# TBM

MVS/Extended Architecture Media Manager Diagnosis Reference

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## 

MVS/Extended Architecture Media Manager Diagnosis Reference

Licensed Program

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This is a major revision of, and makes obsolete, LY26-3965-0 (formerly titled <u>MVS/XA Media Manager Diagnosis Guide and</u> <u>Reference</u>).

This edition applies to Version 2 Release 3.0 of MVS/Extended Architecture Data Facility Product, Licensed Program 5665-XA2, and to any subsequent releases until otherwise indicated in new editions or technical newsletters.

The changes for this edition are summarized under "Summary of Changes" following the preface. Specific changes are indicated by a vertical bar to the left of the change. These bars will be deleted at any subsequent republication of the page affected. Editorial changes that have no technical significance are not noted.

Changes are made periodically to this publication; before using this publication in connection with the operation of IBM systems, consult the latest <u>IBM System/370, 30xx, and 4300</u> <u>Processors Bibliography</u>, GC20-0001, for the editions that are applicable and current.

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## PREFACE

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1	<u>MVS/Extended Architecture Media Manager Diagnosis Reference</u> discusses the functions performed by the media manager and how they relate to each other. It helps you to use symptoms to narrow the area of the media manager program to be examined, and to associate problem symptoms with specific functions. This information will assist you in supplying helpful detail when reporting new problems to the IBM Support Center.
ORGANIZATION	
1	This book is organized as follows:
J	Chapter 1, "Program Overview" on page 3, gives an external overview of the media manager program and each of the functions it performs.
	Chapter 2, "Program Functional Description" on page 5, describes the functional area of the media manager program product. This includes the function-to-function relationships, and the principal processing paths through each of the functions.
I	Chapter 3, "Module Directory" on page 9, provides a media manager module-to-module cross reference.
	Chapter 4, "Control Blocks and Data Areas" on page 12, describes the control blocks and data area linkages used by the media manager.
I	Chapter 5, "Service Aids" on page 30, contains a description of the media manager dump and its output. It also describes diagnostic tools that can be used to collect information on program failures.
	Appendix, "Return Codes" on page 32, lists the return codes that are provided when errors occur.
	"List of Abbreviations" on page 34, defines the abbreviations used in this book.
PREREQUISITE KNOWLE	DGE
	In order to use this book efficiently, you should be familiar with the following topics for system control programs:

- Dump analysis •
- Diagnostic practices •

#### RELATED PUBLICATIONS

Within the text, references are made to the publications listed in the table below:

Short Title	Publication Title	Order Number
Debugging Handbook	<u>MVS/Extended Architecture</u> <u>Debugging Handbook</u> , Volumes 1 through 5	LC28-1164 <sup>1</sup> LC28-1165 LC28-1166 LC28-1167 LC28-1168
Programming System General Information	IBM Field Engineering Programming System General Information	G229-2228
Service Aids	<u>MVS/Extended_Architecture System_Programming_Library: Service_Aids</u>	GC28-1159
Supervisor Services and Macro Instructions	<u>MVS/Extended Architecture System Programming Library: Supervisor Services and Macro Instructions</u>	GC28-1154
System Messages	<u>MVS/Extended_Architecture</u> <u>Message_Library:_System</u> <u>Messages</u> , Volumes 1 and 2	GC28-1376 and GC28-1377
Utilities	<u>MVS/Extended Architecture</u> <u>Data Administration:</u> <u>Utilities</u>	GC26-4150

#### Note

All five volumes may be ordered under one order number, LBOF-1015.

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## SUMMARY OF CHANGES

#### | <u>RELEASE 3.0, JUNE 1987</u>

The procedural diagnosis information in this manual has been moved to the new <u>MVS/XA Data Facility Product Version 2:</u> <u>Diagnosis Guide</u>. Consequentially, the title has been changed to indicate that the manual now contains only diagnosis reference information.

#### **NEW ENHANCEMENTS**

Information was added to "Data Areas" on page 18 and the Appendix, "Return Codes" on page 32, for support of linear data sets.

#### RELEASE 1.0, APRIL 1985

#### NEW ENHANCEMENTS

- The release level keyword, which was optional in earlier releases, is now required.
- Return codes for common errors have been added in the appendix.

#### VERSION 2 PUBLICATIONS

The preface includes order numbers for Version 2 books.

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## INTRODUCTION

l	This publication describes the media manager in terms of its functions. For purposes of this publication, function is defined as a logically distinct group of modules that performs a major part of a program's processing.
l	This publication is <u>not</u> intended to show you the procedural steps involved in diagnosing a media manager problem, nor how to modify or repair the program logic. It will, however, give you an adequate basis for communicating with an IBM program specialist about possible program failures.
ORGANIZATION	
	The information contained in this book is organized to support the diagnostician in analyzing the process being performed.
l	This book is organized as follows:
	"Program Overview" on page 3 presents an overview of the media manager, its purpose, and its functions. It is intended to provide a quick grasp of the processing performed by the media manager.
	"Program Functional Description" on page 5 describes the principal processing paths through each function.
	"Module Directory" on page 9 shows the module-to-module communication and the functions and sub-functions in which the module is involved. A brief description of each module is also included.
	"Control Blocks and Data Areas" on page 12 describes key data areas used for communications between the functional areas, and shows the data area linkages.
	"Service Aids" on page 30 contains descriptions of dumps and describes how to analyze diagnostic information for this product.

#### HOW TO USE THE REFERENCE MATERIALS

The following sections explain how to look for information that pertains to a specific function or module.

## FINDING THE MODULE IN A FUNCTION

To find out what module carries out a specific function, follow these steps:

- 1. Under "Program Functional Description" on page 5 and under the function heading you have chosen, find the name of the controlling module and the modules it calls in the processing sequence. One of these modules is likely to contain the code you are looking for.
- 2. If you want to know which modules call and are called by the particular module, look at the entry for that module under "Module Directory" on page 9.

Let's take an example. Suppose you want to know what module builds the channel program for a read request.

 Under "Program Overview" on page 3, find the function OP=RDWR in Figure 1. The description of OP=RDWR states that this function processes reads and writes for the data portion of records.

- 2. Under "Program Functional Description" on page 5, find the section on the RDWR function.
- 3. Look at the descriptions of the controlling module and the modules called to perform the RDWR function. The module ICYBLDCP is likely to be what you are looking for.
- 4. If you want to see which modules call ICYBLDCP or which modules it calls, find the entry for ICYBLDCP under "Module Directory" on page 9.

#### FINDING THE FUNCTION OF A MODULE

If you want to gain a general understanding of the context (or area of function) within which a module operates, the modules that call this module, and what they do, follow these steps.

- Under "Module Directory" on page 9, opposite the name of the module you are interested in, find the names of the functions it participates in.
- 2. See the descriptions of the functions in "Program Functional Description" on page 5.
- 3. If you want a more general view, see Figure 1.

For example. If you wish to find out what media manager function uses ICYBLIST, do the following:

- The entry in "Module Directory" on page 9 tells you that it is used by the RDWR and FMTWR functions.
- 2. A description of the functions is in "Program Functional Description" on page 5.

#### PROGRAM\_OVERVIEW

This section presents an overview of the media manager program, its purpose, and its functions. It also describes how the media manager interacts with other programs.

The media manager is a component of the MVS/Extended Architecture Data Facility Product (MVS/XA DFP), Program Product Number 5665-XA2.

It enables a caller to use relative byte addresses in requests to read and write data, and to pre-format a range of relative byte addresses on a direct access storage device (DASD). With relative byte addressing, the caller is independent of the device architecture and the channel programs required for I/O.

The media manager performs the following services:

- The INIT function builds and initializes the control blocks required to perform I/O.
- The RDWR function reads or writes the data portion of a logical record (control interval) on a DASD device.
- The FMTWR function writes count fields and data sequentially on a DASD device.
- The PFMT function pre-formats one or more DASD devices for a range of relative byte addresses.
- The CNVT function changes relative byte addresses to absolute device addresses (CCHHR), and vice versa.
- The MMSYSTEM function manages media manager resources. The modules used by the MMSYSTEM function are: ICYELE, ICYFRR, and ICYPURG. In addition, a system function manages media manager resources.
- The SRV function interfaces with the integrated catalog facility catalog to obtain data set information and to update that information when explicitly requested.

Macros issued by the calling program invoke most media manager functions. There are four macros: MMINIT, MMCALL, MMSRV, and MMCNVT. Figure 1 on page 4 shows the functions invoked by each of the macros and the controlling module for each function.



Figure 1. Functions Invoked by Media Manager Macros

#### PROGRAM\_FUNCTIONAL\_DESCRIPTION

This section describes the principal processing paths through each function and describes how the functions interact with each other. The functions are arranged alphabetically for easier reference.

From this section, you can relate external input to the processing of a function. The functions named in this section are those described in "Program Overview" on page 3.

The names of the functions are the titles of the main parts of this section. Under each function name is the description of the function's operation, as follows:

INPUT: Describes the input requirements for the function.

**PROCESSING:** Describes the processing the function performs.

**RESULTS:** Describes the results or output consequent to the execution of this function.

#### CNVT FUNCTION

**INPUT:** Register 0 for ICYCCHHR points to the UCB for the device containing the extent.

Register 1 points to the convert parameter list (ICYCPL).

The controlling modules are ICYRBA and ICYCCHHR.

**PROCESSING:** On receiving control, ICYRBA (or ICYCCHHR) proceed as follows:

- ICYRBA converts RBAs to CCHHRs.
- ICYCCHHR converts CCHHRs to RBAs.

**RESULTS:** RBA or CCHHR conversions are processed as specified in the calling program's request.

#### **FMTWR FUNCTION**

INPUT: Register 0 contains parameter information.

Register 1 points to the first element (MMRE) of an I/O request.

Register 2 points to the MMIB.

The controlling module is ICYFW.

**PROCESSING:** On receiving control, ICYFW proceeds as follows:

- Calls ICYSTOR to acquire work space and build the MMPB, indicating that requests are for format-write
- Establishes a functional recovery routine (FRR)
- Arranges the request elements in the chain in RBA sequence
- Calls ICYBLIST to build a list of control interval elements suitable for RBA-to-CCHHR conversion and channel program build
- Calls ICYRBA to convert RBAs to CCHHRs
- Calls ICYBLDCP to build I/O control blocks and channel programs

- Passes control to the I/O supervisor via the STARTIO macro to start input/output
- Returns to the calling module, and the I/O continues asynchronously

When the I/O is completed, ICYDIE/ICYNRM receives control, releases storage, and returns to the calling program via ICYPGAD, depending on the return code from the calling program's DIE exit.

When the I/O fails, ICYABN receives control and returns to the calling program always via ICYPGAD.

**RESULTS:** Format write requests are processed as specified by the calling program.

#### INIT FUNCTION

**INPUT:** The INIT function requires, as input, certain DASD device characteristics such as tracks per cylinder, bytes to be used on a track, and starting and ending device addresses for each extent.

Register 1 points to the calling program's parameter list that contains information needed to build EDBs and LPMBs.

The controlling module is ICYINIT.

**PROCESSING:** On receiving control, ICYINIT proceeds as follows:

- Builds extent definition blocks (EDBs) and logical-to-physical mapping blocks (LPMBs) as required for each extent for each volume entry specified
- Uses information in device blocks describing the physical characteristics of the data set and the device to construct LPMBs
- Initializes the media manager interface block (MMIB) with the addresses of the EDB and LPBM storage

**RESULTS:** The MMIB is now complete for processing calling program requests.

#### MMSYSTEM FUNCTION

**INPUT:** (No input used)

**PROCESSING:** The MMSYSTEM function proceeds as follows:

- ICYELE waits for notification from the system resource manager of a low system queue area (ESQA) condition and frees unused media manager storage.
- ICYFRR records information in the SYS1.LOGREC and SYS1.DUMPnn data sets for indeterminate errors or system X'COD' abends within the media manager.
- ICYPURG releases system resources held by the media manager or VSAM when a PURGE HALT request is received.

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**RESULTS:** (No output produced)

#### PFMT FUNCTION

INPUT: Register 0 contains parameter information.

Register 1 points to the I/O request element (MMRE).

Register 2 points to the MMIB.

The controlling module is ICYPFMT.

**PROCESSING:** On receiving control, ICYPFMT proceeds as follows:

- Calls ICYSTOR to acquire work space and build the MMPB
- Establishes a functional recovery routine (FRR)
- Calls ICYPFCP to set up a channel program to format a track
- Builds the I/O control blocks to interface with the I/O supervisor
- Passes control to the I/O supervisor via STARTIO macro to start I/O
- Returns to the calling module, and I/O continues asynchronously

On return from the I/O supervisor (IOS), ICYPFDIE calls ICYPFCP to format another track. If another track is required, ICYPFDIE re-drives the IOS. If finished, ICYPFDIE schedules ICYPGAD to return to the calling program. If an error occurs, ICYPFAPP gets control (in order to interface with user error routines, if they exist) before returning to the calling program via ICYPGAD.

**RESULTS:** Pre-format requests are processed as specified by the calling program.

#### **RDWR FUNCTION**

INPUT: Register 0 contains parameter information.

Register 1 points to the first element (MMRE) of an I/O request.

Register 2 points to the MMIB.

The controlling module is ICYRDWR.

**PROCESSING:** On receiving control, ICYRDWR proceeds as follows:

- Calls ICYSTOR to acquire work space and build the MMPB that keeps track of read/write processing
- Establishes a functional recovery routine
- Calls ICYSORT to sort the request elements in the calling program's request by relative byte address for efficiency of input/output, if specified by the calling program
- Calls ICYBLIST to build a list of control interval elements suitable for RBA-to-CCHHR conversion and channel program build
- Calls ICYRBA to convert RBAs to CCHHRs
- Calls ICYBLDCP to build I/O control blocks (SRB and IOSB) and channel programs
- Passes control to the I/O supervisor
- Returns to the calling module, and I/O continues asynchronously

When the I/O is completed, ICYDIE/ICYNRM receives control, releases storage, and returns to the calling program via ICYPGAD, depending on the return code from the calling program's DIE exit.

When the I/O fails, ICYABN receives control, and returns to the calling program, always via ICYPGAD.

**RESULTS:** Read/write requests are processed as specified by the calling program.

#### SRV FUNCTION

**INPUT:** The SRV function consists of five sub-functions: CONNECT, DISCONNECT, EXTEND, CATREAD, and CATUPDT. The media manager services parameter list (MMSPL) contains the DDNAME specification or the specification for the data set or a valid parameter list for sub-functions other than CONNECT. This MMSPL list is required as input. Register 1 points to the calling program's parameter list.

PROCESSING: On receiving control, ICYMMSRV proceeds as follows:

- Builds the media manager services work area (MSWA)
- Creates a dummy ACB to interface with VSAM
- Calls VSAM for CONNECT, EXTEND, DISCONNECT
  - Issues SVC 26 to obtain or update required catalog information
  - Returns to calling program

**RESULTS:** The sub-function is complete or a return code is passed to the calling program.

## MODULE DIRECTORY

This section shows the module-to-module communication within the program. Module information is organized alphabetically and is useful when following the flow between modules and when verifying what processing has taken place. The following table lists all media manager modules, and gives for each module:

- The functions to which it belongs
- The names of the modules by which it is called
- A brief description of what it does
- The name of the modules it calls
- The name of the module to which it exits

In both the "Called by" and the "Calls" column, a name in parentheses refers to another system component, as follows:

IOS	I/O supervisor
SRM	system resource manager
ENF	event notification facility
VSAM	virtual storage access method
VSM	virtual storage manager

Legend:

- Indicates an indirect call by scheduling an SRB.
- [] Indicates a branch.

Module	Function	Called by	Description	Calls	Exits to
ICYABN	RDWR FMTWR	(105)	IOS interface, abnormal end append- age		IOS +(0 or 8) ICYNRM
ICYBLDCP	RDWR FMTWR	ICYDIE ICYFW ICYPGAD ICYRDWR	Builds channel program	ICYSTOR	calling program
ICYBLIST	RDWR FMTWR	ICYFW ICYRDWR	Builds a list of control interval elements suitable for RBA conversion and channel program build	ICYSTOR	calling program
ICYCCHHR	CNVT PFMT	ICYPFAPP	Converts device address to relative byte address		calling program
ICYDIE	RDWR FMTWR	(105)	Interface between IOS and calling program's DIE routine for read-write and format-write requests	ICYBLDCP <icypgad> ICYRBA ICYSTOR</icypgad>	IOS +(0, 4 or 8)

Module	Function	Called by	Description	Calls	Exits to
ICYELE	MMSYSTEM	(SRM, ENF)	Upon notification from ENF, frees media manager stor- age blocks		calling program
ICYFRR	MMSYSTEM	(RTM)	Functional recovery routine		calling program
ICYFW	FMTWR		Processes format-write requests	ICYBLDCP ICYBLIST ICYRBA ICYSTOR	calling program
ICYIEDB	INIT	ICYINIT	Builds extent defi- nition block	ICYILPMB	calling program
ICYILPMB	INIT	ICYIEDB	Builds logical-to-physical mapping block		calling program
ICYINIT	INIT		Initializes media manager control blocks	ICYIEDB	calling program
ICYMMSRV	SRV		Access the integrated catalog facility catalog to build a media manager control block structure	(VSAM)	calling program
ICYMSTAE	SRV	(RTM)	ICYMMSRV ESTAE routine		calling program
ICYNRM	RDWR FMTWR	[ICYABN] (IOS)	IOS interface, normal end appendage		calling program
ICYPFAPP	PFMT	(105)	IOS interface, appendage that pre- formats by RBA range	ICYCCHHR	calling program
ICYPFCP	PFMT	ICYPFMT ICYPFDIE	Builds channel pro- gram to preformat within an RBA range	ICYRBA Icystor	calling program
ICYPFDIE	PFMT	(105)	Interface between IOS pre-format func- tion for redriving I/O until all tracks are formatted	ICYPFCP <icypgad></icypgad>	Same as ICYDIE
ICYPFMT	PFMT		Processes requests to pre-format within an RBA range	ICYPFCP ICYSTOR	calling program
ICYPGAD	RDWR FMTWR	<icydie> <icypfdie> (IOS)</icypfdie></icydie>	IOS interface, termination routine	ICYBLDCP Icyrba Icystor	system
ICYPURG	MMSYSTEM	(105)	IOS interface, purge routine		calling program
ICYRBA	RDWR FMTWR PFMT CNVT	ICYDIE ICYFW ICYPFCP ICYPGAD ICYRDWR	Converts relative byte address to CCHHR address		calling program

Module	Function	Called by	Description	Calls	Exits to
ICYRDWR	RDWR		Processes read and update-write requests	ICYBLDCP ICYBLIST ICYRBA ICYSORT ICYSTOR	calling program
ICYSORT	RDWR	ICYRDWR	Sorts I/O request elements for input/output efficiency		calling program
ICYSTOR	RDWR FMTWR PFMT	ICYRDWR ICYFW ICYPFMT ICYBLIST ICYBLDCP ICYDIE ICYPGAD ICYPFCP	Acquires space in main storage for the media manager	(VSM) (lock manager)	calling program

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This section describes the data areas (control blocks) used for communication between functions, programs, or parts of the system. This information is useful for interpreting storage dumps and for determining the program's and system's status at the time of failure. Only those data areas are documented that contain fields that direct processing from one function to another.

The media manager uses control blocks and data areas to map relative byte addresses to the actual device address. The media manager also builds internal control blocks to allow control of the I/O process and to maintain storage that is allocated to the media manager.

Where appropriate, key data areas have been provided. These are listed following the related control block.

Media manager functions use control blocks and data areas as follows:

Functions	Data	Areas					
INIT	EDB,	IDEVB,	, IPLS	r, lpmi	B, MMI	B	
RDWR, FMTWR, PFMT	EDB, MMSV,	LPMB, MMVR	MMIB,	MMPB,	MMPT,	MMRE,	MMSB,

CNVT CPL (part of MMPB for use by media manager; separate data area for calling programs)

SRV MMSPL, MSWA

Note: The prefix ICY is part of the mapping macro names on microfiche.

#### CONTROL BLOCK LINKAGES

Figure 2 shows a control block chain for initialization; Figure 3 on page 14 shows a control block chain for I/O processing.



Legend:

```
∂ Indicates pointer to.
```

Note:

\* The offset is taken from the beginning of the entry.

Figure 2. Control Block Chain, Initialization



Notes: 1. The offset is taken from the beginning of the entry. 2. @ is pointer to.





Figure 4. Media Manager Storage Block Linkages

#### DESCRIPTIONS OF CONTROL BLOCKS AND DATA AREAS

Following is a brief description of control blocks and data areas needed for diagnosis in the media manager.

**ICYCPL: CONVERT PARAMETER LIST** 

Pointed to by: Register 1.

Storage Location: Specified by calling program.

**Description:** Used by the convert routines to change RBA to CCHHR and vice versa.

Created: By calling program.

Released: By calling program.

#### **ICYEDB: EXTENT DEFINITION BLOCK**

**Pointed to by:** ICYMMIB.

**Storage Location**: Specified by calling program or obtained in MMINIT processing.

**Description:** Describes data set extents. There are one or more extent definition blocks for each data set. The extent descriptions in an EDB are in ascending RBA sequence. For each extent, the description includes the address of the associated LPMB, the starting and ending RBA, and the address of the UCB for the device associated with this extent.

**Created:** By execution of the MMINIT macro.

Released: By calling program.

#### ICYIDEVB: MEDIA MANAGER INITIALIZATION DEVICE BLOCK

**Pointed to by:** ICYIPLST.

Storage Location: Specified by calling program.

**Description:** Contains device-related data set information for a device type. Includes the length of a block, the unit of allocation, the physical block size, the control interval size, and the control area size for a specific device type.

Created: By calling program.

Released: By calling program.

#### **ICYIPLST: MEDIA MANAGER INITIALIZATION PARAMETER LIST**

**Pointed to by:** Register 1.

Storage Location: Specified by calling program.

**Description:** Has a pointer to the MMIB. Contains data set information for one or more volumes. Each volume entry includes the addresses of the unit control block (UCB) and device block for the device on which the volume is to be mounted; the low and high RBAs; and the beginning and ending cylinder and head addresses.

Created: By calling program.

Released: By calling program.

#### ICYLPMB: LOGICAL-TO-PHYSICAL MAPPING BLOCK

**Pointed to by:** ICYEDB.

**Storage Location**: Specified by calling program or obtained in MMINIT processing.

**Description:** Maps the descriptions of the data set extents in an EDB to the physical characteristics of the device type on which the volume resides.

**Created:** By execution of the MMINIT macro.

**Released:** By calling program.

#### **ICYMME: MEDIA MANAGER INTERFACE BLOCK EXTENSION**

**Pointed to by**: ICYMMIB, ICYMME.

Storage Location: Specified by calling program.

Description: Describes an extension of MMIB storage.

**Created:** By calling program.

Released: By calling program.

## ICYMMIB: MEDIA MANAGER INTERFACE BLOCK

Pointed to by: ICYMMPB, ICYIPLST, Register 2.

Storage Location Register 2: Specified by calling program.

**Description:** Provides linkages between the media manager and the calling program requesting I/O services. Includes pointers to the EDB and LPMB, the length of those blocks, and sub-pool information; and the addresses of the calling program's exit routines.

**Created:** By calling program.

Released: By calling program.

#### **ICYMMPB: MEDIA MANAGER PROCESS BLOCK**

**Pointed to by:** IOSB (IOSUSE); register 11 for the majority of media manager processing.

**Storage Location:** System queue area, within an MMSB.

**Description**: Describes the process being performed. Flags indicate whether the process is read, update-write, format-write, or pre-format. A 1-byte module identifier in field MMPMODID of the MMPB at offset X'1C' identifies the last media manager module in control.

**Created:** During request initialization.

Released: At request termination.

## DATA AREAS

## <u>MMPB</u>

Dec.(Hex.)	Length	Name	Description
0 (0)	564	MMPB	MEDIA MANAGER PROCESS BLOCK
0 (0)	4	MMPBID	EBCDIC IDENTIFIER 'MMPB'
4 (4)	12	MMPBPARM	INPUT PARAMETERS R0, R1, R2
4 (4)	4	MMPREG0	REGISTER 0 AT ENTRY
4 (4)	3	MMPFLG1	INPUT FLAGS
	1	MMPNBFCK	DO NOT DO BUFFER ADDRESS CHECK
	.1	MMPNSRT	DO NOT SORT MMRE CHAIN
	1	MMPREAL	MMRE HAS REAL (NOT VIRTUAL) BUFFER ADDRESSES
	1	MMPNFRR	FRR NOT WANTED FOR FRONT END (USE EUT FRR)
	1	MMPNDSBL	DO NOT DISABLE IN FRONT END
		MMPACSEQ	SEQUENTIAL ACCESS
	1.	MMPDEPNO	REQUESTS ARE NOT DEPENDENT
	1	MMPBYPCL	BYPASS CACHE LOAD
7 (7)	1	MMPKEY	PROTECT KEY FOR I/O
8 (8)	4	MMPMMRE	POINTER TO MMRE CHAIN
12 (C)	4	MMPMMIB	POINTER TO MMIB
16 (10)	4	MMPUSAV	USERS SAVE AREA REGISTER
20 (14)	4	MMPASID	ASID FOR COMPARE AND SWAP
20 (14)	2	MMPASIDR	RESERVED
22 (16)	2	MMPASIDH	ASID USED FOR SDUMP
24 (18)	4	ММРРТСВА	PURGE TCB ADDRESS
28 (1C)	96	MMPCLEAR	PORTION OF MMPB TO BE CLEARED At MMPB creation
28 (1C)	1	MMPMODID	FUNCTION CODE PORTION OF THE Return code
29 (1D)	1	MMPFLG2	GENERAL FLAGS (SOME ARE Declared below as abnormal)
	1	MMPERR	AT LEAST ONE MMRE IN THE Request was in error

Offset Dec.(Hex.)	Length	Name	Description
	.1	MMPDEP	DEPENDENCIES EXIST BETWEEN MMRES IN THE REQUEST
	1	MMPNTERM	DO NOT ENTER USERS TERMINATION Routine
	1	MMPFMTWR	FORMAT WRITE REQUEST
	1	MMPPRFMT	PREFORMAT REQUEST
		MMPFINIO	ALL IOSBS FINISHED
	1.	ММРРСК	PCK IN IOS OR FRR ENTERED
	1	MMPPURGE	PURGE ENABLED
29 (1D)	1	MMPABNL	FLAGS DECLARED ABNORMALLY
	1	MMPERRAB	SAME AS MMPERR
	.111 11		·
		ММРРСКАВ	SAME AS MMPPCK
30 (1E)	1	MMP2FLG	FLAGS FOR USE BY SECOND LEVEL MODULES
31 (1F)	1	MMPFLG3	RESERVED
	1	MMPIOP	I/O PREVENTED
	.111 1111		NOT USED
32 (20)	4	MMPMMSB	ADDRESS OF FIRST OWNED MMSB (LAST MMSB ACQUIRED)
36 (24)	4	MMPFSEG	ADDRESS FIRST STORAGE SEGMENT (LAST SEGMENT ACQUIRED)
40 (28)	4	MMPFREEP	FIRST FREE BYTE
44 (2C)	4	MMPFREEL	FREE LENGTH
48 (30)	4	MMPLISNP	ADDRESS OF LIST ELEMENT FOR NEXT CI TO PROCESS
52 (34)	4	MMPBLKCT	PHYSICAL RECORDS
56 (38)	4	MMPIOSBS	NUMBER OF IOSBS STARTED
60 (3C)	4	MMPIOSBF	NUMBER OF IOSBS FINISHED
64 (40)	2	MMPIOSBC	NUMBER OF IOSBS
66 (42)	2	MMPLISTC	NUMBER OF ELEMENTS IN MMPLIST
68 (44)	2	MMPCPAL	LENGTH OF CHANNEL PROGRAM AREA
70 (46)	1	MMPFRLK	LOCK FOR ICYFREE. 00 = DISABLED, FF = ENABLED
71 (47)	1	MMPSMSK	SAVE AREA FOR SYSTEM MASK
72 (48)	4	MMPCPAP	ADDRESS CHANNEL PROGRAM AREA
76 (4C)	4	MMPRETCD	RETURN CODE

Offset Dec.(Hex.)	Length	Name	Description
76 (4C)	2	MMPRETSS	SSSS
78 (4E)	1	MMPRETFF	FF
79 (4F)	1	MMPRETCC	СС
80 (50)	4	MMPURET	RETURN CODE FROM USER
84 (54)	4	MMPMMPT	ADDRESS OF MMPT ENTRY
88 (58)	4	MMPIPIB	ADDRESS OF IPIB IF PURGE IN Progress
92 (5C)	4	MMPUPURG	ADDRESS OF USER PURGE EXIT
96 (60)	4	MMPFRRWA	ADDRESS OF FRR WORK AREA
100 (64)	24	MMPLIST1	FIRST ELEMENT IN MMPLIST
124 (7C)	232	MMPI01	FIRST IOSB AREA
356 (164)	72	MMPSMSAV	SAVE AREA FOR CALLING ICYSTOR And Icyrba
428 (1AC)	64	MMPSAVE2	GENERAL SAVE AREA
492 (1EC)	8	MMP2WA	WORK AREA
500 (1F4)	64	MMPSAVE3	SAVE AREA FOR FRONT END WHEN Back end may be processing. May not be used by back end

## MMPB LIST ELEMENT

Offset Dec. (Hex. )	Length	Name	Description		
0 (0)	24	MMPLIST	CI LIST ELEMENTS FOR WHICH I/O WILL BE DONE		
0 (0)	4	MMPMMREP	ADDRESS OF THE MMRE		
4 (4)	1	MMPLISTF	FLAGS		
	1	MMPLREQE	LAST LIST ENTRY FOR REQUEST		
	.1	MMPLSEGE	LAST LIST ENTRY FOR SEGMENT		
	1	MMPLWRIT	WRITE THIS CI (OFF FOR READ)		
	1 1	MMPRSV01	RESERVED		
		MMPLSP	SEARCH PREV. CHANNEL PROGRAM		
	1.	MMPLCNTL	THIS IS A CONTROL ELEMENT		
	1	MMPLXERR	EXTENT ERROR FOR LIST ELEMENT		
5 (5)	1	MMPLCI	RELATIVE CI IN MMRE (0 TO 14)		
6 (6)	8	MMPLB	<b>BEGINNING BBCCHHR &amp; SECTOR</b>		

Offset Dec.(Hex.)	Length	Name	Description
6 (6)	7	MMPLBSK	BEGINNING BBCCHHR
6 (6)	2	MMPLBB	BEGINNING BB
6 (6)	1	MMPLSTF1	FLAGS SET BY RBA CONVERT FOR Channel program bu
	1	MMPLCTIG	THIS CI CONTIGUOUS WITH PRIOR CI
	.1	MMPLSCYL	CI ON SAME CYLINDER AS Previous Ci
	1	MMPLSTRK	CI ON SAME TRACK AS PREVIOUS CI
	1	MMPLSEXT	CI IN SAME EXTENT AS PREVIOUS CI
	1	MMPLSRW	CI IS SAME READ/WRITE OPERATION AS PREVIOUS CI
		MMPLECKD	EXTENT IF FOR FULL ECKD
		MMPLLR	LOCATE RECORD SUPPORTED
	1.	MMPLDE	DEFINE EXTENT SUPPORTED
	1	MMPRSV02	RESERVED
7 (7)	1	MMPLSTF2	FLAGS FOR USE BY CHAN PROG Build
8 (8)	5	MMPLBCHR	BEGINNING CCHHR
8 (8)	4	MMPLBRBA	BEGINNING RBA
8 (8)	4	MMPLBCH	BEGINNING CCHH
8 (8)	2	MMPLBC	BEGINNING CC
10 (A)	2	MMPLBH	BEGINNING HH
12 (C)	1	MMPLBR	BEGINNING R
13 (D)	1	MMPLSSEC	STARTING SECTOR
14 (E)	6	MMPLE	ENDING CCHHR & SECTOR
14 (E)	5	MMPLECHR	ENDING CCHHR
14 (E)	4	MMPLECH	ENDING CCHH
14 (E)	2	MMPLEC	ENDING CC
16 (10)	2	MMPLEH	ENDING HH
18 (12)	1	MMPLER	ENDING R
19 (13)	1	MMPLESEC	ENDING SECTOR
20 (14)	4	MMPLEDBP	ADDRESS OF EDB EXTENT FOR THIS Control Interval
20 (14)	4	MMPLNEXT	ADDRESS OF MORE LIST ELEMENTS (VALID IF MMPLCNT ON)

## MMPB I/O BLOCK

Offset Dec.(Hex.)	Length	Name	Description
0 (0)	232	MMPIO	SRB/IOSB AREA. THE IOSB IS THE FIRST ITEM IN THE AREA AND IOSUSE POINTS TO THE MMPB
0 (0)	108	MMPIOSB	IOSB
108 (6C)	44	MMPSRB	SRB
152 (98)	4	MMPIONP	ADDRESS OF NEXT MMPIO AREA
156 (9C)	5	MMPIOCHR	CCHHR WORK AREA FOR USE BY Normal Appendage
156 (9C)	2	MMPIOC	СС
158 (9E)	2	MMPIOH	нн
160 (A0)	1	MMPIOR	R
161 (A1)	1	MMPIOF2	FOR USE BY DIE AND APPENDAGES
162 (A2)	2	MMPIOF1	FLAGS SPECIFIC TO THIS IOSB
	1	MMPIOERR	AT LEAST ONE MMRE IN ERROR
	.1	MMPCPINC	SEGMENT HAS BEEN BROKEN FOR Error recovery and incomplete When I/O finishes
164 (A4)	64	MMPIOSAV	SAVE AREA FOR APPENDAGES
228 (E4)	4	MMPCFRBA	ADDRESS OF FIRST CI LIST ENTRY FOR PORTION OF THE SEGMENT CURRENTLY SCHEDULED TO IOS

## CROSS-REFERENCE FOR MMPB

Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)	Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)	Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)
MMPABNL	29 (1D)	MMPACSEQ	4 X'04'	MMPASID	20 (14)
MMPASIDH	22 (16)	MMPASIDR	20 (14)	MMPB	0 (0)
MMPBID	0 (0)	MMPBLKCT	52 (34)	MMPBPARM	4 (4)
MMPBYPCL	4 X'01'	MMPCFRBA	228 (E4)	MMPCLEAR	28 (1C)
MMPCPAL	68 (44)	ММРСРАР	72 (48)	MMPCPINC	162 X'40'
MMPDEP	29 X'40'	MMPDEPNO	4 X'02'	MMPERR	29 X'80'
MMPERRAB	29 X'80'	MMPFINIO	29 X'04'	MMPFLG1	4 (4)
MMPFLG2	29 (1D)	MMPFLG3	31 (1F)	MMPFMTWR	29 X'10'
MMPFREEL	44 (2C)	MMPFREEP	40 (28)	MMPFRLK	70 (46)

Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)	Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)	Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)
MMPFRRWA	96 (60)	MMPFSEG	36 (24)	MMPIO	0 (0)
MMPIOC	156 (9C)	MMPIOCHR	156 (9C)	MMPIOERR	162 X'80'
MMPIOF1	162 (A2)	MMPIOF2	161 (A1)	MMPIOH	158 (9E)
MMPIONP	152 (98)	MMPIOP	31 X'80'	MMPIOR	160 (A0)
MMPIOSAV	164 (A4)	MMPIOSB	0 (0)	MMPIOSBC	64 (40)
MMPIOSBF	60 (3C)	MMPIOSBS	56 (38)	MMPI01	124 (7C)
MMPIPIB	88 (58)	MMPKEY	7 (7)	MMPLB	6 (6)
MMPLBB	6 (6)	MMPLBC	8 (8)	MMPLBCH	8 (8)
MMPL BCHR	8 (8)	MMPLBH	10 (A)	MMPLBR	12 (C)
MMPLBRBA	8 (8)	MMPLBSK	6 (6)	MMPLCI	5 (5)
MMPLCNTL	4 X'02'	MMPLCTIG	6 X'80'	MMPLDE	6 X'02'
MMPLE	14 (E)	MMPLEC	14 (E)	MMPLECH	14 (E)
MMPLECHR	14 (E)	MMPLECKD	6 X'04'	MMPLEDBP	20 (14)
MMPLEH	16 (10)	MMPLER	18 (12)	MMPLESEC	19 (13)
MMPLISNP	48 (30)	MMPLIST	0 (0)	MMPLISTC	66 (42)
MMPLISTF	4 (4)	MMPLIST1	100 (64)	MMPLLR	6 X'04'
MMPLNEXT	20 (14)	MMPLREQE	4 X'80'	MMPLSCYL	6 X'40'
MMPLSEGE	4 X'40'	MMPLSEXT	6 X'10'	MMPLSP	4 X'04'
MMPLSRW	6 X'08'	MMPLSSEC	13 (D)	MMPLSTF1	6 (6)
MMPLSTF2	7 (7)	MMPLSTRK	6 X'20'	MMPLWRIT	4 X'20'
MMPLXERR	4 X'01'	MMPMMIB	12 (C)	MMPMMPT	84 (54)
MMPMMRE	8 (8)	MMPMMREP	0 (0)	MMPMMSB	32 (20)
MMPMODID	28 (1C)	MMPNBFCK	4 X'80'	MMPNDSBL	4 X'08'
MMPNFRR	4 X'10'	MMPNSRT	4 X'40'	MMPNTERM	29 X'20'
ММРРСК	29 X'02'	ММРРСКАВ	29 X'02'	MMPPRFMT	29 X'08'
ММРРТСВА	24 (18)	MMPPURGE	29 X'01'	MMPREAL	4 X'20'
MMPREGO	4 (4)	MMPRETCC	79 (4F)	MMPRETCD	76 (4C)
MMPRETFF	78 (4E)	MMPRETSS	76 (4C)	MMPRSV01	4 X'18'
MMPRSV02	6 X'01'	MMPSAVE2	428 (1AC)	MMPSAVE3	500 (1F4)
MMPSMSAV	356 (164)	MMPSMSK	71 (47)	MMPSRB	108 (6C)
MMPUPURG	92 (5C)	MMPURET	80 (50)	MMPUSAV	16 (10)
MMP2FLG	30 (1E)	MMP2WA	492 (1EC)		

.

## ICYMMPT: MEDIA MANAGER PURGE TABLE

Pointed to by: ICYMMPT. Storage Location: Nucleus or system queue area. Description: Contains addresses of active media manager process blocks. Created: As required during request processing. Released: Not released.

#### MMPT

Offset Dec.(Hex.)	Length	Name	Description
0 (0)	256	ICYMMPT	MEDIA MANAGER PURGE TABLE
0 (0)	8	MPTHDR	HEADER
0 (0)	4	MPTID	ID = MMPT
4 (4)	4	MPTNEXT	NEXT MMPT
8 (8)	248	МРТММРВ	POINTER TO MMPB OR ZERO IF NONE

#### CROSS-REFERENCE FOR MMPT

Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)	Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)	Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)
ICYMMPT	0 (0)	MPTHDR	0 (0)	MPTID	0 (0)
МРТММРВ	8 (8)	MPTNEXT	4 (4)		

#### **ICYMMRE: MEDIA MANAGER REQUEST ELEMENT**

**Pointed to by:** ICYMMPB, Register 1.

Storage Location: Specified by calling program.

**Description:** Used by the calling program to communicate requests for data to the media manager. Flags indicate whether a read or a write is requested. Includes the number of control intervals in the request, and the address of the next request element, if applicable.

Created: By calling program.

Released: By calling program.

## ICYMMSB: MEDIA MANAGER STORAGE BLOCK

Pointed to by: ICYMMSV.

Storage Location: System queue area.

**Description:** Describes the storage blocks that are owned and managed by the media manager.

**Created:** As required during request processing.

**Released:** By ICYELE when signaled by the system resource manager if the block is not in use.

<u>MMSB</u>

Offset Dec.(Hex.)	Length	Name	Description
0 (0)	4096	MMSB	MEDIA MANAGER STORAGE BLOCK
0 (0)	16	MMSHDR	HEADER
0 (0)	4	MMSID	CHARACTERS MMSB
4 (4)	4	MMSLOCKP	ADDRESS OF LOCK FOR BLOCK (IN MMSV)
8 (8)	4	MMSFSEG	ADDRESS OF FIRST SEGMENT
12 (C)	4	MMSMMSB	ADDRESS OF NEXT MMSB ON OWNED CHAIN
16 (10)	4080	MMSBSEGS	AREA FOR SEGMENTS
0 (0)	16	MMSBSEG	ALLOCATED OR FREE SEGMENT
0 (0)	16	MMSSHDR	SEGMENT HEADER
0 (0)	4	MMSSMMSB	ADDRESS OF MMSB
4 (4)	4	MMSSCHN	ADDRESS OF NEXT SEGMENT IN THIS MMSB
8 (8)	4	MMSSUCHN	ADDRESS OF NEXT SEGMENT USED BY THIS REQUEST
12 (C)	4	MMSSASID	ASID OF THE OWNER OF THIS SEGMENT. FFFF IF FREE
16 (10)	0	MMSSSTG	REST OF SEGMENT

## CROSS-REFERENCE FOR MMSB

Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)	Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)	Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)
		MMSB	0 (0)	MMSBSEG	0 (0)
MMSBSEGS	16 (10)	MMSFSEG	8 (8)	MMSHDR	0 (0)
MMSID	0 (0)	MMSLOCKP	4 (4)	MMSMMSB	12 (C)
MMSSASID	12 (C)	MMSSCHN	4 (4)	MMSSHDR	0 (0)
MMSSMMSB	0 (0)	MMSSSTG	16 (10)	MMSSUCHN	8 (8)

## ICYMMSV: MEDIA MANAGER STORAGE VECTOR

**Pointed to by:** ICYMMSV.

Storage Location: Nucleus or system queue area.

**Description:** Contains the addresses of media manager storage blocks.

**Created:** As required during request processing.

Released: Not released.

MMSV

Offset Dec.(Hex.)	Length	Name	Description		
0 (0)	256	ICYMMSV	MEDIA MANAGER STORAGE VECTOR		
0 (0)	256	MMSVENTS	INDIVIDUAL ENTRIES		
0 (0)	8	MMSVENT	MMSV ENTRY		
0 (0)	4	MMSVLOCK	LOCK FOR MMSB		
	1	MMSVCHN	CHAIN ENTRY (BITS 1 THRU 31 are 0's)		
4 (4)	4	MMSVADDR	ADDR IF MMSB OR NEXT MMSV		

CROSS-REFERENCE FOR MMSV

Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)	Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec. (Hex. )	Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)
	·	ICYMMSV	0 (0)	MMSVADDR	4 (4)
MMSVCHN	0 X'80'	MMSVENT	0 (0)	MMSVENTS	0 (0)
MMSVLOCK	0 (0)	END OF	MMSV		

## ICYMMVT: MEDIA MANAGER VECTOR TABLE

Pointed to by: CVTMMVT.

Storage Location: Nucleus.

**Description:** Contains addresses of media manager routines, a patch area, the first MMSV prefixed by the characters ICYMMSV1, and the first MMPT.

**Created:** By link-editing media manager into the nucleus.

Released: Not released.

MMVT

Offset Dec.(Hex.)	Length	Name	Description
0 (0)	2	MMVT	MEDIA MANAGER VECTOR TABLE
0 (0)	2	MMVLEN	TOTAL LENGTH OF MMVT
2 (2)	0	MMVCPYRT	COPYRIGHT INFORMATION
2 (2)	1		BLANK
3 (3)	11	MMVCOMP	COMPONENT ID
0 (0)	992	MMVTC	POINTED TO BY CVTMMVT
0 (0)	4	MMVPATCH	M/M PATCH AREA LOCATION
4 (4)	4	MMVIOSB	M/M IOSB SKELETON LOCATION
8 (8)	4	MMVINIT	M/M INITIALIZATION ROUTINE
12 (C)	4	MMVRDWR	M/M READ AND UPDATE WRITE
16 (10)	4	MMVFW	M/M FORMAT WRITE
20 (14)	4	MMVPFMT	M/M PREFORMAT BY RBA RANGE
24 (18)	4	MMVRBA	M/M RBA TO CCHHR CONVERT
28 (1C)	4	MMVCCHHR	M/M CCHHR TO RBA CONVERT
32 (20)	4	MMVMMSRV	MEDIA MANAGER SERVICES
36 (24)	4	MMV553I	ADDRESS OF MODULE IGG0553I

Offset Dec.(Hex.)	Length	Name	Description
40 (28)	4	MMVSM	M/M STORAGE MANAGER
44 (2C)	4	MMVELE	M/M EVENT LISTEN EXIT
48 (30)	4	MMVSORT	M/M REQUEST ELEMENT SORT
52 (34)	4	MMVBLIST	M/M CI LIST BUILD
56 (38)	4	MMVBLDCP	M/M CHANNEL PROGRAM BUILD
60 (3C)	4	MMVPFCP	M/M PREFORMAT CP BUILD
64 (40)	4	MMVDIE	M/M DISABLED INTERRUPT EXIT
68 (44)	4	MMVPFDIE	M/M PREFORMAT DIE
72 (48)	4	MMVNRM	M/M NORMAL END APPENDAGE
76 (4C)	4	MMVABN	M/M ABNORMAL END APPENDAGE
80 (50)	4	MMVPFAPP	M/M PREFORMAT APPENDAGE
84 (54)	4	MMVPGAD	M/M TERMINATION ROUTINE
88 (58)	4	MMVPURG	M/M PURGE ROUTINE
92 (5C)	4	MMVFRR	M/M FUNCTIONAL RECOVERY ROUTINE
96 (60)	4	MMVIEDB	M/M EDB INITIALIZATION
100 (64)	4	MMVILPMB	M/M LPMB INITIALIZATION
104 (68)	4	MMVRSV02	RESERVED
108 (6C)	256	MMVPTCH1	M/M PATCH AREA
364 (16C)	108	MMVIOSB1	M/M IOSB SKELETON
472 (1D8)	8	MMVMMSVE	EYE-CATCHER
480 (1E0)	256	MMVMMSV1	M/M FIRST STORAGE VECTOR
736 (2E0)	256	MMVMMPT1	M/M FIRST PURGE TABLE

## CROSS-REFERENCE FOR MMVT

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Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)	Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)	Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec. (Hex. )
MMVABN	76 (4C)	MMVBLDCP	56 (38)	MMVBLIST	52 (34)
MMVCCHHR	28 (1C)	MMVCOMP	3 (3)	MMVCPYRT	2 (2)
MMVDIE	64 (40)	MMVELE	44 (2C)	MMVFRR	92 (5C)
MMVFW	16 (10)	MMVIEDB	96 (60)	MMVILPMB	100 (64)
MMVINIT	8 (8)	MMVIOSB	4 (4)	MMVIOSB1	364 (16C)
MMVLEN	0 (0)	MMVMMPT1	736 (2E0)	MMVMMSRV	32 (20)

Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)	Name	Offset/ Equ Value Dec.(Hex.)	Name	Offset/ Eçu Value Dec.(Hex.)
MMVMMSVE	472 (1D8)	MMVMMSV1	480 (1EO)	MMVNRM	72 (48)
MMVPATCH	0 (0)	MMVPFAPP	80 (50)	MMVPFCP	60 (3C)
MMVPFDIE	68 (44)	MMVPFMT	20 (14)	MMVPGAD	84 (54)
MMVPTCH1	108 (6C)	MMVPURG	88 (58)	MMVRBA	24 (18)
MMVRDWR	12 (C)	MMVRSV02	104 (68)	MVSM	40 (28)
MMVSORT	48 (30)	MMVT	0 (0)	MMVTC	0 (0)
MMV553I	36 (24)				

#### SERVICE AIDS

This section contains descriptions of dumps and tools that are used to collect and analyze diagnostic information for the media manager.

A program check or other abend that occurs either in the media manager or in an exit routine will result in a summary dump of the media manager control blocks. This dump is written to the SYS1.DUMPxx data set using the SDUMP macro instruction. Also, an error record may be written out to SYS1.LOGREC in the event of an undetermined error.

The media manager will provide a dump, using SDUMP, only if the operating environment was such that a functional recovery routine (FRR) could be established. An FRR is not established for functions invoked via the MMCNVT or MMINIT macros. Functions invoked via the MMCALL procedure are protected by an FRR.

Figure 5 is a sample of a summary dump. The first area is the SUMLIST RANGE, which shows the media manager vector table (MMVT). The second area is the range that shows the media manager process block (MMPB) that contains information on the current status of the media manager request. The third area, identified as the SDWA, is the system diagnostic work area and contains the name of the function and the name of the module last in control. The fourth area is the first register area, which starts with the registers in the interrupt handler save area and continues with the registers in the SDWA.

RELITA MANAG	BR, 5752-DH1-CH, SDOMP 18	SUED BY ICYPER	NODULE LEAVTSDT DATE	07/15/80 TIEE 11.57.36 PAGE 0005
	SUBBARY DURP OUTPUT	FOR ASID 0003		
	IST BANGE BECORD 0330*0075 F7 F4P060 C1D4F7* D9D740071 F2 F8F040 D3C9C35 D9C D440 D7050607 C509838 00081588 00081770 0001221 00081878 0080138 00081221 00081878 0080138 0008121 00081878 0080038 00082 1185 F808 00010 100000 1185 F808 00010 100000	LD X*0022* COPIED PRO 9 4DC35D40 C3D6D726 9 5D27554 40D8C18 9 40D66640 C72D446 9 0000248 0001857 9 00012370 0001875 0 00012370 0001875 0 0000000 000000 10 260 ABE TH2 SABE 0 000000 0000000	R DURP ADDRESS 000100C0 POR D9C9C7C8 2380C9C2 D450C3D6 C509C9C1 D3806080 D709D627 40000000 0001D17C 0001D27C 00081118 0001CC70 00081280 0008178 0000000 000000 000018378 0000000 0000000 5782 ABOVE LIVE 00000000 0000000 0000000	A LENGTH OF X'00000330' BITES. 
000 10200 000 10200 000 10200 000 10300 000 10300 000 10300 000 10300	00000000 0000000 0000000 00000000 000000	00000000 00000000 00000000 0000000 000000	ОСОСОСОО ОСО ЦДСКО СОО ЦДКО ОСОСОСОО ОСОС ЦДСКО СОО ЦДКО ОСОСОСОО ОСОСООО ОСОСООО ОСОСОСОО ОСОСРЕТИВ СООСОСОО ОСОСОСОО ОСОСРЕТИВ СООСОСООО ОСОСРЕТИВ СООСОСОООО ОСОСРЕТИВ СООСОСОООО ОСОСРЕТИВ СООСОСОООО ОСОСРЕТИВ СООСОСООООООООООООООООООООООООООООООО	LENGTH OF X'00000598' BYTES.
000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	DALAD 7C2 50000060 0082635 007EC210 00700000 000000 007EC240 00700000 000000 00826450 CR000000 000000 00826450 CR000000 000000 0082670 0007EC020 000000 00000000 0002626 000000 00700 00000000 000266 000000 00700 00000000 000266 000000 007EC07C 00000055C 000203 00000000 000266 0000000 007EC080 00000000 007020 007EC080 0000000 007020 007EC080 00000000 007020 007EC080 00000000 007020 007EC080 00000000 007020 007EC080 0000000 007020 007EC080 0000000 007020 007EC080 0000000 007020 007EC080 00000000 007020 007EC080 00000000 007020 007EC080 0000000 007020 007EC080 00000000 007020 007EC080 00000000 0000000000000000000000000	008 26400    007 EC000      000 26800    00002900      000 26800    0000000      000 26800    0000000      000 26800    0000000      000 26800    0000000      000 26800    0000000      000 26800    0000000      000 26800    0000000      000 2800    0000000      000 2000    E2D8224      000 2000    E2D8224      000 2000    F129737      000 2000    F129737      000 2000    00000000      000 2000    F129737      000 2000    F1383548      000 2000    F1335548      000 2000    F1335548      00 40000000    F1335548	00FEC5A8 0000000 00000003 0000003 10880000 0000000 00000000 0000000 03687705 00000000 0000000 03687705 00000000 0000000 0368705 00000000 000FF1850 0000000 00000000 000FF1853 0000000 00000000 000FEC50 000FC165 00000000 000FEC50 000FEC50 000FEC50 000224358 00022460 000FEC50 000224358 00022400 000FEC50 000224358 00022400 000FEC50 000224358 00025400 000FEC50 000225405 00000000 000FEC50 000225405 00000000 000FEC50 000225405 00000000 000FEC50 000000 000000000000 000FEC50 0000000 000000000000000000000000000	BBPB    E
Figure	5 (Part 1 of 2).	Summary Dump	Sample	

S	DWA	BECORD ID X*0038*	COPIED FROM DUMP ADDRESS 0082	2358 FOR A LENGTH OF I*00000200* BYTRS.
MEDIA M	IANAG86, 5752-08 1-CN,	SDUMP ISSUED BY ICY	PER RODULE IEAVT	SDT DATE 07/15/80 TIME 11.57.36 PAGE 0017
0062234 0082236 0082236 0082236 0082234 00822230 00652234 00062224 00062224 00062224 00062224 00062224 00062224 00062255 00062255 00062255 00062255 00062255	00    000000000000000000000000000000000000	00000000 0000000 6002A249 00002A66 50081786 00000001 00040006 007F9DB4 40082400 00FEC020 0000000 0052242C 00000000 0052242C 00000000 0052242C 00000000 00500000 CC 10 7D7 CSC328C6 00000000 0000000 CC 10 7D 00824200 AR2 00344032 LACCSCC3 E2C820400 0000000 0000000 0000000 0000000 0000000 0000000 0000000 0000000 0000000 00000000	C0000C7C C0000000 0626358 0062640 00PEC268 00022058 40061290 0000000 000000 000000 0000000 070C0000 00018370 00040006 00PEC260 00226260 60020A25 00826358 00PEC260 50081PB6 00000000 0000000 00000000 00000000 0000000 0000000 00000000	900C6000 00FEC020 00FEC020 00000000 00000000 00002046 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000
1	EGISTER AREA	- RECORD ID 1°0030°	CUPIED FROM DUMP ADDRESS COPP	CE50 FOP & LENGTH OF 1.00001000. BYTES.
	0    00000000    0000000      0    0000000    0000000      0    0000000    0000000      0    0000000    0000000      0    0000000    00000000      0    0000000    00000000      0    0000000    00000000      0    0000000    00000000      0    0000000    00000000      0    0000000    00000000      0    0000000    00000000      0    0000000    00000000      0    00000000    00000000      0    00000000    00000000      0    00000000    00000000      0    00000000    00000000      0    00000000    000000000      0    000000000    000000000000000000000000000000000000	00000000 0000000 6002AAE2 00002A68 50087F86 0000000 0000000 00000000	00000000 0002050 000000 000000 0000000 00025058 000826400 00000000 00002058 00040006 00000000 0000000 00000000 00000000 000000	0000000
Figur	re 5 (Part 2 of	F 2). Summar	y Dump Sample	

#### APPENDIX. RETURN CODES

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For certain errors that may occur when a media manager function is invoked, or a termination routine is called, return codes will be provided.

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Return codes are located in register 15 when control is returned to the program that called the media manager; in register zero, when the media manager calls an exit routine.

Return codes will have the format <u>ccccffss</u>; <u>cccc</u> is the return code, <u>ff</u> is the module that detected the error, and <u>ss</u> is a status byte.

The status byte represents the following:

#### <u>ss field</u> <u>Error Description</u>

00	No error.
04	Warning.
08	Extent error.
0C	Logic error.
10	Permanent I/O error.
14	Error can't be determined.

In combination with one of these status bytes, return codes in the <u>CCCC</u> field indicate the following errors:

## cccc ff ss Error Description

0000	 00	No errors.
0000	 04	No errors. DIE exit is receiving control in SRB
		mode.
0010	 08	The end of a CI is out of its extent.
0014	 08	Extent not found.
0018	 08	Extent not active.
0420	 08	Overlapping extents.
0424	 08	Invalid ending RBA.
0428	 08	Block size is too large for the device.
042C	 08	Inconsistent CI sizes.
0004	 ñč.	Two writes to the same RBA.
0008	 ňč	Two reads to the same buffer
0010	 ňč	MMRF specifies output but MMIB specifies input
		only.
2000	 00	An MMRE specifies multiple (Is to be sorted
0010	 ůč	load real address error Buffers not fixed
0020	 ůč	Starting RRA not on CI houndary-preformat only
0020	 ňč	Insufficient storage for channel program due to
0024	00	modia managan stanaga constrainte
0400	 00	GETMAIN oppon for IPMR
0400		Troufficient storage supplied for LDMR
0400		CETMAIN annous for EDR
0/10		DETMAIN EFFOR TOR EDD.
0410		insufficient storage supplied for EDB.
0434		The parameter list is incomplete.
0010	 10	1/U prevented.
0020	 10	Permanent 1/0 error.
0030	 14	Error can't be determined.
0034	 14	Indeterminate error - I/O has been started.

The <u>ff</u> field of the return code identifies the module that has detected the error. These codes may also be found in the MMPMODID field of the MMPB.

#### <u>ff field</u> Module

	ICYMMSRV
	ICYMMVTC
	TCYMSTAF
01	TCYRDWR
02	TCYFW
02	TOVDEMT
0.5	TCYDBA
05	TCACCHID
05	
00	TCTSTOK
07	ICYSURI
80	ICYBLIST
09	ICYELE
0A	ICYBLDCP
OB	ICYPFCP
0C	ICYDIE
OD	ICYPFDIE
0E	ICYNRM
ÓF	ICYABN
10	ICYPFAPP
īi	TCYPGAD
12	TCYPURG
13	TCYFPR
40	TOYINIT
70 61	TOTINII
41	TCATEDD
42	TOTICAND

## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ACDS.	alternate control data set.	к.	1024 (a kilobyte=1024 bytes).
APAR.	authorized program analysis report.	LPMB.	logical-to-physical mapping block.
CCHHR.	cylinder-cylinder head-head record.	MMIB.	media manager interface block. media manager process block.
CDS.	control data set.	MMPT.	media manager purge table.
CI.	control interval.	MMRE.	media manager request element.
CSI.	consolidated software inventory.	MMSB.	media manager storage block.
CVT.	communication vector table.	MMSV.	media manager storage vector.
DASD.	direct access storage device.	MMVT.	media manager vector table.
DIE.	disabled interrupt exit.	RBA.	relative byte address.
EDB.	extent definition block.	RMID.	replace module identifier.
ENF.	event notification facility.	SDWA.	system diagnostic work area.
ESQA.	extended system queue area.	SMP.	System Modification Program.
EWS.	early warning system.	SMP/E.	System Modification Program
FMID.	function modification identifier.	SRB.	service request block.
FRR.	functional recovery routine.	SRM.	system resource manager.
105.	I/O supervisor.	SSF.	Software Support Facility.
IOSB.	I/O supervisor block.	UCB.	unit control block.
JCL.	job control language.	VSM.	virtual storage manager.

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