 sample problems support the 1255/1259.

Instructions show how to remove the following optional features:

1. Dual addressing adapter feature.
2. Batch numbering.
3. Pocket lights.
4. Selective tape list feature (printer).

#### SYSLOG Output

```
BG // JOB MCR SAMPLE PROBLEMS
BG // PAUSE END OF MCR1 SAMPLE PROBLEM
BG
BG INTERVENTION REQUIRED ON FILE2
BG ECJ MCR
BG // PAUSE END OF MCR SAMPLE PROBLEMS
```

#### SYSLST Output Summary

- Job control cards
- External symbol dictionary
- Source program listing
- Relocation dictionary
- Linkage editor input diagnostics
- Linkage editor storage map
- Document data listings.

## Module 12: Magnetic Tape IOCS -- 5745-SC-TAP

12

Libraries			
Core Image		Source Statement	
Transients	Blocks	Macros	Blocks
19	34	2	994

#### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

##### Transients

```

$$BCEOV1 Monitor EOF/EOF
$$BCMT01 Tape EOF/EOV input-forward
$$BCMT02 Tape CLOSE-alternate switching
$$BCMT03 Tape CLOSE input-backward
$$BCMT04 Tape EOF output-forward
$$BCMT05 Tape CLOSE
$$BCMT06 Tape CLOSE-work files
$$BCMT07 Tape-alternate switching
$$BCMT08 Tape CLOSE-excluding work files
$$BOMT0M Tape OPEN message
$$BOMT0W Tape OPEN message
$$BOMT01 Tape OPEN input-forward-standard labels (Phase 1)
$$BOMT02 Tape OPEN input-backward-standard labels
$$BOMT03 Tape OPEN output forward-standard label
$$BOMT04 Tape OPEN output-standard labels
$$BOMT05 Tape OPEN I/O forward/backward nonstandard/unlabeled
$$BOMT06 Tape OPEN work files
$$BOMT07 Tape OPEN input-forward-standard labels (Phase 2)
$$BONVOL Tape rewriting

```

##### File Definition Macros

```

E.DTFMT
E.MTMOD

```

##### Storage Requirements

Figures 12-1 and 12-2 define the storage requirements for DTFMT and MTMOD.

##### DIFMT (Define The File: Magnetic Tape) Table Requirements

TYPEFLE=WORK requires 48 bytes per work file.

The table requirements for INPUT and OUTPUT files are:

TYPEFLE=	RECFORM=	Basic Size Without STDLABELS	ERROPT, ERREXT (Without STDLABELS)	Basic Size With STDLABELS	ERROPT, ERREXT (With STDLABELS)
INPUT	FIXUNB or FIXBLK	96	*	112	*
	VARUNB or VARBLK	109	*	128	*
	UNDEF	92	*	108	*
	SPNUNB	132	*	132	*
OUTPUT	FIXUNB or FIXBLK	86	+10	104	+4
	VARUNB or VARBLK	98	+10	116	+4
	UNDEF	84	+4	100	+4
	SPNUNB	132	*	132	*

\* Included in basic Size of Module.

Figure 12-1. DTFMT -- Table Requirements

MTMOD (Magnetic Tape Module)

EBCDIC MAGNETIC TAPE MODULE					
RECFORM=	BASIC MODULE	INDEPENDENT OPTIONS			
		WORKA= YES	CKPRIEC= YES	READ= BACK	ERREXT
FIXUNB/FIXBLK	688	+80	+112	+96	+96
VARUNB/VARBLK	824	+112	+108	+84	+96
UNDEF	560	+80	+120	+16	+96
SPNUNB/SPNBLK	1808	-	+260	+300	+252

Figure 12-2. MTMOD -- Storage Requirements (Part 1 of 3)

Notes:

1. Only one module is required for processing all files having a common RECFORM. This module can be generated with the options charted above. To determine the size of the module with the options, the number of option bytes specified in the chart must be added to the basic module.
2. RDNLY=YES, changes the size of the module -50 to +50 bytes. In addition, the user's program must provide a 72-byte save area each time the module is reentered.

WORK FILE MODULE			
TYPEFLE=WORK	without NOTEPT	NOTEPT=	
		YES	POINTS
without ERROPT	232	424	286
with ERROPT	280	540	380
with ERROPT and ERREXT	436	654	494

Figure 12-2. MIMOD -- Storage Requirements (Part 2 of 3)

ASCII MAGNETIC TAPE MODULE					
RECFORM=	BASIC MODULE	INDEPENDENT OPTIONS			
		WORKA= YES	CKPRTEC= YES	READ= BACK	ERREXT
FIXUNB/FIXBLK	824	+92		+128	+120
VARUNB/VARBLK	968	+112		+56	+96
UNDEF	656	+80		+8	+96

Figure 12-2. MIMOD -- Storage Requirements (Part 3 of 3)

**Module 13: IBM 1287 Optical Character Reader IOCS -- 5745-SC-OCR**

Libraries			
Core Image		Source Statement	
Transients	Blocks	Macros	Blocks
2	2	5	722

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Transients

\$\$ABERRI Error Recovery Procedure  
 \$\$BOOR01 OPEN

SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

Macros

FILE DEFINITION

E.DIFOR  
 E.ORMOD

IMPERATIVE

E.DSPLY  
 E.RDLNE  
 E.RESCN

STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

Figure 13-1 defines the storage requirements for ORMOD.

ORMOD (Optical Reader Module -- Except for the 3881 Optical Mark Reader)

DEVICE=	RECFORM=	Basic Module	INDEPENDENT OPTIONS			
			CONTROL= YES	IOAREA2= YES	WORKA= YES	IOAREA2= YES and WORKA=YES
1287I/	FIXUNB	892	+220	+76	+60	+96
	FIXBLK	1256	+264	+56	+28	+84
	UNDEF	848	+224	+56	+64	+88
1287D	UNDEF BLKFAC=YES	1180	+268	+56	+24	+80
or	FIXUNB	1360	+184	---	---	---
1288	UNDEF	1256	+188	---	---	---

Figure 13-1. OPTICAL READER -- ORMOD Storage Requirements

DIFOR (Define The File: 1287 Optical Reader) Table Requirements

1. RECFORM=FIXUNB requires 136 bytes.
2. RECFORM=FIXBLK varies as a function of blocking.  
 Size = 136 + (16 x blocking factor x number of I/O areas)
3. RECFORM=UNDEF requires 136 bytes.



Sample Problem Summary

The 1288 sample problem is obtained by retrieving the sample problem for the 1287 journal tape mode of operation (Z.CRJT) and changing the cards with the sequence numbers 1058 and 1071 as follows: For both cards change the parameter DEVICE=1287T to DEVICE=1287D. (Refer to the listing containing the source statements for the sample test program for journal tape processing). Figure 13-2 illustrates the files used by both problems, and Figure 13-3 illustrates the card decks that are punched when the sample problem is retrieved.

The sample problem illustrating document processing for the 1287 or 1288 optical reader (Z.ORDC) reads documents for data input into an input area, and then prints this data on SYSLST. Whenever the 1287 or 1288 document hopper empties, press end-of-file or replenish the stack.

Any approved document type may be used because the reference mark and data field coordinates are entered at program execution time. However, the data field chosen to be read may not exceed six characters in length.

Figure 13-4 is a sample input document. The listing contains examples of keyed-in error corrections identified by comments.

Note: When using this program on a 1288, remove the RESCN and DSPLY macro statements within sequence numbers 0091 and 0109.

The sample problem illustrating journal tape mode processing for the 1287 optical reader reads undefined records from the 1287 optical reader into a work area from two I/O areas, and then prints these records on SYSLST.

Any journal tape with a maximum record size of 38 characters is suitable for this sample problem.

Figure 13-5 is a portion of a sample input journal tape.

Disk Extent Number				
Phase	1	2	3	4
Assemble	SYSLNK	SYS001	SYS002	SYS003
Link Edit	SYSLNK	SYS001	-	-
Execute	-	-	-	-

Figure 13-2. OPTICAL READER -- Sample Problem

	Card Cols.	Card Cols.
Cards Retrieved	73-76	77-80
CATALS Z. CRDC		
BKEND Z.ORDC	\$478	0001-0179
Document Mode		
Source Deck (179 Cards)		
BKEND		
CATALS Z.CRJT		
BKEND Z.ORJT	\$478	1001-1081
Journal Tape Source Deck (81 Cards)		
BKEND		

Figure 13-3. OPTICAL READER -- Sample Problem Card Deck

SYSLOG Output:

```
// JOB OPTICAL READER SAMPLE PROBLEM
EOJ OPTICAL
// PAUSE END OF OPTICAL READER SAMPLE PROBLEM
```

SYSLSI Output Summary

- Job control cards
- External symbol dictionary
- Source program listing
- Relocation dictionary
- Linkage editor input diagnostics
- Linkage editor storage map
- List of fields read from:  
for document sample problem, or  
for journal tape sample problem.

						12345678	L
SEARCH		DESCRIPTION	COUNTRY	FILE NUMBER	SERVICE NO.	CODE	AMOUNT
			05	24680	357	98	2500
			01	36925	468	10	498
			02	13579	205	24	349
			01	72546	763	63	129
			03	56384	920	57	147
			01	42679	431	76	995
			04	66392	117	33	3960
			7				8578
							150
							8728
							0
							021057

Figure 13-4. OPTICAL READER -- Sample Input Document for Document Mode Processing

012	3456	789C
123	4567	890S
234	5678	901T
345	6789	012N
456	7890	123S
567	8901	234X
678	9012	345C
789	0123	456T
890	1234	567Z
901	2345	678/
012	3456	789C
123	4567	890S
234	5678	901T
345	6789	012N
456	7890	123S
567	8901	234X
678	9012	345C
789	0123	456T
890	1234	567Z
901	2345	678/
012	3456	789C
123	4567	890S
234	5678	901T
345	6789	012N
456	7890	123S
567	8901	234X
678	9012	345C
789	0123	456T
890	1234	567Z
901	2345	678/

Figure 13-5. OPTICAL READER -- Sample  
Input for Journal Tape Mode  
Processing

**Module 14: IBM 3886 Optical Character Reader IOCS -- 5745-SC-OCR**

Libraries			
Core Image		Source Statement	
Transients	Blocks	Macros	Blocks
2	2	6	382

#### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

##### Transients

\$\$ABERAN Error Recovery Procedure  
 \$\$BOOR01 OPEN

#### SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

DRMOD (3886 Optical Character Reader Module)

##### Macros

##### 1. Format Definition

E.DFR  
 E.DLINT  
 E.DLINTIN (Inner macro, used only by the DLINT macro)

##### 2. File Definition

E.DTFDR  
 E.DRMOD

##### 3. Imperative

E.SETDEV

#### STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

DRMOD:

(Basic Size = 443 bytes)

Basic + RDONLY=395

Basic + SETDEV=773

Basic + RDONLY + SETDEV=773

##### DTFDR Table Requirements

Size = 124+BLKSIZE+FRSIZE

**Module 15: Paper Tape IOCS -- 5745-SC-PTP**

Libraries			
Core Image		Source Statement	
Transients	Blocks	Macros	Blocks
3	4	2	593

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Transients

\$\$ABERRU Error Recovery Procedure (ERP)  
 \$\$ABERRV ERP  
 \$\$BERPIP ERP - 1018 with error correction feature

SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

File Definition Macros

E.DTFPT  
 E.PTMOD

STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

DTFPT (Define The File: Paper Tape) Table Requirements

INPUT FILE

The possible table specifications and sizes are:

1. No translations, no shifts, and no deletes require 72 bytes.
2. TRANS=name with no shifts and no deletes requires 76 bytes.
3. TRANS=name, SCAN=name, RECFORM=FIXUNB require 110 bytes.
4. TRANS=name, SCAN=name, RECFORM=UNDEF require 94 bytes.

OUTPUT FILE

The possible table specifications and sizes are:

1. No shifts require 69 bytes.
2. Shifts require 83 bytes.

PTMOD (Paper Tape Module)

The module specifications and sizes are specified in Figure 15-1.

	INPUT		OUTPUT
	2671	1017	1018
1. No parameters specified (no translation, no shifts and no deletes)	244	288	
2. TRANS=YES with no shifts and no deletes	310	354	
3. TRANS=YES, SCAN=YES, RECFORM=FIXUNB	536	570	
4. TRANS=YES, SCAN=YES, RECFORM=UNDEF	436	474	
5. No shifts			352
6. Shifts			570

Note: If module 2 is used, all records require translation.

Figure 15-1. PTFMOD -- Storage Requirements





Libraries			
Core Image		Source Statement	
Transients	Blocks	Macros	Blocks
30	30	11	6,848

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Transients

\$\$\$BOSDB1

\$\$\$BOSDC1

\$\$\$BOSDC2

\$\$\$BOSDC3

\$\$\$BOSDEV

\$\$\$BOSDI1

\$\$\$BOSDI2

\$\$\$BOSDI3

\$\$\$BOSDI4

\$\$\$BOSDI5

\$\$\$BOSDO1

\$\$\$BOSDO2

\$\$\$BOSDO3

\$\$\$BOSDO4

\$\$\$BOSDO5

\$\$\$BOSDO6

\$\$\$BOSDO7

\$\$\$BOSDO8

\$\$\$BOSDO9

\$\$\$BOSDRP

\$\$\$BOSDRR

\$\$\$BOSDRS

\$\$\$BOSDW1

\$\$\$BOSDW2

\$\$\$BOSDW3

\$\$\$BOSD00

\$\$\$BOSD01

\$\$\$BOSD02

\$\$\$BOSD03

\$\$\$BO2321

SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

File Definition Macros

E.DTFSD

E.SDMODFI

E.SDMODFO

E.SDMODFU

E.SDMODUI

E.SDMODUO

E.SDMODUU

E.SDMODVI

E.SDMODVO

E.SDMODVU

E.SDMODW

STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

Figures 16-1, 16-2, and 16-3 specify the storage required by DTFSD and SDMOD.

DTFSD (Define The File: Sequential DASD)

RECFORM=	TYPEFLE					CONTROL = YES
	INPUT		OUTPUT	WORK		
	with UPDATE	without UPDATE		with UPDATE	without UPDATE	
FIXBLK or FIXUNB	176	152	160	152	152	+24
VARBLK or VARUNB	192	152	170	---	---	+24
SPNBLK or SPNUNB	240	188	244	---	---	+24
UNDEF	192	152	162	152	152	+24

Figure 16-1. DTFSD -- Storage Requirements

Support for RPS requires 256 bytes for each open DTFSD to be available in the GEIVIS area of the partition. This area is allocated during open; it is used to generate RPS channel programs.

SDMOD (SEQUENTIAL DASD MODULE)

Module Name	Basic Module	TRUNCS	CONTROL	ERROPT	HOLD	ERROPT ERREXT	RECFORM=SPNBLK RECFORM=SPNUNB
SDMODFI	462	+80	+28	+144	*	+228	--
SDMODFO	546	+136	+28	+64	*	+200	--
SDMODFU	798	+88	+28	+164	+96	+252	--
SDMODUI	533		+28	+100	*	+171	--
SDMODUO	653		+28	+68	*	+116	--
SDMODUU	941		+28	+148	+40	+248	--
SDMODVI	729		+28	+104	*	+188	300-400
SDMODVO	1045		+28	+68	*	+120	1050-1150
SDMODVU	1086		+28	+176	+76	+296	1500
SDMODW	572		+22	+148	+10	+246	--

\*The HOLD function does not apply to these modules.

Notes:

1. For SDMODW, NOTEPNT=YES requires 206 additional bytes: NOTEPNT=POINTRW requires 144 additional bytes, UPDATE=YES requires 40 additional bytes.
2. RDONLY=YES changes the size of the module -50 to +50 bytes. In addition, the user's program must provide a 72-byte save area each time the module is reentered.

Figure 16-2. SDMOD -- Storage Requirements - Non-RPS Version Module Sizes

Module Name	Basic Module	TRUNCS	RECFORM=SPNBLK RECFORM=SPNUNB
SDMODFI	884	+174	--
SDMODFO	1020	+142	--
SDMODFU	1394	+142	--
SDMODUI	908	--	--
SDMODUO	1050	--	--
SDMODUU	1496	--	--
SDMODVI	986	--	+436
SDMODVO	1522	--	+1224
SDMODVU	1762	--	+1524
SDMODW	1934	--	--

Note: Each RPS version of the module supports all other valid options.

Figure 16-3. SDMOD -- Storage Requirements - RPS Version Module Sizes

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## General Considerations

This section discusses the three elements necessary to run VSAM: VSAM itself, its utilities (Access Method Services), and the ISAM Interface program. VSAM may run by itself or with either or both of the other two programs.

## VSAM Data Management Modules

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Transients	15
Blocks	17
Phases	31
Blocks	321

### Transients

\$\$BACLOS  
 \$\$BCLCRA  
 \$\$BCVSAM  
 \$\$BCVS02  
 \$\$BCVS03  
 \$\$BCVS04  
 \$\$BENDQB  
 \$\$BJIBFF  
 \$\$BJIB00  
 \$\$BODADE  
 \$\$BODADS  
 \$\$BOVSAM  
 \$\$BOVS01  
 \$\$BOVS03  
 \$\$BTCLOS

SVA-eligible phases (see section "Loading VSAM Phases into the SVA")

IKQVBRP  
 IKQVCAT  
 IKQVCLC  
 IKQVCLOC  
 IKQVCLOS  
 IKQVCLOV  
 IKQVDNT  
 IKQVDRP  
 IKQVDIPE  
 IKQVEDX  
 IKQVEOV  
 IKQVGEN  
 IKQVJIBS  
 IKQVLAB  
 IKQVLASM  
 IKQVMS3  
 IKQVNEX  
 IKQVOPEN  
 IKQVPBF  
 IKQVRBA  
 IKQVRM  
 IKQVSTM  
 IKQVTMS

### Non-SVA-eligible phases:

IKQVDCN  
 IKQVDU  
 IKQVDUMP  
 IKQVEDA  
 IKQVLASF  
 IKQVRT  
 IKQVSCAT

### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Number of Modules	Number of Blocks
164	1,756

### Modules

\$\$BACLOS  
 \$\$BCLCRA  
 \$\$BCVSAM  
 \$\$BCVS02  
 \$\$BCVS03  
 \$\$BCVS04  
 \$\$BENDQB  
 \$\$BJIBFF  
 \$\$BJIB00  
 \$\$BODADE  
 \$\$BODADS  
 \$\$BOVSAM  
 \$\$BOVS01  
 \$\$BOVS03  
 \$\$BTCLOS  
 IGG0CLAB  
 IGG0CLAC  
 IGG0CLAD  
 IGG0CLAE  
 IGG0CLAF  
 IGG0CLAG  
 IGG0CLAH  
 IGG0CLAJ  
 IGG0CLAK  
 IGG0CLAL  
 IGG0CLAN  
 IGG0CLAP  
 IGG0CLAQ  
 IGG0CLAR  
 IGG0CLAS  
 IGG0CLAT  
 IGG0CLAU  
 IGG0CLAV  
 IGG0CLAW  
 IGG0CLAX  
 IGG0CLAY  
 IGG0CLAZ  
 IGG0CLA6  
 IGG0CLA7  
 IGG0CLA8  
 IGG0CLBA  
 IGG0CLBB  
 IGG0CLBC  
 IGG0CLBD  
 IGG0CLBE  
 IGG0CLBF  
 IGG0CLBG  
 IGG0CLBH  
 IGG0CLBL

IGG0CLBM  
 IGG0CLBN  
 IGG0CLBQ  
 IGG0CLBR  
 IGG0CLBS  
 IGG0CLBT  
 IGG0CLBU  
 IGG0CLBW  
 IGG0CLBX  
 IGG0CLBY  
 IGG0CLB8  
 IGG0CLCA  
 IGG0CLCB  
 IGG0CLCD  
 IGG0CLCG  
 IGG0CLCL  
 IGG0CLCO  
 IGG0CLCP  
 IGG0CLCR  
 IGG0CLCS  
 IGG0CLCX  
 IGG0CLCY  
 IGG0CLC9  
 IKQAIKX  
 IKQALL00  
 IKQBFA  
 IKQBFB  
 IKQBFC  
 IKQBLD  
 IKQBRP  
 IKQCAS  
 IKQCIR  
 IKQCIS  
 IKQCLCAT  
 IKQCLEAN  
 IKQCLNLK  
 IKQCLOCL  
 IKQCLOVY  
 IKQCLO  
 IKQCOV00  
 IKQDCN  
 IKQDNT  
 IKQDRP  
 IKQDUMP  
 IKQDUMPC  
 IKQEDX  
 IKQEOV  
 IKQERH  
 IKQERX  
 IKQGEN  
 IKQGNX  
 IKQGPT  
 IKQINT  
 IKQIOA  
 IKQIOB  
 IKQIXE  
 IKQIXF  
 IKQIXS  
 IKQJIBSM  
 IKQJRN  
 IKQKRD  
 IKQLAB  
 IKQLASFT  
 IKQLASMD  
 IKQLCD  
 IKQLCN  
 IKQLCP  
 IKQMDY

IKQNCA  
 IKQNEK  
 IKQOCMS3  
 IKQOPN  
 IKQOPNAI  
 IKQOPNCT  
 IKQOPNDO  
 IKQOPNHC  
 IKQOPNNC  
 IKQOPNOV  
 IKQOPNRD  
 IKQOPNRP  
 IKQOPNUC  
 IKQOPNUS  
 IKQPBF  
 IKQPFO  
 IKQPOP00  
 IKQORBA  
 IKQORCL  
 IKQRDS00  
 IKQREN00  
 IKQROA  
 IKQRQB  
 IKQRQC  
 IKQRRP  
 IKQRTV  
 IKQSCAT  
 IKQSCN  
 IKQSCR00  
 IKQSFT  
 IKQSPM  
 IKQSRG  
 IKQSRT  
 IKQSRU  
 IKQSTM  
 IKQIMSD  
 IKQIMSF  
 IKQUPD  
 IKQUPG  
 IKQVDIPE  
 IKQVEDA  
 IKQVfy  
 IKQVRT  
 IKQVSM  
 IKQVSMK  
 IKQVTC00  
 IKQWDS00

Link-Edit Statements

```
// OPTION CATAL
  INCLUDE IKQVSMK
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

Ignore notice "CONTROL SECTIONS OF ZERO LENGTH IN INPUT" given by the linkage editor at the end of the partition storage map.

SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

Number of Macros	Number of Blocks
26	1,602

Macros (Edited)

ACB\*  
 BLDVRP  
 DEOB  
 DLVRP

ENDREQ  
 ENQB  
 ERASE  
 EXLST\*  
 GENCB\*  
 IKQACB\*  
 IKQACBG  
 IKQCB1\*  
 IKQCB2\*  
 IKQERMAL\*  
 IKQEXLG  
 IKQEXLST\*  
 IKQRPL\*  
 IKQRPLG  
 MODCB\*  
 POINT  
 RPL\*  
 SHOWCAT  
 SHOWCB\*  
 TCLOSE  
 TESTCB\*  
 WRITBFR

\*These macros are also required by VTAM.

**LOADING VSAM AND RPS PHASES INTO THE SVA**

The system procedure library contains procedures VSAMSVA and VSAMRPS to load IBM-supplied phases into the SVA.

- Procedure VSAMSVA loads a set of selected system phases plus VSAM phases - but no RPS phases.
- Procedure VSAMRPS loads a set of selected system phases plus VSAM and RPS phases.

Loading the SVA-eligible VSAM phases into the SVA offers the following advantages:

- you save virtual and real storage space in the partitions if the phases are to be shared between several partitions;
- you save load time per job step. The phases always remain in the SVA; even the IPL procedure may use a warm start copy;
- the phases are protected against destruction by user program errors.

**Note:** The SVA-GETVIS area is not used for VSAM.

Procedure VSAMSVA consists of statements and phase names as follows:

SET SDL=CREATE  
 \$\$BCLOSE  
 \$\$BCLOS2  
 \$\$BCLOS3  
 \$\$BCLOS4  
 \$\$BEOJ  
 \$\$BEOJS1  
 \$\$BEOJ4  
 \$\$BEOJ7  
 \$\$BOCP01  
 \$\$BOCP03

\$\$BOFLPT  
 \$\$BOPEN  
 \$\$BOPEND  
 \$\$BOPENR  
 \$\$BOPEN0  
 \$\$BOPEN1  
 \$\$BOPEN3  
 \$\$BOPEN4  
 \$\$BOPEN5  
 \$\$BOPEN6  
 \$\$BOPIGN  
 \$\$BOSDC1  
 \$\$BOSDC3  
 \$\$BOSDI1  
 \$\$BOSDI2  
 \$\$BOSDI4  
 \$\$BOSDO1  
 \$\$BOSDO2  
 \$\$BOSDO3  
 \$\$BOSDO4  
 \$\$BOSDO8  
 \$\$BOSDO9  
 \$\$BOSDW1  
 \$\$BOSDW2  
 \$\$BOSD00  
 \$\$BOSD01  
 \$\$BOSD02  
 \$\$BOSD03  
 \$\$BOSD04  
 \$\$BOSD05  
 \$\$BOSD06  
 \$\$BOSIGN  
 \$\$BSETL  
 \$\$BSETL1  
 \$\$BSETL2  
 \$JOBCTLA  
 \$JOBCTLE  
 \$JOBCTLN  
 \$JOBACCT,SVA  
 \$JOBEXIT,SVA  
 \$LIBSTAT,SVA  
 \$MAINDIR,SVA  
 \$\$BACLOS The following are VSAM  
 \$\$BCLCRA phases  
 \$\$BCVSAM  
 \$\$BCVS02  
 \$\$BCVS03  
 \$\$BJIBFF  
 \$\$BJIB00  
 \$\$BODADE  
 \$\$BODADS  
 \$\$BOVSAM  
 \$\$BOVS01  
 \$\$BOVS03  
 \$\$BTCLOS  
 IKQVBRP,SVA  
 IKQVCAT,SVA  
 IKQVCLC,SVA  
 IKQVCLOC,SVA  
 IKQVCLOS,SVA  
 IKQVCLOV,SVA  
 IKQVDCN  
 IKQVDNT,SVA  
 IKQVDRP,SVA  
 IKQVDIPE,SVA  
 IKQVDUMP  
 IKQVEDX,SVA  
 IKQVEOV,SVA





loaded phases until the job step is ended. The following additional phases can be loaded:

Condition	Phase	Size (bytes)
I/O forced to completion (during Close, for example)	IKQVPBF	700
Share option 4 used and (1) a control area must be split or (2) the file is extended	IKQVRBA	1,100
A new extent is needed when file is extended	IKQVNEX	3,700
GENCB macro is used by the processing program	IKQVGEN	2,400
MODCB, SHOWCB, or TESTCB macro is used by the processing program	IKQVTMS	9,600
A non-contiguous range of RBAs is encountered	IKQVEDX	2,500
Non-VSAM file entry in VSAM catalog is processed	IKQVDNT	300
A new volume must be mounted	IKQVEOV	1,100
DASD file protection option is included in DOS/VS	IKQVJIBS	1,000
VSAM Close or Record Management routines must update the VSAM catalog	IKQVCLC	2,500
Device type must be determined	IKQVDTPE	600
Alternate index structure must be closed	IKQVCLOV	600
Control blocks for alternate index structure must be released	IKQVCLOC	500
Build VSAM resource pool	IKQVBRP	2,048
Delete VSAM resource pool	IKQVDRB	650
SHOWCAT	IKQVSCAT	1,500
VSAM storage manager control block reallocation	IKQVSTM	2,000
Total		32,798

If you do not need all the optional phases, you can save SVA space by using your own procedure that should have the following format:

```
// SET SVA=(...K,OK)
// SET SDL=CREATE
   (non-VSAM phase names)
   (the 7 VSAM root phase names),SVA
   (the optional VSAM phase names you will
   require), SVA
/*
/*
```

The size of the SVA can be computed as follows:

- 34 bytes for each SDL entry (the maximum number of entries is 934, which take up 32K bytes).
- 2K bytes for the SVA directory.
- 12K bytes if you want to load \$JOBEXIT and \$MAINDIR into the SVA.
- 227.7K bytes for the VSAM root phases.\*
- The total size of the optional VSAM phases you selected.\*

\* Totalling the sizes of the VSAM root phases and of the optional phases does not give you the exact size of the SVA, as these pages are normally loaded on page boundaries, with the exception of small phases, two or more of which fit a single page.

Also, since the phases are entered in alphabetical sequence, what extra space is required depends on which optional phases you include in your procedure. If you include all of the optional phases, add 10K bytes to the total size of the root phases and the optional phases. For the same reasons, the size of the SVA in procedure VSAMSVA is set to 302K bytes.

### ISAM Interface Program

#### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phases	5
Blocks	9

#### Transient

\$\$BOCISC

Phases

IIPCLOSE  
IIPOPEN  
IIPPROC  
IIPAMDTF

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules	7
Blocks	44

Modules

IIPBMR00  
IIPCLS00  
IIPPIIP00  
IIPOPN00  
IIPPRCPR  
IIPPRCMR  
IIPAMT00

Link-Edit Statements

// OPTION CATAL  
INCLUDE IIPPIIP00  
// EXEC LNKEDT

**Access Method Services**

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phases	81
Blocks	496

Phases

IDCAL01  
IDCAMS  
IDCBI01  
IDCCDAL  
IDCCDBI  
IDCCDDE  
IDCCDDL  
IDCCDLA  
IDCCDLR  
IDCCDMP  
IDCCDPM  
IDCCDPR  
IDCCDRC  
IDCCDRM  
IDCCDRP  
IDCCDRS  
IDCCDVY  
IDCCDXP  
IDCDB01  
IDCDB02  
IDCDE01  
IDCDI01  
IDCDI02

IDCDI03  
IDCDI04  
IDCDI05  
IDCDI06  
IDCDI07  
IDCDI08  
IDCDI09  
IDCDI10  
IDCDI11  
IDCDI12  
IDCDI13  
IDCDI14  
IDCDI15  
IDCDI20  
IDCDL01  
IDCEX02  
IDCEX03  
IDCIO02  
IDCIO03  
IDCLC01  
IDCLR01  
IDCMP01  
IDCPM01  
IDCPR01  
IDCRC01  
IDCRIK1  
IDCRIL1  
IDCRI01  
IDCRM01  
IDCRP01  
IDCRS01  
IDCSA04  
IDCSA05  
IDCTP04  
IDCTP05  
IDCTP06  
IDCTSAL0  
IDCTSBI0  
IDCTSDE0  
IDCTSLO0  
IDCTSEX0  
IDCTSI00  
IDCTSLC0  
IDCTSLC1  
IDCTSLR0  
IDCTSLR1  
IDCTSMP0  
IDCTSPP6  
IDCTSPR0  
IDCTSRC0  
IDCTSRI0  
IDCTSR00  
IDCTSTP0  
IDCTSTP1  
IDCTSUV0  
IDCTSXP0  
IDCVY01  
IDCXP01

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Number of Modules	Number of Blocks
104	2,275

## Modules

IDCAL01  
IDCBI01  
IDCCDAL  
IDCCDBI  
IDCCDDE  
IDCCDDL  
IDCCDLC  
IDCCDLR  
IDCCDMP  
IDCCDPM  
IDCCDPR  
IDCCDRC  
IDCCDRM  
IDCCDRP  
IDCCDRS  
IDCCDVY  
IDCCDXP  
IDCCMZ1  
IDCCMZ2  
IDCDB01  
IDCDB02  
IDCDE01  
IDCDE02  
IDCDE03  
IDCDI01  
IDCDI02  
IDCDI03  
IDCDI04  
IDCDI05  
IDCDI06  
IDCDI07  
IDCDI08  
IDCDI09  
IDCDI10  
IDCDI11  
IDCDI12  
IDCDI13  
IDCDI14  
IDCDI15  
IDCDI20  
IDCDL01  
IDCEX01  
IDCEX02  
IDCEX03  
IDCIO01  
IDCIO02  
IDCIO03  
IDCLC01  
IDCLC02  
IDCLR01  
IDCLR02  
IDCMP01  
IDCPM01  
IDCPR01  
IDCRC01  
IDCRC02  
IDCRC03  
IDCRC04  
IDCRIKT  
IDCRILT  
IDCRI01  
IDCRI02  
IDCRI03  
IDCRM01  
IDCRP01  
IDCRS01

IDCRS02  
IDCRS03  
IDCRS04  
IDCRS05  
IDCRS06  
IDCRS07  
IDCSA01  
IDCSA02  
IDCSA03  
IDCSA04  
IDCSA05  
IDCSA08  
IDCTP01  
IDCTP04  
IDCTP05  
IDCTP06  
IDCTSAL0  
IDCTSBI0  
IDCTSDE0  
IDCTSDL0  
IDCTSEX0  
IDCTSIO0  
IDCTSLC0  
IDCTSLC1  
IDCTSLR0  
IDCTSLR1  
IDCTSMP0  
IDCTSPR0  
IDCTSRC0  
IDCTSRI0  
IDCTSR0  
IDCTSTP0  
IDCTSTP1  
IDCTSTP6  
IDCTSUV0  
IDCTXP0  
IDCVY01  
IDEXP01

## Link-Edit Statements

```
// OPTION CATAL  
  INCLUDE IDCCMZ1  
// EXEC LNKEDT  
// OPTION CATAL  
  INCLUDE IDCCMZ2  
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

## STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

### Real Storage for VSAM

To avoid excessive paging, an amount of real storage should be available in the page pool which approximately matches the VSAM working set.

The working set requirements for processing a VSAM file are as follows:

- For frequently used modules of VSAM record management (phase IKQVRM): 11 pages per partition. During loading or extension of a file, or whenever many control interval splits take place, up to 13 pages may be needed.

- For (external and internal) control blocks: 1 page (minimum) per file.
- For the channel program area used by VSAM: 1 page per file.
- VSAM buffers - an amount of storage that depends on the control interval size and the number of buffers used for the file.

#### Minimum Working Set for a Single File

Provided all the conditions listed in Figure 17-1 are met, the minimum working set size for a single VSAM key-sequenced, or entry-sequenced, or relative-record file can be calculated as follows:

- IKQVRM                      11 pages\*
- Control blocks                1 page
- Channel program area        1 page
- = 13 pages
- + Buffers

\* or 13 pages when the file is loaded or extended.

The conditions for using a minimum working set are:

- The file must not have key ranges associated with it.
- The file must not have more than one extent for data.
- The file must not have SHAREOPTIONS(4). The length of the key field is assumed to be four bytes.
- The file must not have more than one extent for the sequence set and for the higher-level index.
- The number of data buffers must be 2; the number of index buffers must be 1 if the file is a key-sequenced file.
- The ACB and RPL must be created via GENCB, leaving the space allocation up to VSAM and in the sequence  
  
GENCB ACB  
GENCB RPL
- The file must be opened for one string only (STRNC=1).

Figure 17-1. Minimum Working Set Conditions

For each additional file in the partition the following has to be added to the minimum working set size:

- 1 page for control blocks (mimum)
- 1 page for the channel program area
- n pages for buffers

#### Working Set for Alternate Index Processing

If an alternate index is processed as an end-use object, that is, without its related base cluster, it is treated as a key-sequenced file and, therefore, has the same working set requirements as a key-sequenced file.

If a path is established between an alternate index and its base cluster, the working set requirements for processing the base cluster via this alternate-index path (path entry) are as follows:

- For frequently used modules of VSAM record management (phase IKQVRM): 14 pages per partition.
- For external and internal blocks:
  - 1 page (minimum) for the path entry
  - 2 page (minimum) for the base cluster
  - 1 page (minimum) for each alternate index in the upgrade set in addition to the path entry.
- For the channel program areas:
  - 1 page for the path entry
  - 1 page for the base cluster
  - 1 page for the upgrade set
- VSAM buffers for:
  - the base cluster
  - the alternate index path (path entry)
  - for an UPDATE path only: a minimum of two data buffers and one index buffer for any alternate index(es) in the upgrade set (in addition to the alternate index of the path entry). Note that all the alternate indexes of an upgrade set (except that of the path entry) share a common set of buffers whose size is that of the largest buffers specified.

Note: For a NOUPDATE path, the alternate indexes which are members of the upgrade set are not opened. Therefore, only space for the path entry and the base cluster has to be provided. If a base cluster is not processed via a path, but has an upgrade set assigned to it, space for the base cluster itself and for the upgrade set members has to be provided.

Working Set for VSAM Files Sharing a Resource Pool

VSAM files with MACRF(LSR) in the ACB have the following working set requirements:

- For frequently used modules of VSAM record management (phase IKQVRM): 12 pages per partition.
- For external and internal control blocks: 1 page (minimum) per file.
- For the VSAM resource pool: an amount of storage that depends on the parameters specified in the BLDVRP macro.

For Access Method Services: To operate efficiently, the Access Method Services working set requires approximately 64K bytes of real storage.

Virtual Storage

For VSAM: VSAM routines reside in pageable virtual storage. The recommended allocation is 302K bytes in any partition in which VSAM will execute, or 302K bytes in the SVA. This basic allocation also covers any space requirements for ISAM Interface Program (IIP) phases to be loaded when a VSAM file is processed by an ISAM program. (For a more precise storage requirement calculation use the table as shown in the section "Loading VSAM and RPS Phases Into the SVA".)

If VSAM runs in the SVA, a certain amount of storage must still be allocated to VSAM in the partition for buffers and control blocks. This amount can be approximated as follows:

1. Compute for each file as a minimum:
  - 2 x the data control interval size;
  - 1 x the index control interval size (for a key-sequenced file or alternate index);
  - 2K bytes for control blocks.
2. Total the results and add a basic requirement of 30K bytes.

Note: Control interval size and the minimum amount of buffer space for a file are specified when the file is defined. You can allocate more than the minimum

amount of buffer space when the file is processed. Refer to DOS/VS Supervisor and I/O Macros for the ACB macro, and to DOS/VS System Control Statements for the DLBL job control statement.

For Access Method Services: In addition to the 302K byte basic allocation for VSAM (or 302K bytes in the SVA), Access Method Services requires up to 450K bytes of virtual storage in the partition in which it is to run. Unlike VSAM phases, the Access Method Services modules cannot be loaded into the SVA.

The root modules, comprising 26K bytes, are loaded into the virtual address area when the user wants to perform any of the following functions. In addition to the root modules, the remaining Access Method Services substructure modules plus their required dynamic work areas are required to perform any function. The total virtual storage requirement for the substructure (including the root modules) is 114K. In addition, you must provide virtual storage for the specific Access Method Services commands to be processed. If you know what your functional mix is in the job stream, you can calculate a more precise virtual size from the table below.

Function	Size (bytes)
ALTER	23,000
BLDINDEX	24,000*
DEFINE	52,000
DELETE	10,000
EXPORT	23,000
EXPORTRA	45,000**
IMPORT	29,000
IMPORTRA	33,000
LISTCAT	42,000
LISTCRA	39,000
PRINT	8,000
REPRO	17,000
RESETCAT	124,000
VERIFY	2,000
Total	471,000

\* This does not include the storage required for sorting records. Refer to DOS/VS Access Method Services User's Guide, GC33-5382.

\*\*This does not include the 255,000 bytes required for the EXPORTRA command table.



CORE\_IMAGE\_LIBRARY

	Phase	Blocks
Assembler	19	122
ESERV	7	41

Phases

Assembler

ASSECA  
ASSEDA  
ASSEEA  
ASSEFA  
ASSEGA  
ASSEHA  
ASSEIA  
ASSEJA  
ASSEKA  
ASSELA  
ASSEMA  
ASSEMBLY  
ASSEOA  
ASSEQA  
ASSERA  
ASSERB  
ASSERC  
ASSESA  
ASSETA

ESERV

ESERV  
ESERVB  
ESERVD  
ESERVE  
ESERVF  
ESERVG  
ESERVI

RELOCATABLE\_LIBRARY

	Modules	Blocks
Assembler	38	609
ESERV	10	218

Modules

Assembler

IPKAA  
IPKAB  
IPKAC  
IPKAD  
IPKAE  
IPKAF

IPKAG  
IPKAH  
IPKAI  
IPKAJ  
IPKBA  
IPKCA  
IPKCB  
IPKCC  
IPKCD  
IPKDA  
IPKDB  
IPKEA  
IPKFA  
IPKGA  
IPKHA  
IPKIA  
IPKIC  
IPKJA  
IPKKA  
IPKLA  
IPKLINK  
IPKMA  
IPKNA  
IPKOA  
IPKPA  
IPKQA  
IPKRA  
IPKRB  
IPKRC  
IPKSA  
IPKSB  
IPKTA

Link-Edit Statements

```
INCLUDE IPKLINK  
/*  
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

ESERV

IPKESERV  
IPKVA  
IPKVB  
IPKVD  
IPKVE  
IPKVF  
IPKVG  
IPKVI  
IPKVK  
IPKVM

Link-Edit Statements

```
INCLUDE IPKESERV  
/*  
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

**Note:** When link-editing the ESERV program, the Link-Edit Map will contain one unresolved address constant (IPKAB103). This is a symbol used in the Assembler only.



SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

Number of Macros	Source Statement Library Blocks
2	44

Macros

E.IVPASLC  
E.IVPASLS

Work Files

To determine the number of bytes required for the assembler work files, use the following formulas:

SYS001: Whichever is the larger of

60(ITXT+SM)

and

60(SM+LM)

SYS002: Whichever is the larger of

60(ITXT+SM)

and

40.ETXT

SYS003: If option NOXREF is in effect:

60.OTXT

If option XREF is in effect:

100.OTXT

SYSLNK: 15.ETXT

where

ITXT = Total number of statements on  
SYSIPT.

OTXT = Total number of statements on  
SYSLST.

SM = Number of statements in source macro  
definitions.

ETXT = OTXT minus SM minus number of  
comment statements.

LM = Number of statements in library  
macro definitions called by the  
program.

The approximate number of tracks can be computed by dividing the number of bytes by 6000 for a 2314/2319 file, by 12000 for a 3330 file, and by 7000 for a 3340 file.



PARTITION SIZE

The program requires a background real allocation of 16K bytes, 20K bytes with RETAIN active.

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

	Phases	Blocks
OLTEP	48	91
B-Transients	2	2

Phases

- IJZACEOM
- IJZACOMP
- IJZACONV
- IJZADO00
- IJZADO02
- IJZADO03
- IJZADO07
- IJZADO10
- IJZADO11
- IJZADO16
- IJZADO21
- IJZADO22
- IJZADO24
- IJZADO26
- IJZADO28
- IJZADO31
- IJZADO32
- IJZADO33
- IJZADO35
- IJZADO36
- IJZADO37
- IJZADO39
- IJZADO40
- IJZADO41
- IJZADO42
- IJZADO43
- IJZADO44
- IJZADO45
- IJZADO47
- IJZADO49
- IJZADO52
- IJZADO56
- IJZADO57
- IJZADO62
- IJZADO64
- IJZADO70
- IJZADO71
- IJZADO76
- IJZADO77
- IJZADO78
- IJZADO98
- IJZADOAA
- IJZADOAB
- IJZADOAJ
- IJZADOLD
- IJZADOLT
- IJZAOPUT
- IJZARATA

B-Transients

\$\$BOLTEP  
\$\$BTOLTP

Note: The B-transients are cataloged into the core image library along with the OLTEP component.

CONFIGURATION DATA SET

A CDS (Configuration Data Set) is required in the core image library for each device on the system and one for the CPU. This is the formula for calculating the block requirements:

$$\frac{\text{devices on system} + 1}{6} = \text{library blocks}$$

ONLINE TESTS (OLTS)

The number of core image library blocks required for the OLTS (Online Tests) is dependent on the number of types of devices on the system, and the number and size of the OLTS needed to test these devices. This information can be found in the writeup that accompanies the OLTS.

GENERATING THE OLT/CDS LIBRARY

The PID (Program Information Department) supplies a master tape or disk (if the system has no tape drives) to the Customer Engineer. This tape contains OLTSEP, SOSPE, and OLTS. The EDITDOS function of SOSPE (Standalone Service and Online Test Support) is used to create OLT and CDS input for the DOS/VS Linkage Editor. This input can be created on disk or tape.

The Job Control statements required to link the OLTS and CDSs into the core image library are as follows:

Tape Input

```
// JOB      XXXXXXXX
assign work files for the Linkage Editor,
if necessary
// ASSGN SYSIN,X'cuu'
where cuu is the address of the tape drive.
```

Disk Input

// JOB XXXXXXXX

assign work files for the Linkage Editor,  
if necessary

// DLBL IJSYSIN,'EDITPACK'  
// ASSGN SYSIN,X'cuu'

where cuu is the address of the disk drive.

The OLTs and CDSs are required to run tests under OLTEP. The customer engineer will create the library using the specified procedure. This procedure is also used to add new OLTs and/or CDSs when devices are added to the system.

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules	Blocks
50	410

Modules

- IJZABOOK
- IJZACEOM
- IJZACOMP
- IJZACONV
- IJZADO00
- IJZADO02
- IJZADO03
- IJZADO07
- IJZADO10
- IJZADO11
- IJZADO16
- IJZADO21
- IJZADO22
- IJZADO24
- IJZADO26

- IJZADO28
- IJZADO31
- IJZADO32
- IJZADO33
- IJZADO35
- IJZADO36
- IJZADO37
- IJZADO39
- IJZADO40
- IJZADO41
- IJZADO42
- IJZADO43
- IJZADO44
- IJZADO45
- IJZADO47
- IJZADO49
- IJZADO52
- IJZADO56
- IJZADO57
- IJZADO62
- IJZADO64
- IJZADO70
- IJZADO71
- IJZADO76
- IJZADO77
- IJZADO78
- IJZADOAA
- IJZADOAB
- IJZADOAJ
- IJZADOLD
- IJZADOLT
- IJZAOLTP
- IJZAOPUT
- IJZARATA
- IJZATOLT

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJZABOOK  
// EXEC LNKEDT

Delete Statements

DELETR IJZ.ALL

## Module Outline

core image library.....	277
BTAM online terminal test	
pattern phase identification.....	277
BTAM transients.....	278
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BTAM Online Terminal Test Pattern Phase Identification

<u>Phase Names</u>	<u>Test Patterns for Online Terminal Tests</u>
IJLBOF02	Transparent EBCDIC Message
IJLBOF03	USASCII Transparency Message
IJLBOF04	Normal EBCDIC Message
IJLBOF05	Normal USASCII Message
IJLBOF06	Alphanumeric USASCII Message
IJLBOF07	USASCII Printer Message
IJLBOF08	USASCII Punch Message
IJLBOF09	TRANSCODE Printer Message
IJLBOF10	TRANSCODE Punch Message
IJLBOF11	TRANSCODE Multipoint Message
IJLBOF12	EBCDIC Printer Message
IJLBOF13	EBCDIC Punch Message
IJLBOF14	EBCDIC Alphanumeric Message
IJLBOF15	EBCDIC Weak Pattern Message for Switched Line
IJLBOF16	EBCDIC Weak Pattern Message for Leased Line
IJLBOF17	TRANSCODE Weak Pattern Message for Switched Line
IJLBOF18	TRANSCODE Weak Pattern Message for Leased Line
IJLBOF19	EBCDIC Weak Pattern for OLE SYN Insertion
IJLBOF20	EBCDIC 80-Character Transparent Message
IJLBOF21	EBCDIC 120-Character Transparent Message
IJLBOF22	EBCDIC 144-Character Transparent Message
IJLBOF23	3270 Basic EBCDIC Test Pattern
IJLBOF24	3270 Model 1 Align EBCDIC Test Pattern
IJLBOF25	3270 Model 2 Align EBCDIC Test Pattern
IJLBOF26	3270 Orders EBCDIC Test Pattern
IJLBOF27	3270 Universal Character Set Test Pattern
IJLBOF28	3270 NL/EOM Printer EBCDIC Test Pattern
IJLBOF29	3270 Basic ASCII Test Pattern
IJLBOF30	3270 Model 1 Align ASCII Test Pattern
IJLBOF31	3270 Model 2 Align ASCII Test Pattern
IJLBOF32	3270 Orders ASCII Test Pattern
IJLBOF33	3270 Universal Character Set Test Pattern
IJLBOF34	3270 NL/EOM Printer ASCII Test Pattern
IJLT2ALC	All Character Test for IBM 2848
IJLT2ROT	Rotate Test for IBM 2848
IJLT2TLF	Tilt Test for IBM 2848
IJLT2FWS	Twist Test for IBM 2848
IJLT3ALC	All Character Test for IBM 1030
IJLT3ROT	Rotate Test for IBM 1030
IJLT3SLA	Analyzer Test for IBM 1030 (SELECTRIC)
IJLT3TLF	Tilt Test for IBM 1030
IJLT3FWS	Twist Test for IBM 1030
IJLT5ALC	All Character Test for IBM 1050 or 2740
IJLT5ROT	Rotate Test for IBM 1050 or 2740
IJLT5SLA	SELECTRIC Analyzer Test for IBM 1050 or 2740

Phase Names            Test Patterns for Online Terminal Tests

IJLT5TLT            Tilt Test for IBM 1050 or 2740  
IJLT5TWS            Twist Test for IBM 1050 or 2740  
IJLT6ALC            All Character Test for IBM 1060  
IJLT6ROT            Rotate Test for IBM 1060  
IJLT6SLA            SELECTRIC Analyzer Test for IBM 1060  
IJLT6PLT            Tilt Test for IBM 1060  
IJLT6TWS            Twist Test for IBM 1060

BTAM Transients

\$\$ABERP1            Control handler for BTAM special message writer and error statistics recorder  
\$\$ABERP2            BSC online test message writer  
\$\$ABERP3            Console special message writer  
\$\$ABERP4            Remote 3270 status/sense error recorder  
\$\$ABERP5            Error recovery message writer, phase 1  
\$\$ABERP6            Error recovery message writer, phase 2  
\$\$ABERP7            Error recovery message writer, phase 3  
\$\$ABERP8            RMSR record builder  
\$\$ABERP9            Free areas from real storage  
\$\$BBT3SC            OLTEP device assignment  
\$\$BBT3SI            OLTEP device assignment initiation  
\$\$BCTC01            CLOSE routine  
\$\$BETPRT            Error threshold message  
\$\$BHDRCK            Terminal test request validation and comparison  
\$\$BLEPRT            Line error print routine  
\$\$BLOPEN            OPEN routine  
\$\$BOTC01            OPEN routine  
\$\$BOTC02            OPEN for local devices routine  
\$\$BOTC03            OPEN logic processor  
\$\$BOTC1A            OPEN logic module, phase 3, for non-local devices  
\$\$BRESPL            Reset Polling Lines  
\$\$BTCNCL            Cancel routine  
\$\$BTMEB3            Terminal test request - IBM 1030 Manual Entry and Badge Reader  
\$\$BT1030            Terminal test module - IBM 1030  
\$\$BT1050            Terminal test module - IBM 1050  
\$\$BT1060            Terminal test module - IBM 1060  
\$\$BT2260            Terminal test module - IBM 2260  
\$\$BT2740            Terminal test module - IBM 2740  
\$\$BT2848            Terminal test module - IBM 2848

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules	Blocks
65	179



Modules

Module Name	Description	Bytes of Storage
CONCURRENT OLTEP		
BT3270SC	Concurrent OLTEP Setup	2535
IJLZSCAN		5796
CHANNEL PROGRAM		
(For start/stop, the modules include a table of special characters.)		
IJL0EZ	WTTA	124
IJL00Y	IBM 7770	76
IJL01J	IBM 1030 (Auto Poll)	187
IJL01Z	IBM 1030	139
IJL02J	IBM 1060 (Auto Poll)	175
IJL02Z	IBM 1060	127
IJL03Z	IBM 2848 Remote	209
IJL04Z	AT&T 83B3	78
IJL05Z	Western Union 115A	72
IJL06Z	Table Generation for 2260 Local Channel Program	16
IJL07J	IBM 1050 Nonswitched (Auto Poll)	132
IJL07Y	IBM 1050 Switched	202
IJL07Z	IBM 1050 Nonswitched	124
IJL08H	IBM 2740 with Station Control (Auto Poll)	97
IJL08M	IBM 2740 with Dial, Transmit Control, and Checking	176
IJL08P	IBM 2740 with Station Control and Checking	132
IJL08Q	IBM 2740 with Dial and Checking	172
IJL08R	IBM 2740 with Checking	141
IJL08U	IBM 2740 with Dial and Transmit Control	122
IJL08X	IBM 2740 with Station Control	92
IJL08Y	IBM 2740 with Dial	114
IJL08Z	IBM 2740 Basic	93
IJL081	IBM 2740 and OIU with Dial and Checking	246
IJL082	IBM 2740 and OIU with Checking	181
IJL089	IBM 2740 with Station Control and Checking (Auto Poll)	145
IJL09Y	TWX 33	110
IJL10Y	IBM 7772	76
WTTA SUBROUTINE		
IJLWTZ	WTTA Subroutines	1223
LOCAL 3270 TABLE OF COMMAND CODES		
IJL0HZ	3277L table of command codes	30

Module Name	Description	Bytes of Storage
CHANNEL PROGRAM MODULES FOR BSC		
The following relocatable modules are BSC channel program modules for switched lines using ID verification (CPU-to-CPU). The correspondence between relocatable module name and the codes that appear in the FEATURE operand sublist in the DPFET macro instruction is indicated.		
IJL0BY	For switched lines	415
IJL0BZ	For nonswitched lines	281
IJL0DY	IBM 2780 switched point to point	212
IJL0DZ	IBM 2780 nonswitched point to point	148
IJL1BZ	BSC Multipoint Lines	253
IJL2DZ	IBM 2780 Multipoint for TRANSCODE	136
IJLEDIT3	Logic, PP EDIT Macro	2090
BSC TABLES OF SPECIAL CHARACTERS		
IJLASC	In ASCII for BSC	85
IJLEBD	In EBCDIC for BSC	85
IJLTCB	In 6-bit TRANSCODE for BSC	69
TRANSLATION TABLES		
IJLRASA	For USASCII to EBCDIC for BCS	256
IJLRCTW	For ITA2 to EBCDIC (World Trade Teletype)	256
IJLRCT1	From BAUDOT to EBCDIC	256
IJLRCT2	From TWX to EBCDIC	256
IJLRCT3	From ZSC3 to EBCDIC (World Trade Teletype)	256
IJLRC30	From 1080 to EBCDIC	256
IJLRC40	From 2740 to EBCDIC (lowercase)	256
IJLRC50	From 1050 to EBCDIC (lowercase)	256
IJLRC60	From 1060 to EBCDIC	256
IJLRC80	From 6-bit TRANSCODE to EBCDIC	256
IJLRF40	From 2740 to EBCDIC (uppercase)	256
IJLRF50	From 1050 to EBCDIC (uppercase)	256
IJLRSCI	From USASCII to EBCDIC with 2848 attached to 2701 via IBM Terminal Control Type III	256
IJLSASA	From EBCDIC to USASCII for BSC	256
IJLSCTW	From EBCDIC to ITA2 (World Trade Teletype)	256
IJLSCT1	From EBCDIC to BAUDOT	256
IJLSCT2	From EBCDIC to TWX	256
IJLSCT3	From EBCDIC to ZSC3 (World Trade Teletype)	256
IJLSD30	From EBCDIC to 1030	256
IJLSD40	From EBCDIC to 2740	256
IJLSD50	From EBCDIC to 1050	256
IJLSD60	From EBCDIC to 1060	256
IJLSD80	From EBCDIC to 6-bit TRANSCODE	256
IJLSSCI	From EBCDIC to USASCII with 2848 attached to 2701 via IBM Terminal Control Type III	256

## Delete Statements

To delete the BTAM phases from the core image library, the BTAM modules from the relocatable library, and the BTAM books from the source statement library, you must supply the DELET statement for the appropriate library and the name of the phase, module, or book to be deleted. For example:

```
// JOB DELETC
// EXEC MAINT
  DELETC $$BCT01,$$BETPRI,etc.
  DELETC IJLT2ALC,IJLT2ROT,etc.
  DELETR IJL00Y,IJL01Z,IJL02Z,etc.
  DELETS E.CONTROL,E.LERB,etc.
/6
```

To delete both BTAM and QTAM from the core image, relocatable and source statement libraries, the DELET statement for the appropriate library and the following entries must be made: For the core image transients, you must supply the DELETC statement with a separate entry for each transient (QTAM and BTAM) to be deleted. For the core image phase names, enter the delete statement as follows:

```
  DELETC $$BCTC01,$$B00003,$$BETPRT,etc.
  DELETC IJLB.ALL
  DELETC IJLT.ALL
```

To delete both BTAM and QTAM from the relocatable library, enter:

```
  DELETR IJL.ALL
```

To delete the BTAM and QTAM books from the source statement library, enter the DELETS statement with a separate entry for each book to be deleted. The following example shows the required delete statements and type of entries to be made in those cards:

```
// JOB DELETE
// EXEC MAINT
  DELETS E.CONTROL,E.CANCELM,etc.
/6
```

## SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

Macros	Blocks
66	8,620

Macros

	Storage Bytes	
	Basic	For Variables
E.AS		
E.ASCTR		
E.ASLIST		
E.BTBONLI (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTBTEIH (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTBTFIX (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTBTFREE (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTBTROD (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTBTRSCH		
E.BTCEMODE (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTCKID (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTCONST		
E.BTCSE (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTCTUPT (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTMOD		
E.BTMODIH1 (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTMODIH2 (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTNCKID (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTOLFCMP		
E.BTOLTIH (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTONLAP (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTONLOA (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTRD		
E.BTRLBF (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTRQBF (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTRWC		
E.BITRANS (inner macro in BTMOD)		
E.BTWAIT		
E.CHGNTRY	20 (Start-stop)	+6 (Note 2)
	72 (BCS)	
	20 (Start-stop Auto Poll)	+72 (Note 2)
	22 (2260 Local)	+4 (Note 2)
E.CONFIGUR		
E.CONTROL	20	+38 (Note 2)
E.CTRGROUP		
E.CTRLIST		
E.CTRSCHED		
E.DEULIST		
E.DISPGUID		
E.DFIRMLST		
E.DTFBT		
E.GDUAS		
E.GDULIST		
E.GDUTRANS		
E.LERB	20	
E.LERPRT	14	+8 (Note 2)
E.LOPEN	8	+2 (Note 2)
E.MAPPUB2 (Note 5)		
E.ONLTST		
E.PARAMNUM		
E.PARMLIST		
E.RELBUF	14	+4 (Note 3)
E.REQBUF	12	+8 (Note 4)
E.RESETPL	12	+4 (Note 2)
E.RMSRTAB		

	Storage Bytes	
	Basic	For Variables
Z.SAMP327L		
Z.SAMP327R		
E.SCANREQ		
E.SDRTAB		
E.STEND		
E.TGROUP		
E.TPEDIT		
E.TRLIST		
E.TRANSLAT		
E.TRNSLATE	26	+16 (note 2)
E.TRSRCTW	256	
E.TRSRCT3	256	
E.TRSSCIW	256	
E.TRSSCT3	256	
E.TWAIT	24	+20 (Note 4)

Notes:

1. n=number of different operands coded.
2. No operands coded in register notation.
3. First operand not coded in register notation.
4. All possible operands not coded in register notation.
5. This is a supervisor generation macro that is also used by BTAM.

Storage Requirements

DIFBT (DEFINE THE FILE: BTAM)

TABLE REQUIREMENTS

Size =  $64 + N(40 + 8x) + BUFCB + BUFNO(BUFL + f) + y + z$   
 (+ 32N for BSC only)

where:

- N = number of lines in the line group (or, for a local 2260 and local 3270\*\*, the number of devices attached to the control unit)
- x = number of CCWs in the largest channel program available for the device, given in Figure 20-1
- \*BUFCB = 8 if a buffer pool is used  
 = 0 if a buffer is not used
- \*BUFNO = number of buffers in the pool
- \*BUFL = length of each buffer
- f = number of bytes required to extend each buffer to a multiple of 8
- y = size of the model channel program table for the line group, given in Figure 20-1. If two or more DTFBTs use the same model channel program and are linkage edited together, include the value only once.
- z = Size of the table of special characters given in Figure 20-1. For BSC only, if two or more DTFBTs use the same transmission code, include the value only once.

\* If the buffer pool is shared by two or more DTFBTs, include the value only once.

\*\* For a local 3270, at least one DTFBT is required for each control unit.

Device	x		y	z
	without	with		
	start/stop	Auto Poll		
1030	7	9	84	23
1050NS	7	9	68	16
1050S	11		136	34
1060	6	9	80	15
2260L	1		Not applicable	Not applicable
2260R	7		136	20
2740	4		24	21
2740C	4		68	33
2740DC0	8		207	30
2740C0	8		155	24
2740D	6		52	18
2740DC	7		100	32
2740DF	8		68	22
2740DTC	8		116	36
2740S	6	9	48	12
2740SC	7	9	84	24
3277L	3		28	Not applicable
115A	4		36	4
83B3	5		40	6
IWX 33/35	7		56	18
WTTA	5		52	36
BSC1; also 1130, 2780, and 2020 nonswitched point to point	8		248	53
BSC2; also 1130, 2780, and 2020 switched point to point	8		372	53
BSC3; also 1130, 2780, 2020, and 2972 multipoint.	8		252	53
2780 transcode, nonswitched point to point.	8		111	53
2780 transcode, switched point to point	8		175	53
2780 multipoint	8		123	53

Figure 20-1. BTAM -- Parameters for DTFBT Table Requirements Formula

DFBTND (Define The File End: BTAM)

This macro instruction does not require storage at execution time.

DFTRMLST (Define The Terminal List: BTAM)

Table Requirements for OPENLST and WRAPLST

$$\text{Size} = n(m + 1) + 2$$

where: n = number of list entries

m = number of polling/addressing characters -- a function of the device, as shown in Figure 20-2.

Device	m
1030	1
1050NS	2
1050S	2
1060	2
2260L	Not applicable
2260R	2
2740	Not applicable
2740C	Not applicable
2740D	Not applicable
2740DC	Not applicable
2740DT	Not applicable
2740DIC	Not applicable
2740S	1
2740SC	1
2740DC0	Not applicable
2740C0	Not applicable
3277R	5
115A	2
83B3	2
1130	2
2780	3
WTFA	Not applicable

Figure 20-2. BTAM -- Number of Polling/Addressing Characters

Table Requirements for DIALST

$$\text{Size} = n(m + 1) + 1 + q + p + i$$

where: n = number of list entries

m = values specified in Figure 20-2

q = 2 if the list includes entries for polling or addressing  
= 0 otherwise

p = number of dial digits

i = 3 if the in-list operand is coded (BSC)

= 0 otherwise.

Table Requirements for IDLST

$$\text{Size of TWX calling list} = d + 5 + 2b$$

$$\text{Size of TWX answering list} = 5 + b$$

$$\text{Size of BSC IDLST only} = 3 + d + 2r + s + i$$

where: d = number of dial digits

b = number of TWX ID characters

= 0 otherwise

r = number of ID characters expected to be received (BSC only)

s = number of ID characters to be sent (BSC)

i = 3 if the in-list operand is coded (BSC)

= 0 otherwise.

#### Table Requirements for SSLAST/SSAWLST

$$\text{Size} = n(m + 1) + 6$$

where: n = number of list entries  
m = values specified in Figure 20-2.

#### Table Requirements for AUTOLST/AUTOWLST

$$\text{Size} = n(m + 2) + 819$$

where: n = number of list entries  
m = values specified in Figure 20-2.

#### Table Requirements for WTIALST

1. When the WRU feature is present in DTFBT:

$$\text{Size} = 3 + 2r + s$$

2. When the IAM feature is present, and WRU is not present in DTFBT:

$$\text{Size} = 2 + s$$

where: r = number of ID characters expected to be received  
s = number of ID characters to be sent.

#### BTMOD (BTAM Logic Module)

The size of the BTAM module varies with the options selected as shown in Figure 20-3. When all operands are omitted or the standard (default) options are coded, the resulting basic module requires 7811 bytes of main storage.

#### BTAM DATA EVENT CONTROL BLOCK TABLE REQUIREMENTS

Size = 40 bytes

When the MF operand of a READ or WRITE macro is coded MF=L, or when the MF operand is omitted, a DECB (Data Event Control Block) is reserved. One DECB should be reserved per line.

#### SCANREQ DECB REQUIREMENTS

Size of each DACA = 24 bytes

When the MF operand of a SCANREQ macro is coded MF=L, or when the MF operand is omitted, a DACA (Display Alphanumeric Control Area) is reserved. One DACA should be reserved per device.



Operand	Option	Number of bytes added to basic module
ERLOGIC=*	N	-2237
	C	+ 351
	NC	-1942
SWITCH	YES	+ 712 (If BUFFER=NO, BSCTEST=NO)
		+2813 (If BUFFER=YES, BSC=YES, BSCTEST=NO)
		+4340 (If BUFFER=YES, BSCTEST=YES)
	NEWID	+1034 (If BUFFER=NO, BSCTEST=NO)
		+3135 (If BUFFER=YES, BSCTEST=NO)
		+4662 (If BUFFER=YES, BSC=YES, BSCTEST=YES)
AUDIO	YES	+ 468 (SWITCH must equal YES)
BUFFER=	YES	+2077 (If L2260=NO and L3277=NO)
		+1835 (If L2260=YES or L3277=YES)
	REQREL	+ 681 (If L2260=NO and L3277=NO)
		+ 781 (If L2260=YES or L3277=YES)
TERMST=	YES	+1028
L2260=	YES	- 616 (If ERLOGIC=N)
		-2964 (If SS=NO)
		+1917 (If ERLOGIC=E)
L3277	NO	-2720 (If SS=NO)
		+2268 (If ERLOGIC=C)
		-2595 (If SS=NO)
		- 321 (If ERLOGIC=NC)
		-2899 (If SS=NO)
* Use the ERLOGIC storage estimate only if neither L2260, nor L3277, nor SSAPL is specified.		

Figure 20-3. BTAM -- Storage Requirements (Part 1 of 3)

Operand	Option	Number of bytes added to basic module
		+ 860 (If ERLOGIC=N)
L2260	NO	-1299 (If SS=NO)
		+4057 (If ERLOGIC=E)
		- 705 (If SS=NO)
L3277	YES	+4404 (If ERLOGIC=C)
		- 580 (If SS=NO)
		+1529 (If ERLOGIC=NC)
		-1174 (If SS=NO)
L2260	YES	+1745 (If ERLOGIC=N)
		- 700 (If SS=NO)
L3277	YES	+4864 (If ERLOGIC=E)
		+ 190 (If SS=NO)
		+5215 (If ERLOGIC=C)
		+ 315 (If SS=NO)
		+2040 (If ERLOGIC=NC)
		- 575 (If SS=NO)
TST3277	YES	+ 978 (nL3277 must equal YES)
TRANSL=	YES	+ 170
BSCS=	YES	+12066 (If SWITCH=YES and BUFFER=YES)
		+6068 (If SS=NO)
		+8949 (If SWITCH=YES and BUFFER=NO)
		+5128 (If SS=NO)
		+6435 (If SWITCH=NO and BUFFER=NO)
		+2934 (If SS=NO)
		+9389 (If SWITCH=NO and BUFFER=YES)
		+5795 (If SS=NO)
		+10257 (If SWITCH=NEWID and BUFFER=NO)
		+7212 (If SS=NO)
		+13390 (If SWITCH=NEWID and BUFFER=YES)
		+10335 (If SS=NO)

Figure 20-3. BTAM -- Storage Requirements (Part 2 of 3)

Operand	Option	Number of bytes added to basic module
SSAPL=	YES	-1151 (If ERLOGIC=N)
		+1622 (If ERLOGIC=L)
		- 856 (If ERLOGIC=NC)
		+1981 (If ERLOGIC=C)
BSCMPT=	YES	+1190 (BSCS must equal YES)
WTIA	YES	+ 360
BSCTEST	YES	+4122 (BSCS must equal YES)
DECBEXT	YES	- 50 (BSCS must equal YES)
RMSR=	YES	+1474 (If L2260=NO and L3277=NO)
		+1714 (If L2260=YES and L3277=NO)
		+1494 (If L2260=NO and L3277=YES)
		+ 1966 (If L2260=YES and L3277=YES)
RESETPL	NO	- 128

Figure 20-3. BTAM -- Storage Requirements (Part 3 of 3)

# Module 21: QTAM -- 5745-SC-QTM

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CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Transients	Blocks
23	35

Transients

```

$$BCQC01      Close Phase 1
$$BCQC02      Close Phase 2
$$BCQC03      Close Phase 3
$$BCQC04      Close Phase 4
$$BOQC01      Open Monitor/DASD Message Queues, Phase 1
$$BOQC02      Open Line Group and Main Storage Process/Destination Queues
$$BOQC03      Open Checkpoint/Restart, Phase 1
$$BOQC04      Open Checkpoint/Restart, Phase 2
$$BOQC06      Open Main Storage Process/Destination Queues
$$BOQC07      Open Phase 7
$$BOQC08      Open Audio Line Group and Output Queue
$$BQCNCCL     Cancel
$$BQCNCM     Cancel
$$BQHDCK     Terminal Test Header Analysis
$$BQWTRA     ARU Message Writer
$$BQWTR1     Message Writer, Phase 1
$$BQWTR2     Message Writer, Phase 2
$$BQWTR3     Message Writer, Phase 3
$$BQ1030     Terminal Test Module for IBM 1030
$$BQ1050     Terminal Test Module for IBM 1050
$$BQ1060     Terminal Test Module for IBM 1060
$$BQ2260     Terminal Test Module for IBM 2260
$$BQ2740     Terminal Test Module for IBM 2740
    
```

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules	Blocks
109	393

Modules

BASIC QTAM LOGIC MODULES: Basic QTAM logic modules are identified by one asterisk (\*) preceding the listed module.

QTAM DEVICE I/O MODULES: QTAM device I/O modules are identified by two asterisks (\*\*) preceding the listed module. Include the storage requirements for a particular device I/O module only once, and only if the terminal type is present in the system.

Module Name	Description	Bytes of Storage
IJLQAA	Audio line appendage <i>Note:</i> Required if the QTAM audio support is selected.	2386
IJLQAD	Audio 7772 disk appendage	2898
IJLQBO	Breakoff (BREAKOFF)	212
*IJLQCK	Checkpoint <i>Note:</i> Required if the Checkpoint/Restart facility is selected in the DTFQT.	1208
IJLQCL	Change line (STARPLN and STOPLN)	557
IJLQCM	Cancel message (CANCELM)	160
IJLQCP	Change polling list entry (CHNGP)	146
IJLQCR	Checkpoint request (CKREQ)	98
IJLQCT	Change terminal table entry (CmNGT)	250

Module Name	Description	Bytes of Storage
*IJLQDA	Disk I/O module <i>Note:</i> Not required when the system contains only audio devices.	1372
IJLQDC	Copy counters (COPYC)	280
IJLQDE	Copy terminal table entry (COPYT)	120
IJLQDL	Distribution list	156
IJLQDP	Copy polling list entry (COPYP)	104
IJLQDQ	Copy queue control block status (COPYQ)	98
IJLQDT	Insert date in message header (DATESTMP)	60
IJLQEA	End-of-Address (EOA)	100
IJLQEB	End-of-Block (EOB)	132
IJLQEC	End-of-Block and line correction (EOBLC)	396
ILQER	Error message (ERRMSG)	292
IJLQEX	Expand message header	70
IJLQFL	DTF locator	78
IJLQGA	Get audio message	324
IJLQGB	Get audio or nonaudio message	732
IJLQGC	Get audio message or nonaudio message record (GET)	760
IJLQGD	Get audio message or nonaudio message segment (GET)	714
IJLQGM	Get complete message (GET)	472
IJLQGR	Get message record (GET)	500
IJLQGS	Get message segment (GET)	454
*IJLQIP	QTAM implementation	3692
IJLQIT	Intercept message (INTERCPT, permanent queueing)	140
*IJLQLA	Line appendage and ERP module PCI and program <i>Note:</i> Not required when the system contains only audio devices.	4152
*IJLQLC	Line appendage for PCI and program check module <i>Note:</i> Not required when the system contains only audio devices.	630
IJLQLG	Audio input message logging (LOGSEG)	304
IJLQLK	Lookup terminal table entry (DIRECT)	104
*IJLQLO	IBM 2260 local appendage <i>Note:</i> Required if the IBM 2260 local device is used.	1288
IJLQMC	Conversational mode (MODE)	384
IJLQMI	Initiate mode (MODE)	18
IJLQMM	Message-mode interface (MODE)	44
IJLQMP	Priority mode (MODE)	36
IJLQMT	Compare message type (MSGTYPE)	60
*IJLQMW	Error recovery procedures message writer subtask	1359
**IJLQM0	Model channel program for IBM 1030 terminals	194
**IJLQM1	Model channel program for IBM 1060 terminals	168
**IJLQM2	Model channel program for IBM 2260 terminals	206
**IJLQM3	Model channel program for AT&T 83B3 terminals	102
**IJLQM4	Model channel program for Western Union Plan 115A terminals	91
**IJLQM5	Model channel program for IBM 1050 switched and nonswitched terminals	207
**IJLQM6	Model channel program for IBM 1050 nonswitched terminals	194
**IJLQM8	Model channel program for AT&T TWX terminals (Models 33 and 35)	113
**IJLQM9	Model channel program for IBM 2260 local terminals	75
**IJLQN0	Model channel program for IBM 2740 basic terminals	99
**IJLQN1	Model channel program for IBM 2740 basic dial terminals	166
**IJLQN2	Model channel program for IBM 2740 terminals with station control	172
**IJLQN3	Model channel program for IBM 2740 terminals with station control checking	221
**IJLQN4	Model channel program for IBM 2740 dial terminals with transient control and checking	198
**IJLQN5	Model channel program for IBM 2740 terminals with checking	128
**IJLQN6	Model channel program for IBM 2740 dial terminals with checking	192
**IJLQN7	Model channel program for IBM 2740 dial terminals with transmit control	156
**IJLQN8	Model channel program for World Trade Telegraph terminals (WTTA)	356
IJLQOA	Operator awareness	1380
IJLQOB	SDR counter incrementer	2576
IJLQOC	Operator control (OPCTL)	3530
IJLQPA	Put audio message (PUT)	370

Module Name	Description	Bytes of Storage
IJLQPL	Polling limit control (POLLIMIT)	120
IJLQPM	Put complete message (PUT)	480
IJLQPR	Put message record (PUT)	544
IJLQPS	Put message segment (PUT)	520
IJLQPZ	Pause-transmit idle characters (PAUSE)	360
IJLQQT	Close message control (CLOSEMC)	474
IJLQRA	Translate table RCVARU: ARU code to EBCDIC	266
IJLQRB	Translation table RCVITA2 (EBCDIC to International Telegraph Alphabet No. 2)	266
IJLQRC	Translation table RCVZ-RCVZC3 (EBCDIC to figure-protected code ZSC3)	266
IJLQRD	Retrieve message segment by DASD address (RETRIEVE)	124
IJLQRG	Route message (ROUTE)	48
IJLQRM	Release message (RELEASEM)	234
IJLQRR	Reroute message (REROUTE)	72
IJLQRS	Retrieve message header by sequence number (RETRIEVE)	380
*IJLQRW	Physical input/output control <i>Note:</i> Not required when the system contains only audio devices.	1569
IJLQR1	Translate table RCV1030: 1030 to EBCDIC	266
IJLQR2	Translate table RCV1050: 1050 to EBCDIC	266
IJLQR3	Translate table RCV1050F: 1050 to monospace EBCDIC	266
IJLQR4	Translate table RCV1060: 1060 to EBCDIC	266
IJLQR5	Translate table RCV2260 to EBCDIC	266
IJLQR6	Translate tables RCV83B3 or RCV115A: AT&T 83B3 or WU plan 115A to EBCDIC	266
IJLQR7	Translate table RCVTWX: AT&T models 33/35 (TWX) to EBCDIC	266
IJLQR8	Translate table RCV2740: 2740 to EBCDIC	266
IJLQR9	Translate table RCV2740F: 2740 to EBCDIC	266
IJLQSB	Translation table SNDITA2 (International Telegraph Alphabet No. 2 to EBCDIC)	266
IJLQSC	Translation table SNDZSC3 (figure-protected code ZSC3 to EBCDIC)	266
IJLQSH	Scan message header	104
IJLQSI	Sequence-in number verification (SEQIN)	140
IJLQSK	Skip-through character (SKIP)	76
IJLQSO	Insert sequence-out number in message header (SEQOUT)	68
IJLQSR	Source terminal name verification (SOURCE)	128
IJLQSS	Change audio line (STARTARU and SIOPARU)	300
IJLQST	Skip-on count (SKIP)	48
IJLQS1	Translate table SND1030: EBCDIC to 1030	266
IJLQS2	Translate table SND1050: EBCDIC to 1050	266
IJLQS4	Translate table SND1060: EBCDIC to 1060	266
IJLQS5	Translate table SND2260: EBCDIC to 2260	266
IJLQS6	Translate tables SND83B3 or SND115A EBCDIC to AT&T 83B3 or WU plan 115A	266
IJLQS7	Translate table SNDTWXE: EBCDIC to AT&T models 33/35 -- TWX (even parity)	266
IJLQS8	Translate table SND2740: EBCDIC to 2740	266
IJLQS9	Translate table SNDTWXO: EBCDIC to AT&T models 33/35 -- TWX (nonparity)	266
*IJLQTA	World Trade Telegraph terminals (WTTA) line appendage <i>Note:</i> Required if World Trade Telegraph support is selected.	1406
IJLQTR	Code translation used in conjunction with QTAM or user-provided translate table (TRANS) <i>Note:</i> T = number of translation tables.	114+ 226T
IJLQTS	Insert time of day in message header (TIMESTAMP)	198
*IJLQTT	Terminal test recognition (LPSTART) <i>Note:</i> Not required when the system contains only audio devices.	1394



## Delete Statements

To delete the QTAM phases from the core image library, the QTAM modules from the relocatable library, and the QTAM books from the source statement library, the DELET statement for the appropriate library and the name of the phase, module or book to be deleted must be supplied. For example:

```
// JOB DELETE
// EXEC MAINT
  DELETC $$BCQC01,$$BQWTR1,etc.
  DELETR IJLQBO,IJLQCL,IJLQCM,etc.
  DELETS E.BREAKOFF,E.BUFFER,E.CANCELM,etc.
/ &
```

To delete both BTAM and QTAM from the core image, relocatable and source statement libraries, the DELET statement for the appropriate library and the following entries must be made: For the core image transients, you must supply the DELETC, card with a separate entry for each transient (QTAM and BTAM) to be deleted. For the core image phase names, enter the delete statement as follows:

```
DELETC $$BCTC01,$$BCOO03,$$BETPRT, etc.
DELETC IJLB.ALL
DELETC IJLT.ALL
```

To delete both BTAM and QTAM from the relocatable library, enter:

```
DELETR IJL.ALL
```

To delete the BTAM and QTAM books from the source statement library, enter the DELETS statement with a separate entry for each book to be deleted. The following example shows the required delete statements and type of entries to be made:

```
// JOB DELETE
// EXEC MAINT
  DELETS E.CONTROL,E.CANCELM, etc.
/ &
```

SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

Macros	Blocks
79	2013

Macros

Basic

E.ARUMGTYP  
E.BREAKOFF  
E.BUFARU  
E.BUFFER  
E.CANCELML  
E.CHECKARU  
E.CHNGP  
E.CHNGI  
E.CKREQ  
E.CLOSEMC  
E.COPYC  
E.COPYP  
E.COPYQ  
E.COPYT  
E.COUNTER  
E.CTLTBL  
E.DATESTMP  
E.DIRECT  
E.DTFQT  
E.ENDRCV  
E.ENDREADY  
E.ENDSEND  
E.EOA  
E.EOB  
E.EOBLC  
E.ERRMSG  
E.INTERCPT  
E.LCBD  
E.LINE  
E.LINEIBL  
E.LIST  
E.LOGSEG  
E.LPSTART  
E.MODE  
E.MSGIYPE

E.OPCTL  
E.OPTION  
E.PAUSE  
E.POLL  
E.POLLIMIT  
E.POSTARU  
E.POSTRCV  
E.POSTSEND  
E.PREFIXD  
E.PROCESS  
E.QCBD  
E.RCVHDR  
E.RCVITA2  
E.RCVSEG  
E.RCVZSC3  
E.RELEASEM  
E.REPEAT  
E.REROUTE  
E.RETRIEVE  
E.ROUTE  
E.SENDHDR  
E.SENDSEG  
E.SEQIN  
E.SEQOUT  
E.SKIP  
E.SNDITA2  
E.SNDZSC3  
E.SOURCE  
E.STARTARU  
E.STARTLN  
E.STCBD  
E.STOPARU  
E.STOPLN  
E.TERM  
E.TERMIBL  
E.TERMTBLD  
E.TIMESTAMP  
E.TRANS  
E.WORD  
E.WORDTBL  
E.WRU

System Generation

E.IJLQDSC  
E.IJLQTSVC  
E.IJLQDEQU

## QTAM STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

The storage requirements for QTAM depend to a great extent on the configuration of your teleprocessing installation and the nature of your applications. Storage requirements increase proportionately as the number of communication lines, terminals, and QTAM-provided processing functions increase. These requirements can be estimated from formulas and tables presented in this module.

To determine the storage requirements for the Basic QTAM Logic modules and the QTAM Device I/O modules, refer to "Relocatable Library".

### DTFQT (Define The File: QTAM)

Seven types of DTF tables may be generated by a DTFQT macro instruction. The storage estimates for each follow.

#### DASD Message Queues Files

Size = 315 bytes

#### Communication Line Group File

For Nonaudio Line Group

$$\text{Size} = 48 + (128 + 8x)N$$

For Audio Line Group

$$\text{Size} = 64 + (161 + L_1 + L_2 + G + x-z)N$$

where: N = number of lines in the line group  
x = a function of the device, given in Figure 21-1  
L<sub>1</sub> = length of input buffers  
L<sub>2</sub> = length of address chain buffers  
G = 9 when using time stamping option, otherwise = 0  
z = 17 when information mode is used

Device	x	Device	x
1030	8	274E	7
1050NS	8	274F	4
1050S	10	274G	6
1060	7	274H	7
2260 Remote	8	115A	8
2260 Local	5	83B3	7
274A	4	TWX33/35	6
274B	6	7770	0
274C	6	WTTA	8
274D	7		

Figure 21-1. QTAM -- Values for Communication Line Group Table

Real Storage Process Queue

Size = 84 + 12x

where: x = 0 for nonmixed application, and  
1 for mixed application

Real Storage Destination Queue

Size = 80 bytes

Checkpoint Records File

Size = 220+L

where: L = length of the checkpoint record specified by the SOWA keyword operand.

Audio Output Queue

Size = 76 bytes

CONTROL INFORMATION

The storage estimates for required control information are shown in Figure 21-2.

Control Blocks and Information	Storage Requirements (in bytes)
Terminal table	
TERMFBL macro instruction	12
OPTION macro instruction	No storage is reserved for this macro; it defines user areas that are included in the expansion of the TERM macro instruction (U parameter)
TERM macro instruction <sup>1</sup>	9 + I + U + D + 44F where: (I + U + D) ≤ 243
LIST macro instruction <sup>1</sup>	12 + L + 2N + 140 <sup>2</sup> where: (3 + L + 2N) ≤ 243
PROCESS macro instruction <sup>1</sup>	13 + A for audio process program entry 9 + Y for nonaudio process program entry
Polling list	
POLL macro instruction <sup>3</sup>	4 + 3N for autopollled terminals except IBM 1030 4 + 2N for nonswitched terminals or autopollled IBM 1030 5 for switched IBM terminals 3 + I for TWX 4 + T for WTTA terminals
Queue Control Block for Process Queues and Destination Queues	32X
Audio Line Table	
LINETBL macro instruction <sup>1</sup>	4
LINE macro instruction <sup>1</sup>	5 + Z
Audio Word Table	
WORDTBL macro instruction <sup>1</sup>	4
WORD macro instruction <sup>1</sup>	8 + W

Figure 21-2. QTAM -- Storage Requirements for Control Information (Part 1 of 2)

where:

N = number of terminals

I = number of bytes in terminal ID

U = number of bytes in optional area

D = number of bytes in device address area; size depends on contents:

For nonswitched terminal -- addressing and polling characters (1 byte/character)

For IBM switched terminal -- field telling the number of dial digits (1 byte) + dial digits (1 byte/digit) + addressing characters (1 byte/character)

For TWX -- field telling the number of dial characters (1 byte) + dial digits (1 byte/digit) + field telling the number of ID characters (1 byte) + ID characters (2 bytes/character)

For WTTA terminals -- 1 byte + field telling the number of ID characters (1 byte) + ID characters (2 bytes/character)

For IBM 2260 Local -- a field of 6 fullwords consisting of a CCB and other control information

L = number of bytes in name of the distribution list entry in terminal table (1-8)

A = number of bytes in name of the audio process entry in the terminal table. Because the following field in the entry must be aligned to a fullword boundary, this field must be either three, seven or eleven bytes long.

X = number of lines or terminals (depending on queueing techniques) and the number of process queues

Y = number of bytes in name of the process entry in terminal table (1-8)

Z = number of bytes in name of the line entry in line table (1-8)

W = number of bytes of the selected word

F = 1 for IBM 2740 Model 2 terminals with the Buffer Receiver Option; 0 for other terminals

T = number of bytes in the CPU identification (WTTA terminals)

Notes:

1. Add the number of bytes necessary for fullword boundary.
2. This number (140) is the number of bytes in the Distribution List module (IJLQDL). This number is included in the storage requirements only once if the LIST macro is used more than once.
3. Add the number of bytes necessary for halfword boundary.

Figure 21-2. QTAM -- Storage Requirements for Control Information (Part 2 of 2)

### Buffers

For Nonaudio Applications:

$$\text{Buffer Pool Size} = 8 + (x+16)N + 24M$$

N = number of buffers specified

X = size of each buffer

M = number of CCWs QTAM generates for data insertion by the PAUSE macro.

### QTAM Macro Instructions

Figure 21-3 gives the storage requirements for all other QTAM macro instructions.

Much QTAM logic consists of modules introduced by the use of certain QTAM macro instructions in the user's program. These macro instructions expand into inline coding that establishes the linkage to, and parameters for, the QTAM modules. Often a module so introduced into the system itself introduces another module, a process termed a second level routine.

Column two of Figure 21-3 shows the extent of the coding produced by the expansion of the macro instruction in column one. If the coding links to QTAM module, the module is presented in column three; if that module links to other modules, they are presented in column four.

Storage requirements for a sharable module, or for a second level routine that is linked to more than once in the same partition are included only once. For example, the macro instructions DIRECT, EOA, and ROUTE all link to the same module, IJLQLK. If two or more of these macro instructions are used in the same message control program, the module is included only once. Similarly, if the same macro instruction is used more than once in the same program, storage is required for only the additional linkage because the module is included just once.

Macro Instruction	Inline Linkage or Code (Note 5)	Second Level Sharable Modules		Routine	
		Name	Size	Name	Size
ARUMGTYP	16				
BREAKOFF	8	IJLQBO	212		
CANCELM	8	IJLQCM	160		
CHECKARU	70+ message text				
CHNGP	42	IJLQCP	146	IJLQFL	78
CHNGT	26	IJLQCT	250		
CKREQ	10	IJLQCR	98		
CLOSEMC	6	IJLQQT	474	IJLQCL	549
COPYC	24	IJLQDC	504		
COPYP	34	IJLQDP	104	IJLQFL	78
COPYQ	34	IJLQDQ	98		
COPYT	30	IJLQDE	120		
COUNTER	12				
DATESTMP	8	IJLQDT	60	IJLQEX	70
DIRECT	12	IJLQLK	104		
ENDRCV	10	Note 1			
ENDRCV (WTTA)	16	IJLQEB	132		
ENDREADY	80	Note 1			
ENDSEND	10	Note 1			
EOA	28	IJLQEA	100	IJLQSH	104
				IJLQSK	76
				IJLQSG	48
				IJLQMT	60
				IJLQLK	104
				Note 2	

Figure 21-3. QTAM -- Storage Requirements for Other Macro Instructions (Part 1 of 5)

Macro Instruction	Inline Linkage or Code (Note 5)	Sharable Modules		Second Level Routine	
		Name	Size	Name	Size
EOB	6	IJLQEB	132	Note 1	
EOBLC	6	IJLQEC	380	Note 1	
ERRMSG	32+ message text	IJLQER Note 1	292	IJLQLK	104
GET Segment		IJLQGS	454		
Message		IJLQGM	472		
Record		IJLQGR	500		
GET (AUDIO) Audio message		IJLQGA	324		
Audio and non-audio messages		IJLQGB	732		
Audio message and nonaudio record		IJLQGC	760		
Audio message and nonaudio segment		IJLQGD	714		
INTERCPT	12	IJLQIT	140		
LOGSEG	32		Note 3		
LOGSEG (ARU)	26	IJLQLG	304		
LPSTART	28	Note 1			
MODE (C)	14	MODE (U) module & IJLQMM	44	IJLQSH	104
MODE (U) INITIATE	10	IJLQMI	18		
PRIORITY	10	IJLQMP	36	IJLQSH	104
CONVERSE	10	IJLQMC Note 1	384		
MOD2260	4				
MSGTYPE (C)	19	IJLQMT	60	IJLQSH	104
MSGTYPE (U)	4				
OPCTL	56	IJLQOC	3610	IJLQLK IJLQSH IJLQCL Note 1	104 104 549

Figure 21-3. QTAM -- Storage Requirements for Other Macro Instructions (Part 2 of 5)

Macro Instruction	Inline Linkage or Code (Note 5)	Sharable Modules		Second Level Routine	
		Name	Size	Name	Size
PAUSE	13 + insert chars.	IJLQPZ	360	Note 1	
POLIIMIT	12	IJLQPL	120		
POSTARU	6		Note 1		
POSTRCV	6	Note 1			
POSTSEND	12	Note 1			
PUT Segment		IJLQPS	520		
Message		IJLQPM	480		
Record		IJLQPR	544		
PUT (AUDIO)		IJLQPA	370		
RCVHDR	8				
RCVSEG Note 4	0				
RELEASEM	12	IJLQRM	230		
REPEAT	34		Note 1		
REROUTE	26	IJLQRR Note 1	72	IJLQLK	104
RETRIEVE DASD address	14	IJLQRD	124		
By sequence number	26	IJLQRS	380	IJLQRD	124
ROUTE	8	IJLQRG	48	IJLQLK IJLQSH	104 104
SENDHDR	16				
SENDSEG Note 4	4				
SEQIN	8	IJLQSI	140	IJLQSH	104
SEQOUT	8	IJLQSO	68	IJLQEX	70
SKIP (CT)	8	IJLQST	48	IJLQSH	104

Figure 21-3. QTAM -- Storage Requirements for Other Macro Instructions (Part 3 of 5)



Macro Instruction	Inline Linkage or Code (Note 5)	Sharable Modules		Second Level Routine	
		Name	Size	Name	Size
SKIP (S)	8 + no. to be skipped	IJLQSK	76	IJLQSH	104
SOURCE	8	IJLQSR	128	IJLQSH	104
STARTPARU	42	IJLQSS	300	IJLQFL	78
STARTIN	12	IJLQCL	512	IJLQFL	78
STOPARU	42	IJLQSS	300	IJLQFL	78
STOPLN	12	IJLQCL	512	IJLQFL	78
TIMESTMP	8	IJLQTS	198	IJLQEX	70
TRANS	10	IJLQTR	114+ 266*T		
WRU	0				

C = character operand specified (conditional)  
U = character operand null (unconditional)  
S = skip to and include designated character configuration  
CT = skip designated count of nonblank characters  
T = number of translation tables.

Translation tables are: RCV1030, RCV1050, RCV1050F, RCV1060, RCV2260, RCV2740, RCV2740F, RCVARU, RCV83B3, RCV115A, RCVTWX, RCVITA2, RCVZSC3, SND1030, SND1050, SND1060, SND2260, SNDITA2, SNDZSC3, SND2740, SND83B3, SND115A, SNTWXE, and SNTWXO

Figure 21-3. QTAM -- Storage Requirements for Other Macro Instructions (Part 4 of 5)

Notes:

1. These delimiters or modules cause linkages to QTAM routines included in "Basic QTAM Logic Modules" listed earlier in this module under "Relocatable Library".
2. If the macro instruction MSGTYPE, ROUTE, or SKIP (S) is used in the program, the storage estimate for IJLQMT, IJLORG, or IJLQSK, respectively, is not included in the storage estimate for EOA.
3. Because the user defines his own DTFxx and xxMOD macros for his message log file, the size requirements cannot be specified here. Information to determine the storage requirements for the specific logging medium is given under the pertinent DTF and Module, that is, DTFMT and MTMOD for Tape. Modules 7-18 contain storage requirements for declarative macros.
4. Identifies entry point for RCVSEG and SENDSEG subgroups of LPS.
5. The linkage requirements for OPEN, CLOSE, GET, and PUT are given in Module 1.

Figure 21-3. QTAM -- Storage Requirements for Other Macro Instructions (Part 5 of 5)

Module Outline

introduction.....	308	for a 3270 LOCAL subarea.....	325
storage estimates for VTAM.....	308	WS.D2.3 - calculation of the RDT	
WS.A - VTAM partition.....	313	for an APPL subarea.....	325
WS.B1 - calculation of SYSLOAD.....	314	WS.D2.4 - calculation of the RDT	
WS.B2 - calculation of IOAPPN.....	315	for a switched subarea.....	325
WS.B3 - calculation of SMSBUF.....	315	WS.D2.5 - calculation of the RDT	
WS.B4 - calculation of FIXPOOLS.....	315	for a 3790 LOCAL subarea.....	326
WS.B5 - calculation of PAGPOOLS.....	316	WS.D3 - calculation of SRTADD.....	326
WS.C1 - calculation of VFBUF.....	317	WS.D4 - calculation of PSSWKA.....	327
WS.C2 - calculation of VPBUF.....	319	WS.D5 - calculation of OPNCLS.....	327
WS.D1 - calculation of SYSDEF work		WS.D6 - calculation of OPNAPPL.....	327
area.....	319	WS.D7 - calculation of VARY.....	328
WS.D1.1 - calculation of SYSDEF		WS.C3 - DOS/VS storage pool	
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## Introduction

This section of the manual presents a method for estimating the amount of storage required to run VTAM level 2 (referred to as VTAM) under DOS/VS. For further details, refer to DOS/VS VTAM Concepts and Planning, GC27-6998. Information on library requirements, VTAM phases, modules and transients, and link-edit statements is given under "VTAM Components".

## Storage Estimates for VTAM

This chapter discusses the method for estimating the amount of virtual, real, and auxiliary storage required to run VTAM under DOS/VS. It also shows how to calculate the VTAM storage pool parameters. A sample calculation for the ALLOC and ALLOCR macro instructions is given in Figures 22-4 and 22-5.

The results of the estimates are used during system generation and VTAM initialization. The virtual and real partition size values are to be specified in the ALLOC and ALLOCR job control commands, the storage pool parameters during the starting of VTAM, and the value for the SIZE parameter is to be specified in the EXEC job control statement or the job control command.

The method for estimating the amount of storage required for VTAM and for calculating the VTAM storage pool parameters is based on a series of work sheets (WS.) that allow the user to define and calculate the requirements step-by-step. As in all telecommunications systems, many variables affect the actual storage requirements. Many of the variables are precisely defined by the selection of options and functions, and of the network configuration. Other variables, however, are related to the user's specific applications, and as such, are affected by dynamic changes that occur during the execution of the application program. Thus, in the work sheets, where precise values are not available, guidelines are provided to allow to analyze the requirements and select values applicable to the specific installation. The storage and buffer pool calculations found in the work sheets represent starting values which can be changed by using the VTAM storage pool trace facility.

The calculations for the virtual and real partition size have to cover the various functional components of VTAM. It will be easier to understand the structure of the necessary calculations by referring to Figures 22-1 and 22-2; they show the composition of the virtual and real partitions of VTAM. Figure 22-1 maps all the VTAM components contained in virtual storage. Similarly, Figure 22-2 maps all the components that reside in real storage.

Low Virtual  
Address

VTAM initial load area. This is the program that is loaded when VTAM is started. This area also contains the partition save area.  (Component - LOADINIT)
This is the GETVIS map that is built to manage the storage allocated from the partition.  (Component - STORMAP)
Address table for modules loaded into the VTAM partition.  (Component - ALOADTBL)
VTAM pageable modules loaded from the load list. The working set is packed in this space.  (Component - VTMODS)
VTAM pageable buffer storage pools. (This area should be added only if PAGPOOLS are <u>not</u> to be taken from the SVA.)  (Component - PAGPOOLS)
VTAM pageable modules loaded from the module lists in the skeleton DVTs.  (Component - DVTMODS)
VTAM modules loaded by the ATTACH function.  (Component - ATCHMODS)
VTAM tables loaded by SYSDEF.  (Component - SYSALOAD)
Space reserved for the loading of TOLTEP modules.  (Component - TOLTWKA)
VTAM modules to be fixed in real storage.  (Component - FIXDMODS)
VTAM buffer storage pools to be fixed in real storage.  (Component - FIXPOOLS)
VTAM modules to be fixed in real storage. These modules are the I/O appendages.  (Component - IOAPPEN)
This space is reserved for EXCP buffers for the TRACE and LOAD/DUMP functions to be fixed in real storage.  (Component - EXCPBUF)

Figure 22-1. VTAM Virtual Partition Map

Low Real  
Address

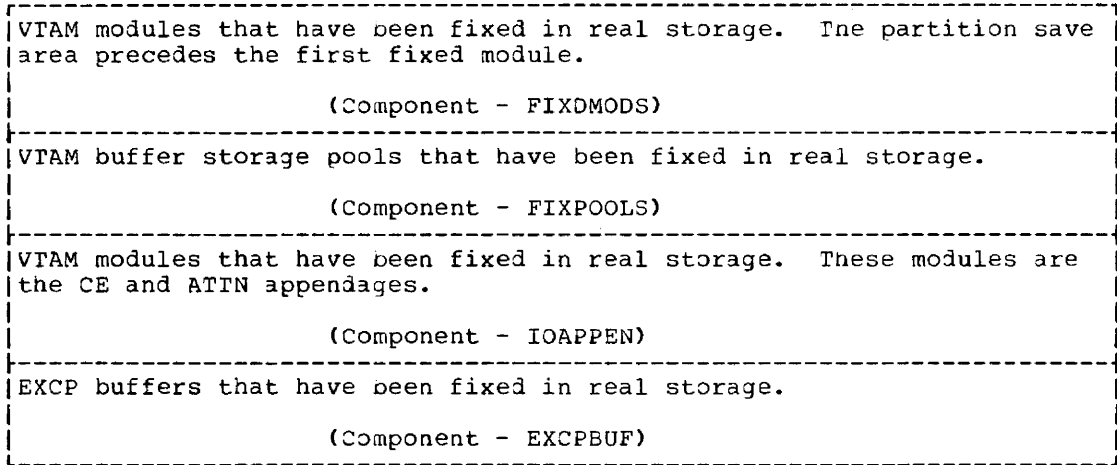


Figure 22-2. VTAM Real Partition Map

Figure 22-3 shows the calculation subject and the related work sheet identifier (A through D7). Most important, it shows the hierarchical structure of the calculations. The structure in some cases is such, that a string of lower-level calculations must be completed before the desired value can actually be calculated. For example, the calculation for "RDT" (identified by D2) can only be started when the results of D2.1 through D2.5 have been calculated, because these results are required as part of the "RDT" calculation. It will be helpful to become familiar with the calculation structure by reading the individual work sheets and relating them to Figure 22-3. Note that, for reason of context, Work Sheet C3 is included after Work Sheet D7. All calculations on the work sheets are performed in bytes, except where noted.

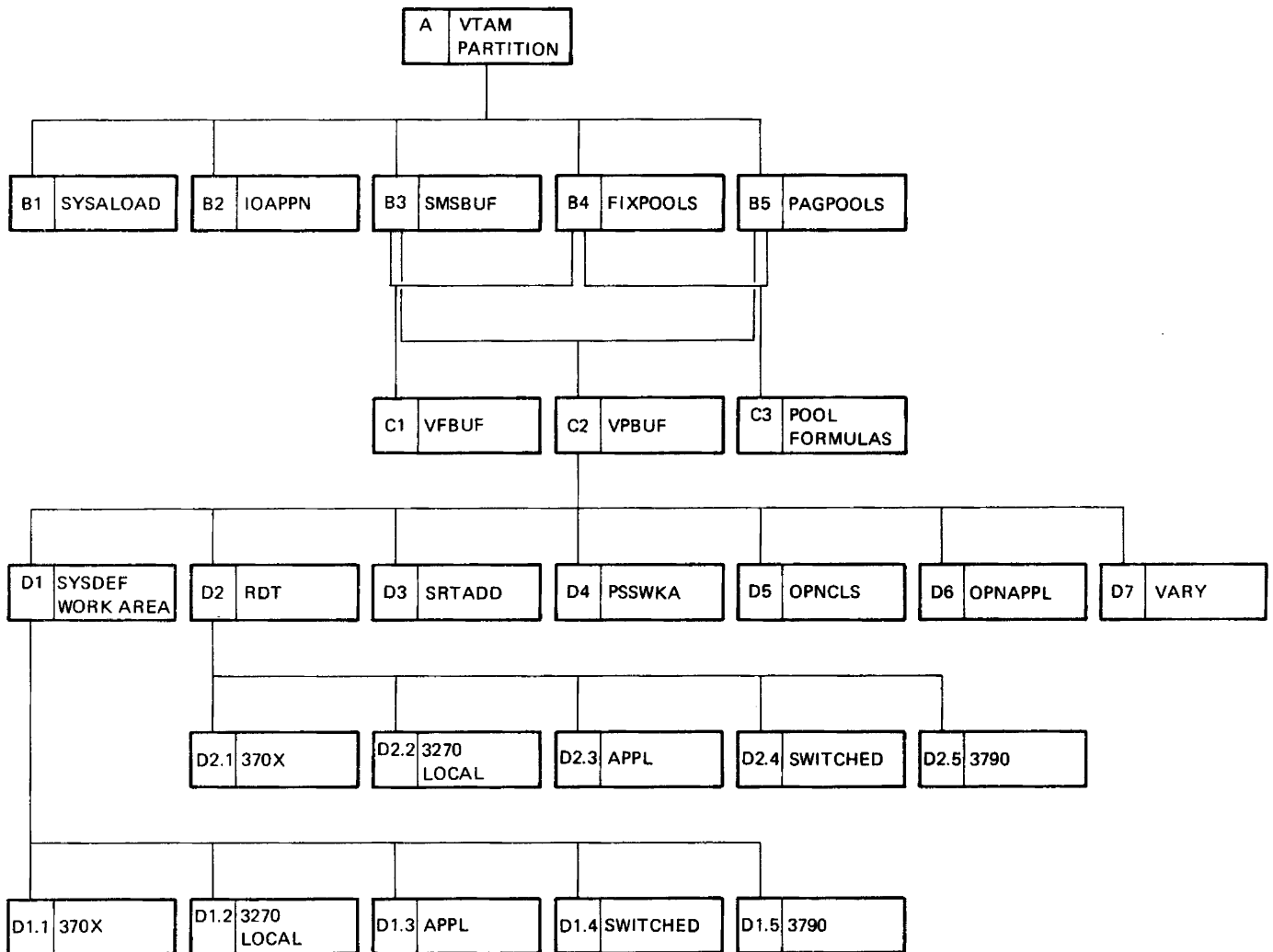


Figure 22-3. Hierarchical Structure of VTAM Storage Calculations

Identifiers A, B1, and so on, relate to the work sheet (WS.)

To accurately determine VTAM storage requirements, it is necessary to have information about the installation in which VTAM will be operating. An outline of the information required is as follows:

1. TP hardware configuration (as determined by all NCPGEN decks and all LOCAL build decks).
  - a. Number and types of terminals
    - (1) BASIC devices
    - (2) Terminal components (for example, 1050 card reader)
    - (3) 3270 devices, local and remote
  - b. Logical units - remote and local
  - c. Number and type of lines
    - (1) Dial lines and number of dial digits and size of ID verification data
    - (2) Non-Dial lines and number of poll characters



d. Number and types of cluster controllers

- (1) SNA Controllers
- (2) Remote 3270 Controllers

e. Message sizes

2. Host system characteristics

- a. Is Network Solicitor included?
- b. Types and numbers of operator commands
- c. Number of application programs with OPEN ACBs
- d. Types of VPAM support for I/O

- (1) BASIC support
- (2) RECORD support
- (3) 3270 local and remote
- (4) User exits.

e. Number of concurrent TOLTEP users

f. Number of messages arriving at host each second

**Work Sheet A - VTAM Partition**

Calculations of sums A, B, C, and D below will enable you to determine the values to specify for the VTAM partition size (in the ALLOC and ALLOCR statements or commands and in the SIZE=parameter of the EXEC statement).

Constant requirement for fixed storage 14,336  
SUM A= 14,336

ISTPATCH (if module ISTPATCH has been compiled with a patch area different from the IBM-supplied patch area, enter the size rounded up to a multiple of 128; if ISTPATCH has not been modified, enter 128). -----

FIXPOOLS (from WS.B4) -----  
 IOAPPN (from WS.B2) -----  
Preliminary SUM B= -----

After rounding preliminary SUM B up to 2048, SUM B= -----

Constant requirement for pageable storage 684,032

If SSS is to be run as a subtask, add the size indicated for the appropriate interactive or batch phase given under Module 23: SSS -----

If BTP is to be run as a subtask, add the size required for BTP (see the BTP User's Guide) -----

If NETSOL=YES, enter 8192; if NO, enter 0 -----  
Preliminary SUM C= -----

After rounding the preliminary SUM C up to a multiple of 2048, SUM C= -----

TOLTWKA (maximum number of current TOLTEP users x 34,816; see Note) -----

SYSALOAD (from WS.B1) -----  
 SMSBUF (from WS.B3) -----  
 PAGPOOLS (from WS.B5) -----  
Preliminary SUM D= -----

By rounding preliminary SUM D up to a multiple of 2048, SUM D= -----

Calculation for ALLOC  
 (SUM A + SUM B + SUM C + SUM D)/1024= -----

Calculation for ALLOCR  
 (SUM A + SUM B)/1024= -----

Calculation for SIZE parameter in EXEC statement  
 (SUM A + SUM C)/1024= -----

Note: The maximum number of concurrent TOLTEP users is equal to the maximum number of terminals requiring online diagnostic testing at one time. For small networks, this number will be small, probably 1. As the network grows in size, the number of terminals requiring concurrent online testing will increase to 2 or more.

## Work Sheet B1 - Calculation of SYSALOAD

This area is where SYSDEF loads certain tables to be used in building RDTs. The input for the variables in the calculations should be taken from all Network Control Program generation decks, and all LOCAL and APPL statement decks for the VTAM system.

Enter the total number of names specified in the name fields of the following macros:

PCCU macros	_____
GROUP macros	_____
LINE macros (both dial and non-dial)	_____
TERMINAL macros except for 2980s with two addresses specified	_____
TERMINAL macros for 2980s with two addresses specified (multiply by 2)	_____
COMP macros	_____
CLUSTER and PU macros	_____
INNODE macros	_____
DIALSET macros	_____
LU macros	_____
LOCAL statements	_____
APPL statements	_____
Value specified in LUPPOOL macro	_____
TERMINAL macros followed by a COMP macro	_____
TERMINAL macros with CTERM=YES	_____
VBUILD statements	_____
LBUILD statements	_____
	+
SUM A =	_____ x 12 = _____

If any SDLC devices are in the Network Control Program generation deck, enter 10; otherwise, 0

+ \_\_\_\_\_  
10  
SUM B = \_\_\_\_\_

SUM B rounded up to a multiple of 128 = \_\_\_\_\_

Enter sum of the sizes of all unique user-specified MODTABS \_\_\_\_\_

Enter sum of the sizes of all unique user-specified USSTABS \_\_\_\_\_

Enter sum of the sizes of all unique user-specified interpret tables + \_\_\_\_\_

(Tables referenced more than once are counted only once. Derive the sum by rounding each table size up to a multiple of 128 and then sum up the rounded sizes.)

SUM C = \_\_\_\_\_

Enter number BHSET macros in Network Control Program generation decks

x \_\_\_\_\_  
9  
SUM D = \_\_\_\_\_

SUM D rounded up to a multiple of 128 = \_\_\_\_\_

SYSALOAD = \_\_\_\_\_

**Work Sheet B2 - Calculation of IOAPPN**

This area is for the VTAM fixed I/O appendage.

If there will be an activated Network Control Program in the VTAM system, enter 5760

If there will be a local device activated in the VTAM system, enter 4992

IOAPPN value =

-----  
+-----  
-----

**Work Sheet B3 - Calculation of SMSBUF**

This area is needed by VTAM storage management to maintain the variable storage pools.

Enter the following:

VPBUF (from WS.C2) divided by 2048

+-----  
          1  
-----  
x-----  
          4  
-----  
+-----  
          72  
-----  
SUM A =

SUM A rounded up to a multiple of 128

VFBUF (from WS.C1) divided by 2048 =

+-----  
          1  
-----  
x-----  
          4  
-----  
+-----  
          72  
-----  
SUM B =

SUM B rounded up to a multiple of 128

SMSBUF =

-----  
+-----  
-----

**Work Sheet B4 - Calculation of FIXPOOLS**

This area comprises the VTAM fixed buffer pools from which all fixed VTAM control blocks and I/O buffers are allocated.

Enter bsz = (from WS.C3)  
      LF

+-----  
          24  
-----  
x-----  
-----  
SUM A =

Enter bno = (from WS.C3)  
      LF

LFBUF = SUM A rounded up to a multiple of 128

SFBUF

-----  
          128  
-----

Enter VFBUF (from WS.C1)

FIXPOOLS=

-----  
-----  
-----

## Work Sheet B5 - Calculation of PAGPOOLS

bno, bsz, and vbsz are calculated in Work Sheet C3. Each pool size total should be rounded up to a multiple of 128.

$$\text{VPBUF} = \frac{\text{vbsz}}{\text{VP}} = \text{(from WS.C2)} \quad \text{-----}$$

$$\text{LPBUF} = \frac{(\text{bsz} + 8) \times \text{bno}}{\text{LP}} = \text{(from WS.C3)} \quad \text{-----}$$

$$\text{SPBUF} = \frac{(\text{bsz} + 8) \times \text{bno}}{\text{SP}} = \text{(from WS.C3)} \quad \text{-----}$$

$$\text{APBUF} = \frac{(\text{bsz} + 8) \times \text{bno}}{\text{AP}} = \text{(from WS.C3)} \quad \text{-----}$$

$$\text{WPBUF} = \frac{(\text{bsz} + 8) \times \text{bno}}{\text{WP}} = \text{(from WS.C3)} \quad \text{-----}$$

$$\text{NPBUF} = \frac{(\text{bsz} + 8) \times \text{bno}}{\text{NP}} = \text{(from WS.C3)} \quad \text{-----}$$

$$\text{PPBUF} = \frac{(\text{bsz} + 24) \times \text{bno}}{\text{PP}} = \text{(from WS.C3)} \quad \text{-----}$$

$$\text{SUM A} = \text{-----}$$

$$\text{PAGPOOLS} = \text{SUM A rounded up to a multiple of 2048} = \text{-----}$$





## Work Sheet C2 - Calculation of VPBUF

This area is the VTAM variable pageable buffer pool (VPBUF).

SYSDEF work area size	(from WS.D1)	_____
SYSDEF RDI size	(from WS.D2)	_____
SRTADD size	(from WS.D3)	_____
PSSWKA size	(from WS.D4)	_____
EPTDVT size		<u>14336</u>
OPNCLS size	(from WS.D5)	_____
OPNAPPL size	(from WS.D6)	_____
VARYSIZE	(from WS.D7)	_____

+ \_\_\_\_\_  
SUM A = \_\_\_\_\_

$$\text{SUM B} = \text{SUM A} \times 1.10 =$$

VPBUF = SUM B rounded up to a multiple of 2048 = vbsz=VP \_\_\_\_\_

## Work Sheet D1 - Calculation of SYSDEF Work Area

This area is the part of VPBUF needed for the system definition (SYSDEF) work area.

For a 370x, enter the largest value calculated for a 370x subarea of a SYSDEF work area (from WS.D1.1).

Otherwise, enter the largest of the following values:

- the largest value calculated for a SYSDEF work area for a 3270 LOCAL subarea (from WS.D1.2)
- the largest value calculated for a SYSDEF work area for an APPL subarea (from WS.D1.3)
- the largest value calculated for a SYSDEF work area for a switched subarea (from WS.D1.4)
- the largest value calculated for a SYSDEF work area for a 3790 LOCAL subarea (from WS.D1.5)

SYSDEF work area size = \_\_\_\_\_



## Work Sheet D1.1 - Calculation of SYSDEF Work Area for a 370x

This calculation must be done for each Network Control Program that will be active in a 370x in the VTAM network. The input for the variables in the calculations should be taken from the Network Control Program generation deck.

Network Control Program symbolic name = \_\_\_\_\_

Enter the number of the following:

PCCU macro	_____ 1	x 256 =	_____ 256
DIALSET macros	_____	x 80 = +	_____
		SUM A =	_____

Subtotal A = SUM A rounded up to 2048 = \_\_\_\_\_

Enter the total number of the following:

GROUP macros	_____	x 92 =	_____
LINE macros with DIAL=NO	_____	x 116 =	_____
LINE macros with DIAL=YES	_____	x 160 =	_____
TERMINAL macros not followed by a COMP macro (not a 2980)	_____	x 424 =	_____
TERMINAL macros followed by a COMP macro	_____	x 424 =	_____
TERMINAL macros for a 2980	_____	x 212 =	_____
VTERM macros	_____	x 212 =	_____
COMP macros	_____	x 212 =	_____
LU macros	_____	x 176 =	_____
CLUSTER and PU macros for clusters on non-SDLC lines	_____	x 96 =	_____
CLUSTER and PU macros for clusters on SDLC lines	_____	x 148 =	_____
Value specified in LUPPOOL macro	_____	x 84 =	_____
PU macros on SDLC dial lines	_____	x 84 =	_____
Innode macros	_____	x 160 =	_____
		SUM B =	_____

Subtotal B = SUM B divided by 1881 (rounded up to a whole number) x 2048 = \_\_\_\_\_

Enter the total number of the following:

Unique VIDLIST macros referred to by a VIDSEQ parameter on a GROUP, LINE, or TERMINAL macro	_____	x 8 =	_____
VIDSEQ parameters on every referenced VIDLIST macro	_____	x 5 =	_____
TERMINAL macros that specify DIALNO= that are on a GROUP or LINE macro that specifies DIAL=YES and DIALSET=	_____	x 4 =	_____
Unique LCTYPE parameters for every MTALIST macro referenced on a GROUP or LINE macro + 1	_____	x 5 =	_____
Poll characters specified in the POLL parameter of all TERMINAL and COMP macros, and the GPOLL parameter of the CLUSTER macros	_____		_____
Dial digits specified on the DIALNO parameter of all TERMINAL macros where the LINE or GROUP macro specified CALL=OUT or INOUT	_____		_____
BHSET macros	_____	x 9 = +	_____
		SUM C =	_____

Enter the number of the following:

VIDSEQ parameters for the VIDLIST macro with the largest number of VIDSEQ parameters x 5

+ -----  
8  
SUM C1= -----

LCTYPE parameters for the MTALIST macro with the largest number of LCTYPE parameters x 5

+ -----  
5  
SUM C2= -----

Enter calculated value of:

Poll characters from above  
Dial digits from above  
BHSET macros from above

SUM C3= -----  
SUM C4= -----  
SUM C5= -----

SUM D = 2024 - the largest of SUM C1, C2, C3, C4, or C5

SUM D = -----

Subtotal C = SUM C divided by SUM D (rounded up to a whole number) x 2048 =

-----

Enter the total number of the following:

VIDLIST macros  
VIDSEQ parameters on all VIDLIST macros  
MTALIST macros  
MTALCST macros

----- x 36 = -----  
----- x 44 = -----  
----- x 52 = -----  
----- x 20 = + -----  
SUM E = -----

Subtotal D (rounded up to a multiple of 2048) =

+ 10240

SYSDEF work area for a 370x subarea =

-----

### Work Sheet D1.2 - Calculation of SYSDEF Work Area for a 3270 LOCAL Subarea

This calculation must be done for every LOCAL subarea that will be active in the VTAM network. The input for the variables in the calculations should be taken from its definition statement deck.

Enter the number of LOCAL statements \_\_\_\_\_ x 296 =  
+     136  
SUM A = \_\_\_\_\_

Subtotal A = SUM A divided by 1813 (rounded up to a whole number) x 2048 = + 12288

SYSDEF work area for a LOCAL subarea = \_\_\_\_\_

### Work Sheet D1.3 - Calculation of SYSDEF Work Area for an APPL Subarea

This calculation must be done for every APPL subarea that will be active in the VTAM network. The input for the variables in the calculations should be taken from the APPL statement decks.

Enter the number of APPL statements \_\_\_\_\_ x 120 =  
+     136  
SUM A = \_\_\_\_\_

Subtotal A = SUM A divided by 1905 (rounded up to a whole number) x 2048 = + 12288

SYSDEF work area for an APPL subarea = \_\_\_\_\_

### Work Sheet D1.4 - Calculation of SYSDEF Work Area for a Switched Subarea

This calculation must be done for every switched subarea that will be active in the VTAM network. The input for the variables in the calculations should be taken from its definition deck.

Enter the number of:

VBUILD statements	_____	x 156 =	_____
PU macros	_____	x 148 =	_____
LU macros	_____	x 176 =	_____
			+ <u>    136</u>
		SUM A =	_____

Subtotal A = SUM A divided by 1849 (rounded up to a whole number) x 2048 = + 10240

SYSDEF work area for a switched subarea \_\_\_\_\_

## Work Sheet D1.5 - Calculation of SYSDEF Work Area for a 3790 LOCAL Subarea

This calculation must be done for every 3790 subarea that will be active in the VTAM network. The input for the variables in the calculations should be taken from its definition deck.

Enter the number of:

VBUILD statements	-----	x 144 =	-----
PU macros	-----	x 236 =	-----
LU macros	-----	x 176 =	-----
			+-----
			<u>136</u>
		SUM A =	-----

Subtotal A = SUM A divided by 1850 (rounded up to a whole number) x 2048

			+-----
			<u>10240</u>
			-----

SYSDEF work area for a 3790 subarea =

## Work Sheet D2 - Calculation of SYSDEF RDT Size

This area is the part of the VPBUF needed for Resource Definition Tables (RDTs) that are built by SYSDEF for the subareas - 370x, APPL, 3270s LOCAL, 3790s LOCAL, and switched.

Enter the sum of the sizes of all the RDTs for:

370x subareas (from WS.D2.1)	-----
3270 LOCAL subareas (from WS.D2.2)	-----
APPL subareas (from WS.D2.3)	-----
Switched subareas (from WS.D2.4)	-----
3790 LOCAL subareas (from WS.D2.5)	+-----
	-----
SYSDEF RDT size =	-----

## Work Sheet D2.1 - Calculation of the RDT for a 370x Subarea

This calculation must be done for every Network Control Program that will be active in a 370x in the VTAM network. The input for the variables in the calculations should be taken from the Network Control Program generation deck. However, most of the variables can be taken from Work Sheet D1.1.

Network Control Program symbolic name = \_\_\_\_\_

Enter the total number of:

PCCU macro	_____ 1	x 256 =	_____ 256
DIALSET macros	_____	x 80 =	_____
GROUP macros	_____	x 92 =	_____
LINE macros with DIAL=NO	_____	x 116 =	_____
LINE macros with DIAL=YES	_____	x 160 =	_____
TERMINAL macros not followed by a COMP macro (not a 2980)	_____	x 212 =	_____
TERMINAL macros followed by a COMP macro	_____	x 424 =	_____
TERMINAL macros for a 2980	_____	x 424 =	_____
VTTERM macros	_____	x 212 =	_____
COMP macros	_____	x 212 =	_____
INNODD macros	_____	x 160 =	_____
LU macros	_____	x 176 =	_____
CLUSTER macros for clusters on non-SDLC lines	_____	x 96 =	_____
CLUSTER macros for clusters on SDLC lines	_____	x 148 =	_____
Value specified in LUPOLL macro	_____	x 84 =	_____
PU macros on SDLC dial lines	_____	x 84 =	_____
Unique VIDLIST macros referred to by a VIDSEQ parameter on a GROUP, LINE, or TERMINAL macro	_____	x 8 =	_____
VIDSEQ parameters specified on all referenced VIDLIST macros	_____	x 5 =	_____
TERMINAL macros that specify DIALNO= and that are on a GROUP or LINE macro that specified DIAL=YES and DIALSET=	_____	x 4 =	_____
LCTYPE parameters specified on all unique MPALIST macros referenced by a GROUP or LINE macro + 1	_____	x 5 =	_____
Poll characters specified on the POLL parameter of all TERMINAL and COMP macros and the GPOLL parameter of the CLUSTER macro	_____		_____
Dial digits specified on the DIALNO parameter of all TERMINAL macros where the LINE or GROUP macro specified CALL=OUT or INOUT	_____	x 9 =	_____
BHSET macros	_____		_____
			+
		SUM A =	_____

RDT size for 370x subarea = SUM A rounded up to a multiple of 2048 if SUM A is greater than 2048; otherwise, enter SUM A

## Work Sheet D2.2 - Calculation of the RDT for a 3270 LOCAL Subarea

This calculation must be done for every 3270 LOCAL subarea that will be activated in the VTAM network. The variable was determined for Work Sheet D1.2.

Symbolic name = \_\_\_\_\_

Enter number of LOCAL statements

\_\_\_\_\_ x 296 = \_\_\_\_\_  
+ \_\_\_\_\_  
SUM A = \_\_\_\_\_

RDT value for LOCAL subarea = SUM A rounded up to a multiple of 2048 if SUM A is greater than 2048; otherwise, enter SUM A

## Work Sheet D2.3 - Calculation of the RDT for an APPL Subarea

This calculation must be done for every APPL subarea that will be active in the VTAM network. The variable can be taken from Work Sheet D1.3.

Enter number of APPL statements

\_\_\_\_\_ x 120 = \_\_\_\_\_  
+ \_\_\_\_\_  
SUM A = \_\_\_\_\_

RDT value for APPL node = SUM A rounded up to a multiple of 2048 if SUM A is greater than 2048; otherwise, enter SUM A

## Work Sheet D2.4 - Calculation of the RDT for a Switched Subarea

This calculation must be done for every switched subarea that will be activated in the VTAM network. The variables for this calculation can be taken from Work Sheet D1.4.

Enter the number of:

Unique MAXNOs  
Unique MAXGRPs  
VBUILD macros  
PU macros  
LU macros  
PATH macros

\_\_\_\_\_ x 33 = \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ x 8 = \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ x 156 = \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ x 148 = \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ x 176 = \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ x 8 = \_\_\_\_\_  
+ \_\_\_\_\_  
SUM A = \_\_\_\_\_

RDT value for a switched subarea = SUM A rounded up to a multiple of 2048 if SUM A is greater than 2048; otherwise, enter SUM A

### Work Sheet D2.5 - Calculation of the RDT for a 3790 LOCAL Subarea

This calculation must be done for every 3790 subarea that will be activated in the VTAM network. The variable can be taken from Work Sheet D1.5.

Enter the number of:

VBUILD macros	-----	x 144 =	-----
PU macros	-----	x 236 =	-----
LU macros	-----	x 176 =	-----
			+-----
			152
		SUM A =	-----

RDT value for a 3790 subarea = SUM A rounded up to a multiple of 2048 if SUM A is greater than 2048; otherwise, enter SUM A

### Work Sheet D3 - Calculation of SRTADD

This area is the part of VPBUF needed for the symbol resolution table (SRT) directory and the SRT entries. The information needed for this work sheet can be taken from Work Sheets D1.1 through D1.5.

Enter the total number of names specified in the name fields of the following macros:

PCCU macros	-----
DIALSET macros	-----
GROUP macros	-----
LINE macros (both dial and non-dial lines)	-----
PERMINAL macros (all types of terminals)	-----
VIERM macros	-----
COMP macros	-----
INNODE macros	-----
LU macros	-----
CLUSTER and PU macros	-----
BHSET macros	-----
LOCAL statements	-----
APPL statements	-----
VBUILD statements	-----
LBUILD statements	-----
	SUM A =
	+-----
	x 48
	+-----
	6144

SRTADD size =

### Work Sheet D4 - Calculation for PSSWKA

This area is the part of VPBUF needed for PSS control blocks.

Enter maximum number of concurrent application tasks

If NETSOL=YES is specified, enter 1; otherwise, 0

-----  
+     3  
x   912

PSSWKA size =

### Work Sheet D5 - Calculation of OPNCLS

This area is the part of VPBUF needed for VTAM control blocks to support OPNDST processing. Estimate a worst case condition for the number of concurrent OPNDSTs (that is, a combination of various types of OPNDSTs that requires the most storage). Using the worst case estimate will allow adequate VPBUF space for processing of any combination of OPNDST macro instructions.

Enter the maximum of concurrent OPNDST macros

----- x 912 = -----

Of the concurrent OPNDST macros, enter:

Number of NIB list entries if there is more than one NIB in the list

----- x 16 =     16

SUM B =

Of the concurrent OPNDST macros, enter total size of LOGON data

Of the concurrent OPNDST macros, enter number of logical units (LUs)

----- x 56 =  10648

OPNCLS size =

### Work Sheet D6 - Calculation for OPNAPPL

This area is the part of VPBUF needed for VTAM control blocks to support application programs.

Enter maximum number of OPEN ACBs that will be in the VTAM system

If NETSOL=YES is specified, enter 1; otherwise, 0

-----  
+     2

SUM A =

x   608

+   376

OPNAPPL size =



## Work Sheet D7 - Calculation for VARY

Enter number of PU statements with ISTATUS=ACTIVE \_\_\_\_\_ x 4656 = \_\_\_\_\_

## Work Sheet C3 - DOS/VS Storage Pool Formulas for bth, bno, and bsz

- Formulas for bth calculation

APBUF:  $NLU + NSSTERM + NBSCTERM + NLOC3270 + 5$

LPBUF1:  $NPORT + (2 * NSDLCLLUS) + (2 * NLOC3790 + NCOMMANDS + NLOC3270 + NBSCCLUS)$

NPBUF:  $N370X + NPORT + NLU + NBSCCLUS + NLOC3270 + NSDLCLLUS + NLOC3790$   
(See Note 1)

PPBUF2:  $(NLU + NSSTERM + NBSCTERM + NLOC3270) * 2$   
(See Note 2)

SPBUF:  $NPORT + (2 * NSSTERM) + (3 * NBSCTERM) + (2 * NLOC3270) + NBSCCLUS + (2 * NLU) + (4 * NTRANX) + NTOLTEP + NSDLCLLUS + NLOC3790 + NACB + NCOMMANDS$

WPBUF:  $NLU + NSSTERM + NBSCTERM + NLOC3270 + (2 * NTRACE)$

SFBUF: 1

LFBUF:  $\left( \frac{NTRANX * NBUFMSG}{L3270} \right) + \left( \frac{NTRANX * MAXBFRU + \Sigma MAXBFRU}{L3790 \quad L3790 \quad L3790} \right) + \left( \frac{NTRANX * MAXBFRU + \Sigma MAXBFRU}{L370x \quad L370x \quad L370x} \right) + 1$

- Formulas for bno and bsz Calculation

	AP	LP	NP	PP	SP	WP	SF	LF
bno	bth	bth	bth	bth	$\frac{bth}{.90}$	bth	1	$bth + 2 * \left( \frac{\Sigma MAXBFRU + \Sigma MAXBFRU + NBUFMSG}{L370x \quad L3790} \right)$
bsz	48	608	264	LFBUF bsz	104	264	-	see "Formulas for LBBUF bsz Calculation"

## Variables for Formulas

- NBSCTERM - Number of remotely attached terminals on BSC lines (number of TERMINAL and COMPONENT macros associated with BSC lines).
- NBSCCLUS - Number of remotely attached 3271, 3275, and 2972 clusters on BSC lines.
- NLOC3270 - Number of locally attached 3270 terminals (count each printer and display station separately).
- NLU - Number of logical units (number of LU macros).
- NPORT - Number of dial-up switched lines.
- MAXBFRU - Parameter specified on 370x and 3790 definition decks.  
ΣMAXBFRU means the sum of all values if there is more than one local 370x or 3790 active.
- NBUFMSG - Number of elements required to read the full screen of a 3277 display station. Use LFBUF bsz value (from Work Sheet D1.1) to select NBUFMSG from one of the following two tables. Index into the table to the bsz value closest to the LFBUF bsz.

Read Full, 3277 Model 1		Read Full, 3277 Model 2	
bsz value	NBUFMSG	bsz value	NBUFMSG
104	4	96	16
256	2	216	8
632	1	632	4
		960	2
		1952	1

If both Models 1 and 2 are attached, use the Model 2 table.

- NSDLCCCLUS- Number of remotely attached cluster controllers on SDLC lines.
- NSSTERM - Number of remotely attached terminals on start-stop lines (number of TERMINAL and COMPONENT macros associated with start-stop lines).
- NTOLTEP - Number of concurrent TOLTEP users.
- NTRANX - Number of transactions per second (where a transaction is one inbound message and one outbound message) - between the host and the involved devices.
- N370x - Number of IBM 3704 and 3705 locally or remotely attached communications controllers.
- NETSOL - 1 if NETSOL=YES, otherwise 0.
- NTRACE - Number of terminals or LUs for which a VTAM buffer trace (TYPE=BUF) will be started.
- NLOC3790 - Number of channels for locally attached 3790 (PU macros for 3790s).
- NACB - Number of OPEN ACBs.
- NCOMMANDS- Number of concurrent operator commands.
- Note 1 - There could be hidden levels as in a vary act, the NCP which also activates all devices with ISTATUS ACTIVE.
- Note 2 - Two represents the default BUFLIM, BUFACT product. For patch this number could be low. The formula can be replaced by the sum of all the BUFACT \* BUFLIM products.

## Formulas for LFBUF bsz Calculation

Depending on the installation's device usage, choose an initial bsz from the following overview.

bsz =  
LF

Device Support	bsz Calculation
Local 3270	If the installation contains only local 3270s, calculate bsz as the average message length for 3277 display stations.
370x	bsz must equal the UNITSZ operand on the NCP HOST macro. If multiple NCPs are active concurrently, UNITSZ must have the same value for each NCP.
3790 local only. Large batch transmission only.	bsz = 1978 MAXBFRU = 1 3790L
3790 local only. Normal transmission.	bsz = 288 MAXBFRU = 1 3290L
If priority is assigned to a 370x which is used with a 3790 local.	bsz = 370x bsz
With 370x given priority, 3790 large batch performance may be less efficient because of multiple buffer usage, and the 3790 may use more storage than necessary because of the priority been given to the 370x.	MAXBFRU = 1 for normal transmission 3790L MAXBFRU = 1978 divided by (bsz - 28) 3790L rounded up to a whole number for large batch transmission.
If priority is assigned to a 3790 local which is used with a 370x.	bsz = 1978 for large batch transmission. bsz = 288 for normal transmission.
With a 3790 local given priority, 370x buffers may not optimize storage.	MAXBFRU = 1 3790L

Constant requirement	<u>698368</u>
NETSOL (NETSOL=NO)	<u>0</u>
SYSALOAD (from WS.B1)	<u>256</u>
SMSBUF (from WS.B3)	<u>384</u>
TOLTWKA (zero TOLTEP users)	<u>0</u>
ISTPATCH (IBM-supplied patch area was not modified)	<u>128</u>
FIXPOOLS (from WS.B4)	<u>2944</u>
IOAPPN (from WS.B2)	<u>5760</u>
PAGPOOLS (from WS.B5)	<u>69632</u>
VTAM Virtual Partition Size	SUM A = <u>777472</u>
ALLOC = SUM A divided by 1024, rounded up	<u>760K</u>

Figure 22-4. Sample Calculation for ALLOC Macro Instruction

Constant requirement	<u>14336</u>
ISTPATCH (IBM-supplied patch area was not modified)	<u>128</u>
FIXPOOLS (from WS.B4)	<u>2944</u>
IOAPPN (from WS.B2)	<u>5760</u>
VTAM Real Partition Size	SUM A = <u>23168</u>
(rounded up to a multiple of 2048)	SUM B = <u>24576</u>
ALLOCR = SUM B divided by 1024, rounded up	<u>24K</u>

Figure 22-5. Sample Calculation for ALLOCR Macro Instruction

## VTAM Components

### Core Image Library Requirements

Phases	Blocks
181	796
15*	16

\* transients

### Phases

ISTAICIR  
 ISTAICPT  
**ISTAICTN**  
**ISTAICST**  
 ISTAPC33  
 ISTAPC35  
 ISTAPC36  
 ISTAUCAG  
 ISTAUCAT  
 ISTCRCRU  
 ISTCSCMR  
 ISTDCC00  
 ISTDCC02  
 ISTDCC10  
 ISTDCC11  
 ISTDCC12  
 ISTDCC13  
 ISTDCC20  
 ISTDCC21  
 ISTDCC22  
 ISTDCC23  
 ISTDCC24  
 ISTDCC25  
 ISTDCC30  
 ISTDCC31  
 ISTDCC32  
 ISTDCC35  
 ISTDCC40  
 ISTDCC41  
 ISTDCC42  
 ISTDCC50  
 ISTDCC51  
 ISTDCC60  
 ISTDCC61  
 ISTDCC80  
 ISTDCC81  
 ISTDCC85  
 ISTDVCBA  
 ISTDVCR  
 IPESC01  
 IPESC02  
 ISTINCDP  
**ISTINCDT**  
 ISTINCFE  
 ISTINCF0  
 ISTINCF1  
 ISTINCIP  
**ISTINCLM**  
 ISTINCMS  
**ISTINCN2**  
 ISTINCVT  
 ISTINCXM

ISTINCZ1  
 ISTINCZ2  
 ISTMMCHS  
 ISTNMCCA  
 ISTNMCCB  
 ISTNMCCF  
 ISTNMCCI  
 ISTNMCCO  
 ISTNMCCR  
 ISTNMCCS  
 ISTNMCCT  
 ISTNMCCZ  
 ISTNMC1S  
 ISTNMC2S  
 ISTNMC3S  
 ISTNMC4P  
 ISTNMC4S  
 ISTNMC5P  
 ISTNMC5S  
 ISTNMC6P  
 ISTNMC6S  
 ISTNMC7P  
 ISTNMC7S  
 ISTNMC8P  
 ISTNMC9P  
 ISTNSC00  
 ISTOCCCA  
 ISTOCCCB  
 ISTOCCCD  
 ISTOCCDF  
 ISTOCCOA  
 ISTOCCOB  
 ISTOCCRT  
 ISTOCCSA  
 ISTOLTEP  
 ISTORCBP  
 ISTORCGS  
 ISTPATCH  
 ISTPICBA  
 ISTPICCE  
 ISTPICCF  
 ISTPICCI  
 ISTPICCO  
 ISTPICCS  
 ISTPICCT  
 ISTPICCU  
 ISTPICDD  
 ISTPICDR  
 ISTPICGI  
 ISTPICGP  
 ISTPICGR  
 ISTPICIN  
 ISTPICIT  
 ISTPICLA  
 ISTPICLC  
 ISTPICLT  
 ISTPICMA  
 ISTPICQP  
 ISTPICSC  
 ISTPICSO  
 ISTPICSS  
 ISTPICST  
 ISTPICSU  
 ISTPICTF  
 ISTPICTH  
 ISTPICTO  
 ISTPICTR  
 ISTPICXA

ISTPICXF  
ISTPICXI  
ISTPICXL  
ISTPICX0  
ISTPICX1  
ISTPICX2  
ISTPICX8  
| **ISTPIEBI**  
| **ISTPIEBO**  
ISTPIECP  
ISTPIEIF  
ISTPIEIR  
ISTPIEIS  
ISTPIELF  
ISTPIELO  
ISTPIELS  
ISTPIEPA  
ISTPIEPB  
| **ISTPIERC**  
ISTPIERF  
ISTPIERO  
ISTPIESA  
| **ISTPIESG**  
ISTPIESI  
ISTRACCA  
ISTRACCR  
ISTRACCB  
ISTRACFM  
ISTRAEFG  
| **ISTRCCY0**  
ISTRCC21  
ISTRCC22  
ISTRCC23  
ISTRCC26  
ISTRCC30  
ISTRCC51  
ISTRCC52  
ISTRCC53  
ISTRCC54  
ISTRCC63  
ISTRCC65  
ISTRCC80  
ISTRCC81

ISTSC034  
ISTSDCAL  
ISTSDCCA  
ISTSDCCD  
ISTSDCCF  
ISTSDCCN  
ISTSDCCR  
ISTSDCOD  
ISTSEC01  
ISTSEC10  
ISTSEC21  
ISTSEC30  
ISTSEC40  
ISTSEC51  
ISTYCLUS  
ISTYCONT  
ISTYPSOL  
ISTYSSCP

VTAM Trace

PDAIDVTT  
PDAIDVTW

Transients

\$\$ABERV1  
\$\$ABERV2  
\$\$ABERV3  
\$\$ABERV4  
| **\$\$ABERV5**  
\$\$ABERV6  
| **\$\$ABERV7**  
\$\$BCST01  
\$\$BCST02  
\$\$BOST01  
\$\$BOST02  
\$\$BSTCNL  
\$\$BSTCN1  
\$\$RAST14  
\$\$RAST15

Relocatable Library Requirements

Modules	Blocks
504	4,636

Module Name	Descriptions
IJBESMRN	Summarize 3705 MDR Records
IJBEVRN5	Edit and Print 3705 MDR Records
IJBE3705	Edit and Print Page Header for 3705 MDC Records
ISTAICCK	API Check Routine
ISTAICIR	API Interface Routine
ISTAICPT	User Completion
ISTAPCAS	PSS Scheduler
ISTAPCSH	PSS Macro Services Routine
ISTAPCST	PSS-TPIO Specifics - asynchronous process routine
ISTAPC33	PSS TPUNLOCK
ISTAPC35	PSS TPLOCK - Shared
ISTAPC36	PSS TPLOCK - Exclusive
ISTAUCAG	Accounting Exit Routine
ISTAUCAT	Authorization Exit Routine
ISTCC010	TOLTEP - OLT Scheduler
ISTCC011	TOLTEP - Message I/O
ISTCC012	TOLTEP - Trace Return Code Handler
ISTCC013	TOLTEP - Loader
ISTCC014	TOLTEP - Resource Manager
ISTCC015	TOLTEP - Table Search Routine
ISTCC016	TOLTEP - READ/WRITE Exit
ISTCFCCCE	System Writer Channel Appendage
ISTCFCCS	Operator Control Command Processor
ISTCFCDP	CTLPT - Display Command
ISTCFCIN	Operator Control Initialization
ISTCFCMM	Message CSECT
ISTCFPCPC	POI Termination Routine
ISTCFPCPO	POI Initialization Routine
ISTCFCRP	POI Reply Processor
ISTCFCR1	RCVCMO Processor
ISTCFCR2	POI Message Build and Purge routine
ISTCFCSS	System Writer SVC
ISTCFCSW	System Writer I/O Process
ISTCFCS1	SENDCMD Router
ISTCFCS2	POI Vary, Display, and Modify Processor
ISTCFCTM	TPMSG Macro handler
ISTCFCKS	STXIT OC for System Writer
ISTCR3R4	Feedback Routine
ISTCSCAC	Accept
ISTCSCAQ	Acquire
ISTCSCCL	Cancel
ISTCSCLG	Logon
ISTCSCMR	Master Router
ISTCSCPS	Pass
ISTCSCRL	Release
ISTDCC00	Request Start
ISTDCC02	Request Finish
ISTDCC10	Solicit LDO Request Processor
ISTDCC11	Read LDO Request Processor
ISTDCC12	Write LDO Request Processor
ISTDCC13	Reset LDO Request Processor
ISTDCC20	Solicit Macro Request Processor
ISTDCC21	Receive Macro Request Processor
ISTDCC22	Write Macro Request Processor
ISTDCC23	Reset Macro Request Processor

Module Name	Descriptions
ISTDCC24	Solicit All Macro Request Processors
ISTDCC25	Read Any Macro Processor
ISTDCC30	Feedback Start
ISTDCC31	Analyzer
ISTDCC32	Feedback Finish
ISTDCC35	Pageable Extension of Feedback Start
ISTDCC40	Solicit and Read LDO Feedback
ISTDCC41	Write LDO Feedback
ISTDCC42	Reset LDO Feedback
ISTDCC50	Solicit, Read, Write Feedback
ISTDCC51	Reset Feedback
ISTDCC60	Input Buffer Move
ISTDCC61	Fixed to Pageable Move
ISTDCC80	Purge Outbound
ISTDCC81	Purge Inbound
ISTDCC85	Read Any Purge
ISTDVCBA	Skeleton DVT for Basic
ISTDVCR	Skeleton DVT for Record
ISTECC000	TOLTEP - End of TOLTEP
ISTECC123	TOLTEP Message Text (100-399)
ISTECC456	TOLTEP Message Text (400-699)
ISTECC789	TOLTEP Message Text (700-999)
ISTESC01	Execution Sequence Controller
ISTESC02	DVT Name Resolution
ISTIC000	TOLTEP - Resident Exit Initialize
ISTIC001	TOLTEP - Test Initialize
ISTIC002	TOLTEP - Communication Interval
ISTIC003	TOLTEP - Device Decode
ISTIC004	TOLTEP - Test Decode
ISTIC005	TOLTEP - Option Decode
ISTINCAD	ADELETE Service Routine
ISTINCAL	ALOAD Service
ISTINCAV	Allocate/Deallocate Subroutine
ISTINCAW	VIAM Task Control
ISTINCA0	Subtask ATTACH
ISTINCBL	BLDL Routine
ISTINCBS	SVC Bootstrap Routine
ISTINCCC	Start Command Processor
ISTINCCF	Loading Routine
ISTINCCL	Error Recovery Processor
ISTINCDL	Dump/Load Restart
ISTINCDP	Dump/Load Subtask
ISTINCDT	Default USS Definition Table
ISTINCDU	DVT Unload
ISTINCD0	Subtask Detach
ISTINCD1	Dial Out Processor
ISTINCD2	Dial Failed Processor
ISTINCD3	Offhook 1
ISTINCD4	Select Path
ISTINCD5	Dial Link Start
ISTINCD6	Dial Allocate
ISTINCD7	Dial Deallocate
ISTINCD8	Dial Post
ISTINCD9	Offhook 2
ISTINCE0	Dial Out Start
ISTINCE1	Link Restart I/O
ISTINCE2	PAB Switch I/O
ISTINCE3	PU Cleanup
ISTINCE4	Link Restart
ISTINCE5	Dial Give Resources
ISTINCE6	Dial Hangup
ISTINCE7	Inop Processor
ISTINCE8	Dial Link Completion
ISTINCE9	Potential Failure



Module Name	Descriptions
ISTINCFE	Front End Processor
ISTINCFM	FSS Function Manager
ISTINCF5	Segment Deletion
ISTINCF0	Fixed Module Linkage
ISTINCF1	FSS Request/Response Construction
ISTINCF3	Init SELF Processor
ISTINCF4	TERM SELF Processor
ISTINCF5	Stop, Modify CIB Processor
ISTINCF9	Stop/Modify Processor
ISTINCHA	Host Attachment Routine
ISTINCHT	Halt Command Processor
ISTINCIB	SPAЕ Routine
ISTINCIO	I/O Command Scheduler
ISTINCIP	SCP Inbound Processor
ISTINCIT	Initialization Control
ISTINCLF	Logon Processor
ISTINCLM	Default Logon Mode Table
ISTINCL0	Activate Direct Attachment Node
ISTINCL1	Activate PU - Local Subarea
ISTINCL2	Local Attach - Dial Start
ISTINCL3	Local Attach - Offhook 1
ISTINCL4	Local Attach - Offhook 2
ISTINCL5	Local Attach - Dial Failed
ISTINCL6	Local PU Cleanup
ISTINCL7	Local Abandon Connection
ISTINCL8	Deactivate Direct Attachment Node
ISTINCMD	Modify Router
ISTINCMR	Master Router
ISTINCMS	TOLTEP/VTAM Interface
ISTINCMY	OSS Portion of SSCP Master Router
ISTINCNS	Network Solicitor Attach
ISTINCNO	DTF Builder
ISTINCN2	Device Allocation SVC
ISTINCN8	Activate Reserved
ISTINCOO	TERM...NOP
ISTINCOE	Operator Termination
ISTINCOI	Operator Task Initialization
ISTINCOQ	Operator Query
ISTINCOS	Optional Services Routine
ISTINCPD	Buffer Pool Initialization
ISTINCPH	Parameter Handling
ISTINCQB	QAB Initialization
ISTINCQE	Quiesce
ISTINCRD	Parameter Read Routine
ISTINCRF	Modify Command Router
ISTINCRP	Communications Controller ERP Reload
ISTINCRR	Resource Release
ISTINCRS	Read Record
ISTINCR1	Configuration Restart Control
ISTINCR2	Configuration Restart/Vary Interface
ISTINCR3	NCP Configuration Reset
ISTINCR4	VSAM I/O C/R Data Set
ISTINCR5	Interface to DLR
ISTINCR6	VSAM I/O-Active NODELST Data Set
ISTINCSD	Task Communication Routine
ISTINCSH	Search Logon Mode Table
ISTINCSM	SSCP Session Monitor
ISTINCS1	Status Feedback Router
ISTINCTE	TPEND Exit Scheduler
ISTINCTH	Timer Routine
ISTINCTR	Trace Control
ISTINCUA	Verb and Keyword Processor II
ISTINCUB	Verb and Keyword Processor III
ISTINCUM	USS Function Manager

Module Name	Descriptions
ISTINCUQ	USS Quote Deletion
ISTINCU0	Input Media Control
ISTINCU1	SCS Input Media Control
ISTINCU2	USS Character String Translation
ISTINCU3	Verb and Keyword Processor I
ISTINCU4	USS Logon Processor
ISTINCU5	USS Logoff Processor
ISTINCU6	USS Status Feedback Processor
ISTINCU7	3270 Output Media Control
ISTINCU8	USS Output Media Control Processor
ISTINCVA	Vary Activate
ISTINCVI	Vary Deactivate
ISTINCVN	RNAME/CUA Processor
ISTINCVO	Vary Session Initialization
ISTINCVP	Vary Deactivate Phase II
ISTINCVS	Vary Activate Extension
ISTINCVX	Vary Deactivate
ISTINCV1	VTAMRP Task
ISTINCV2	Answer Mode Handler
ISTINCV3	VARY INOP Command Processor
ISTINCV4	Activate PU Switched Subarea
ISTINCV5	Activate LU Switched Subarea
ISTINCV6	SEND/SEND FMD Processor
ISTINCV8	IPL/DUMP Processor
ISTINCV9	Contact/Discontact Processor
ISTINCWT	VTAM Thread Dispatcher
ISTINCW0	OPNDST Processor
ISTINCW1	TOLTEP Attach and NETSOL Delete
ISTINCW2	Hang-up I/O
ISTINCW3	Obtain/Free NCSPL
ISTINCW4	Contact Processor
ISTINCW5	Discontact Processor
ISTINCW6	Vary Pending Cleanup
ISTINCW7	Build PABs
ISTINCW8	Activate PU and LU
ISTINCW9	VARY Path Processor
ISTINCM	3704/3705 Dump I/O Routine
ISTINCX0	Deactivate Switched SDLC Links
ISTINCX1	Deactivate Switched and Local PU
ISTINCX2	Break Connections
ISTINCX3	Switched/Local Header Deactivation
ISTINCX6	Dial Fail Notify
ISTINCX7	DACTPU Handler
ISTINCX8	PAB Purge
ISTINCX9	CLSDST Handler
ISTINCY0	APUNS Command Processor
ISTINCY1	APUNS Transmission Services I/O Executor
ISTINCY3	APUNS Command Completion Processor
ISTINCY4	RTGOH Request Processor
ISTINCY5	Disconnection Processor
ISTINCZ1	DTFSF
ISTINCZ2	DTFDA
ISTINC01	Load Utility Message and End
ISTINC02	DVT Preload Routine
ISTINC03	Communications Controller Load Input
ISTINC05	Communications Controller Load Initialization
ISTINC06	Load Utility Common Storage Area
ISTINC07	Communications Controller Load Output
ISTINC32	Communications Controller Load Output

Module Name	Descriptions
ISTINEXI	
ISTLINK1	} Link Scripts
ISTLINK2	
ISTLINK3	
ISTLINK4	
ISTLINK5	
ISTLINK6	
ISTLINK7	<b>Network Control Program</b>
ISTLINK8	
ISTMMCHS	Control Block Manipulation Routine
ISTNMCCA	Start Control Outbound
ISTNMCCB	Start Control Inbound
ISTNMCCF	Start Control Failure
ISTNMCCI	Cluster Solicitor Inbound Router
ISTNMCCO	Cluster Solicitor Outbound Router
ISTNMCCR	Redrive Outbound
ISTNMCCS	Redrive Inbound
ISTNMCCT	Start Control Redrive
ISTNMCCZ	End Control Outbound
ISTNMC1S	Connection Complete
ISTNMC2S	Redrive PSOP
ISTNMC3S	DIAL Disconnect
ISTNMC4P	PSOP Router
ISTNMC4S	Purge
ISTNMC5P	Start Control
ISTNMC5S	Port Solicitor
ISTNMC6P	Reset and Control Redrive
ISTNMC6S	Initial Contact Retry
ISTNMC7P	Start Input
ISTNMC7S	PSOP End Control
ISTNMC8P	Purge Outbound
ISTNMC9P	PSIP Router
ISTNSC00	Network Solicitor
ISTOCCCA	Close ACB Phase I
ISTOCCCB	Close ACB Phase II
ISTOCCCC	Close ACB Phase III
ISTOCCCD	Closed DEB Interface Routine
ISTOCCCH	Change
ISTOCCCL	Close Destination Part I
ISTOCCCM	Close Destination Part II
ISTOCCCN	Close Destination Part III
ISTOCCDF	SRT Delete/Find
ISTOCCFB	Control Block Building
ISTOCCFD	Function Distribution
ISTOCCFO	Function Obtain
ISTOCCFR	Control Block Removal
ISTOCCLD	Logon Data Handler
ISTOCCMD	Master DVT Builder
ISTOCCNV	OPNDST - NIB Copy/Merge
ISTOCCOA	OPEN ACB Phase I
ISTOCCOB	OPEN ACB Phase II
ISTOCCOC	OPEN ACB Phase III
ISTOCCOD	OPNDST and SIMLOGON Phase I
ISTOCCOE	OPNDST Phase 2
ISTOCCOF	OPNDST and SIMLOGON Final Phase
ISTOCCQU	SETLOGON
ISTOCCRD	Real DVT Builder
ISTOCCRL	Function Release
ISTOCCRT	Routing
ISTOCCSA	SRT Add
ISTOCCSD	Skeleton DVT Reader
ISTOCCSL	Function Select
ISTOCCUR	Routing End
ISTORCBP	Build Pool Routine

Module Name	Descriptions
ISTORCGS	Request/Release Storage
ISTORCRQ	Request Buffers
ISTORCRT	Return Storage
ISTPATCH	VTAM Patch Area
ISTPICBA	Dial-in Analyzer
ISTPICCA	ATTN/READ Handler (Local 3270)
ISTPICCE	Local 3270 Analyzer
ISTPICCF	Control Command Analyzer
ISTPICCI	Channel End Appendage (Local 3270)
ISTPICCO	Control Command Interpreter
ISTPICCS	Command Scheduler
ISTPICCT	Remote Command Updater
ISTPICCU	Remote 3270 Command Updater
ISTPICDD	Disconnect Handler
ISTPICDR	BTU Analyzer
ISTPICEI	ERP/VARY Interface
ISTPICES	Error Statistics Collection (Local Devices)
ISTPICFI	Feedback Initiation
ISTPICGI	General Interpreter
ISTPICGP	General Poll Analyzer
ISTPICGR	General Response Interpreter
ISTPICIN	BTU Builder
ISTPICIT	Remote 3270 Command Interpreter
ISTPICLA	Local 3270 TEST Command Analyzer
ISTPICLC	Local 3270 TEST Command Analyzer
ISTPICLF	Local Control Command Interpreter
ISTPICMA	Dial-in Analyzer (Start-Stop)
ISTPICNR	Unsolicited BTU Handler
ISTPICQP	Queue Purger
ISTPICRI	FSB Build
ISTPICRP	READ Channel Program Build
ISTPICSC	Remote 3270
ISTPICSO	Switched Outbound Scheduler
ISTPICSS	Session Scheduler
ISTPICST	I/O Session Completion Processing
ISTPICSU	Session Update
ISTPICTF	Trace Handler (Feedback)
ISTPICTH	TOLTEP TRM Handler
ISTPICPO	Trace Handler (Outbound)
ISTPICTR	LCCW to CCW Translator (Local 3270)
ISTPICXA	Extension to ISTPIEGR
ISTPICXF	Extension to ISTPIEGP
ISTPICXI	CC Channel Program Initialization
ISTPICXL	Local 3270 Channel Program Initiation
ISTPICXP	Channel Program Initiation
ISTPICX0	Extension to ISTPIEG1
ISTPICX1	Extension to ISTIET
ISTPICX2	Extension to ISTPIECS
ISTPICX8	Extension to ISTPIEDR
<b>ISTPIEBI</b>	<b>Buffer Trace Inbound Router</b>
<b>ISTPIEBO</b>	<b>Buffer Trace Outbound Router</b>
ISTPIECP	Unsolicited Input
ISTPIEIF	DOS/VS Transmission Services Inbound Interface
ISTPIEIR	First Outbound FID1
ISTPIEIS	SETL Outbound FID1
ISTPIELF	Local 3270 SR Feedback Processor
ISTPIELO	Local 3270 SEND/RECEIVE Channel Program
ISTPIELS	Local 3270 SR Session Control Interpreter
ISTPIEPA	First Inbound FID1
ISTPIEPB	PIU Builder FID1
<b>ISTPIERC</b>	<b>Record Mode Request Checker</b>
ISTPIERF	3270 Record Mode Response Analysis
ISTPIERO	3270 Record Mode RU Builder
ISTPIESA	SCTL Inbound FID1

Module Name	Descriptions
ISTPIESG	Inbound Segment Processor
ISTPIESI	3270 Record System Control Interface
ISTPIETT	TRACE Interface
ISTRACCA	Add Service Routine
ISTRACCR	Remove Service Routine
ISTRACIB	Buffer Trace Routine
ISTRACIE	Trace Edit Control
ISTRACIM	Main Trace Routine
ISTRACIO	I/O Buffer Edit
ISTRACIS	Trace Edit Scan
ISTRACIW	Trace Writer
ISTRALG	Trace Log Module
ISTRCCY0	Control Layer RPL Direct Post Routine
ISTRCC21	Receive Macro Request Processor
ISTRCC22	SEND Macro Request Processor
ISTRCC23	RESETSR Macro Request Processor
ISTRCC26	Send Response
ISTRCC30	Record Feedback Start
ISTRCC51	RECEIVE 1 Feedback
ISTRCC52	RECEIVE 2 Feedback
ISTRCC53	SEND Feedback
ISTRCC54	Asynchronous Feedback
ISTRCC63	House Any Queues
ISTRCC65	SET RPL
ISTRCC80	Clear Outbound Processor
ISTRCC81	Clear Inbound
ISTSC02A	TOLTEP GRAB
ISTSC02B	TOLTEP LETGO
ISTSC02C	TOLTEP MORECORE
ISTSC02D	TOLTEP PLINK
ISTSC02E	TOLTEP ROUTINE
ISTSC02F	TOLTEP WAIT10
ISTSC020	TOLTEP-CECOM
ISTSC021	TOLTEP CONVERT
ISTSC022	TOLTEP \$CUTEST
ISTSC023	TOLTEP \$DDATE
ISTSC024	TOLTEP DPRINT
ISTSC025	TOLTEP SEND
ISTSC026	TOLTEP \$DIME
ISTSC027	TOLTEP EX10
ISTSC028	TOLTEP FREECORE
ISTSC029	TOLTEP GETCONFIG
ISTSC030	TOLTEP acquisition
ISTSC031	TOLTEP Release
ISTSC032	TOLTEP DIO
ISTSC033	TOLTEP Receive
ISTSC034	TOLTEP MS Inbound Process
ISTSDCAL	ALERT Macro Handler
ISTSDCAP	Application RDT
ISTSDCBU	BUILD Macro Handler
ISTSDCCA	CIDADD Macro Handler
ISTSDCCB	Control Block Definition
ISTSDCCD	CIDDEL Macro Handler
ISTSDCCF	CIDFND Macro Handler
ISTSDCCL	CLUSTER Macro Handler
ISTSDCCN	FIND NCB Macro Handler
ISTSDCCR	CID, FINISH Macro
ISTSDCC1	System Definition Area Handler
ISTSDCC2	Error Message Formatter
ISTSDCC3	Macro Type Interpreter
ISTSDCC4	EBCDIC/Hex Conversion
ISTSDCC5	ADDBITS Routine
ISTSDCC7	Work Area Handler
ISTSDCDS	DIALSET Macro Handler

Module Name	Descriptions
ISTSDCD1	SRT Delete
ISTSDCD2	SNT Delete
ISTSDCD3	Interpret Table Load
ISTSDCGE	GENEND Macro Handler
ISTSDCGP	Group Macro Handler
ISTSDCHS	Host Macro Handler
ISTSDCIN	INNODE Macro Handler
ISTSDCLM	Task Switching Routine
ISTSDCLN	LINE Macro Handler
ISTSDCLP	LUPOOL Macro Handler
ISTSDCLU	LU Macro Handler
ISTSDCML	MTALIST Macro Handler
ISTSDCMT	MTALIST Macro Handler
ISTSDCOD	Device Type Table
ISTSDCPA	Path Macro Handler
ISTSDCPC	PCCU Macro Handler
ISTSDCPU	PU Macro Handler
ISTSDCP1	MTALIST Parameter Handler
ISTSDCP2	LIST Parameter Handler
ISTSDCP3	VIDSEQ Parameter Handler
ISTSDCP4	IERM Parameter Handler
ISTSDCP5	DIALSET Parameter Handler
ISTSDCP6	VPACING Parameter
ISTSDCRC	System Definition Mainline
ISTSDCRN	CC RDT Build
ISTSDCRS	Shift/Default Entry Builder
ISTSDCSB	STARTBH Macro Handler
ISTSDCSC	SYSCNTRL Macro Handler
ISTSDCTM	Terminal Macro Handler
ISTSDCVB	VSBUILD Macro Handler
ISTSDCVG	Switched/Local Skeleton Build
ISTSDCVI	VIDLIST Macro Handler
ISTSEC01	Session Control Outbound Start
ISTSEC10	Session Control Outbound Processing
ISTSEC21	Session Control Feedback Processing
ISTSEC30	Session Control Inbound Request Processing
ISTSEC40	Session Control Auto Response
ISTSEC51	Session Control Queue Purge
ISTSQC0A	Inquire TOP Logon Processor
ISTSQC0B	Inquire SESPARM Processor
ISTSQC00	Inquire Parameter Validation
ISTSQC01	Logon Data Routine
ISTSQC02	Device Characteristics Routine
ISTSQC03	Active Count Routine
ISTSQC04	Terminal Routine
ISTSQC05	Application Status Routine
ISTSQC06	Display Station Routine
ISTSQC07	Communications Controller Name Routine
ISTSQC08	CID Translation Routine
ISTSQC09	Terminal Identification Routine
ISTSTC00	Interpret Processor
ISTTC035	TOLTEP - DTERM
ISTTC037	TOLTEP - DUMP
ISTVPCON	Storage for Configuration List
ISTVPCVT	Storage for DVT
ISTVPL0D	Module Load List
ISTYCL0S	Skeleton DVT for VARY (non-SDLC Devices)
ISTYCONF	Skeleton DVT for VARY (non-SDLC Devices)
ISTYPS0L	Skeleton DVT for Port Solicitor
ISTYSSCP	Skeleton DVT for SSCP

## Transients

```
$$ABERV1 SDR Counter Update
$$ABERV2 OBR Record Builder
$$ABERV3 3705 ERP First Transient Load
$$ABERV4 Local 3270 ERP First Transient
Load
$$ABERV5 3791 Error Recovery Procedure
$$ABERV6 Local 3270 ERP Second Load
$$ABERV7 3791 Statistical Data Recorder
Extension
$$BCST01 Close ACB Transient
$$BCST02 Close ACB Transient, Return
Linkage Routine
$$BOST01 Open ACB Transient
$$BOST02 Open ACB Transient, Return
Linkage Routine
$$BSTCNL EOJ Transient
$$BSTCN1 EOJ Transient, Return Linkage
Routine
$$RAST14 3705 Channel Check ERP
$$RAST15 Local 3270 Channel Check ERP
```

## LINKING VTAM

VTAM link-edit books ISTLINK1 and ISTLINK8 require operator response to // PAUSE statements when procedure LINKVTM is executed. ISTLINK1 may require a // LBLTYP NSD(xx) statement when it is included at link-edit time (this statement reserves label processing area space at the beginning of the VTAM partition for the direct-access-formatted Network Control Program dump files).

If your VTAM network does not include a 3705 (Network Control Program), an EOB operator response is all that is required. If, however, 3705 (Network Control Program) support is required, the // LBLTYP statement must be entered at the console, in which case "xx" is to be replaced by a numeric value indicating the maximum number of disk file extents for a given Network Control Program dump file.

If 3705 support is included later in your VTAM network, ISTLINK1 must be relink-edited to reflect this change. ISTLINK8 must be cataloged into the system core image library; hence, the operator must ensure that SYSCLB is unassigned when ISTLINK8 is included. This link-edit book includes VTAM modules and transients which may be fetched for a user partition whenever VTAM is operative in the system.

## Link-Edit Statements (VTAM proper)

```
// OPTION CATAL
INCLUDE ISTLINK1
// EXEC LNKEDT
INCLUDE ISTLINK2
// EXEC LNKEDT
INCLUDE ISTLINK3
// EXEC LNKEDT
INCLUDE ISTLINK4
// EXEC LNKEDT
INCLUDE ISTLINK5
// EXEC LNKEDT
INCLUDE ISTLINK6
// EXEC LNKEDT
INCLUDE ISTLINK8
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

Ensure that no private core image library is assigned

## Link-Edit Statements (Network Control Program)

```
// OPTION CATAL
INCLUDE ISTLINK7
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

## Source Statement Library Requirements

Macros	Blocks
52	5,492

## Macro Names

E.CHANGE	E.ISTRDWRA
E.CLSDST	E.ISTRPL
E.DO	E.ISTRPLG
E.ENDINTAB	E.ISTUSFBC
E.EXECRPL	E.LDO
E.IFGACB	E.LOGCHAR
E.IFGEXLST	E.MODEEND
E.IFGRPL	E.MODEENT
E.IHBRDWRA	E.MODETAB
E.INQUIRE	E.NETSOL
E.INTAB	E.NIB
E.INTRPRET	E.OPNDST
E.ISTACB	E.RCVCMD
E.ISTACBG	E.RECEIVE
E.ISTAVT	E.RESET
E.ISTBLDO	E.RESETSR
E.ISTCBMTB	E.SENDCMD
E.ISTCB1	E.SESSIONC
E.ISTCB2	E.SETLOGON
E.ISTDBIND	E.SIMLOGON
E.ISTDNIB	E.SOLICIT
E.ISTDPOHD	E.USSCMD
E.ISTDPROC	E.USSEND
E.ISTDVCHR	E.USSMSG
E.ISTEXLG	E.USSPARM
E.ISTEXLST	E.USSTAB

APPLICATION PROGRAM STORAGE CONSIDERATIONS

RPL Oriented Macro Instruction Storage

VTAM RPL oriented macro instructions call an inner macro instruction IHBRDWRA to expand code to modify RPLs. The parameters listed below show the minimum and maximum expansions. All parameters, except the RPL parameter, are optional.

Parameter	Minimum Expansion (bytes)	Maximum Expansion (bytes)
RPL	0	12
(If additional parameters are coded, include 8 bytes)	8	8
ACB	4	8
AREA	4	8
AREALEN	4	16
RECLEN	4	16
AAREA	4	8
AAREALN	4	16
ARECLEN	4	16
ECB*	16	20
EXIT*	16	20
ARG**	8	8
NIB**	12	12
OPTCD	14	48
SYN or ASY subparameters	4	4
SEQNO	4	14
BRANCH	4	4
IBSQVAL	4	14
OBSQVAL	4	14
RESPOND	4	12
CHAIN	8	8
CONTROL	10	10
CHNGDIR	4	8
BRACKET	4	8
SSENSEO	4	4
USENSEO	4	14
SSENSMO	4	4
RTYPE	4	16
STYPE	4	4
TBSQAC	4	4
OBSQAC	4	4
POST	4	4
Macro exit code	14	14
Space lost due to CNOP alignment	0	2
* Mutually exclusive      ** Mutually exclusive		

Since all parameters except the RPL parameter are optional, the minimum expansion for any RPL oriented macro instruction is 14 bytes. The maximum size of any RPL oriented macro instruction is 354 bytes. However, most macro instructions can be expected to use a subset of these parameters. Thus, as an aid to estimating the size of these macro instructions in the user's partition, the following representative maximum expansion sizes are provided:



Macro Instruction	Representative Maximum Expansion Sizes (oytes)
CHANGE	104
CLSDST	156
DO	132
INQUIRE	152
INTRPRET	176
OPNDST	128
RECEIVE	168
RESET	124
RESETSR	100
SESSIONC	94
SETLOGON	116
SIMLOGON	132
SOLICIT	128

#### Control Block Storage

The following are the sizes of VTAM control blocks that are built in the user's partition:

<u>Control Block Name</u>	<u>Size (bytes)</u>
ACB	52
NIB	64
RPL	100
EXLST	15 to 80 (depending on which exits are specified)

#### Manipulative Macro Instruction Storage

VTAM manipulative macro instructions may be used to generate VTAM control blocks or to modify various fields in these control blocks. When the manipulative macro instructions are used, the user's application program partition must allow a 4K (4096 byte) area to load the processing module, while allowing sufficient storage for the expansion of the manipulative macro instructions. The following list shows the minimum expansion sizes and a representative average expansion size of the manipulative macro instructions for each type of VTAM control block.

Macro Instruction	Type of Control Block	Minimum Expansion (bytes)	Representative Average Expansion Size (oytes)
GENCB	ACB	54	94
	EXLST	54	118
	NIB	54	78
	RPL	54	100
MODCB	ACB	60	102
	EXLST	66	98
	NIB	66	90
	RPL	60	100
SHOWCB	ACB	66	104
	EXLST	66	126
	NIB	66	96
	RPL	66	166
TESTCB	ACB	66	66
	EXLST	70	70
	NIB	70	92
	RPL	66	70



## SUBSYSTEM SUPPORT SERVICES

IBM Subsystem Support Services (SSS) must be included in the relocatable library. The generation of active load modules for SSS does not take place with the DOS/VS system generation process. Instead, SSS is generated in a separate process, concurrent with the generation of any of the following industry systems:

- IBM 3600 Finance Communication System
- IBM 3650 Retail Store System
- IBM 3660 Supermarket System
- IBM 3790 Communication System

This generation process and the virtual storage estimates for SSS in DOS/VS are documented in the IBM System/370 Subsystem Support Services User's Guide, GC30-3022.

**Module 24: System Utilities – 5745-SC-UTL  
 – 5745-SC-UTS  
 – 5745-SC-APC**

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General

System utilities are supplied prelinked in the core image library except the following:

- Maintain System History
- Assign Alternate Track Data Cell
- Clear Data Cell
- Initialize Data Cell and
- Print the Hard-Copy File

For details on number of phases (modules, books) and number of blocks per library, refer to "Library Requirements" in Module 1 of this manual.

Instead of the link-edit and delete statements given in this module of the manual, the IBM-supplied cataloged procedures may be used; refer to "Link-Edit and Delete Procedures" in Module 1.

PARTITION SIZE

Between 6K and 64K of real storage depending on utility. Refer to DQS/VIS System Utilities for details.

Delete Statements

DELETR IAQMAP  
DELETR IAQMAP1  
DELETR IAQMAP2  
DELETR IAQMAP3

**Analysis Program-1**

**Assign Alternate Track Disk**

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phase

AP1

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

IAQMAP  
IAQMAP1  
IAQMAP2  
IAQMAP3

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IAQMAP  
// EXEC LNKEDT

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phases

ALTDK  
ALTDK2  
ALTDK3  
ALTDK4  
ALTDK5

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

IJWATD  
IJWATD1  
IJWATD2  
IJWATD3  
IJWATD4  
IJWATD5



### Link-Edit Statements

```
INCLUDE IJWATD
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

### Delete Statements

```
DELETR IJWATD
DELETR IJWATD1
DELETR IJWATD2
DELETR IJWATD3
DELETR IJWATD4
DELETR IJWATD5
```

## **Assign Alternate Track Data Cell**

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Phases

```
ALTDC
ALTDC2
ALTDC3
ALTDC4
ALTDC5
```

### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

#### Modules

```
IJWATM
IJWATM1
IJWATM2
IJWATM3
IJWATM4
IJWATM5
```

### Link-Edit Statements

```
INCLUDE IJWATM
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

### Delete Statements

```
DELETR IJWATM
DELETR IJWATM1
DELETR IJWATM2
DELETR IJWATM3
DELETR IJWATM4
DELETR IJWATM5
```

## **Clear Disk**

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Phases

```
CLRDK
CLRDK2
CLRDK3
```

### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

#### Modules

```
IJWCCD
IJWCCD1
IJWCCD2
IJWCCD3
```

### Link-Edit Statements

```
INCLUDE IJWCCD
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

### Delete Statements

```
DELETR IJWCCD
DELETR IJWCCD1
DELETR IJWCCD2
DELETR IJWCCD3
```

## **Clear Data Cell**

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Phases

```
CLRDC
CLRDC2
CLRDC3
```

### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

#### Modules

```
IJWCCM
IJWCCM1
IJWCCM2
IJWCCM3
```

### Link-Edit Statements

```
INCLUDE IJWCCM
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

### Delete Statements

```
DELETR IJWCCM
DELETR IJWCCM1
DELETR IJWCCM2
DELETR IJWCCM3
```

## **Copy Disk to Card**

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Phases

```
CDKCD
CDKCD2
```

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

IJWCDC  
IJWCDC1  
IJWCDC2

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJWCDC  
// LBLTYP NSD(nn)  
// EXEC LNKEDT

Delete Statements

DELETR IJWCDC  
DELETR IJWCDC1  
DELETR IJWCDC2

**Copy Disk to Disk**

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phases

CDKDK  
CDKDK2

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

IJWCDD  
IJWCDD1  
IJWCDD2

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJWCDD  
// LBLTYP NSD(nn)  
// EXEC LNKEDT

Delete Statements

DELETR IJWCDD  
DELETR IJWCDD1  
DELETR IJWCDD2

**Copy Disk or Data Cell to Tape**

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phases

CDKTP  
CDKTP2

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

IJWCDT  
IJWCDT1  
IJWCDT2

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJWCDT  
// LBLTYP NSD(nn)  
// EXEC LNKEDT

Delete Statements

DELETR IJWCDT  
DELETR IJWCDT1  
DELETR IJWCDT2

**Copy and Restore Diskette**

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phase

CRDR

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Module

IJWCRD

Link-Edit Statements

PHASE CRDR,S  
INCLUDE IJWCRD  
// EXEC LNKEDT

Delete Statements

DELETR IJWCRD

**Deblock Utility**

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phase

DSTRB

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

IJWDST  
IJWDST1

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJWDST  
// LBLTYP TAPE  
// EXEC LNKEDT

Delete Statements

DELETR IJWDST  
DELETR IJWDST1

**Fast Copy Disk Volume**

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phases (Integrated Version)

FCOPY  
FCOPY2

Phase (Standalone Diskette Version)

DKTTIPL

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules (Integrated Version)

IJWDFC  
IJWDFC1  
IJWDFC2

Module (Standalone Diskette Version)

IJWDFCD

Link-Edit Statements (Integrated Version)

// OPTION CATAL  
INCLUDE IJWDFC  
// LBLTYP TAPE  
// EXEC LNKEDT

Link-Edit Statements (Standalone Diskette Version)

// OPTION CATAL  
INCLUDE IJWDFCD  
// LBLTYP TAPE  
// EXEC LNKEDT

SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY (STANDALONE VERSIONS)

Macro

Z.FASTCOPY (Card Version)  
Z.FASTCOPD (Diskette Version)

Statements to Obtain Standalone Card Deck Version

// EXEC SSERV  
PUNCH Z.FASTCOPY  
/\*

Statements to Obtain Standalone Diskette Version

// DLBL IJSYSPH  
// EXTENT  
// ASSGN SYS006,X'cuu'  
// EXEC DKTTIPL  
ASSGN SYSPCH,X'cuu' same diskette unit  
// EXEC SSERV  
PUNCH Z.FASTCOPD  
/\*  
CLOSE SYSPCH,UA  
/E

Delete Statements

DELETC DKTTIPL  
DELETR IJWDFCD  
DELETR IJWDFC  
DELETR IJWDFC1  
DELETR IJWDFC2  
DELETS Z.FASTCOPY  
DELETS Z.FASTCOPD

**Initialize Disk**

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phases

INTDK  
INTDK2  
INTDK3  
INTDK4

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

IJWIND  
IJWIND1  
IJWIND2  
IJWIND3  
IJWIND4

Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJWIND  
// EXEC LNKEDT

Delete Statements

DELETR IJWIND  
DELETR IJWIND1  
DELETR IJWIND2  
DELETR IJWIND3  
DELETR IJWIND4

## Initialize Data Cell

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Phases

INTDC  
INTDC2  
INTDC3  
INTDC4

### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

#### Modules

IJWINM  
IJWINM1  
IJWINM2  
IJWINM3  
IJWINM4

#### Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJWINM  
// EXEC LNKEDT

#### Delete Statements

DELETR IJWINM  
DELETR IJWINM1  
DELETR IJWINM2  
DELETR IJWINM3  
DELETR IJWINM4

## Initialize Tape

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Phase

INTTP

### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

#### Modules

IJWINT  
IJWINT1

#### Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJWINT  
// EXEC LNKEDT

#### Delete Statements

DELETR IJWINT  
DELETR IJWINT1

## Copy File and Maintain Object Module

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Phase

OBJMAINT

### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

#### Module

IJWOBJM

#### Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJWOBJM  
// EXEC LNKEDT

#### Delete Statements

DELETR IJWOBJM

## Restore Program

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Phase

RESTORE

### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

#### Module

IJWSARST

#### Link-Edit Statements

INCLUDE IJWSARST  
// EXEC LNKEDT

#### Delete Statements

DELETR IJWSARST

## Backup Program

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

#### Phase

BACKUP

## RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

### Module

IJWSABK

### Link-Edit Statements

```
INCLUDE IJWSABK
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

### Delete Statements

DELETR IJWSABK

## SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

Z.BPSFILES

## Maintain System History

## CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

### Phases

PTFHIST  
PTFREPRO

## RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

### Modules

IKRSMP1  
IKRSMP2  
IKRSMP3 (generated by HIST macro)

### Link-Edit Statements

Link-edit will be generated by HIST macro assembly.

### Delete Statements

DELETR IKRSMP1  
DELETR IKRSMP2  
DELETR IKRSMP3

## SOURCE STATEMENT LIBRARY

### Macros

E.HIST  
Y.PTFSCP  
Y.PTFPP 4S2

## HIST Macro Description

HIST REL='release',CUST='name'

```
[,ADDR='address'][,PHONE='number']
[,PROG='programmer']
[,ENV='environment']
[,SCPHIST=SYSTEM|PRIVATE]
[,PPHIST=PRIVATE|SYSTEM]
```

'release' Specifies the SCP release to which this history belongs. A character string up to 8 bytes long, enclosed in apostrophes.

'name' The customer's name (and number, if applicable). A character string of up to 40 bytes, enclosed in apostrophes.

'address' The customer's address. A character string of up to 40 bytes, enclosed in apostrophes.

'number' The customer's telephone number. A character string of up to 40 bytes, enclosed in apostrophes.

'programmer' The name of the system programmer. A character string of up to 40 bytes, enclosed in apostrophes.

'environment' The hardware/software environment. A character string of up to 40 bytes, enclosed in apostrophes.

CPHIST=SYSTEM|PRIVATE  
The source statement library in which the SCP history Y.PTFSCP is cataloged. If this operand is omitted, the default is SYSTEM.

PPHIST=PRIVATE|SYSTEM  
The source statement library in which the PP history Y.PTFPP is cataloged. If this operand is omitted, the default is PRIVATE.

The output resulting from the HIST macro consists of job control statements for three steps:

1. A step to update the history headers with the customer information provided in the macro.

2. A step which catalogs an assembled module into the relocatable library. This module then becomes part of the DOS/VS PTFHIST and contains information indicating where the history books are cataloged.
3. A final step which catalogs the DOS/VS PTFHIST into the core image library.

Generation Example

```
// JOB PTFHIST INSTALLATION
// OPTION DECK
// EXEC ASSEMBLY
    HIST REL='33.0',
        CUST='EVA CORPORATION',
        ADDR='2 MAIN STREET, ANYWHERE',
        PHONE='017-723-977',
        PROG='TOM SMITH',
        PPHIST=SYSTEM
END
/*
/6
```

Previous entries in books Y.PTFSCP and Y.PTFPP, except customer information, are retained.

**List System History**

Core Image Library

Phase

HISLIST

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Module

IKRHIST

Link-Edit Statements

```
    INCLUDE IKRHIST
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

Delete Statements

DELETR IKRHIST

**Restore Card to Disk**

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phase

RCDDK

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

```
* IJWRCD
* IJWRCD1
```

Link-Edit Statements

```
    INCLUDE IJWRCD
// LBLTYP NSD(nn)
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

Delete Statements

```
DELETR IJWRCD
DELETR IJWRCD1
```

**Restore Tape to Disk or Data Cell**

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phase

RTPDK

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules

```
IJWRTD
IJWRTD1
```

Link-Edit Statements

```
    INCLUDE IJWRTD
// LBLTYP NSD(10)
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

Delete Statements

```
DELETR IJWRTD
DELETR IJWRTD1
```

## VTOC Display

### CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

Phase

LVTOC

Transient

\$\$BLVTOC

Note: \$\$BLVTOC is cataloged into the core image library along with the VTOC program.

### RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules (BJS)

IJWLTVB

IJWLTVT

IJWLTV1

Link-Edit Statements, Non-Multiprogramming System

```
    INCLUDE IJWLTVB
// LBLTYP TAPE
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

Delete Statements, Non-Multiprogramming System

```
DELETR IJWLTVB
DELETR IJWLTVM
```

Modules (MPS)

IJWLTVM

IJWLTVT

IJWLTV1

Link-Edit Statements, Multiprogramming System

```
    INCLUDE IJWLTVM
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

Delete Statements, Multiprogramming System

```
DELETR IJWLTVM
DELETR IJWLTVB
```





PARTITION SIZE

The program requires a real partition allocation of 10K bytes.

CORE IMAGE LIBRARY

	Phases	Blocks
Transients	1	1
Phases	131	344

Transients

\$\$BDRUP

Phases

EREP  
 EREPADPT  
 EREPASTA  
 EREPCCH  
 EREPCCHC  
 EREPC125  
 EREPC135  
 EREPC145  
 EREPDOLD  
 EREPEDCP  
 EREPEDCR  
 EREPEDCU  
 EREPEDC1  
 EREPEDC2  
 EREPEDC3  
 EREPEDDA  
 EREPEDDK  
 EREPEDD1  
 EREPEDES  
 EREPEDIT  
 EREPEDRN  
 EREPEDTD  
 EREPEDTP  
 EREPEDTR  
 EREPEDI1  
 EREPEDUR  
 EREPEDU1  
 EREPEDU2  
 EREPEDVT  
 EREPEDX1  
 EREPEOD  
 EREPESPT  
 EREPESTR  
 EREPESWK  
 EREPHIST  
 EREPIPL  
 EREPMCAR  
 EREPMCRC  
 EREPMICR  
 EREPMNTR  
 EREPM145  
 EREPM158  
 EREPRDE  
 EREPRETV  
 EREPSHRT

EREPSHRU  
 EREPSMCP  
 EREPSMCR  
 EREPSMCU  
 EREPSMC1  
 EREPSMC3  
 EREPSMDA  
 EREPSMDK  
 EREPSMD1  
 EREPSMES  
 EREPSMRN  
 EREPSMTD  
 EREPSMTP  
 EREPSMTR  
 EREPSMT1  
 EREPSMUR  
 EREPSMU1  
 EREPSMVT  
 EREPSPCL  
 EREPTES  
 EREPTPE1  
 EREPCCM  
 EREPUNIT  
 EREPUOLD  
 EREPVRN0  
 EREPVRN1  
 EREPVRN2  
 EREPVRN3  
 EREPVRN4  
 EREPVRN5  
 EREPVTAM  
 EREP145A  
 EREP145B  
 EREP145C  
 EREP145D  
 EREP150A  
 EREP150B  
 EREP150C  
 EREP150D  
 EREP150E  
 EREP150F  
 EREP150G  
 EREP150H  
 EREP150J  
 EREP150K  
 EREP150L  
 EREP150M  
 EREP150N  
 EREP150P  
 EREP150Q  
 EREP2400  
 EREP2715  
 EREP320X  
 EREP320Z  
 EREP3211  
 EREP333W  
 EREP333X  
 EREP333Y  
 EREP333Z  
 EREP3330  
 EREP3340  
 EREP334W  
 EREP334X  
 EREP334Y  
 EREP334Z  
 EREP335Y  
 EREP335Z  
 EREP3350

EREP3410  
 EREP3420  
 EREP3500  
 EREP3540  
 EREP3705  
 EREP3800  
 EREP3801  
 EREP3802  
 EREP3803  
 EREP3804  
 EREP3805  
 EREP3806  
 EREP3807  
 EREP380X  
 EREP389M  
 EREP389N  
 EREP389X  
 EREP3895

IJBEEEDT1  
 IJBEEEDUR  
 IJBEEEDU1  
 IJBEEEDU2  
 IJBEEEDVT  
 IJBEEEDX1  
 IJBEEED  
 IJBEEESPT  
 IJBEEESTR  
 IJBEEESWK  
 IJBEEHIST  
 IJBEEIPL  
 IJBEMCAR  
 IJBEMCRC  
 IJBEMICR  
 IJBEMNTR  
 IJBEM145  
**IJBEM158**  
 IJBERDE  
**IJBBEREP**  
 IJBERETV  
 IJBESHRT  
 IJBESHRO  
 IJBESMCP  
 IJBESMCR  
 IJBESMCU  
**IJBESMC1**  
**IJBESMC3**  
 IJBESMDA  
 IJBESMDK  
 IJBESMD1  
 IJBESMES  
 IJBESMRN  
 IJBESMTD  
 IJBESMTP  
 IJBESMTR  
 IJBESMT1  
 IJBESMUR  
 IJBESMU1  
 IJBESMVT  
 IJBESPCL  
 IJBETES  
 IJBETPE1  
 IJBEUCCM  
 IJBEUNIT  
 IJBEUOLD  
 IJBEVRN0  
 IJBEVRN1  
 IJBEVRN2  
 IJBEVRN3  
 IJBEVRN4  
 IJBEVRN5  
 IJBEVTAM  
 IJBE145A  
 IJBE145B  
 IJBE145C  
 IJBE145D

RELOCATABLE LIBRARY

Modules	Blocks
127	1,632

Modules

IJBEBADPT  
 IJBEASTA  
 IJBECALA  
 IJBECALB  
 IJBECALC  
 IJBECALD  
 IJBECCH  
 IJBECCHC  
 IJBEC125  
 IJBEC135  
 IJBEC145  
 IJBEDOLD  
 IJBEEDCP  
 IJBEEDCR  
 IJBEEDCU  
 IJBEEDC1  
 IJBEEDC2  
 IJBEEDC3  
 IJBEEDDA  
 IJBEEDDK  
 IJBEEDD1  
 IJBEEDES  
 IJBEEDIT  
 IJBEEDRN  
 IJBEEDTD  
 IJBEEDTP  
 IJBEEDTR

IJBE158A  
IJBE158B  
IJBE158C  
IJBE158D  
IJBE158E  
IJBE158F  
IJBE158G  
IJBE158H  
IJBE158J  
IJBE158K  
IJBE158L  
IJBE158M  
IJBE158N  
IJBE158P  
IJBE158O  
IJBE2400  
IJBE2715  
IJBE320X  
IJBE3203  
IJBE3211  
IJBE333Z  
IJBE3330

IJBE334Z  
IJBE3340  
IJBE335Y  
IJBE335Z  
IJBE3350  
IJBE3410  
IJBE3420  
IJBE3500  
IJBE3540  
IJBE3705  
IJBE3800  
IJBE3801  
IJBE3802  
IJBE3803  
IJBE3804  
IJBE3805  
IJBE3806  
IJBE3807  
IJBE380X  
IJBE389M  
IJBE3895

Link-Edit Statements

```
    INCLUDE IJBECALA      (Monitor)
// EXEC LNKEDT
    INCLUDE IJBECALB      (Edit/Select
    Retrieval)
// EXEC LNKEDT
    INCLUDE IJBECALC      (Summary)
// EXEC LNKEDT
    INCLUDE IJBECALD      (Tape Error
    Statistics)
// EXEC LNKEDT
    INCLUDE IJBERDE       (RDE Summary**)
// EXEC LNKEDT
```

- \* 80 byte area reserved for tape label processing. This procedure does away with the necessity of including a // LBLTYP card.
- \*\* The summary function will supply meaningful information only if ERRLOG=RDE is specified during system generation.

Delete Statements

```
DELETR IJBREP,IJBADPT,IJBEASTA,etc.
```

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 D3340 1  
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 D3410 1  
 D3420 1

D3540 1  
D3800 1  
D3886 1

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## DOS/VS System Generation

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This Technical Newsletter, a part of Release 34 of the IBM Disk Operating System/Virtual Storage, provides replacement pages for your publication. These replacement pages remain in effect for subsequent DOS/VS releases unless specifically altered. Pages to be replaced are:

39-42  
47, 48  
59, 60  
85, 86  
95, 96  
119, 120

A technical change to the text or to an illustration is indicated by a vertical line to the left of the change. Editorial changes are not indicated.

### Summary of Amendments

This Technical Newsletter corrects errors in the base publication and documents the restoring of DOS/VS to minidisk under VM/370.

*Note: Please insert this page in your publication to provide a record of changes.*

**IBM Laboratory, Programming Publications Department, Boeblingen, Germany**



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## DOS/VS System Generation

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This Technical Newsletter, a part of the independent component release (ICR) of support for the IBM 3800 Printing Subsystem under Release 34 of the IBM Disk Operating System/Virtual Storage, DOS/VS, provides replacement pages for your publication. Information contained on these pages applies only if the ICR is installed on your system. You need not insert the pages if it is not installed. These replacement pages remain in effect for subsequent DOS/VS releases unless specifically altered. Pages to be replaced are:

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### Summary of Amendments

Changes to the system are summarized under "Summary of Amendments" preceding the Preface.

For a complete list of publications that support the DOS/VS IBM 3800 Printing Subsystem ICR, see the *DOS/VS IBM 3800 Printing Subsystem Programmer's Guide*, GC26-3900.

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GC33-5377-6

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