## Digital Computer Laboratory Massachusetts Institute of Technology Cambridge, Massachusetts

SUBJECT: SOME NOTES ON CURRENT TUBE TYPES

To: All Division 6 Engineers and Technicians

From: H. B. Frost

Date: May 4, 1953

Abstract: Numerous tubes with RTMA 4-digit type numbers are in current use on this project. In many cases receiving-type tubes have been replaced by these newer types, with resultant confusion. A list of equivalents has been prepared to clarify this situation.

> Some tube types, in particular the 715C, are either obsolete or unsatisfactory and should not be used in new design.

Many of the tubes now in the laboratory have type numbers of the RTMA 5500 series. In many cases, these tubes represent improvements on standard receiving tubes with old familiar numbers and may be substituted directly for such tubes without circuit changes. However, a certain amount of confusion has resulted from the use of the newer tubes in sockets numbered for the prototype types. Such confusion is perpetuated through parts lists, drawings, and the master bill of materials for the WWI computer.

A list of tubes with essentially equivalent electrical characteristics has been prepared to clarify the situation. These are arranged in order of the receiving tube numbers, with equivalents described briefly. Parts lists should specify the tube which will be used in the circuit, not the prototype tube. Obsolete tubes or types not recommended should not be used in new designs.

- OB2 The 6074 is a premium version of the OB2, made by RCA. This type will be placed in service when present stocks of OB2's are depleted. The 6074 should be specified for new designs.
- 2C51 The 5670 is the ARINC version of the 2C51, made by G.E. and Raytheon. While the 5670 is considerably better than the 2C51, the close spacings inherent in this type make it undesirable for new equipment to be used in digital computers.
- 6AS6 The 5725 is the ARINC version of the 6AS6, and it is made by both G.E. and Raytheon. This tube will be used for replacements only, as no active designs have been made using the 6AS6 for some years in this laboratory.
- 6AS7G The 6080 is a redesign of the 6AS7G, with changes in the envelope and the press, but without major changes in the structures. As a result, while the 6080 is somewhat better than the 6AS7G as far as structural rigidity is concerned, the improvement is not great. The 6080WA is reputed to be

considerably improved structurally; this type remains to be evaluated here. In the absence of a better tube, the 6080 remains the recommended series regulator tube.

6<u>4</u>K5

The 5654 is the ARINC version of the 6AK5; it is made by G.E., RCA, and Raytheon. It is much more reliable than the 6AK5 and has very few rejects on initial test. It is presently used in the radio-frequency amplifiers for storage-tube readout, where it is fairly satisfactory. However, the very close spacings inherent in this tube make it undesirable for new equipment which will be placed within computer loops.

6AU6 The 6136 is a G.E. premium version of the 6AU6 and is made on the same lines as the ARINC tubes. It will be used both for replacement purposs and for new designs. Initial tests show very satisfactory performance, but no life data is available as yet.

The 5964 is a computer version of the 6J6, made by RCA. It has the same structure as the 6J6 and while it is an improvement, it is not entirely satisfactory for critical designs. The 5844 is a replacement for the 6J6 in IBM 604 circuits, where only 0.5 watt of anode dissipation is needed. The 5844 is made by G.E., and it is very satisfactory, according to IBM. However, the low anode dissipation is a serious limitation.

6L6G The 5881 is a Tung-Sol premium version of the 6L6G. It is a complete redesign with the same electrical characteristics. Tung-Sol claims considerable margin for overload and very good life in some critical circuits. It is being used to replace 6L6G and 6L6GA tubes in WWI and test equipment as failures occur. This replacement will be carried to completion unless some unexpected defect which causes troubles in our circuits is found in the 5881.

- 7AD7 The 6145 is a special version of the 7AD7, made by Sylvania for this project. It has somewhat higher capacities, higher transconductance, and better cutoff than the 7AD7, along with a higher level of plate current and a passive cathode. This tube design is not yet completely frozen, and mechanical changes to make it more rugged are likely. SR 1407 is a developmental number which was assigned to this tube prior to RTMA registration.
- 12AT7 The 6201 is a G.E. premium version of the 12AT7. Some of these tubes are now on order. They will be evaluated as to improvements over the 12AT7. It is very probable that 6201 tubes will be used to replace defective 12AT7 tubes in test equipment sockets.
- 12AU7 The 5963 is an RCA computer version of the 12AU7. These 5963's are now being used in all new equipment designed for the 12AU7 and as replacements for 12AU7's in old equipment. It is more satisfactory than the 12AU7, but it is still somewhat prone to develop interface impedance. There is an ARINC version of the 12AU7 available in the 5814, made by G.E. and Raytheon. However, the 5814 requires more heater current than the 12AU7; hence, it is not a universal replacement. The 5814 has not yet been tried here.

12AY7 The 12AY7 is a G.E. tube designed for low-level audio amplifiers. It was used in the design of the amplifiers for the magnetic tape readout equipment. However, the 12AY7 uses an active cathode, which has three bad effects, namely high interface impedance, high flicker noise, and high

6J6

leakage noise. As a result, all 12AY7's in critical circuits have been replaced by 6072's. The 6072 is a premium version of the 12AY7 made also by G.E. Initial life results so far have been very satisfactory. In our application the higher heater current is not a disadvantage.

Certain additional tube types which have no receiving tube prototypes have considerable current interest.

- 715C Recent events have shown that the 715C is considered obsolete. It is being made at present by only one small company. Since it has not been a very satisfactory tube in critical applications, it should not be used in any new designs. Evaluations has shown that the 4PR60A, which will replace the 715C in its major pulse applications, is not satisfactory for our use because of excessive secondary emission from the plate with no adequate suppression. The 4X150A, which is a UHF tetrode made by EIMAC, is a possible replacement for the 715C. Additional evaluations and life tests remain to be made. The 4X150A has an external anode and requires forced-air cooling for proper operations, besides requiring an entirely different socket.
- 5651 Until recent years most regulated power supplies used voltage regulator tubes for reference purposes. Voltage regulator tubes require an excess amount of current for this application, and they are not sufficiently stable. The 5651 is a tube especially designed as a voltage reference and should be used for this purpose whenever possible in regulator design.
- 5965 The 5965 is a twin-triode developed for IBM by G.E., primarily for use in the 701 calculators. The 5965 will serve as the electrical prototype for a general-purpose twin-triode to be used in WWII. It is therefore desirable that the 5965 be used in those applications where a twin-triode of its characteristics is needed.

Signed:

HBF: ap

## Division 6 - Lincoln Laboratory Massachusetts Institute of Technology Cambridge 39, Massachusetts

## SUBJECT: Index To Tube Characteristics

TUBE TYPE	DRAWING NO.	DESCRIPTION
1N34	A-40457	60 Cycle Rectification Characteristics
2051	A-40401	Load <sup>C</sup> haracteristic Curves
2051/396A	A-1101100	Technical Information
2051/396A	A-40402	Plate & Transfer Characteristics
2052	A-40403	Plate Characteristics
2021	A-40459	Average Control Characteristics
2 <b>D</b> 21	A-40521	Thyraton-Average Characteristic
3D21	A-40517	Plate Characteristics
3 <b>E</b> 29	A-40467	Plate Characteristics
3 <b>E</b> 29	A-40488	Average Plate Characteristics
3 <b>E</b> 29	A-40489	Average Plate Characteristics
3 <b>E</b> 29	A-40508	Plate Characteristics-Triode Connected
3E29	A-40525	Plate Characteristics
3E29	A-40526	Plate Characteristics
4032	SA-40537	Triode Connected-Plate Characteristic
4 <b>X150A</b>	A-40559 Pgs. 1-8	Technical Information and Character-
5 <b>D21</b>	A-40515	Average Tube Characteristics
6AC7	A-40404	Average Plate Characteristics
6AG5	A-40405	Average Plate Characteristics-Triode Connection
6AG5	A-40406	Average Plate Characteristics-Pentode Connection
6AG7	A-40407	Average Plate Characteristics with Ecl as Variable

Page 2 of <u>7</u>

TUBE TYPE	DRAWING NO.	DESCRIPTION
6AG7	<b>A-40466</b>	Pentode Connection Plate and Transfer
6AG7	A=40477	Characteristics Average Plate Characteristics- E <sub>cl</sub>
6 <b>AH</b> ↓ - GT	A-40546 Pgs. 1-3	
6 <b>A</b> H6	A-40512	Typical Operation Transfer Characteristics
6 <b>A</b> H6	A-40514	Plate Characteristics
6 <b>AK</b> 5	<b>A-40408</b>	Average Characteristics Pentode Con-
6AK5	A-40409	nection Average Plate Characteristics Pentode
6AL5	A-1+01+10	Connection Average Characteristics Half-Wave
6AN5	A-40411 Pgs. 1&2	Rectification - Single Diode ? Technical Information
6AN5	A-40412	Average Characteristics
6AN5	A-40486	Screen or Plate Current vs Plate
6AN5	A-40523	Voltage Pentode Characteristics
6an5	A-40524	Pentode Characteristics
6 <b>A</b> ' <b>S</b> 6	A-40413	Technical Information
6 <b>AS</b> 6	А-40414	Normal Pentode Characteristics
6 <b>AS</b> 6	A-40415	Suppressor - Grid Characteristics
6 <b>AS</b> 6	A-40416	Transconductance Grid to Plate Curves
6 <b>AS7-</b> G	A-40417	Average Plate Characteristics
6bg6g	A-40476	Average Characteristics
6BL7GT	SA-40543	Average Plate Characteristics
6BL7GT	<b>№-40</b> 528	Plate Characteristics
6BL7-GT	A-40561 Pgs. 1-1	Technical Information and Character-
6bx7-gt	A-40542 Pgs. 1-1	istics Technical Information and Average
604	A-40418	Plate Characteristics Average Plate Char <b>a</b> cteristics
6CD6	SA-40535	Triode Connected-Plate Characteristics
6CD6-G	A-40531	Average Plate Characteristics

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TUBE TYPE	DRAWING NO.	DESCRIPTION
6 <b>F</b> 6	A-40419	Plate Characteristics
6 <b>F</b> 6	A-40420	Curves of Cut-Off Voltage
666	A-40421	Plate Characteristics
666	A-40422	Curves of Cut-Off Voltage
6 <b>J</b> <u>1</u>	A-40423	Average Characteristics
6J4	A-40424	Average Plate Characteristics
6J6	A-40425	Average Plate Characteristics
6 <b>J</b> 6	A-40426	Plate Characteristics
6 <b>K</b> 4	A-40463	Average Plate Characteristics
6 <b>K</b> 4	A-40464	Average Transfer Characteristics
616	A-40427	Screen Current vs Plate Voltage
6 <b>L</b> 6	A-40428	Average Plate Characteristics, Triode
6 <b>1</b> 6	A-40429	Connection Average Plate Characteristics with
6 <b>L</b> 6	A-40430	E <sub>cl</sub> as variable Average Plate Characteristics with
6 <b>L</b> 6	A-40431	E <sub>c</sub> 2 as variable Curves of Cut-Off Voltage
6N7	A-40432	Average Plate Characteristics each
6 <b>s</b> J7	A-40433	Triode Unit Average Plate Characteristics Pentode Connection
6 <b>s</b> k7	A=40434	Average Plate Characteristics
6sl7-gt	A-40435	Average Plate Characteristics Each Triode Unit
6 <b>S</b> N7,6J5	A-40529	Average Plate Characteristics of Each Triode Unit
6sn7-gT	A-40436	Average Plate Characteristics Each Triode Unit
676	A-40437	Plate Characteristics
6 <b>v</b> 6	A-40438	Average Plate Characteristics Triode Connection
6 <b>v</b> 6	A-40439	Average Plate Characteristics Pentode Connection
6⊽6	A-40440	Connection Curves of Cut-Off Voltage
6¥6	A-1+01+1+1	Plate Characteristics

TUBE TYPE	DRAWING NO.	DESCRIPTION
646	A-40442	Curves of Cut-Off Voltage
6 <b>1</b> 6	<b>A-</b> 40518	Average Characteristics
616-G	А-40443	Average Plate Characteristics
6¥6-G	A-40444	Average Plate Characteristics Triode
7A5	A-40465	Connection Average Plate Characteristics
7AD7	A-40460	Transconductance vs Control Grid Volts
7AD7	A-40461	Average Plate Characteristics
7AD7	A-40462	Average Plate Characteristics
7AD7	A-40510	Average Characteristics
7AD7	SA-40516	Average Plate Characteristics
7 <b>A</b> K7	A-40471	Average Plate Characteristics
7AK7	A-40472	Average Plate Characteristics
7AK7	A-40473	Average Plate Characteristics
7 <u>a</u> K7	A-40474	Average Transfer Characteristics
7AK7	A-40475	Average Plate Characteristics
7 <b>AK</b> 7	A-40493	Plate and Screen Current vs Screen
7AK7	A-40494	Voltage Plate and Screen Current vs Screen
7AK7	A-40495	Voltage Plate and Screen Current vs Screen
7 <b>AK</b> 7	A-40496	Voltage Plate and Screen <sup>C</sup> urrent vs Screen Voltage
7 <b>a</b> k7	A-40497	Plate and Screen Current vs Screen Voltage
7 <b>AK</b> 7	A-40498	Plate and Screen Current vs Screen
7 <b>A</b> K7	A-40499	Voltage Plate and Screen Current vs Screen Voltage
7 <b>AK</b> 7	A-40500	Voltage Plate and Screen Current vs Screen
7AK7	A-40501	Voltage Plate Current vs Plate Voltage
<b>7AK</b> 7	<b>A</b> -40501	Plate Current vs Plate Voltage
7AK7	<b>SA</b> -40502	Screen Current vs Plate Voltage

TUBE TYPE	DRAWING NO.	DESCRI PTI ON
7AK7	SA-40503	Screen Current vs Plate Voltage
7AK7	SA-40504	Plate Current vs Plate Voltage
7AK7	<b>SA-</b> 40505	Plate Current vs Plate Voltage
7AK7	A-40506	Screen Current vs Plate Voltage
7AK7	A-40511	Plate Voltage Characteristics
7AK7	A-40527 Pgs. 1&2	Radio Tube Testing Specification
7 <b>a</b> k7	<b>SA-4</b> 0534	Triode Connected-Pulse Characteristics
705	A-40478	Average Plate Characteristics
7 <b>F</b> 8	A-40445	Technical Data
7 <b>F</b> 8	A-40446	Resistance Coupled Amplifier Data
7 <b>f</b> 8	A-40447	Average Plate Characteristics Control Grid Current
7 <b>F</b> 8	A-40448	Average Transfer Characteristics
7N7=111N7	A-40479	Single Section Average Plate Characteristics Single Section
7N7-14N7	A-40480	Average Transfer Characteristics Single Sections
12AT7	A-40481	Average Characteristics - Plate
12AU7	A-40482	Average Characteristics - Plate
12AU7	A-40483	Average Plate Characteristics
12AV7	A-40533	Tube Characteristics
12AX7	A-40484	Average Plate Characteristics
12AY7	<b>&amp;</b> -40530	Average Plate Characteristics
2050	A-40458	Average Control Characteristics
50B5	A-40485	Average Plate Characteristics
350A 350B 367A	A=40450	Control Grid Voltage vs. Plate Current Control Grid Voltage vs. Screen Grid Current
350A 350B 367A	A-40451	Plate Voltage bs. Plate Current Plate Voltage vs. Screen Grid Current

Page 6 of <u>7</u>

TUBE TYPE	DRAWING NO.	DESCRIPTION
350-B	A-40509	Characteristics as a Triode
<b>71</b> 5 <sup>B</sup>	A-40513	Average Tube Characteristics
7150	SA-40536	Triode Connected-Plate Characteristics
807	A-1+01+1+9	Average Plate Characteristics
5639	A-40563 Pgs. 1-1	I Technical Information
5687	A-40453	Typical Operating Conditions and
5687	A-40454	Characteristics Average Characteristics
5687	A-40455	Average Plate Characteristics
5687	A-40456	Average Characteristics
5687	A-40490	Plate Current Characteristics
5687	<b>A-40491</b>	Expanded Plate Current Characteristics
5687	<b>A-1</b> 101192	Diode Characteristics
5687	<b>A-40487</b>	Average Transfer Characteristics For Tubes
5718	A-40562 Pgs. 1-1	
5987	A-40564 Pgs. 1-4	
5 <b>9</b> 98	A-40567 Pgs. 1&2	
6146	A-52386 Pgs. 1&2	
6161	A-40566 Pgs. 1-6	5 Technical Information
6211	A-40538 Pgs. 1-1	General Information-Average Plate
6293	A-40556 Pgs. 1-4	Characteristics General Information-Average Plate Characteristics
CK5702/CK605CX	A-40469	Characteristics Average Characteristics
CK5703/CK608CX	A-40470	Average Plate Characteristics
<b>D-3</b> 59	<b>SA-</b> 40519	Static Characteristics of Crystal
GL=5727	A-40557 Pgs. 1-6	5 Technical Information
GL-5965	A-40539 Pgs. 1-2	1 Technical Information - Average Plate Characteristics
GL-5965	A-40541-1	Average Characteristics

TUBE TYPE	DRAWING NO.	DESCRIPTION
GL-5965	A-40550	Average Characteristics
GL-5965	A-40551	Average Plate Characteristics
<b>GL-613</b> 6	A-40558 Pgs. 1-4	Technical Information-Average Plate
RK-4032	A-40468	Characteristics Average Plate Characteristics
SR-1407	A-40520	Transfer Characteristics
SR-1407	A-40522	Transfer Characteristics